

1. The present monetary system in India is managed by—
(A) Nationalised Banks (B) The State Bank of India
(C) The Central Finance Ministry (D) The Reserve Bank of India
Ans : (D)

2. What is a Multinational Company?
(A) A joint venture among more than two countries
(B) A company set up with foreign capital
(C) A company having operations in many countries.
(D) A company holding a monopoly over the sale of a certain commodity in several countries.
Ans : (C)

3. Explicit + Implicit Costs =
(A) Private Costs (B) Accounting Costs
(C) Economic Costs (D) Social Costs
Ans : (C)

4. Which of the following is not relevant to Human Resource Development ?
(A) Education (B) Women and Child Development
(C) Caste System (D) Youth Affairs and Sports
Ans : (C)

5. A Trade Cycle consists of—
(A) Three Phases (B) Four Phases
(C) Five Phases (D) Six Phases
Ans : (B)

6. The Khilafat Movement was organised to protest against—
(A) religious interference by the British (B) Russian Revolution
(C) dismemberment of Turkey (D) suppression of Pathans
Ans : (C)

7. Planning Commission was established in the year—
(A) 1980 (B) 1970
(C) 1950 (D) 1960
Ans : (C)

8. India witnessed single party domination till—
(A) 1962 (B) 1967
(C) 1971 (D) 1977
Ans : (B)

9. Which part of the Constitution of India has been described as the soul of the Constitution ?
(A) Fundamental Rights (B) Directive Principles of State Policy
(C) Preamble (D) Panchayats
Ans : (C)

10. Constituent Assembly adopted the Constitution on—
(A) 15th August 1947 (B) 26th November 1949
(C) 26th January 1950 (D) 30th January 1948
Ans : (B)

11. The rustless Iron Pillar at Mehrauli (Delhi) was erected by the—
(A) Mauryas (B) Kushans
(C) Guptas (D) Satavahanas
Ans : (C)

12. The famous 'Gayatri Mantra' has been taken from—

- (A) Rigveda (B) Samaveda
(C) Yajurveda (D) Atharvaveda

Ans : (A)

13. The Rajput King who was defeated by Babur in the battle of Khanwa was—

- (A) Udai Singh (B) Rana Pratap Singh
(C) Rana Sanga (D) Rudra Deva

Ans : (C)

14. Who was the founder of the Ramakrishna Mission ?

- (A) Sri Ramakrishna (B) Swami Shradhananda
(C) Keshab Chandra (D) Swami Vivekananda

Ans : (D)

15. Who led the Mutiny at Kanpur ?

- (A) Begum Hazrat Mahal (B) Nana Sahib
(C) Tantia Tope (D) Rani Laxmibai

Ans : (B)

16. Which 'Water Body' separates Andaman and Nicobar Islands ?

- (A) Andaman Sea (B) Bay of Bengal
(C) Ten Degree Channel (D) Eleventh Degree Channel

Ans : (C)

17. State Highways are maintained by—

- (A) Individual States (B) Central Government
(C) Central and State Governments jointly (D) Private parties selected by the State Governments

Ans : (A)

18. The first port developed after Independence was—

- (A) Nhava Sheva (B) Kandla
(C) New Mangalore (D) Mumbai

Ans : (B)

19. The neighbouring country of India which has the smallest area is—

- (A) Sri Lanka (B) Bangladesh
(C) Bhutan (D) Nepal

Ans : (C)

20. Kaziranga Wild Life Sanctuary is in the State of—

- (A) Bihar (B) Tamil Nadu
(C) Assam (D) Kerala

Ans : (C)

21. Resin is extracted from—

- (A) Papaya (B) Pine
(C) Rubber (D) Banyan

Ans : (B)

22. A common plant found in tropical rainforest is—

- (A) Pine (B) Eucalyptus
(C) Orchid (D) Fir

Ans : (C)

23. Which of the following vitamins is necessary for clotting of blood ?

- (A) K (B) C
- (C) A (D) B

Ans : (A)

24. Influenza virus contains–

- (A) RNA only (B) DNA only
- (C) Both RNA and DNA in equal proportion. (D) DNA with very small proportion of RNA.

