# **COMMON ENTRANCE TEST - 2011**

DATE	SUBJECT	TIME 10.30 AM to 11.50 AM	
28-04-2011	PHYSICS		

MAXIMUM MARKS	TOTAL DURATION	MAXIMUM TIME FOR ANSWERING
60	80 MINUTES	70 MINUTES

MENTION YOUR	QUESTION BOOKLET DETAILS		
CET NUMBER	VERSION CODE	SERIAL NUMBER	
	A - 1	538497	

## DOs:

- 1. Check whether the CET No. has been entered and shaded in the respective circles on the OMR answer sheet.
- 2. This Question Booklet is issued to you by the Invigilator after the 2<sup>nd</sup> Bell, i.e., after 10.30 a.m.
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- 5. Compulsory sign at the bottom portion of the OMR answer sheet in the space provided.

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SR - 33

Turn Over

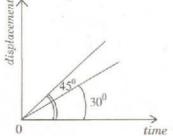
## PHYSICS

- 1. If C be the capacitance and V be the electric potential, then the dimensional formula of  $CV^2$  is ......
  - 1)  $M^1L^2T^{-2}A^0$

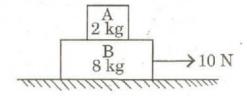
2)  $M^{1}L^{1}T^{-2}A^{-1}$ 

3)  $M^{0}L^{1}T^{-2}A^{0}$ 

- 4)  $M^{1}L^{-3}T^{1}A^{1}$
- - 1)  $\sqrt{3}:2$
  - 2) 1:1
  - 3) 1:2
  - 4)  $1:\sqrt{3}$



- - 1) 100 N
  - 2) 40 N
  - 3) 50 N
  - 4) zero



- - 1) 6 ms<sup>-1</sup>

2) 8 ms<sup>-1</sup>

3) 10 ms<sup>-1</sup>

- 4)  $14 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
- - 1) 5 m

2) 2.5 m

3) 10 m

4) 12.5 m

- - $1) \quad \frac{1}{2} m v^2$

2)  $\frac{5}{3} m v^2$ 

 $3) \quad \frac{2}{5} mv^2$ 

- 4)  $\frac{7}{10} mv^2$
- 7. Two satellites of mass m and 9 m are orbiting a planet in orbits of radius R. Their periods of revolution will be in the ratio of .......
  - 1) 9:1

2) 3:1

3) 1:1

- 4) 1:3
- 8. The following four wires of length L and radius r are made of the same material. Which of these will have the largest extension, when the same tension is applied?
  - 1) L = 100 cm, r = 0.2 mm
- 2) L = 200 cm, r = 0.4 mm
- 3) L = 300 cm, r = 0.6 mm
- 4) L = 400 cm, r = 0.8 mm
- - 1)  $10\sqrt{3}$  kg wt

2)  $20\sqrt{3}$  kg wt

3) 10 kgwt

- 4)  $\frac{10}{\sqrt{3}}$  kg wt
- 10. Eight equal drops of water are falling through air with a steady velocity of 10 cm s<sup>-1</sup>. If the drops combine to form a single drop big in size, then the terminal velocity of this big drop is .......
  - 1) 40 cm s<sup>-1</sup>

2) 10 cm s<sup>-1</sup>

3)  $30 \text{ cm s}^{-1}$ 

4) 80 cm s<sup>-1</sup>

- 11. Two capillary tubes of different diameters are dipped in water. The rise of water is ........
  - 1) the same in both tubes
  - 2) greater in the tube of larger diameter
  - 3) greater in the tube of smaller diameter
  - 4) independent of the diameter of the tube
- 12. A perfect gas at 27°C is heated at constant pressure so as to double its volume. The increase in temperature of the gas will be ......
  - 1) 600°C

2) 327°C

3) 54°C

- 4) 300°C
- - 1)  $\frac{1}{3}K_A$

2) 3 K<sub>A</sub>

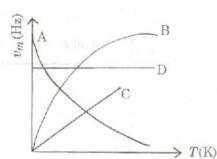
3) 2 K<sub>A</sub>

- 4)  $\frac{2}{3}K_A$
- - 1).  $\frac{27}{8}$

2)  $\frac{9}{4}$ 

3)  $\frac{3}{2}$ 

- 4) 1
- 15. Which one of the following is  $v_m T$  graph for perfectly black body?  $v_m$  is the frequency of radiation with maximum intensity. T is the absolute temperature.



