

1. The greatest innovation of man in palaeolithic age was :
(a) fire
(b) potters wheel
(c) metal implements
(d) spinning of cloth
2. The Indus valley people had trade relations with :
(a) Egypt (b) Greece
(c) Ceylon (d) Mesopotamia
3. Upanishads are books on :
(a) religion (b) Yoga
(c) law (d) philosophy
4. Who among the following is considered as the first National Ruler of India :
(a) Chandragupta Maurya
(b) Ashoka
(c) Chandragupta-I
(d) Kanishka
5. Timur invaded India during the reign of :
(a) Alauddin Khilji
(b) Bahlol Lodi
(c) Firoz Tughlaq
(d) Nasir-ud-din Mehmud
6. The Bhakti Movement was first organised by :
(a) Ramanuja (b) Kabir
(c) Ramananda (d) Nanak
7. Which one of the planets has largest number of Natural Satellite :
(a) Jupiter (b) Mars
(c) Saturn (d) Venus
8. The International Date Line passes through :
(a) Bering Strait
(b) Gibraltar Strait
(c) Florida Strait
(d) Malacca Strait
9. The longest circle which can be drawn on the earth's surface passes through :
(a) Equator
(b) Arctic Circle
(c) Tropic of Cancer
(d) Tropic of Capricorn
10. Green House Effect means :
(a) Pollution in houses in tropical regions
(b) Trapping of solar energy due to atmospheric oxygen
(c) Trapping of solar energy due to atmospheric Carbon-dioxide
(d) Cultivation in Green Houses so as to check pollution
11. Which one of the following ecosystems cover the largest area of the earth's surface :
(a) Desert Ecosystem
(b) Grassland Ecosystem
(c) Mountain Ecosystem
(d) Marine Ecosystem
12. Aravalli range are an example of :
(a) Straight mountains
(b) Block mountains
(c) Residual mountains
(d) Volcanic mountains
13. The biggest lake in India is :
(a) Dal lake
(b) Chilka lake
(c) Wular lake
(d) Sambhar lake
14. Which of the following sought to change the character of Indian Government from Unitary to Federal :
(a) Government of India Act, 1919
(b) Government of India Act, 1935
(c) Indian Council Act, 1909
(d) Indian Independence Act, 1947
15. The Cabinet Mission Plan for India envisaged a :
(a) Federation
(b) Confederation
(c) Unitary form of Government
(d) Union of States
16. The inspiration of Liberty, Equality and Fraternity was derived from :
(a) American Revolution
(b) French Revolution
(c) Russian Revolution
(d) None of these
17. The Fundamental Duties of Indian Citizens were provided by :
(a) An amendment of the Constitution
(b) A judgement of the Supreme Court
(c) An order issued by the President
(d) A legislation adopted by the Parliament

18. Which of the following is a human right as well as a fundamental right under the Constitution of India :
- Right to Information
 - Right to Education
 - Right to Work
 - Right to Housing
19. Which of the following can be abolished but not dissolved :
- Rajya Sabha
 - Municipal Bodies
 - State Legislative Council
 - None of these
20. When a state Governor dies or resigns, who normally exercises his functions until a new Governor is appointed :
- Secretary to the Governor
 - A person designated by State Cabinet
 - Chief Justice of the High Court
 - Advocate General of the State
21. The Contingency fund of the State is operated by :
- The Governor of the state
 - The Chief Minister of the State
 - The State Finance Minister
 - None of these
22. Which of the following item come under the concurrent list :
- Inter-State Rivers
 - Trade Unions
 - Citizenship
 - Local Government
23. With reference to the Constitution of India, which one of the following pair is not correctly matched :
- Forest : Concurrent list
 - Stock Exchange : Concurrent List
 - Post Office Saving Bank : Union List
 - Public Health : State List
24. The composition of the UPSC is :
- Laid down in the Constitution
 - Determined by Parliament
 - Determined by the President
 - Determined by the Chairmen of UPSC
25. Which one of the following Articles of the Constitution of India makes a specific mention of Village Panchayats :
- Article 19
 - Article 21
 - Article 40
 - Article 246
26. National Capital Territory of Delhi has been Constituted by :
- 71st Amendment
 - 69th Amendment
 - Ordinance Promulgated by the President
 - Ordinance Promulgated by the Lieutenant Governor
27. Economic Planning is a subject :
- In the Union List

- In the State List
 - In the Concurrent List
 - Unspecified in any special list
28. Which of the following was formed to suggest means for eradicating Black Money :
- Finance Commission
 - Sarkaria Commission
 - Shah Commission
 - Chelliah Committee
29. Match the following :

ORGANISATION		FUNCTION	
(a)	Central Statistical Organisation	1.	Decentralization of Economy
(b)	National Development Council	2.	Computation of National Income
(c)	Planning Boards	3.	Finalization of Five Year Plans
(d)	Reserve Bank of India	4.	Credit Creation
		5.	Budgetary ends

