1. The nun	nber 123	456789	and	1 99	99999	99	are
multiplie	ed. How	many	of t	he	digits	in	the
product	are 9's ?	,					

(1) 0

(2) 1

(3) 2

(4) 3

2. If the expression  $15^6 \times 28^5 \times 55^7$  is evaluated, the number of zeros at the end of the number is

- (1) 8
- (2) 10
- (3) 18

(4) 20

3. 4/2001 2001 2001 2001 is closest to

- (1) 2001 (2) 2100
- (3) 6700 (4) 10010

**4.** The units digit of  $(2002)^{2002}$  is

(1) 2

(2) 4

(3) 6

(4) 8

5. Three different numbers are chosen such that when each of the numbers is added to the average of the remaining two, the number 65, 69 and 76 are obtained. The average of the three original numbers is

- (1) 35
- (2) 38
- (3) 43

(4) 70

6. abc and def are 3-digit numbers such that

and none of a, b, c, d, e, or f is 0. What is the sum a+b+c+d+e+f?

(1) 10

(3) 21

(4) 28

7. When a number is divided by 5, the remainder is 2, when divided by 7, the remainder is 3, when divided by 9, the remainder is 4. The sum of digits of such smallest number is

- (1) 13 (2) 11
- (3) 9 (4) 7

8. The expression

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{11} + \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{41} + \frac{1}{110} + \frac{1}{1640}$$

is equal to

(1) 1

(3)  $\frac{11}{15}$ 

9. Let r be the least non-negative remainder when (22)<sup>7</sup> is divided by 123. The value of ris

- (1) 5
- (2) 22
- (3) 32

(4) 52

10. If  $\frac{97}{19} = w + \frac{1}{x + \frac{1}{y}}$ , where x, y and w are all

positive integers, the value of x + 2y - 3w is

(1) 2

- (4) 3 (4) -5

11. Let  $a = 2^{129} \times 3^{81} \times 5^{128}$ ,  $b = 2^{127} \times 3^{81}$  $\times 5^{128}$ ,  $c = 2^{126} \times 3^{82} \times 5^{128}$ , and  $d = 2^{125}$  $\times 3^{82} \times 5^{129}$ 

Then

- (1) b > c > d > a (2) b < c < d < a
- (3) b > c > a > d (4) b < c < a < d

12. The positive integer a is a 2-digit number (01, 02 are not 2-digit number) the positive integer b has 'a' digit and the positive integer 'c' has 'b' digits. The smallest possible value for c is

- $(1) 10^{9^9}$
- $(3) 10^{10^{10}} 1$
- $(2) 10^{10^9}$   $(4) 10^{10^9-1}$

- 13. If  $2^{36} 1 = 68a$  19476735, when all the digits are correct except a, the correct value of a is
  - (1) 9

(2) 8

(3) 7

- (4) 3
- 14. The value of

$$\frac{(1\cdot121)^3 - (3\cdot333)^3 + (2\cdot212)^3}{(1\cdot121)(3\cdot333)(2\cdot212)}$$
 is

(1) 1

(2) -2

(3) -3

- (4) 4
- **15.** If a:b=3:4,  $b:c=\frac{8}{9}$  and  $c:d=\frac{2}{3}$ , then the value of  $\sqrt[4]{\frac{ad}{b^2}}$  is
  - (1)  $\frac{3}{4}$
- (2)  $\frac{9}{8}$
- (3)  $\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4}$
- $(4) \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{4}$
- **16.** The value of  $\sqrt{43-12\sqrt{7}}-2/\sqrt{16+6\sqrt{7}}$ is
  - (1) 1

(2) 2

(3) 3

- (4)  $3 2\sqrt{7}$
- 17. Let N be the greatest natural number that will divide 13511, 13903 and 14589 leaving same remainder in each care. The sum of digits of N is
  - (1) 10

(2) 13

(3) 15

- (4) 17
- 18. The value of

$$\frac{(0.251)^2 - (0.051)^2 - (0.511)^2 - 2(0.051)(0.511)}{(0.251)^2 + (0.051)^2 - 2(0.251)(0.051) - (0.511)^2}$$
is

