

- but also honest. (c) No error. (d)
9. If you will come tomorrow we can go to the market
(a) and do our own shopping together. No error. (b)
(c) (d)
10. If we exercise regularly we will be
(a) more healthier. No error (b)
(c) (d)
11. News travel very fast today
(a) due to advancement in technology. No error. (b)
(c) (d)
12. The Chairman made it clear at the meeting
(a) that he will not step down
(b) from his position as chairman. No error.
(c) (d)
13. We had lot of difficulty
(a) in finding the way here. No error. (b)
(c) (d)
14. Just as he was driving along the road,
(a) a bus pulled up and the driver asked him
(b) if he has seen a briefcase on the road. No error.
(c) (d)
15. Experience has taught me
(a) not to ignore any man, high or low,
(b) not to ignore anything, great or small. No error.
(c) (d)
16. I have spent most of my money,
(a) so I can travel only by bus. No error. (b)
(c) (d)
17. When he asked me as to why
(a)

- I had not finished my work in time.
(b)
- I felt confused. No error.
(c) (d)
18. The Foreign Minister said
(a) there was no use to criticize the policy of non-alignment
(b) which had stood the test of time. No error.
(c) (d)
19. The train should arrive at 7.30 in the morning
(a) but it was almost an hour late. No error.
(c) (d)
20. My detailed statement is respectively
(a) submitted. No error (b)
(c) (d)

Directions (For Question nos. 21-50) : In this section seven short passages are given. After each passage, you will find some questions based on the passage. First, read a passage and answer the questions based on it. You are required to select your answers based on the contents of the passage and opinion of the author only.

Passage-I

A well-dressed young man entered a big textile shop one evening. He was able to draw the attention of the salesmen who thought him rich and likely to make heavy purchases. He was shown the superior varieties of suit lengths and saris. But after casually examining them, he kept moving to the next section where readymade goods were being sold and further on to the hosiery section. By then, the salesmen had begun to doubt his intentions, and drew the attention of the manager. The manager asked him what exactly he wanted and he replied that he wanted courteous treatment. He explained that he had come to the same shop in casual dress that morning and drawn little attention. His pride was hurt and he wanted to assert himself. He had come in good dress only, to get decent treatment not for getting any articles. He left without making any purchase.

21. The young man was well dressed because
(a) it was his habit to dress well
(b) it was his wedding day
(c) he wanted to meet the manager of the shop
(d) he wanted to impress the salesmen

22. The salesmen in the shop are described as people who pay attention to
- only young men and women.
 - pretty women.
 - only rich customers.
 - regular customers.
23. The young man moved away to the hosiery section because he
- was not interested in purchasing anything new
 - did not like the readymade clothes
 - wanted better clothes
 - was restless
24. The manager asked the young man what he wanted because
- he would give him exactly what he was looking for
 - the salesman had drawn his attention to the indifferent attitude of the young man
 - he thought they could do more business with him that way
 - he thought the visitor was dissatisfied
25. The young man left without making purchases because he
- did not have money
 - could not find any item of his choice
 - had come only to make a point about the indifferent attitude of the salesmen towards casually dressed customers
 - decided to come to make the purchases later on
26. For what crime had the prisoner been punished ?
- Murder
 - Arson
 - Robbery
 - Kidnapping
27. When had the crime been committed ?
- Just before the escape
 - Three years earlier
 - Long ago
 - Day earlier
28. Who stamped forward with a dull thud ?
- The millionaire
 - The warden
 - The prisoner
 - Prisoner's accomplice
29. What did the prisoner suffer the most during imprisonment?
- Poor health
 - Mental strain
 - Physical torture
 - Absence from his family
30. Meaning of the phrase "whisked away" is?
- to move someone out of the way rapidly
 - to run after something
 - escape away
 - transportation of someone

Passage-III

Nationalism is only a curse when it becomes narrow and fanatical. Like so many other things available to man, say, religion, it can easily lead men astray. Nationalism can lead people into thinking only of themselves, of their own struggles, of their own misery. It can also cause a nation to become suspicious and fearful of its neighbours, to look upon itself as superior and to become aggressive and it is when nationalism impels a state to become expansionist and seek domination over others that it becomes a positive curse and harmful internationally.

Passage-II

The prisoner awaited his chance. For three solid years he had schemed for this opportunity. Now that escape seemed so near at hand, those three years lost some of their monotony. But he would never forget the lashes, the close confinement, low diet, and worse still the mental strain of those black days. Suddenly the warden did what he had hoped. He stopped to unlock the lower padlock. With a dull thud he stamped forward with keys in his hands. Swiftly the prisoner seized his keys, unlocked the cell and ran into the courtyard. It took him four seconds to reach the rope-ladder secretly placed there by his accomplices, five more to clamber over the wall, and three more to jump into the waiting car to be whisked away to freedom. Even though he was guilty, the prisoner felt he had paid for his crime. For the man he had robbed three years ago was still a millionaire.

31. From the passage, which of the following statements most correctly reflects the opinion of the author ?
- Nationalism makes people self-centered and self-concerned
 - It helps a nation to become superior to other nations
 - It regulates international relationships
 - It helps a nation to expand its territories and become powerful
32. Which of the following phrases most correctly suggests the central theme of the passage?