- a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4
 - a-1, b-2, c-3, d-5
 - a-2, b-3, c-1, d-5
 - a-2, b-3, c-1, d-4
30. The Olympic games in 2016 will be held in :
- London
 - America
 - Holland
 - Brazil
31. In the Context of the Indian Defence, what is Dhruv :
- Aircraft carrying warship
 - Missile carrying Submarine
 - Advanced Light Helicopter
 - International Ballistic Missile
32. Which State of India has negative population growth rate as per census 2011 :
- Goa
 - Tripura
 - Nagaland
 - Arunachal Pradesh
33. Brent Index is associated with :
- Crude oil Prices
 - Copper future Prices
 - Gold future Prices
 - Shipping rate Index
34. Which Committee's recommendations are being followed for estimating poverty line in India :
- Dutt Committee
 - Chelliah Committee
 - Chakravorty Committee
 - Lakdawala Committee
35. Sarvodaya is aimed at :
- Classless society
 - Economic revolution
 - Upliftment of weaker sections
 - Upliftment of all irrespective of their status

36. Economic Survey is published by :
 (a) Ministry of Finance
 (b) Planning Commission
 (c) Government of India
 (d) Indian Statistical Institute
37. Five Year Plans are finally approved by :
 (a) President
 (b) Prime Minister
 (c) National Development Council
 (d) Planning Commission
38. Planning in India derived its objectives from :
 (a) Fundamental Rights
 (b) Directive Principles of State Policy
 (c) Fundamental Duties
 (d) Preamble
39. Match the following :

Transfer of Heat		Medium	
(a)	Conduction	1.	Polished Surface
(b)	Convection	2.	Black Surface
(c)	Radiation	3.	Vacuum
(d)	Absorption	4.	Air
		5.	Solid Medium

- (a) a-5, b-2, c-3, d-4
 (b) a-5, b-4, c-3, d-2
 (c) a-4, b-1, c-2, d-3
 (d) a-2, b-3, c-4, d-5
40. Who won the Dada Saheb Phalke Award 2011 :
 (a) Soumitra Chatterjee
 (b) K. Balachander
 (c) D. Ramanaidu
 (d) V.K. Murthy

41. Match the following :

Date		Event	
(a)	24 th October	1	Human Rights Day
(b)	10 th December	2	Commonwealth Day
(c)	24 th May	3	United Nations Day
(d)	21 th September	4	International Day of Peace

- (a) a-4, b-1, c-2, d-3
 (b) a-3, b-1, c-2, d-4
 (c) a-3, b-2, c-1, d-4
 (d) a-4, b-2, c-1, d-3

42. India is regarded as a Country with 'Demographic Dividend'. This is due to :
 (a) Its high population in the age group below 15 year
 (b) Its high population in the age group of 15-64 years
 (c) Its high population in the age group of above 65 years
 (d) Its high population
43. Which State of India has the lowest literary rate as per Census 2011 :
 (a) Jharkhand
 (b) Rajasthan
 (c) Bihar
 (d) Arunachal Pradesh
44. Feroz Gandhi Award is given for outstanding performance in the field of :
 (a) Medical Research
 (b) Journalism
 (c) Preservation of wildlife
 (d) Parliamentary debate
45. Nanda Devi Peak forms a part of :
 (a) Assam Himalayas
 (b) Kumaon Himalayas
 (c) Nepal Himalayas
 (d) Punjab Himalayas
46. The Country that shares longest border with India is :
 (a) China
 (b) Bangladesh
 (c) Nepal
 (d) Pakistan
47. Rowlatt Act was passed to :
 (a) Bring about agrarian reforms
 (b) Curtail the Nationalist and Revolutionary activities
 (c) Have a favourable Balance of Trade
 (d) Put Second World War Criminals on trial
48. Coastal Andhra Pradesh and Orissa often face Natural Disaster due to :
 (a) Cyclones
 (b) Earthquakes
 (c) Landslides
 (d) Tornadoes
49. In the Constitution Opportunities for the development of scientific temper, humanism and spirit of inquiry and reforms are found in :
 (a) Fundamental Rights
 (b) Preamble
 (c) Fundamental Duties
 (d) Directive Principle of State Policy
50. Members of the Rajya Sabha are Elected According to :
 (a) Cumulative Vote System
 (b) Single Non-transferable Vote System
 (c) Single Transferable Vote System
 (d) None of these

Directions (51-56) : Indicate the option closest in meaning to the given word :

51. Plethora
(a) Scarcity (b) Sufficiency
(c) Excess (d) Illness
52. Asinine
(a) Silly (b) Acidic
(c) Cheap (d) Important
53. Pernicious
(a) Extensive (b) Effective
(c) Prolific (d) Harmful
54. Reprimand
(a) Detain (b) Rebuke
(c) Roll back (d) Avoid
55. Conscientious
(a) Forgetful (b) Principled
(c) Awake (d) Miserly
56. Colossal
(a) Huge (b) Waste
(c) weak (d) Strong

Directions (57-62) : Choose the option opposite in meaning to the given word :