- 1) A
- 2) B
- 3) C
- 4) D

- - 1)  $\frac{3}{2}$  sec

2)  $\frac{1}{2}$  sec

3)  $\frac{3}{4}$  sec

- 4)  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec
- 17. The equation of a wave is given by  $y = 10 Sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{45}t + \alpha\right)$ . If the displacement is 5 cm at t = 0, then the total phase at t = 7.5 sec. is ......
  - 1)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$

 $2) \quad \frac{\pi}{2}$ 

3)  $\frac{\pi}{6}$ 

- π
- 18. Two tuning forks, A and B, produce notes of frequencies 258 Hz and 262 Hz. An unknown note sounded with A produces certain beats. When the same note is sounded with B, the beat frequency gets doubled. The unknown frequency is .......
  - 1) 250 Hz

2) 252 Hz

3) 254 Hz

- 4) 256 Hz
- - 1) 200 Hz

2) 300 Hz

3) 600 Hz

- 4) 400 Hz
- 20. Faintest stars are called .....
  - 1) zero magnitude stars
- 2) second magnitude stars
- 3) sixth magnitude stars
- 4) dwarfs

- 21. Wavelength of given light waves in air and in a medium are 6000 Å and 4000 Å respectively. The critical angle is ......
  - 1)  $Tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$

2)  $Tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$ 

3)  $Sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$ 

- 4)  $Sin^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$
- - 1)  $10^{-11} \sec$

2)  $2 \times 10^{-11} \text{ sec}$ 

3)  $2 \times 10^{+11} \text{ sec}$ 

- 4)  $2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ sec}$
- - $1) 0^{0}$

2)  $30^{0}$ 

 $3) 60^{0}$ 

- 4) 45°
- 24. A planoconvex lens has a maximum thickness of 6 cm. When placed on a horizontal table with the curved surface in contact with the table surface, the apparent depth of the bottommost point of the lens is found to be 4 cm. If the lens is inverted such that the plane face of the lens is in contact with the surface of the table, the apparent depth

of the center of the plane face is found to be  $\left(\frac{17}{4}\right)$  cm. The radius of curvature of the lens is .............

1) 68 cm

2) 75 cm

3) 128 cm

- 4) 34 cm
- - 1) 1,8

2) 2, 7

3) 3, 6

4) 4, 5

26.	Wavefront is the locus of all points, where the particles of the medium vibrate with the same					
	1) pł	nase	2)	amplitude		
	3) fr	equency	4)	period		
27.				3A and 2A interfering at a point have a point will be proportional to		
	1) 5.	$A^2$	2)	$13~\mathrm{A}^2$		
	3) 7.	$\mathrm{A}^2$	4)	$19 A^2$		
28.	<ul> <li>a) A slit</li> <li>b) A slit</li> <li>c) A slit</li> </ul>	S is necessary if we use an ord	linar dina atiall	ry but well collimated beam of light.		
	1) a)	, b) and c)	2)	a) and b)		
	3) b)	and c)	4)	a) and c)		
29.		peam of light of wavelength 60 e angular position of the first n		gets diffracted by a single slit of width ma of diffracted light is		
	1) 2:	× 10 <sup>-3</sup> rad	2)	$3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ rad}$		
	3). 1.8	$3 \times 10^{-3}  \mathrm{rad}$	4)	$6 \times 10^{-3}  \mathrm{rad}$		
30.	The critical	angle of a certain medium is S	$Sin^{-1}$	$\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$ . The polarizing angle of the medium		
	1) Si	$n^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)$ $n^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$		$Tan^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)$ $Tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)$		
	3) 10	$\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$	4)	$\lfloor \frac{1}{3} \rfloor$		

Two identical charged spheres of material density  $\rho$ , suspended from the same point by inextensible strings of equal length make an angle  $\theta$  between the strings. When suspended in a liquid of density  $\sigma$  the angle  $\theta$  remains the same. The dielectric constant K of the liquid is .....

1) 
$$\frac{\rho}{\rho - \sigma}$$

$$\frac{\rho - \sigma}{\rho}$$

3) 
$$\frac{\rho}{\rho + \sigma}$$

1) 
$$\frac{\rho}{\rho - \sigma}$$
 2)  $\frac{\rho - \sigma}{\rho}$  3)  $\frac{\rho}{\rho + \sigma}$  4)  $\frac{\rho + \sigma}{\rho}$ 

The electric field at a point due to an electric dipole, on an axis inclined at an angle 32.  $\theta$  (< 90°) to the dipole axis, is perpendicular to the dipole axis, if the angle  $\theta$  is .............

1) 
$$Tan^{-1}(2)$$

2) 
$$Tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

3) 
$$Tan^{-1}\left(\sqrt{2}\right)$$

1) 
$$Tan^{-1}(2)$$
 2)  $Tan^{-1}(\frac{1}{2})$  3)  $Tan^{-1}(\sqrt{2})$  4)  $Tan^{-1}(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})$ 

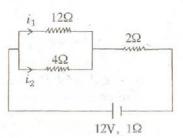
In the circuit shown, the currents  $i_1$  and  $i_2$  are .....