- (a) Nationalism and religion
 (b) Nationalism as an inspiration for development
 (c) Nationalism as a cause of war
 (d) Evils of narrow and aggressive nationalism
33. From the passage, which of the following statements can be assumed to be most likely to be true?
- (a) The author believes that nationalism is always a curse
 (b) He believes that it is possible for man to misuse religion
 (c) He thinks that religion always leads men astray
 (d) He pleads for a mix-up of religion and nationalism

34. Select the word from the given options which is nearly opposite to the word 'Suspicious' as used in the passage?
- (a) dubious (b) trusting
 (c) cynical (d) innocent
35. What do you mean by 'expansionist'?
- (a) efforts of country to help other nation.
 (b) bureaucratic efforts to harm others.
 (c) efforts of a government or country to increase its land or power.
 (d) efforts of a human to expand his/her fame

Passage-IV

Brown and his men, huddling round a fire are the last of the flood that Kassin had brought them that day. Cornelius sat among them, half-asleep. Then one of the crew remembered that some tobacco had been left in the boat, and said he would go and fetch it. He didn't think there was any danger in going to the creek in the dark. He disappeared down the hillside and a moment later he was heard climbing into the boat and then climbing out again.

36. Consider the following statements
- I. Brown and Cornelius sat round the fire.
 - II. Cornelius lay half-asleep at a little distance from the fire
 - III. All the people sat round the fire.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) I and II (b) II only
 (c) III only (d) I and III

37. One of them disappeared down the hill implies that
- (a) the slope of the hill was slippery
 (b) he fell from the edge of the hill
 (c) there was suddenly a sea beside the hill
 (d) he walked down the hill

38. "He didn't think ... in the dark". This sentence actually implies that he
- (a) was bold and adventurous
 (b) was addicted to smoking
 (c) would face some trouble
 (d) was the only person who knew where in the boat tobacco was
39. What does the word "huddling" imply?
- (a) Moving around
 (b) Falling into a slumber
 (c) Being close together
 (d) Merry-making

Passage-V

As soon as I saw the elephant I knew with perfect certainty that I ought not to shoot him. It is a serious matter to shoot a working elephant. It is comparable to destroying a huge and costly piece of machinery and obviously one ought not to do it if it can possibly be avoided, and at that distance, peacefully eating, the elephant looked no more dangerous than a cow.

40. The writer was against shooting the elephant because
- (a) he suspected it to be a wild one and was afraid of it
 (b) his heart was full of compassion for animals
 (c) he was certain that the elephant was innocent
 (d) it would amount to avoidable waste of useful property
41. The author compares the elephant to a costly machine because
- (a) ivory is very expensive
 (b) it can do as much work as an expensive machine
 (c) elephants look like big machines
 (d) elephants and machines have similar prices
42. The elephant looked no more dangerous than a cow because
- (a) it was quietly doing its work
 (b) unlike lions, it is a vegetarian animal
 (c) its tasks resemble the cow's horns
 (d) cows can be very dangerous sometimes

Passage-VI

I was very fond of the old soldier in our little town. He had only one leg, having lost the other somewhere in Assam in 1942. He used to tell me about his adventures. He told me that he had run away from home to join the army. He had experienced his first battle in the Libyan desert. Out of his dozens of war stories, the one I liked

best was the one of his escape from a Japanese prison-of-war camp in Burma. He told me again and again how he walked two hundred miles in two weeks. On the way he was bitten on the toe by a poisonous snake and he had to cut off part of the toe in order to survive. But by the time he got to an Indian camp the wound had turned septic and the leg had to be amputated. He is, however quite contented with his lot.

43. The author was very fond of the old soldier because
- He had lost one of his legs in war
 - he used to tell the author about his adventures
 - he was contented with his lot
 - he had been to many countries
44. Why did the old soldier repeatedly tell that he walked two hundred miles ?
- He ran away from home to join the army
 - He had to Cross the Libyan desert
 - He had to escape from a prison-of-war camp
 - He was a strong soldier
45. The story of the old soldier that the author liked most was that about
- his running away from home to join the army
 - his first battle in the Libyan desert
 - the loss of his leg in Assam
 - his escape from a Japanese prison-of-war camp
46. The old soldier, according to the author, was
- unhappy about his life
 - satisfied with his lot
 - angry about his fate
 - disgusted with his misfortune
47. The soldier's leg had to be amputated because
- he had walked two hundred miles in two weeks
 - he was wounded in war
 - the wounded toe turned septic
 - he was shot in the leg while escaping from the Japanese camp

Passage-VII

A large number of people had come to attend the meeting to be addressed by the gifted speaker. The organizers had a difficult time keeping the assembled people quiet as the meeting did not commence at the scheduled time. After some time the people lost their patience and began to shout and heckle. The organizers had great difficulty in assuaging the anger of the crowd when they were forced to cancel the meeting as the speaker had to be hospitalized due to sudden illness.

48. What was the actual reason for the organizers to have a difficult time?

- a large number of people had come to the meeting
 - the organizers could not make proper arrangements
 - the meeting could not be started in time
 - the speaker was ill
49. What does the word "assuaging" imply?
- accepting
 - tolerating
 - reducing
 - removing
50. Further delay resulted in the people
- leaving the place
 - fighting with the organizers.
 - making noise
 - making the speaker ill

Directions (For Question nos. 51-70) : In the following items each passage consists of six sentences. The first and the sixth sentences are given in the beginning as (S₁) and (S₆). The middle four sentences in each have been removed and jumbled up. These are labelled P, Q, R and S. You are required to find out the proper sequence of the four sentences and mark accordingly on the Answer Sheet.

51. S₁ : Her sisters recognized her at once.

S₆ : As for the young prince, he found her more lovely and lovable than ever, and insisted upon marrying her immediately.

P : She embraced them, telling them she forgave them with all her heart.

Q : Then she departed with the herald to the King's palace.

R : They were not in the least surprised for everybody believed in fairies and everybody longed to have a fairy godmother.

S : She told her whole story to His majesty and the royal family.

The proper sequence should be

- RSQP
- QPSR
- PQSR
- PSQR

52. S₁ : No daily paper has ever found its way into this village.

S₆ : They carry this with them to the trading centres in the plains and cities.

P : These travellers come from distant places.

Q : On their return journey they have news from the hills.

