

SSLC EXAMINATION MARCH 2013

MATHEMATICS – ANSWER KEY

1. $f+2d=19$

$d=4$

2nd term=15, 4th term=23

2. $p(x)=3x^3-2x^2+kx-6$

if $(x-2)$ is a factor

$p(2)=0$

$k=-5$

3.

$OA=OB$ (tangents)

$B(0,4)$

OACB is a square

$C(4,4)$

4.

$P(B)=1/3$

$P(B)=1*6/(3*6)$

$=6/18$

Black beads=6

total=18

$P(B)=1/4$

number of white balls to be added=6

$6/(18+6)=1/4$

5.

Mean= $4430/100=44.3$

6. if O is center

$\angle A=1/2\angle DOC$

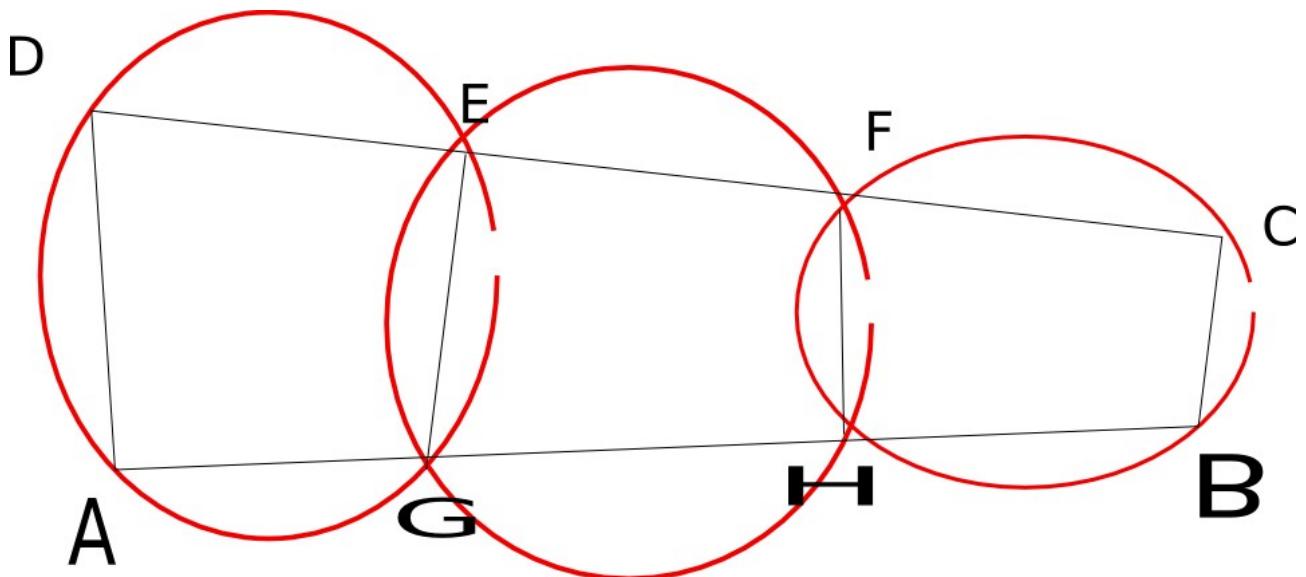
$\angle B=1/2\angle EOD$

$\angle C=1/2\angle EOA$

$\angle D=1/2\angle AOB$

$\angle E=1/2\angle BOC$

$\angle A+\angle B+\angle C+\angle D+\angle E=1/2*360=180$



Let $\angle A = x, \angle D = y$
 $\angle AGE = 180 - x, \angle DEG = 180 - y$
 $\angle EGH = x, \angle FEG = y$
 $\angle GHF = 180 - x, \angle EFH = 180 - y$
 $\angle BHF = x, \angle CFH = y$
 $\angle B = 180 - x, \angle C = 180 - y$
 $\angle A + \angle C = 180, \angle D + \angle B = 180$

7. distance between (2,4) (2,0) is not equal to radius
ie circle **do not** pass through (2,0)

8.

if O is centre
 $\angle AOB = 140$
 $\angle P = 70 (1/2 * 140)$
 $\angle A = \angle B = 55 (\text{PA} = \text{PB})$

9. $S_n = 5n^2 + 2n$
 $S_1 = 7 (\text{first term} = 7)$
 $S_2 = 5 * 4 + 2 * 2 = 24$
 $X_2 = 24 - 7 = 17$
terms 7,17

10. $b = x$
 $h = x + 6$

Area = 36
 $x(x+6) = 72$
 $x^2 + 6x + ... = 72$
 completing square
 $x^2 + 6x + 9 = 72 + 9$
 $(x+3)^2 = 81$
 $x+3 = 9$
x = 6 sides 6,12

11.
 $\angle A, \angle C, \angle B = 45, 45, 90$

AB,BC,AC=1:1: $\sqrt{2}$

BC=4

AC= $4\sqrt{2}$

AD= $2\sqrt{2}$

BD= $2\sqrt{2}$ (in a right angled triangle circum center is mid point of Hypotenuse)

12. b=12(e=12)