1) 
$$i_1 = 1.5 \text{ A}, i_2 = 0.5 \text{ A}$$

2) 
$$i_1 = 0.5 \text{ A}, i_2 = 1.5 \text{ A}$$

3) 
$$i_1 = 1 \text{ A}, i_2 = 3 \text{ A}$$

4) 
$$i_1 = 3 \text{ A}, i_2 = 1 \text{ A}$$

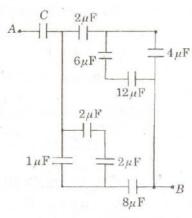


In the given network, the value of *C*, so that an equivalent capacitance between A and B is  $3\mu$ F, is ......



2) 
$$\frac{31}{5} \mu \, \text{F}$$

3) 
$$48 \mu F$$



- A conductor wire having 1029 free electrons/m3 carries a current of 20A. If the cross-section of the wire is 1mm2, then the drift velocity of electrons will be .....  $(e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \,\mathrm{C}).$ 
  - 1)  $1.25 \times 10^{-4} \, \text{ms}^{-1}$

2)  $1.25 \times 10^{-3} \,\mathrm{ms}^{-1}$ 

3)  $1.25 \times 10^{-5} \, \text{ms}^{-1}$ 

4)  $6.25 \times 10^{-3} \,\mathrm{ms^{-1}}$ 

- 36. A resistor has a colour code of green, blue; brown and silver. What is its resistance?
  - 1)  $56\Omega \pm 5\%$

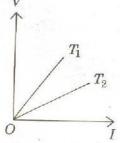
2)  $560 \Omega \pm 10\%$ 

3)  $560\Omega \pm 5\%$ 

- 4)  $5600 \Omega \pm 10\%$
- 37. The voltage V and current I graphs for a conductor at two different temperatures  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  are shown in the figure. The relation between  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  is ...... V



- 2)  $T_1 < T_2$
- 3)  $T_1 = T_2$
- 4)  $T_1 = \frac{1}{T_2}$



- 38. Consider the following statements regarding the network shown in the figure.
  - a) The equivalent resistance of the network between points A and B is independent of value of G.
  - b) The equivalent resistance of the network between points A and B is  $\frac{4}{3}R$ .
  - c) The current through G is zero.

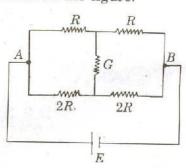
Which of the above statements is/are TRUE?

1) a) alone

2) b) alone

3) b) and c)

4) a), b) and c)

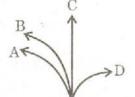


- - 1)  $1.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ N-m}$
  - 2)  $1.5 \times 10^{-8} \text{ N-m}$
  - 3)  $1.5 \times 10^{+6} \text{ N-m}$
  - 4)  $1.5 \times 10^{+8} \text{ N-m}$
- AXIS  $\xrightarrow{\text{COIL}} \xrightarrow{\text{COIL}} \xrightarrow{\text{$
- - 1)  $\frac{mv}{Be}$

 $\frac{Be}{mv}$ 

3)  $\frac{ev}{Bm}$ 

4)  $\frac{Bv}{em}$ 



- 1) A
- 2) B
- 3) C
- 4) D
- - 1) 80Ω

2)  $40\Omega$ 

3)  $20\Omega$ 

- 4)  $15\Omega$
- - 1)  $(2/\sqrt{3})$ A

2)  $(\frac{2}{3})$ A

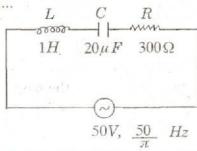
3) 2A

- 4)  $(\frac{3}{2})A$
- - 1) 106 W

2) 150 W

3) 5625 W

- 4) zero
- 45. In the series L-C-R circuit shown, the impedance is ..........
  - 1) 200 Ω
  - 2) 100 Ω
  - 3)  $300\,\Omega$
  - 4) 500 Ω



- 46. The energy stored in an inductor of self inductance L henry carrying a current of I ampere is ...........
  - 1)  $\frac{1}{2}L^2I$

2)  $\frac{1}{2}LI^2$ 

3)  $LI^{2}$ 

- 4)  $L^2I$
- 47. A transformer works on the principle of .....
  - 1) self induction
  - 2) electrical inertia
  - 3) mutual induction
  - 4) magnetic effect of the electrical current
- 48. Flash spectrum confirms a/an .....
  - 1) total solar eclipse
- 2) lunar eclipse

3) earthquake

- 4) magnetic storm
- - 1)  $hc(\lambda_0 \lambda)$

2)  $\frac{hc}{\lambda_0 - \lambda}$ 

3)  $\frac{h}{c} \left( \frac{\lambda_0 - \lambda}{\lambda \lambda_0} \right)$ 

- 4)  $hc\left(\frac{\lambda_0 \lambda}{\lambda \lambda_0}\right)$
- 50. Rutherford's atomic model could account for .....
  - 1) stability of atoms
  - 2) origin of spectra
  - 3) the positively charged central core of an atom
  - 4) concept of stationary orbits