R : The only news the inhabitants get is from travellers.

S : On their way into the hills they bring news from distant plains and cities of India.

The proper sequence should be:

- (a) PQSR (b) RPSQ
(c) QSPR (d) RQPS

53. S₁ : A stag was drinking water at a pool.

S₂ : He was thus caught by the hunters.

P : He was admiring his shadow in the water.

Q : All of a sudden some hunters came to the pool.

R : From what he saw, he liked his horns, but he was rather unhappy about his legs.

S : His legs helped him in getting away from the hunters but his horns were caught in a bush.

The proper sequence should be

- (a) QPRS (b) PQRS
(c) PRQS (d) R PQS

54. S₁ : The wise men laughed at Galileo for presuming to differ from the great Aristotle.

S₂ : Both struck the ground together, as he had asserted that they would.

P : He then climbed to the top, carrying with him a ten-pound shot and a one-pound shot.

Q : So one morning he took some students and teachers to the base of the famous Leaning Tower.

R : Balancing them on the edge of the tower, he let them fall together.

S : But Galileo said he could prove his statement.

The proper sequence should be

- (a) SQPR (b) QPSR
(c) PRSQ (d) RSQP

55. S₁ : The earth was initially very hot and without an atmosphere.

S₂ : But it contained a lot of other gases that are poisonous to us.

P : The atmosphere came from the emission of gases from the rocks.

S : Because it contained no oxygen.

R : In the course of time it cooled and acquired an atmosphere.

S : This early atmosphere was not one in which we could have survived.

The proper sequence should be

- (a) RPSQ (b) PSRQ
(c) SPQR (d) QRPS

56. S₁ : When Madha opened the living-room, an extraordinary sight met her eyes.

S₂ : Hurrying upstairs, she went to her dressing table but to her relief found that the man had taken only an imitation diamond necklace.

P : She soon returned home in a police car with two policemen.

Q : A strange man was fast asleep in an armchair.

R : Madha left the house immediately and went to the police station.

S : But it was now too late, the man had disappeared.

The proper sequence should be

- (a) RPQS (b) QRPS
(c) PQRS (d) SQRP

57. S₁ : When Galileo was young, people believed that the earth was the centre of the Universe.

S₂ : But time has proved that Galileo's view right.

P : But Galileo began to argue that it was not so.

Q : This he was supported by the State and the Church.

R : He said that the Earth and other planets moved round the sun.

S : He was imprisoned for voicing this unorthodox view.

The proper sequence should be

- (a) PQRS (b) QPRS
(c) QPSR (d) PSRQ

58. S₁ : Until the hospital could be built there was no surgery available for the patients.

S₂ : After a short time an emergency hospital was created from a rough fowl-house.

P : But there were disadvantages.

Q : Schweitzer therefore started his medical treatment in an open space outside his house.

R : Moreover, there was a storm almost every evening, when everything had to be dragged hurriedly to the shelter of the verandah.

S : Working in the sun was very tiring.

The proper sequence should be

- (a) QRPS (b) QPSR
(c) RPSQ (d) PRSQ

59. S₁ : In 1739, Nadir Shah, the mighty king of Iran, invaded India.

S₂ : Another trophy he took with him was the Peacock Throne built by Shahjahan.

P : After a stay of two months, Nadir Shah went back to Iran.

Q : He defeated the Mughal army in the battle at Karnal.

R : He took with him immense wealth as well as the Koh-i-noor diamond.

S : This was followed by the cruel massacre and reckless plunder of Delhi.

The proper sequence should be

- (a) QSPR (b) RQPS
(c) PRQS (d) SPRQ

60. S₁ : It was a very pleasant walk along the banks of the river.

S₂ : It charmed me beyond measure.

P : The buffalo had huge horns.

Q : A kind of unknown calm and peace seemed to slide into my soul.

R : What delighted me most was the sight of a little boy sitting on the last buffalo in the herd.

S : I saw a herd of buffaloes swimming across the river.

The proper sequence should be

- (a) SRPQ (b) QSRP
(c) PQRS (d) RPQS

61. S₁ : A reporter is someone who gathers and writes news.

S₂ : The reporter and the editor are both called newsmen.

P : An editor is someone who prepares all the news for printing in the newspaper.

Q : A reporter cannot do a good job unless he has a good understanding of the requirements of the editor of his newspaper.

R : The editor decides how important each news story is and where it should be placed.

S : Many editors are former reporters.

The proper sequence should be

- (a) QPRS (b) QSRP
(c) PRQS (d) RSPQ

62. S₁ : Of men's earliest inventions we know very little.

S₂ : Once man had fire, he was the master of all lower creatures.

P : Man used stick and stone long before he dared to meddle with fire

Q : The first was to use a stone to crack a nut

R : The next was the use of a stick to strike an enemy.

S : It was only a step further that he made a rude weapon by fastening a stone to the end of a stick.

The proper sequence should be

- (a) PQRS (b) QSRP
(c) SPRQ (d) SRQP

63. S₁ : The detective walked into the dark room alone.

S₂ : He carefully picked up the gun making sure not to smudge the fingerprints.

P : It was later that he found the gun lying under a chair.

Q : First he felt for the switch and turned on the light.

R : The furniture was smashed and the curtains torn.

S : At once he saw the disorder and confusion in the room.

The proper sequence should be

- (a) SQPR (b) PQRS
(c) QSRP (d) RPSQ

64. S₁ : Last night I was very tired and dropped off to sleep.

S₂ : A goat was chewing up my rose plants.

P : I thought I heard somebody move outside

Q : All of a sudden, a slight noise disturbed my sleep.

R : I got out of bed quietly and peeped out of the window.

S : I was frightened.