- 271 (1)237
- $(2) \ \overline{271}$
- 823 (3)711
- $\frac{701}{823}$

- 19. The cost of making a rectangular table is calculated by adding two variables. The first is proportional to the area of the table and the other to the square of the length of the longer side. In making 2m × 3m table it costs ₹ 5,000 and in making a 1.5m × 4m table, it cost ₹ 6,400. The cost of making a 2.5m × 2.5m table is (nearest to a rupee)
  - (1) ₹ 3,383 (2) ₹ 4,583
- - (3) ₹ 4,853 (4) ₹ 4,835
- 20. Anu is walking at a constant speed halfway between two paralled train tracks. On each track is a train of the same length. They are approaching Anu from different directions both at the same speed v km/hour. The train going in the same direction as Anu/going takes  $t_1$  second to pass her, while the other takes to seconds to pass her. Speed of Anu (in km/hour) is

$$(1) \quad \frac{t_1 - t_2}{t_1 + t_2} \, v$$

$$(2) \ \frac{t_2 - t_1}{t_1 + t_2} \, v$$

(3) 
$$\frac{t_1 + t_2}{t_1 - t_2} v$$

$$(4) \ \frac{t_1 + t_2}{t_2 = t_1} v$$

- 21. A multiple choice examination consists of 20 questions. The scoring is +5 for each correct answer, -2 for each incorrect answer, and 0 for each unanswered question. A student's score on the examination is 48. The maximum number of questions he could have answered correctly is
  - (1) 14

(2) 12

(3) 10

- (4) 9
- 22. At an institute, 99% of the 100 students are girls but only 98% of the students living on the compus are girls. If same girls live on campus, how many students live off compus?
  - (1) 2

(2) 40

(3) 50

- (4) 98
- 23. A and B share a piece of land. The ratio of the area of A's portion to the area of B's portion is 2:3. They each grow wheat and

barley on their pieces of land. The entire land is covered by wheat and barley in the ratio 7:3. On A's land, the ratio of wheat do barley is 4: 1. The raito of wheat to barley for B's land is

(1) 11:19

(2) 19:11

(3) 11:9

(4) 9:11

24. A box has apples and oranges.  $\frac{2}{3}$  of all the apples and  $\frac{3}{4}$  of all the oranges are rotten. The number of rotton apples equals the number of rotton oranges. What fraction of the total number of fruits in the box is rotton?

(1)  $\frac{12}{17}$ 

(2)  $\frac{5}{17}$ 

25. A TV set is available for ₹ 19,650 cash payment or for ₹ 3,100 cash down payment and three equal annual instalments. If the interest is charged at the rate of 10% per annum compounded annually, the amount of each instalment is

(1) ₹ 6,555

(2) ₹ 6,612

(3) ₹ 6,655

(4) ₹ 6,665

**26.** A person bought n articles for ₹ d. He sold two articles at half their cost and the rest at a profit of ₹ 8 on each article. If the overall profit is ₹ 72, there the least possible value of n is

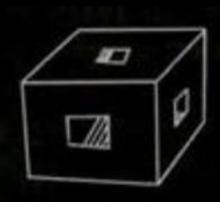
(1) 12

(2) 10

(3) 8

(4) 16

27. A 3 cm × 3 cm × 3 cm cube has three holes each of 1 cm × 1 cm cross-section running from the centre of each face to the centre of the opposite face. The total surface area (in cm<sup>2</sup>) of the solid so obtained is



48 (1)

(2) 50

(3) 72

(4) 78

28. If a 6 cm × 6 cm square is placed on a triangle, it can cover up to 60% of the triangle. If the triangle is placed on the square it can cover up to  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the square. The area (in cm<sup>2</sup>) of the triangle is

(1) 24

(2) 36

(3) 40

(4) 60

29. A circular grass plot 4 m in diameter is cut by a straight path 1 m wide, one edge of which passes through the centre of the plot. Area of the remaining portion is

(1) 
$$\frac{4\pi}{3} - \sqrt{3}$$

(1)  $\frac{4\pi}{3} - \sqrt{3}$  (2)  $\frac{10\pi}{3} - \sqrt{2}$ 

(3) 
$$\frac{10\pi}{3} + \sqrt{3}$$

 $(4) \frac{10\pi}{3} - \sqrt{3}$ 

30. Three concentric circles have radii (in cm) a. b and c, where a < b < c. If a = 8 and b = 9 and the middle circle bisects the area between the other two circles, then the value of c is

(1)  $7\sqrt{2}$ 

(2)  $6\sqrt{3}$ 

(3) 7√3

(4) 10

31. A sphere has a diameter of 500√3 cm. A biggest cube is fitted in it. Now a biggest sphere is fitted within this cube. Again a biggest cube is fitted in the smaller sphere. The ratio of the valume of bigger cube to the valume of smaller cube is

(1) 3:1

(2)  $2\sqrt{3}:1$ 

(3)  $3\sqrt{3}:1$ 

(4)  $4\sqrt{3}:1$ 

- 32. A rectangular box has dimensions x, y and z units, where x < y < z. If one dimension only is increased by one unit, then the increase in volume is
  - (1) greatest when x is increased
  - (2) greatest wheny y is increased
  - (3) greatest when z is increased
  - (4) the same regardless of which dimension is increased.