- - 1)  $\frac{16}{3R}$

2)  $\frac{16}{5R}$ 

 $3) \quad \frac{5R}{16}$ 

- 4)  $\frac{3R}{16}$
- 52. The thermonuclear reaction of hydrogen inside the stars is taking place by a cycle of operations. The particular element which acts as a catalyst is ............
  - 1) nitrogen

2) oxygen

3) helium

- 4) carbon
- 53. The ratio of minimum wavelengths of Lyman and Balmer series will be .....
  - 1) 1.25

2) 0.25

3) 5

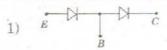
- 4) 10
- 54. The fraction of the initial number of radioactive nuclei which remain undecayed after half of a half-life of the radioactive sample is ......
  - 1)  $\frac{1}{4}$

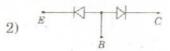
2)  $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$ 

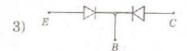
3)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

- 4)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- 55. 1 curie represents .....
  - 1)  $3.7 \times 10^7$  disintegrations per second
  - 2)  $3.7 \times 10^{10}$  disintegrations per second
  - 3) 106 disintegrations per second
  - 4) 1 disintegration per second

**56.** An *n*–*p*–*n* transistor can be considered to be equivalent to two diodes, connected. Which of the following figures is the CORRECT ONE?

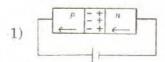






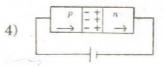


**57.** In the case of forward biasing of a p-n junction diode, which one of the following figures correctly depicts the direction of conventional current (indicated by an arrow mark)?









58. An electron of mass  $m_e$  and a proton of mass  $m_p$  are moving with the same speed.

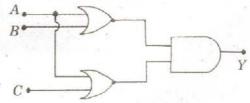
The ratio of their de-Broglie's wavelengths  $\frac{\lambda_e}{\lambda_p}$  is ..........

1) 1

2) 1836

3)  $\frac{1}{1836}$ 

- 4) 918
- 59. The output of given logic circuit is .........
  - 1)  $A \cdot (B + C)$
  - 2) A · (B · C)
  - 3)  $(A + B) \cdot (A + C)$
  - 4) A + B + C



- **60.** If the scattering intensity of a liquid is 8 units at a wavelength of 500 nm, then the scattering intensity at a wavelength of 400 nm will be approximately ......
  - 1) 13 units

2) 16 units

3) 20 units

4) 24 units

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SR - 49 Turn Over

## CHEMISTRY

- 1. Which one of the following statements is FALSE?
  - 1) During roasting, moisture is removed from the ore.
  - The ore is freed from almost all nonmetallic impurities.
  - Calcination of ore is carried out in the absence of any blast of air.
  - The concentrated zinc blende is subjected to calcination during its extraction by pyrometallurgy.
- Which one of the following sets of quantum numbers represents the highest energy level 2. in an atom?

1) 
$$n=4$$
,  $l=0$ ,  $m=0$ ,  $s=+\frac{1}{2}$  2)  $n=3$ ,  $l=1$ ,  $m=1$ ,  $s=+\frac{1}{2}$ 

2) 
$$n=3$$
,  $l=1$ ,  $m=1$ ,  $s=+\frac{1}{2}$ 

3) 
$$n=3$$
,  $l=2$ ,  $m=-2$ ,  $s=\pm \frac{1}{2}$  4)  $n=3$ ,  $l=0$ ,  $m=0$ ,  $s=\pm \frac{1}{2}$ 

4) 
$$n=3$$
,  $l=0$ ,  $m=0$ ,  $s=+\frac{1}{2}$ 

- When  $O_2$  is converted into  $O_2^+$ ; ...... 3.
  - 1) both paramagnetic character and bond order increase
  - bond order decreases
  - paramagnetic character increases
  - 4) paramagnetic character decreases and the bond order increases
- In chromite ore, the oxidation number of iron and chromium are respectively ......

$$1) +3, +2$$

$$2) +3, +6$$

$$3) +2, +6$$

- The number of naturally occurring p-block elements that are diamagnetic is ......
  - 1) 18