The proper sequence should be

- (a) QPRS (b) QSRP
(c) SPQR (d) RSPQ

65. S₁ : The parents of Bose wanted him to become an I.C.S. Officer.

S₂ : His resignation showed that his country's freedom was more important to him than his personal ambitions.

P : But his heart was not for Government service.

Q : He studied resolutely and got through the I.C.S. examination in the fourth rank

R : Soon he resigned from the I.C.S. To the bewilderment of all.

S : Very much against his will, he was sent to England.

The proper sequence should be

(a) QRPS (b) RPSQ

(c) SQPR (d) PSQR

66. S₁: The train was running fast and the next station was nearly an hour ahead.

S₂: She bought four cups of ice cream and all of them became busy with eating.

P: The children were pestering their aunt with embarrassing questions.

Q: The occupants of the first carriage among others were a tall girl, a little girl and a little boy.

R: Luckily an ice cream vendor came to the rescue of the aunt.

S: Their aunt was occupying a corner seat.

The proper sequence should be

(a) PQRS (b) QSPR

(c) RPQS (d) SRQP

67. S₁: One winter afternoon she had been buying something in a little antique shop in Curzon Street.

S₂: He clasped his hands. He was so gratified he could scarcely speak.

P: Therefore she visited this shop once again

Q: It was a shop she always liked to visit

R: He beamed whenever she came in

S: And the man who kept it was very fond of serving her.

The proper sequence should be

(a) PSQR (b) QPSR

(c) PRQS (d) QSPR

68. S₁: My friend Todd owes me a dollar.

S₂: I see that I shall never get it back.

P: Whenever I meet him, he does not show any indication that he owes me a dollar

Q: My dollar has gone out of his mind.

R: Thus he meets me in the same frank friendly way as always.

S: He has owed it to me for twelve months and I fear there is little prospect of his ever returning it.

The proper sequence should be

(a) RSPQ (b) SQPR

(c) SPRQ (d) RQSP

69. S₁: In democratic countries men are equal before law, and have a voice in deciding how and by whom they shall be governed.

S₂: And they live like this not for fun, but because they are too poor to afford another room.

P: While some few people live in luxury, many have not even enough to drink and wear.

Q: But with respect to the sharing of money—which means the sharing of food and clothing, and houses and books and so on the system is still very unfair.

R: There are many families of five or six persons who live in a single room; they sleep and dress and wash and eat their meals; in this same room they are born; and in this same they die.

S: Even in the finest of world's cities thousands of people live in dreadful surroundings.

The proper sequence should be

(a) Q R S P (b) S R P Q

(c) Q P S R (d) P Q R S

70. S₁: Mental disability, whether mental retardation or any other develop-mental disability, is not the same as mental illness.

S₂: And the earlier the better.

P: A person with mental disability can certainly be helped to improve, but mainly in childhood.

Q: But mental disability has no cure.

R: Mental illness has an identifiable cause and may be cured.

S: Not the best doctors nor all the medicines in the world can cure mental disability.

The proper sequence should be

(a) P S Q R (b) Q P R S

(c) R Q S P (d) S R P Q

Directions (For Question nos. 71-80) : In the following items, some parts of the sentence have been jumbled up. You are required to rearrange these parts which are labelled P, Q, R and S to produce the correct sentence. Choose the proper sequence and mark in your Answer Sheet accordingly.

71. The fire before any serious damage was done

P

by volunteers was controlled in the godown.

Q

R

S

The correct sequence should be

(a) SRQP (b) RSPQ

(c) RQPS (d) QRSR

72. Some educationists should not be exposed to

P

believe that young children

Q R

too much television viewing.

S

The correct sequence should be

- (a) RSQP (b) QRPS
(c) QRPS (d) PQRS

73. Like energy crisis is one of the most talked about

P Q

population explosion topics of the world these days.

R S

The correct sequence should be

- (a) SRQP (b) RQPS
(c) SPQR (d) PRQS

74. The dog with its customary fondness

P Q

before the master wagged his tail.

R S

The correct sequence should be

- (a) PQRS (b) PSRQ
(c) PRSQ (d) QSRP

75. When the driver in front of me

P

slammed the brakes on I was driving in rush hour

Q R

without warning.

S

The correct sequence should be

- (a) PQSR (b) RSQP
(c) R PQS (d) PQRS

76. When John saw coming head on towards him

P Q

a speeding truck he ran for life.

R S

The correct sequence should be

- (a) RPQS (b) RSPQ
(c) PRSQ (d) PQRS

77. They decided for their friends that afternoon

P Q

to buy some presents to go shopping.

R S

The correct sequence should be

(a) QRSP (b) SQRP

(c) QRPS (d) PQSR

78. This is the book about that I told you.

P Q R S

The correct sequence should be

- (a) PRSQ (b) PSQR
(c) SPQR (d) PQRS

79. He said that two years before

P

and that he could produce

Q

he had passed his examination his certificate.

R

S

The correct sequence should be

- (a) SPQR (b) QSRP
(c) RPQS (d) PRSQ

80. However noble their ends appear

since they make use of violence.

P

are bound to end up all their acts

Q

R

with untold misery for all.

S

The correct sequence should be

- (a) PQRS (b) RQSP
(c) PRQS (d) RQPS

Directions (For Question nos. 81-90) : Each item in this section consists of a word in capital letters followed by four words as (a), (b), (c) and (d). Select the word which is most nearly the same in meaning as the original word and mark the correct response as (a), (b), (c) or (d) as the case may be, in your answer sheet.