## Read the following table and answer questions 33 to 36.

School	Number of Students scoring less than 60% marks	Percentage of Students scoring more than 60% marks	Total Number of Students appeared
A	320	55	800
В	220	40	400
C	300	20	375
D	280	10	350
E	210	25	300

- 33. Which school has the lowest percentage of students scoring less than 60% marks?
  - (1) A

(2) B

(3) D

- (4) E
- 34. Number of schools which have the same percentage of students scoring exactly 60% is
  - (1) 1

(2) 2

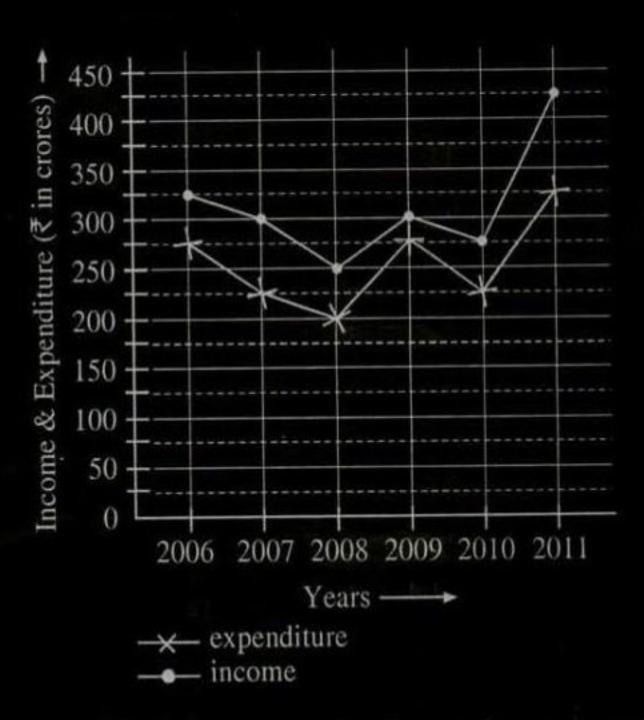
(3) 3

- (4) 4
- 35. Total number of students scoring 60% or more marks is
  - (1) 110

(2) 775

(3) 785

- (4) 895
- 36. The ratio of the total number of students scoring less than 60% marks to that of scoring exactly 60% marks is
  - (1) 11:133
- (2) 133 : 11
- (3) 157: 22
- (4) 285 : 179



The above graph shows income and expenditure (₹ in crores) of a company in the years 2006 to 2011. Read the graph and answer the questions 157 to 160.

- 37. The total expenditure of which of the following pairs of years was equal to the income in 2011?
  - (1) 2006 and 2007
- (2) 2007 and 2008
- (3) 2006 and 2008
- (4) 2007 and 2010
- 38. In how many of the given years was the income more than the average income of the given years?
  - (1) 1

(2) 2

(3) 3

- (4) 4
- 39. What was the approximate percentage increase expenditure from 2010 to 2011?
  - (1) 72.3
- (2) 70.5
- (3) 54.5
- (4) 44.4
- 40. In which year was the percentage of expenditure to income, the highest?
  - (1) 2009
- (2) 2008
- (3) 2007
- (4) 2006

## SRCC GBO Exam 2012 Quantitative Ability Answer Key 1. 1 2. 2 3. 3 4. 2 5. 1 6. 4 7. 1 educationobserver.com 8. 4 9. 4 10. 2 11. 2 12.4 13.3 14. 3 15.4 16. 3 17. 4 18. 1 19. 2 20. 1 21.2 22. 3 23. 2 24. 1 25.3 26. 1 27. 3 28. 3 29.4 30. 1 31.3 32. 1 33. 1 34. 3 35.4 36. 2 37. 2 38. 2 39.4 40. 1 educationobserver.com