2) 6

3) 5

4) .7

6.		of		is are in the r	atio of 3:2, then	r wavelengths will be	ın
	1)	9:4		2)	2:3		
	3)	1:2		4)	3:2		
7.	Which o	ne of these	e is NOT TRU	E for benzene	?		
	1)	There are bonds.	e three carbon	n-carbon single	bonds and three	e carbon-carbon doubl	e
	2)	It forms	only one type	of monosubsti	ituted product.		
	3)	The bond	angle betwee	n carbon-carbo	on bonds is 120°.		
	4)	Heat of h	ydrogenation	of benzene is	less than the the	eoretical value.	
8.				energy increa T an exception		od. But there are so	m€
	1)	Na and A	Mg	2)	Be and B		
	3)	N and O		4)	Mg and Al		
9.			vo compounds, a particular t	Contract of the contract of th	OH	OH	
	is					$NO_2$	
	1)		n that of A				
	2)	higher the	an that of A		T T		
	3)	same as t	hat of A		$NO_2$ (A)	(B)	
	4)	-	lower than A se of the vesse		(A)	(B)	
10.	Increasing	ng order of	carbon-carbo	n bond length	for the following	is	
	$C_2$	$H_4$	$C_2H_2$	$C_6H_6$	$C_2H_6$		
	(A	.)	(B)	(C)	(D)		

(Space for Rough Work)

2) C < B < A < D

4) D < C < A < B

1) B < C < A < D

3) B < A < C < D

- - 1) 31.5

2) 75

3) 25

4) .40.2

- - 1) 10 cm<sup>3</sup>

2) 12 cm<sup>3</sup>

3) 16.2 cm<sup>3</sup>

4) 21.0 cm<sup>3</sup>

- 13. The rms velocity of hydrogen is  $\sqrt{7}$  times the rms velocity of nitrogen. If T is the temperature of the gas, which of the following is true?
  - 1)  $T_{N_2} = T_{H_2}$

2)  $T_{H_2} = \sqrt{7} T_{N_2}$ 

3)  $T_{N_2} = 2T_{H_2}$ 

- 4)  $T_{N_2} = \sqrt{7} T_{H_2}$
- 14. 25 g of each of the following gases are taken at 27°C and 600 mm pressure. Which of these will have the least volume?
  - 1) HBr

2) HCl

3) HF

- 4) HI
- 15. The amount of heat evolved when 500 cm<sup>3</sup> of 0.1 M HCl is mixed with 200 cm<sup>3</sup> of 0.2 M NaOH is ......
  - 1) 1.292 kJ

2) 2.292 kJ

0.292 kJ

4) 22.9 kJ

- - 1) -100

2) +100

3) +342

- 4) -342
- 17. Based on the first law of thermodynamics, which one of the following is correct?
  - 1) For an isothermal process, q = +w
  - 2) For an isochoric process,  $\Delta U = -q$
  - 3) For an adiabatic process,  $\Delta U = -w$
  - 4) For a cyclic process, q = -w
- 18. Consider the following gaseous equilibria with equilibrium constants  $K_1$  and  $K_2$  respectively.

$$SO_{2(g)} + \frac{1}{2} \; O_{2(g)} \Longleftrightarrow SO_{3(g)}$$

$$2SO_{\mathbf{S}(g)} \Longrightarrow 2SO_{\mathbf{S}(g)} + O_{\mathbf{S}(g)}$$

The equilibrium constants are related as .....

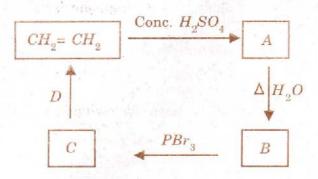
1)  $2K_1 = K_2^2$ 

 $(2) \quad K_1^2 = \frac{1}{K_2}$ 

3)  $K_2^2 = \frac{1}{K_1}$ 

- 4)  $K_2 = \frac{2}{K_1^2}$
- 19. During the adsorption of Krypton on activated charcoal at low temperature; ......
  - 1)  $\Delta H < 0$  and  $\Delta S < 0$
- 2)  $\Delta H > 0$  and  $\Delta S < 0$
- 3)  $\Delta H > 0$  and  $\Delta S > 0$
- 4)  $\Delta H < 0$  and  $\Delta S > 0$
- 20. For the reversible reaction,  $A_{(g)} + B_{(g)} \iff C_{(g)} + D_{(g)} \Delta G^0 = -350 \,\mathrm{kJ}$ , which one of the following statements is true?
  - 1) The reaction is thermodynamically nonfeasible.
  - 2) The entropy change is negative.
  - 3) Equilibrium constant is greater than one.
  - 4) The reaction should be instantaneous.

21. Identify B and D in the following sequence of reactions.



- 1) Methanol and bromoethane
- 2) Ethyl hydrogen sulphate and alcoholic KOH
- 3) Ethyl hydrogen sulphate and aqueous KOH
- 4) Ethanol and alcoholic KOH
- 22. The compound which gives turbidity immediately with Lucas reagent at room temperature is ......
  - 1) butan-1-ol

- 2) butan-2-ol
- 3) 2-methyl propan-2-ol
- 4) 2-methyl propan-1-ol
- 23. Ethyl benzene CANNOT be prepared by ......
  - 1) Wurtz reaction