81. PAINSTAKING

- (a) Feeling panic
(b) Thorough and rigorous
(c) Taking risk
(d) Painful and sorrowful

82. FEIGNED

- (a) Pretended (b) Played
(c) Developed (d) Failed

83. SUBSTANTIAL

- (a) Delicate (b) Graceful
(c) Sensational (d) Significant

84. **PENURY**
 (a) Poverty (b) Petty
 (c) Plary (d) Pathetic
85. **INDOLENT**
 (a) Cautious (b) Lazy
 (c) Unintelligent (d) Stubborn
86. **VEHEMENTLY**
 (a) Devoutly (b) Serenely
 (c) Hysterically (d) Forcefully
87. **AFFECTION**
 (a) Adoration (b) Artificiality
 (c) Appreciation (d) Proficiency

96. **FRIVOLOUS**
 (a) Amusing (b) Serious
 (c) Confusing (d) Teasing
97. **TRANSIENT**
 (a) Lasting (b) Moving
 (c) Persistent (d) Abiding
98. **APPARENT**
 (a) Real (b) Significant
 (c) Unimportant (d) Vague
99. **SLACKEN**
 (a) Weaken (b) Intensify
 (c) Quicken (d) Prowick
100. **ZEAL**
 (a) Intolerance (b) Inefficiency
 (c) Semile (d) Apathy

Directions (For Question nos. 101-120) : In the following questions a sentence has been given in Direct/Indirect. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in Direct/Indirect and mark your answer in the answer sheet.

101. Kiran asked me, "Did you see the Cricket match on television last night?"
 (a) Kiran asked me whether I saw the Cricket match on television the earlier night.
 (b) Kiran asked me whether I had seen the Cricket match on television the earlier night.
 (c) Kiran asked me did I see the Cricket match on television the last night.
 (d) Kiran asked me whether I had seen the Cricket match on television the last night.
102. David said to Anna, "Mona will leave for her native place tomorrow."
 (a) David told Anna that Mona will leave for her native place tomorrow.
 (b) David told Anna that Mona left for her native place the next day.
 (c) David told Anna that Mona would be leaving for her native place tomorrow.
 (d) David told Anna that Mona would leave for her native place the next day
103. I said to him, "Why are you working so hard?"
 (a) I asked him why he was working so hard.
 (b) I asked him why was he working so hard.
 (c) I asked him why had he been working so hard.
 (d) I asked him why he had been working so hard.

88. **STIPLE**
 (a) Starve (b) Stumble
 (c) Smother (d) Stagger
89. **OBLIVIOUS**
 (a) Narrow-minded (b) Daring
 (c) Stubborn (d) Unaware
90. **BESECH**
 (a) Request (b) Overwhelm
 (c) Bless (d) Promise

Directions (For Question nos. 91-100) : Each item in this section consists of a word in capital letters followed by four words or phrases as (a), (b), (c) and (d). Select the word or phrase which is nearly opposite to the meaning of the original word and mark the correct response as (a), (b), (c) or (d) as the case may be, in your Answer Sheet.

91. **LAUDATORY**
 (a) Laughable (b) Degregatory
 (c) Abusive (d) Detriment
92. **PERTINENT**
 (a) Eloquent (b) Distant
 (c) Relevant (d) Irrelevant
93. **COLOSSAL**
 (a) Fragile (b) Small
 (c) Colourful (d) Impressive
94. **INDISPENSABLE**
 (a) Tolerable (b) Superfluous
 (c) Expensive (d) Hostile
95. **VINDICTIVE**
 (a) Forgiving (b) Humane
 (c) Polite (d) Liberal

104. He said to her, "What a cold day!"

- (a) He told her that it was a cold day.
- (b) He exclaimed that it was a cold day.
- (c) He exclaimed sorrowfully that it was a cold day.
- (d) He exclaimed that it was a very cold day.

105. The tailor said to him, "Will you have the suit ready by tomorrow evening?"

- (a) The tailor asked him that he will have the suit ready by the next evening.
- (b) The tailor asked him that he would had the suit ready by the next evening.
- (c) The tailor asked him if he would have the suit ready by the next evening.
- (d) The tailor asked him if he will like to the suit ready by the next evening.

106. He said to interviewer, "Could you please repeat the question?"

- (a) He requested the interviewer if he could please repeat the question.
- (b) He requested the interviewer to please repeat the question.
- (c) He requested the interviewer to repeat the question.
- (d) He requested the interviewer if he could repeat the question.

107. He said, "Be quite and listen to my words."

- (a) He urged them to be quite and listen to his words.
- (b) He urged them and said be quite and listen to his words.
- (c) He urged they should be quite and listen to his words.
- (d) He said you should be quite and listen to his words.

108. He said to me, "I have often told you not to play with fire."

- (a) He said that he has often been telling me not to play with fire.
- (b) He told me that he had often told me not to play with fire.
- (c) He reminded me that he often said to me not to play with fire.
- (d) He said to me that he often told me not to play with fire.

109. The Captain said to his men, "Stand at ease."

- (a) The Captain urged his men to stand at ease.
- (b) The Captain wanted his men to stand at ease.

(c) The Captain told his men that they should stand at ease.

(d) The Captain commanded his men to stand at ease.

110. Pawan said to me, "If I hear any news, I'll phone you."

- (a) Pawan told me that if he heard any news, he will phone me.
- (b) Pawan told me that if he will hear my news, he will phone me.
- (c) Pawan told me that if he had heard any news, he would phone me.
- (d) Pawan told me that if he heard any news, he would phone me.

111. He said, "I cannot help you at present because I am myself in difficulty."

- (a) He said that I cannot help you at present because I myself in difficulty.
- (b) He said that he could not help you at present because he was himself in difficulty.
- (c) He told that he could not help you at present because he was himself in difficulty.
- (d) He asked that he could not help you at present because he was himself in difficulty.

112. He told her, "I want to meet your father."

- (a) He told her that I want to meet your father.
- (b) He told her that he wanted to meet her father.
- (c) He told her that he wanted to meet your father.
- (d) He told her that she wanted to meet her father.