Ans : (A)

25. Lung fish is a link between–

- (A) Amphibia and Birds (B) Reptiles and Birds
- (C) Amphibia and Reptiles (D) Reptiles and Mammals

Ans : (C)

26. Green gland is the excretory organ of–

- (A) Earthworm (B) Cockroach
- (C) Prawn (D) House-fly

Ans : (C)

27. When pressure is increased, the boiling point of water–

- (A) decreases (B) increases
- (C) remains the same (D) depends on the volume of vapour formed

Ans : (B)

28. In the treatment of skin disease the radio isotope used is–

- (A) Radio phosphorous (B) Radio iodine
- (C) Radio lead (D) Radio cobalt

Ans : (A)

29. Rainbow has: (Choose incorrect statement)–

- (A) red light as its outer-most colour towards sky
- (B) red light as its inner-most colour towards earth
- (C) violet light as its inner-most colour towards earth
- (D) its curvature bent towards earth

Ans : (B)

30. A cyclist in circular motion should lean–

- (A) Forward (B) Backward
- (C) Sideways towards the centre (D) Sideway away from the centre

Ans : (C)

31. The monitor of a computer is–

- (A) an input device (B) an output device
- (C) a storage device (D) a processing device

Ans : (B)

32. is a collection of wires through which data is transmitted from one part of a computer to another part–

- (A) Port (B) Channel
- (C) Bus (D) Add on card

Ans : (C)

33. Amalgam is an alloy in which the base metal is–

- (A) Copper (B) Zinc
- (C) Aluminium (D) Mercury

Ans : (D)

34. The physical method commonly used to purify sea water is–

- (A) Evaporation (B) Sedimentation
- (C) Filtration (D) Distillation

Ans : (A)

35. The chemical name of 'oil of vitriol' is–

- (A) Phosphoric acid (B) Nitric acid
- (C) Sulphuric acid (D) Hydrochloric acid

Ans : (C)

36. Cathode rays are–

- (A) Electromagnetic waves (B) Radiations
- (C) Stream of α -particles (D) Stream of electrons

Ans : (D)

37. The National Park 'Valley of Flowers' lies in the State of–

- (A) Kerala (B) Himachal Pradesh
- (C) Uttarakhand (D) Jammu and Kashmir

Ans : (C)

38. Bhopal Gas Tragedy was caused by–

- (A) Nitrogen (B) Oxygen
- (C) Methyl isocyanite (D) Cyanide

Ans : (C)

39. The example of a secondary pollutant is–

- (A) CFC (Chloro fluoro carbon) (B) PAN (peroxy acetyl nitrate)
- (C) CH₄ (Methane) (D) Cl₂ (Chlorine)

Ans : (B)

40. In big cities, air pollution is mainly due to–

- (A) burning of fossil fuel (B) thermal power plant
- (C) sewage (D) suspended particles

Ans : (A)

41. The term 'Let' is associated with–

- (A) Badminton (B) Chess
- (C) Hockey (D) Football

Ans : (A)

42. The oral polio vaccine was discovered by–

- (A) Alexander Flemming (B) Jonas Salk
- (C) Edmond Fischer (D) Joseph E. Murray

Ans : (B)

43. Who among the following Nobel Laureates for their relentless struggle for peace, was awarded 2010 Nobel Prize?

- (A) Barack H. Obama (B) Liu Xiaobo
- (C) Martti Ahtisaari (D) Shirin Ebadi

Ans : (B)

44. The Uiam Hydrel Project dam is located a few kilometres north of–

- (A) Guwahati (B) Shillong
- (C) Kohima (D) Imphal

Ans : (B)

45. The expenses of the Government of India are the highest on account of subsidy on–

- (A) Fertilisers
- (B) Oil
- (C) LPG
- (D) Food

Ans : (D)

46. In accordance with the directions of RBI, banking facilities are required to be provided at all places having population of more than 2000 by the end of–

- (A) March 2015
- (B) March 2014
- (C) March 2013
- (D) March 2012

Ans : (C)

47. Bodoland Territorial Council (BTC), an autonomous self-governing body, was created within the State of–

- (A) Nagaland
- (B) Meghalaya
- (C) Assam
- (D) Mizoram

Ans : (C)

48. 'Simla Pact' between India and Pakistan was signed in the year–

- (A) 1965
- (B) 1971
- (C) 1972
- (D) 2001

Ans : (C)

49. In which of the following States are Garo and Khasi tribes found ?

- (A) Arunachal Pradesh
- (B) Nagaland
- (C) Meghalaya
- (D) Mizoram

Ans : (C)

50. Manipur has common boundaries with the group of States of–

- (A) Nagaland, Assam and Mizoram
- (B) Nagaland, Meghalaya and Tripura
- (C) Meghalaya, Mizoram and Tripura
- (D) Nagaland, Mizoram and Meghalaya

Ans : (A)