- 2) Wurtz-Fittig reaction
- 3) Friedel-Crafts reaction
- 4) Clemmensen reduction
- 24. 1.2 g of organic compound on Kjeldahlization liberates ammonia which consumes 30 cm<sup>3</sup> of 1 N *HCl*. The percentage of nitrogen in the organic compound is ..........
  - 1) 30

2) 35

3) 46.67

- 4) 20.8
- 25. Carbon cannot reduce  $Fe_2O_3$  to Fe at a temperature below 983 K because ..........
  - 1) free energy change for the formation of CO is more negative than that of  ${\it Fe}_2{\it O}_3$
  - 2) CO is thermodynamically more stable than  $Fe_2O_3$
  - 3) carbon has higher affinity towards oxygen than iron
  - 4) iron has higher affinity towards oxygen than carbon

	(Spa	ace for Rough Work)
	3) 5	4) 6
	1) 4	2) 7
30.	The spin only magnetic moment	of $Fe^{2+}$ ion (in BM) is approximately
	3) NaNO <sub>3</sub> only	4) $NaNO_2$ and $NaNO_3$
	1) NaNO <sub>2</sub> only	2) NO and NO <sub>2</sub>
	is finally converted into	
29.		ation of noble gases from air, the nitrogen of the air
	4) NaOH solution does no	
		s soluble in excess of NaOH solution.
		ndard in volumetric analysis.
	1) NaOH is used in the co	incentration of bauxite ore.
28.	Which one of the following is tru	ne?
	3) 3	4) 1
	1) 2	2) 5
	lead at 800°C. The percentage of	silver still left in the lead layer is approximately
27.		ed between 10 cm <sup>3</sup> of molten zinc and 100 cm <sup>3</sup> of molten
	b) Tead accuate	4) Boardin Chromate
	3) lead acetate	4) sodium chromate
	1) chromic acid	2) lead chromate
26.	The yellow precipitate formed di	uring the chromyl chloride test is chemically

- 31. The IUPAC name of the complex  $\left[ Co \left( NH_3 \right)_4 Cl_2 \right] Cl$  is ......
  - . 1) dichloro tetraammine cobalt (III) chloride
    - 2) tetraammine dichloro cobalt (III) chloride
    - 3) tetraammine dichloro cobalt (II) chloride
    - 4) tetraammine dichloro cobalt (IV) chloride
- - 1)  $287 \times 10^{-3}$

2)  $143.5 \times 10^{-3}$ 

3)  $143.5 \times 10^{-2}$ 

- 4)  $287 \times 10^{-2}$
- 33. The following data were obtained during the first order decomposition of  $2A_{(g)} \to B_{(g)} + C_{(s)}$  at a constant volume and at a particular temperature.

Sr. No.	Time	Total pressure in Pascal
1	At the end of 10 min	300
2	After completion	200

The rate constant in min-1 is .....

1) 0.0693

2) 69.3

3) 6.93

- 4)  $6.93 \times 10^{-4}$
- 34. The time required for 100% completion of a zero order reaction is ...........
  - 1) ak

 $\frac{a}{2b}$ 

3)  $\frac{a}{k}$ 

- 4)  $\frac{2k}{a}$
- - 1) 0.01

2) 0.1

3) 0.02

4) 0.001

- 36. pH value of which one of the following is NOT equal to one?
  - 1) 0.1 M CH<sub>3</sub>COOH
  - 2) 0.1 M HNO<sub>3</sub>
  - 3)  $0.05 \text{ M} H_2 SO_4$
  - 4) 50 cm<sup>3</sup> 0.4 M HCl + 50 cm<sup>3</sup> 0.2 M NaOH
- - 1)  $pK_a$

2)  $pK_a + 2$ 

3)  $pK_a - Log 2$ 

- 4)  $pK_a + Log 2$
- 38.  $H_2S$  is passed into one dm<sup>3</sup> of a solution containing 0.1 mole of  $Zn^{2+}$  and 0.01 mole of  $Cu^{2+}$  till the sulphide ion concentration reaches  $8.1 \times 10^{-19}$  moles. Which one of the following statements is true?

 $[K_{sp}]$  of ZnS and CuS are  $3 \times 10^{-22}$  and  $8 \times 10^{-36}$  respectively]

- 1) Only ZnS precipitates
- 2) Both CuS and ZnS precipitate
- 3) Only CuS precipitates
- 4) No precipitation occurs
- 39.  $E_1$ ,  $E_2$  and  $E_3$  are the emfs of the following three galvanic cells respectively :
  - (i)  $Zn(s) | Zn^{2+}(0.1 \text{ M}) || Cu^{2+}(1 \text{ M}) || Cu(s)$
  - (ii)  $Zn(s) \mid Zn^{2+}(1 \text{ M}) \mid \mid Cu^{2+}(1 \text{ M}) \mid Cu(s)$
  - (iii)  $Zn(s) | Zn^{2+}(1M) | | Cu^{2+}(0.1M) | Cu(s)$

Which one of the following is true?