113. He says, "I don't want to play any more."

- (a) He says that he doesn't want to play any more.
- (b) He says that I don't want to play any more.
- (c) He says that I didn't want to play any more.
- (d) He says that he didn't want to play any more.

114. The government has announced, "Taxes will be raised".

- (a) The government has announced that taxes would be raised.
- (b) The government has announced that taxes would raised.
- (c) The government has announced that taxes will be raised.
- (d) The government has announced taxes will be raised.

115. Mohan said, "We shall go to see the Taj in the moonlit night".

- (a) Mohan said that we shall go to see the Taj in the moonlit night.
- (b) Mohan told that we shall go to see the Taj in moonlit night
- (c) Mohan told that we should go to see the Taj in the moonlit night.
- (d) Mohan said that they should go to see the Taj in moonlit night.

116. The teacher said to Ram, "Congratulations ! Wish you success in life

- (a) The teacher congratulated Ram and said wish you success in life.
- (b) The teacher wished congratulations and success in life to Ram.
- (c) The teacher wished congratulations to Ram and wished him success in life
- (d) The teacher congratulated Ram and wished him success in life.

117. The poor examine said, "O God, take pity on me."

- (a) The poor examine prayed God to take pity on him.
- (b) The poor examine, involving God, implored him to take pity on him.
- (c) The poor examine exclaimed that God take pity on him.
- (d) The poor examine asked God to take pity on him.

118. "Where will you be tomorrow," I said, "in case I have to ring you ?"

- (a) I asked where you will be the next day in case I will ring him.
- (b) I asked where he would be the next day in case I had to ring him
- (c) I said to him where he will be in case I have to ring him.
- (d) I enquired about his where about the next day in case I would have to ring up.

119. Seeta said to me, "Can you give me your pen ?"

- (a) Seeta asked me can I give her my pen.
- (b) Seeta asked me if I can give me your pen.
- (c) Seeta asked me if I could give her my pen.
- (d) Seeta asked me if I could give her my pen.

120. The father warned his son that he should be beware of him.

- (a) The father warned his son, "beware of him !"
- (b) The father warned his son, "Watch that chap !"
- (c) The father warned his son, "Be careful about him."

(d) The father warned his son, "Don't fall into the trap."

Directions (For Questions nos. 121-140) : In the following questions two passages are given where some of the words have been left out. Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer to each blank out of the four alternatives and mark it in the answer sheet.

Passage-1

One day in the king's Court, Birbal happened to have an argument with Akbar. The casual argument soon became very hot. Akbar, being a very sensitive king, got very angry and(121)..... Birbal to get out of his palace and also his kingdom. Birbal had to(122)..... the king's order and left the court immediately. After a couple of days, Akbar couldn't stop(123)..... about Birbal. He(124)..... him very much and wanted to bring him back to the court. But, Birbal was missing and could not be(125)..... anywhere. Soon Akbar got an idea and made an(126)..... to the kingdom saying "I would reward 1,000 gold coins to the person who can walk in the Sun with half shade on him". The very next day a villager came to the court. It was a hot sunny day and the villager was holding a String Cot above his head. He came to Akbar and said "Oh, King! I walked in the sun and by holding this string cot over my head, I have had half shade on me. So, please(127)..... over my reward!" At once Akbar understood that it must be the plan of Birbal. He asked the villager who taught him this idea. The villager(128)..... that it was Birbal's(129)..... . On hearing this Akbar was very happy. He requested Birbal to come back to the palace and they had a happy(130).....

121. (a) proposed (b) requested
(c) invited (d) ordered
122. (a) defy (b) obey
(c) adhere (d) comply
123. (a) deny
(b) miss
(c) avenge (d) think
124. (a) missed (b) hated
(c) avoided (d) ignored
(e) scolded
125. (a) met (b) placed
(c) gathered (d) found
(e) familiarized

126. (a) appeal (b) order (c) Exhibited (d) Convinced
 (e) announcement (d) enquiry (c) Attributed (d) Corroborated
127. (a) give (b) hand (c) Extend (d) Project
 (c) provide (d) supply (c) Develop (d) Prove
128. (a) confessed (b) pleaded (c) Celebrating (d) Advocating
 (c) appealed (d) returned (c) Unravelling (d) Ascribing
129. (a) conspiracy (b) indication (c) Unravelling (d) Ascribing
 (c) fraud (d) trap
130. (a) unite (b) joining (c) Celebrating (d) Advocating
 (c) recovery (d) reunion (c) Unravelling (d) Ascribing
131. (a) appeal (b) order (c) Exhibited (d) Convinced
 (e) announcement (d) enquiry (c) Attributed (d) Corroborated

Passage-II

Since 1879 there has been a(131)..... science of psychology, and one important part of it is directly(132)..... with the problem of understanding human personality. In fact the fundamental objective of the study of personality is to(133)..... significantly to our understanding of human beings from within the(134)..... of the science of psychology. Scientific psychology(135)..... to work with relatively simple and straight forward concepts that are open to(136)..... test and to use research methods that are as sound and(137)..... as possible. Most psychologists are(138)..... that these scientifically based concepts and methods will ultimately(139)..... to be of most value in(140)..... the complex nature of human behavior.