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area of one Lateral face} &= \sqrt{3} * 12 / 12 / 4 \\ &= 36\sqrt{3}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{LSA} = 144\sqrt{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{TSA} &= 144 + 144\sqrt{3} \\ &= 144 * (1 + \sqrt{3})\end{aligned}$$

if edges are doubled

TSA becomes **4 times** ($576 * (1 + \sqrt{3})$)

13.

$$100 - 1 = 99$$

99 is a multiple of d(3)

Yes 100 is a term

$$\text{nth term} = 1 + (n-1)3$$

$$= 1 + 3n - 3$$

$$= 3n - 2$$

$$\begin{aligned}(3n-2)^2 &= 9n^2 - 12n + 4 \\ &= 3(3n^2 - 4n + 1) + 1 \\ &= d * N + 1\end{aligned}$$

$(3n-2)^2$ -first term =common difference*N

14. Draw the triangle and its incircle

15. $p(x) = 6x^3 + 3x^2$

$$p(-1) = 6 * -1 + 3 * 1 <> 0$$

ie, $(x+1)$ is not a factor.

Let $ax+b$ added

$$6x^3 + 3x^2 + ax + b = p(x)$$

$$p(1) = a + b = -9$$

$$p(-1) = -a + b = 3$$

Solving $a = -6$, $b = -3$

ie, $-6x - 3$ to be added

OR

$$q(a) = k$$

$$r(a) = -k$$

$$q(a) + r(a) = k + -k = 0$$

ie $(x-a)$ is a factor of $q(x) + r(x)$

16. $N = 130$, $N/2 = 65$

$$x - 600 = 65 - 41$$

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$$800-600 = 101-41 \\ x-600/200 = 24/60$$

Median= 680

17. Draw the figure

18. $x + 1/x = 25/12$

solving $12x^2 - 25x + 12 = 0$

number = $4/3$ or $3/4$

$x+1/x \geq 2$

$b^2-4ac \geq 0$ otherwise b^2-4ac is negative

OR

let Abu complete the job in x days

Abu's work in 1 day = $1/x$

Babus work in 1 day = $1/x+6$

$1/x+1/x+6 = 1/4$

$x^2 - 2x - 24 = 0$

$(x-6)(x+4) = 0$

$x = 6$

Abu in 6 days

Babu alone in 12 days

19. Draw Perpendicular from A to BC meets BC at D

in triangle ABD

$\cos 50^\circ = BD/10$ ($BD = 6.4$)

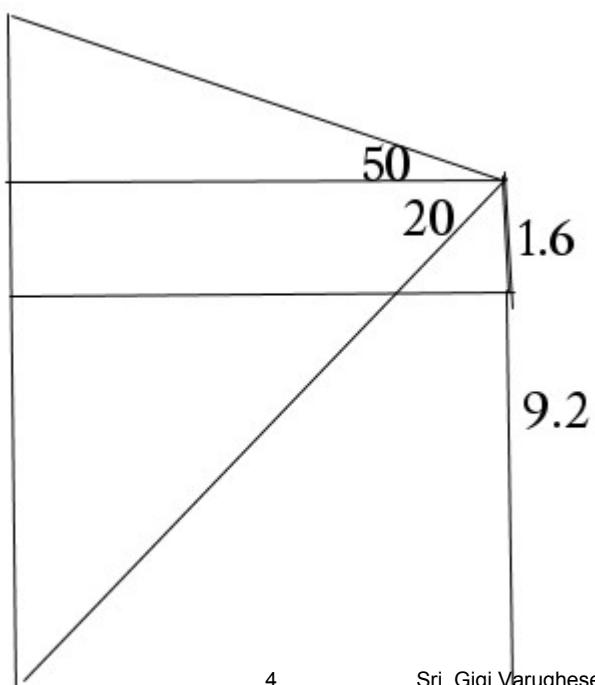
$BC = 12.8$

Draw diameter as angle in the same segment

$\sin 50^\circ = 10/d$

$d = 12.8$

OR

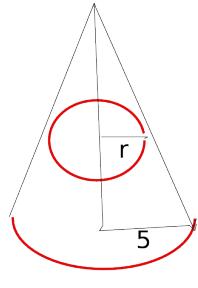


height=9.2+1.6+30.345=41.12m

20. $l=10$, $r=5$, $h=5\sqrt{3}$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \times 3.14 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5\sqrt{3}$$

from similar triangles



5

$$\frac{5}{r} = \frac{10}{5\sqrt{3}} - r$$

$$\text{Solving } r = 5/\sqrt{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Volume of the sphere} &= \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 5/\sqrt{3} \times 5/\sqrt{3} \times 5/\sqrt{3} \\ &= 500 \pi / 9\sqrt{3} \text{ cc}\end{aligned}$$

21. Height = 8-2=6

Area= 15

$$\frac{1}{2} \times BC \times 6 = 15$$

$BC=5$

$C=(3+5, 2)$

$C=(8, 2)$

22. (4,2) is point on $4x-3y-10=0$ ($4 \times 4 - 3 \times 2 - 10 = 0$)

$x=1(y=-2)$

$(1, -2)$

slope=4/3

eqn. Of line with slope 4/3 and passing through (3,5) is $4x-3y+3=0$