1)  $E_2 > E_1 > E_3$ 

2)  $E_1 > E_2 > E_3$ 

3)  $E_3 > E_1 > E_2$ 

- $(4) \quad E_3 > E_2 > E_1$
- 40. 0.023 g of sodium metal is reacted with 100 cm<sup>3</sup> of water. The pH of the resulting solution is ............
  - 1) 10

2) 8

3) 9

4) 12

41.	The standard emf of a galvanic cell involving 2 moles of electrons in its redox reaction is
	0.59 V. The equilibrium constant for the redox reaction of the cell is
	1) 10 <sup>20</sup> 2) 10 <sup>5</sup>
	3) 10 4) 10 <sup>10</sup>
42.	9.65 coulombs of electric current is passed through fused anhydrous $MgCl_2$ . The magnesium metal thus obtained is completely converted into a Grignard reagent. The number of moles of Grignard reagent obtained is
	3) $5 \times 10^{-5}$ 4) $1 \times 10^{-5}$
43.	The empirical formula of a nonelectrolyte is $CH_2O$ . A solution containing 3 g of the compound exerts the same osmotic pressure as that of 0.05 M glucose solution. The molecular formula of the compound is
	1) $CH_2O$ 2) $C_2H_4O_2$
	3) $C_4 H_8 O_4$ 4) $C_3 H_6 O_3$
44.	Which one of the following is a covalent crystal?
	1) Rock salt 2) Ice
	3) Quartz 4) Dry ice
45.	Which one of the following DOES NOT involve coagulation?
	1) Clotting of blood by the use of ferric chloride
	2) Formation of delta region
	3) Treatment of drinking water by potash alum
	4) Peptization
	4/ 1 chuzanon

			12	PA - 1
46.	A solution them. H	on of two liquids boils at a te ence, the binary solution sho	emperatur	e more than the boiling point of either of
	1)	negative deviation from Ra	oult's law	
	2)	positive deviation from Rac	oult's law	
	3)	no deviation from Raoult's	law	
	4)	positive or negative deviation	n from Rac	oult's law depending upon the composition
				0
				III
47.	Which o	ne of the nitrogen atoms in	$H_{o}N - NH$	$I-C-NH_2$ is the most nucleophilic?
			I II	III
	1)	III		
	2)	I		
		II		
	4)	All three nitrogen atoms a	re equally	strong nucleophilic centers
48.	The man	ximum number of possible or	otical isom	ers in 1-bromo-2-methyl cyclobutane is
	1)		2)	2
	3)	8	4)	16
49.	Which o	one of the following is the m	ost energe	tic conformation of cyclohexane?
		Boat	2)	Twisted boat
	3)	Chair	4)	Half chair
50.	Which of	one of the following is an integer $AlCl_3$ ?	ermediate	in the reaction of benzene with $CH_3Cl$ in
	1)	$Cl^+$	2)	$CH_3^-$
				+
	3)	$CH_3^+$	4)	

	13 A - 1
51.	Which one of the following is NOT TRUE for the hydrolysis of $t$ -butyl bromide with aqueous $NaOH$ ?
	1) Reaction occurs through the S <sub>N</sub> 1 mechanism.
	2) The intermediate formed is a carbocation.
	3) Rate of the reaction doubles when the concentration of alkali is doubled.
	<ol> <li>Rate of the reaction doubles when the concentration of t-butyl bromide is doubled.</li> </ol>
52.	Following is the substitution reaction in which -CN replaces -Cl.
	$R-Cl + KCN \xrightarrow{\Delta} R-CN + KCl$ $(alcoholic)$
	To obtain propanenitrile, R-Cl should be
	1) chloroethane 2) 1-chloropropane
	3) chloromethane 4) 2-chloropropane
52.	The conversion of m-nitrophenol to resorcinol involves respectively
	1) hydrolysis, diazotization and reduction
	2) diazotization, reduction and hydrolysis
	3) hydrolysis, reduction and diazetization
	4) reduction, diazotization and hydrolysis
5.4	Farmis said is a stronger said then seetis said. This can be explained using

Formic acid is a stronger acid than acetic acid. This can be explained using ........