131. (a) Appreciative (b) Voluminous (c) Possible (d) Recognizable
132. (a) Measurable (b) Concerned (c) Accountable (d) Responsible
133. (a) Conjecture (b) Correlate (c) Configure (d) Contribute
134. (a) Attributes (b) Association (c) Framework (d) Control
135. (a) Prefers (b) Adjusts (c) Directs (d) Encompasses
136. (a) Profound (b) Flexible (c) Stable (d) Empirical
137. (a) Precise (b) Evocative (c) Elongated (d) Regulatory
138. (a) Exhibited (b) Convinced (c) Attributed (d) Corroborated
139. (a) Extend (b) Project (c) Develop (d) Prove
140. (a) Celebrating (b) Advocating (c) Unravelling (d) Ascribing
- Directions (For Question nos. 141-160) :** In the following questions a sentence has been given in Active/Passive Voice. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in Passive/Active Voice and mark your answer in the Answer Sheet.
141. Please keep quiet.
 (a) You are requested please keep quiet.
 (b) You are requested to keep quiet.
 (c) You were requested to keep quiet.
 (d) You are requested to please keep quiet.
142. I know Mr. Narendra Modi.
 (a) Mr. Narendra Modi is known to me.
 (b) Mr. Narendra Modi was known to me.
 (c) Mr. Narendra Modi known to me.
 (d) Mr. Narendra Modi is known by me.
143. Krishna will beat you at Badminton.
 (a) You would be beaten by Krishna at Badminton.
 (b) You will be beaten by Krishna at Badminton.
 (c) You will be beaten to Krishna at Badminton.
 (d) You will be beaten by Krishna at Badminton.
144. A little lamb followed Usha.
 (a) Usha was followed by a little lamb.
 (b) Usha followed by a little lamb.
 (c) Usha was followed by little lamb.
 (d) Usha was being followed by a little lamb.
145. Arun's mother loves him.
 (a) Arun loved by his mother.
 (b) Arun is loved by his mother.
 (c) Arun was loved by his mother.
 (d) Arun is loved by her mother.
146. Prakash rang the bell.
 (a) The bell had rang by Prakash.
 (b) The bell had rung by Prakash.
 (c) The bell was rang by Prakash.
 (d) The bell was rung by Prakash.
147. Mary will stitch the dress in a week.
 (a) The dress will stitch by Mary in a week.

- (b) The dress would be stitched by Mary in a week.
 (c) The dress will be stitched by Mary in a week.
 (d) The dress will be stitched by Mary in a week.
148. Sachin scored a century.
 (a) A century was scored by Sachin.
 (b) A century scored by Sachin.
 (c) A century had scored by Sachin.
 (d) A century was score by Sachin.
149. Asha kept me waiting.
 (a) I had keep waiting by Asha.
 (b) I kept waiting by Asha.
 (c) I was kept waiting by Asha.
 (d) I was kept waiting Asha.
150. Graham Bell invented the telephone.
 (a) The telephone invented by Graham Bell.
 (b) The telephone was invented by Graham Bell.
 (c) The telephone had invented by Graham Bell.
 (d) The telephone invented by Graham Bell.
151. The teacher praised Ashish.
 (a) Ashish praised by the teacher.
 (b) Ashish had praised by the teacher.
 (c) Ashish was praising by the teacher.
 (d) Ashish was praised by the teacher.
152. The people laughed at the jester.
 (a) The jester had laughed at by the people.
 (b) The jester laughed at by the people.
 (c) The jester was laughed at by the people.
 (d) The jester was laughed by the people.
153. They opened the restaurant last year.
 (a) The restaurant opened by them last year.
 (b) The restaurant was opened by them last year.
 (c) The restaurant had opened by them last year.
 (d) The restaurant was opened by them previous year.
154. Who wrote King Lear?
 (a) By whom King Lear written?
 (b) By whom was King Lear wrote?
 (c) Whom was written King Lear?
 (d) By whom was King Lear written?
155. An old woman was helping the wounded soldier.
 (a) The wounded soldier had being helped by an old woman.
 (b) The wounded soldier was being help by an old woman.
 (c) The wounded soldier was being helped by an old woman.
 (d) The wounded soldier would being helped by an old woman.
156. Your performance pleases me.
 (a) I pleased by your performance.
 (b) I was pleased by your performance.
 (c) I am pleased by your performance.
 (d) I am pleased by his performance.
157. Anirudh has invited me to his birthday party.
 (a) I have been invited by Anirudh to his birthday party.
 (b) I have been invited by Anirudh to his birthday party.
 (c) I have been invited by Anirudh to his birthday party.
 (d) I have been invited by Anirudh to his birthday party.
158. Who broke this dish of butter?
 (a) By whom had that dish of butter broken.
 (b) By whom had this dish of butter broken.
 (c) By whom was that dish of butter broken.
 (d) By whom was this dish of butter broken.
159. Thunder and lightning frighten the child.
 (a) The child was frightened by thunder and lightning.
 (b) The child is frightened by thunder and lightning.
 (c) The child is frighten by thunder and lightning.
 (d) The child was frighten by thunder and lightning.
160. I expect you to help her.
 (a) I expected her to be helped by you.
 (b) I expect her being helped by you.
 (c) I expect her to be helped by you.
 (d) I expected her being helped by you.

Directions (For Question nos. 143-170) : In question nos. 145 to 150, four words are given in each question, out of which only one word is correctly spelt. Find the correctly spelt word and mark your answer in the Answer sheet.

161. (a) Magnificent (b) Magnificient
 (c) Magnificiöent (d) Magnificöent

162. (a) Conscience (b) Conscience
(c) Conscience (d) Conscience
163. (a) Indispensable (b) Indispensable
(c) Indispensible (d) Indispensable
164. (a) Consumption (b) Consumption
(c) Consumation (d) Consumation
165. (a) Comitted (b) Comitted
(c) Comitted (d) Comitted
166. (a) Unparaleled (b) Unparaleled
(c) Unparalleted (d) Unparalleted
167. (a) Comitee (b) Comitee
(c) Comiteec (d) Comiteec
168. (a) Definitly (b) Definitly
(c) Definitly (d) Definitly
169. (a) Mnermatics (b) Mnermatics
(c) Nernomics (d) Mnermatics
170. (a) Fascitrating (b) Fascitrating
(c) Fascitrating (d) Fascitrating

Directions (For Question nos. 171-175) : Given below are five list of words followed by some choices. In each case, choose the alternative that you can combine with every word in that particular list to form a familiar word phrase and shade the appropriate answer in the space provided for it on the OMR answer sheet.