57. Speculative
(a) Contradictory
(b) Invisible
(c) Certain
(d) Illusive
58. Belligerent
(a) Peaceful (b) Dull
(c) Significant (d) Colourful
59. Opulence
(a) Rare (b) Magnificence
(c) Plenty (d) Poverty
60. Erudite
(a) Energetic (b) Heavy
(c) Ignorant (d) Constrained
61. Prudence
(a) Partiality (b) Indiscretion
(c) Practicality (d) Vigilance
62. Pliable
(a) Rigid (b) Difficult
(c) Soft (d) Light

Directions (63-68) : Choose the most appropriate one word substitution :

63. Superiority in number or amount
(a) Excellence
(b) Preponderance

- (c) Numerous
(d) Amorphous
64. Urge to travel
(a) Wanderlust
(b) Footloose
(c) Travelogue
(d) Roadie
65. Pertaining to young people
(a) Kiddish
(b) Infantile
(c) Newbie
(d) Juvenile
66. Person who dislikes humankind
(a) Hominoid
(b) Misanthrope
(c) Chauvinist
(d) Cannibal
67. Convert from one religion to another
(a) Relegate (b) Convict
(c) Proselytize (d) Retrospect
68. A stupid person
(a) Dupe (b) Rogue
(c) Ingenious (d) Imbecile

Directions (69-74) : Choose the option that best expresses the meaning of the given idiom :

69. Get off one's high horse
(a) Become humble
(b) Be practical
(c) Go on foot
(d) Be rude
70. Get under one's skin
(a) Hide (b) Feel ashamed
(c) Annoy (d) Ignore
71. Throw a spanner in the works
(a) Become an obstacle
(b) Give up
(c) Challenge authority
(d) Rebel
72. Pull a fast one
(a) Drive fast (b) Stop
(c) Encourage (d) Deceive
73. Make heavy weather of
(a) Make an easy task look difficult
(b) Raise unnecessary obstructions
(c) Make use of adverse conditions
(d) Take all precautions

74. Top brass
(a) Rare (b) Artificial
(c) Leader (d) Expensive

Directions (75-81) : Substitute the **bold** word with the most appropriate alternative :

75. I felt **let down** when my brother did not come to receive me.
(a) Disappointed (b) Happy
(c) Relieved (d) Frustrated
76. How long do you think we can **hold out** ?
(a) Relax (b) Argue
(c) Resist (d) Hide
77. Can you please **carry on with** your work ?
(a) Go away (b) Continue
(c) Finish (d) Stop
78. She was unable to **figure out** what's happening.
(a) Ignore
(b) Summarise
(c) Report
(d) Understand
79. Who among you will **stand up for** the oppressed ?
(a) Forget
(b) Defend
(c) Help
(d) Console
80. The effect of the drug will **wear off** after a short while.
(a) Disappear
(b) Increase
(c) Stabilize
(d) Become evident
81. A lot of people are saying that we should **do away with** death penalty :
(a) Reduce
(b) Encourage
(c) Abolish
(d) Expedite

Directions (82-89) : Fill in the blank with the most appropriate word or phrase :

82. It is impossible to any conclusions from your finding.
(a) claim (b) finalise
(c) draw (d) make

83. The political leaders try to the masses.
(a) castigate
(b) rusticate
(c) abdicate
(d) instigate
84. At the.....of the summit , the participants were all inspired.
(a) elimination
(b) culmination
(c) solicitation
(d) rectification
85. The salesman always find ways to convince the customers.
(a) ingenious
(b) ingenuous
(c) indigenus
(d) ignominious
86. The.....of the urban dwellers impressed everyone.
(a) confluence
(b) affluence
(c) effluence
(d) consonance
87. The new programme was.....with problems right from the beginning.
(a) grilled (b) sizzled
(c) riddled (d) puzzled
88. You should be brave in front of.....

- (a) adversity
(b) necessity
(c) veracity
(d) obesity
89. We were.....with a lot of animosity when we first proposed the changes.
(a) conduced (b) seduced
(c) confronted (d) affronted
- Directions (90-97) : Fill in the blank with the appropriate preposition :**
90. Are you suspecting him.....stealing money ?
(a) in (b) of
(c) for (d) about
91. Do you want to exchange your old phone.....a new one ?
(a) from (b) by
(c) to (d) for
92. They installed biometric attendance to deter the staffcoming late.
(a) from (b) off
(c) on (d) against
93. A lot of us have benefitedthe old system.
(a) by (b) with
(c) from (d) of
94. Do you approve.....all the changes she has made ?

- (a) of (b) with
(c) to (d) on
95. He was trying to put the blame.....me.
(a) to (b) on
(c) against (d) for
96. You should devote more of your time..... studies.
(a) for (b) on
(c) to (d) with
97. It is impolite to butt.....while people are speaking.
(a) out (b) in
(c) on (d) by
- Directions (98-100) : Each of the following sentences is divided into four parts. Choose the part that contains an error.**
98. (a) Since last monsoon session
(b) the Parliament was adjourned
(c) at least five times
(d) due to various reasons
99. (a) Almost all the furnitures
(b) has been under repair
(c) even though we had chosen
(d) the most expensive variety
100. (a) In our enthusiasm
(b) we forgot to discuss about
(c) many of our contemporary problems
(d) that need urgent attention