171. Down, aside, about, forth
(a) set (b) fly
(c) burn (d) take
172. Over, about, after, at
(a) cross (b) lay
(c) here (d) go
173. Forward, across, around, upon
(a) straight (b) come
(c) fast (d) mark
174. In, down, for, out
(a) pray (b) try
(c) grow (d) stand
175. Away, through, up, down
(a) stray (b) come
(c) break (d) speak

Directions (For Question nos. 176-185) : Select the best option from the four alternatives given and shade the appropriate answer in the space provided for it on the OMR answer sheet.

176. They live on a busy road..... a lot of noise from the traffic.
(a) It must be (b) It must have
(c) There must have (d) There must be
177. The more electricity you use.....
(a) your bill will be higher
(b) will be higher your bill
(c) the higher your bill will be
(d) higher your bill will be
178. Ben likes walking.....
(a) Every morning he walks to work
(b) He walks to work every morning
(c) He walks every morning to work
(d) He every morning walks to work
179. It's two years.....Sophy
(a) that I don't see (b) that I haven't seen
(c) since I didn't see (d) since I last saw
180. What was the problem ? Why.....leave early ?
(a) have you to (b) did you have to
(c) must you (d) you had to
181. Nobody believed Aran at first, but he..... to be right.
(a) worked out (b) came out
(c) found out (d) turned out
182. We can't..... making a decision. We have to decide now.
(a) put away (b) put over
(c) put off (d) put out
183. The accident was my fault, so I had to pay for the damage.....the other car.
(a) of (b) for
(c) to (d) on
184. I really object people smoking in my house.
(a) to (b) about
(c) for (d) on
185. A contract may be.....if the court finds there has been misinterpretation of the facts.
(a) restrained (b) rescinded
(c) compelled (d) conferred

Directions (For Question nos. 186-200) : Look at the underlined part of each sentence. Below each sentence are given three possible substitutions for the underlined

part. If one of them is better than the underlined part, mark accordingly on the Answer Sheet. If none of the substitutions improve the sentence, mark (d) on your Answer Sheet.

186. The concert this weekend promises to attract an even greater amount of people than attended the last one.
- an even greater amount of people
 - an even larger amount of people
 - an even greater number of people
 - no improvement required
187. Records of the first 736 British convicts deported to Australia, reveal convictions for crimes against property in all cases and they ranged from highway robbery to forgery.
- convictions for crimes against property in all cases and they ranged
 - that all were convicted of crimes against property ranging
 - the ranging of convictions for crimes against property in all cases
 - no improvement required.
188. King James I of England tried unsuccessfully to merge the legislature of Scotland - his original kingdom - with England.
- with England
 - and England
 - with that of England
 - no improvement required
189. The symphonies of Mahler are characterized by a much freer use of dissonance than Haydn.
- a much freer use of dissonance than are those of Haydn
 - a much freer usage than Haydn of dissonance
 - a usage much freer than the dissonance of Haydn
 - no improvement required
190. The average salary of new jobs is expected to rise in the near future as jobs become available in high-paying industries.
- is expected to rise in the near future as jobs become available in high-paying industries
 - are expected to rise in the near future through jobs becoming available in high-paying industries
 - are to be expected to rise in the near future
 - through jobs becoming available in high-paying industries
191. I didn't feel like going to the party, but later I was sorry to miss it.
- to miss
 - missing
 - to have missed
 - no improvement required
192. Scoliosis, a condition when the spine curves abnormally and throws the body out of line, can cause heart and lung problems as well as physical deformity.
- an abnormal curvature of the spine that throws the body out of line
 - a condition of the spine curving abnormally and in which the body is thrown out of line
 - where the body is thrown out of line by an abnormal curvature of the spine
 - no improvement required
193. Many of the thousands of students currently enrolled in night courses hope for the exchanging of their drab jobs for new careers that are challenging.
- for the exchanging of their drab jobs for new careers that are challenging
 - to exchange their drab jobs for new and challenging careers.
 - to exchange their drab jobs with new careers that will be new and challenging.
 - no improvement required
194. The public's widespread belief in the existence of UFOs and their general curiosity about extraterrestrial life has generated considerable interest in science fiction.
- UFOs as well as its general curiosity about extraterrestrial life, has
 - UFOs and they are generally curious about extraterrestrial life which has
 - UFOs as well as their general curiosity about extraterrestrial life, have
 - no improvement required
195. The setting of a story affects the story's plot.
- affects the story's plot
 - affects the stories plot
 - affect the story's plot
 - no improvement required

196. Valarie claims that cats made the best pets.

- (a) made the best pet.
- (b) make the best pets.
- (c) are the best pets.
- (d) no improvement required

197. If he would have revised his first draft, he would have received a better grade.

- (a) would have revised
- (b) had revised
- (c) could of revised
- (d) no improvement required

198. The helium-filled balloon rose into the air.

- (a) rose in the air.
- (b) was rising in the air.
- (c) was in the air.
- (d) no improvement required.

199. Someone gives the school gerbils every year.

- (a) Someone gives the school gerbils
- (b) Some one gives the school gerbils
- (c) Some one gives the School gerbils
- (d) no improvement required

200. Once upon a point a time, a small person named Little Red Riding Hood initiated plans for the preparation, delivery and transportation of foodstuffs to her Grandmother.

- (a) and transportation of foodstuffs to his Grandmother.
- (b) and transportation of food stuff to her Grandmother.
- (c) and transportation of food supplies to her Grandmother.
- (d) no improvement required