1) +M effect

2) -I effect

3) +I effect

4) -M effect

55. The reagent with which both acetaldehyde and acetone react is ......

1) Fehling's solution

 $2) \quad I_2 \ / \ N\alpha OH$ 

3) Tollens' reagent

4) Carbonic acid

- 56. Which of the following gives an aldehyde on dry distillation?
  - 1) Calcium formate + calcium acetate
  - 2) Calcium acetate + calcium benzoate
  - 3) Calcium acetate
  - 4) Calcium benzoate
- 57. α-maltose consists of ......
  - one α-D-glucopyranose unit and one β-D-glucopyranose unit with 1-2 glycosidic linkage
  - 2) two \alpha-D-glucopyranose units with 1-2 glycosidic linkage
  - 3) two β-D-glucopyranose units with 1-4 glycosidic linkage
  - 4) two α-D-glucopyranose units with 1-4 glycosidic linkage
- 58. Which one of the following DOES NOT correctly match with each other?
  - 1) Silk-polyamide

2) Lipase-enzyme

3) Butter-fat

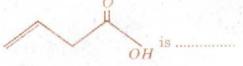
- 4) Oxytocin-enzyme
- 59. In an alkaline medium, glycine predominantly exists as/in a/an .....
  - 1) cation

2) anion

3) zwitterion

4) covalent form

60. The IUPAC name of



1) but-3-enoic acid

2) but-1-enoic acid

3) pent-4-enoic acid

4) prop-2-enoic acid

# **COMMON ENTRANCE TEST - 2011**

DATE	SUBJECT	TIME	
27-04-2011	MATHEMATICS	02.30 PM to 03.50 PM	

MAXIMUM MARKS	TOTAL DURATION	MAXIMUM TIME FOR ANSWERING
60	80 MINUTES	70 MINUTES

1	MENTION YOUR		YOUR	QUESTION BOOKLET DETAILS	
	CET NUMBER			VERSION CODE	SERIAL NUMBER
	1			A - 1	372321

### DOs:

- 1. Check whether the CET No. has been entered and shaded in the respective circles on the OMR answer sheet.
- 2. This Question Booklet is issued to you by the Invigilator after the 2nd Bell, i.e., after 02.30 p.m.
- 3. The Serial Number of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet.
- The Version Code of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet and the respective circles should be shaded completely.
- 5. Compulsory sign at the bottom portion of the OMR answer sheet in the space provided.

#### DON'Ts:

- The timing and marks printed on the OMR answer sheet should not be damaged/mutilated/spoiled.
- The 3<sup>rd</sup> Bell rings at 02.40 p.m. till then;
  - Do not remove the seal/staple present on the right hand side of this question booklet.
  - Do not look inside this question booklet.
  - Do not start answering on the OMR answer sheet.

#### IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- This question booklet contains 60 questions and each question will have one statement and four distracters (four different options / choices).
- After the 3<sup>rd</sup> Bell is rung at 02.40 p.m., remove the seal/staple present on the right hand side of this question booklet and start answering on the OMR answer sheet.
- 3. During the subsequent 70 minutes :
  - Read each question carefully.
  - Choose the correct answer from out of the four available distracters (options/choices) given under each question/statement.
  - Completely darken/shade the relevant circle with a BLUE OR BLACK INK BALLPOINT PEN
    against the question number on the OMR answer sheet.

### CORRECT METHOD OF SHADING THE CIRCLE ON THE OMR SHEFT IS AS SHOWN BELOW:



- Please note that even a minute unintended ink dot on the OMR sheet will also be recognized and recorded by the scanner. Therefore, avoid multiple markings of any kind on the OMR answer sheet.
- 5. Use the space provided on each page of the question booklet for Rough Work. Do not use the OMR answer sheet for the same.
- After the last bell is rung at 03.50 p.m., stop writing on the OMR answer sheet and affix your LEFT HAND THUMB IMPRESSION on the OMR answer sheet as per the instructions.
- 7. Hand over the OMR answer sheet to the room Invigilator as it is.
- 8. After separating and retaining the top sheet (KEA Copy), the Invigilator will return the bottom sheet replica (Candidate's copy) to you to carry home for self-evaluation.
- 9. Preserve the replica of the OMR answer sheet for a minimum period of ONE year.

# MATHEMATICS

- 1. If  $\frac{Log x}{b-c} = \frac{Log y}{c-a} = \frac{Log z}{a-b}$ , then the value of  $x^{b+c} \cdot y^{c+a} \cdot z^{a+b}$  is ......
  - 1) 1

2) 2

3) 0

- 4) -1
- - 1)  $\frac{n^2-2n}{3}$

2)  $\frac{2n^2 + n}{3}$ 

3)  $\frac{n(n+2)}{3}$ 

- $4) \quad \frac{2n^2-n}{3}$
- 3. In n is an odd positive integer and  $(1+x+x^2+x^3)^n = \sum_{r=0}^{3n} a_r x^r$ , then

$$a_0 - a_1 + a_2 - a_3 + \dots - a_{3n}$$
 is = .....

1)  $4^n$ 

2) 1

3) -1

- 4) 0
- - 1) 0

2) 1

3)  $\frac{1}{4}$ 

- 4)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- 5. If  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  are roots of  $x^3 2x + 1 = 0$ , then the value of  $\sum \left(\frac{1}{\alpha + \beta \gamma}\right)$  is ............
  - 1)  $\frac{-1}{2}$

2) -1

3) 0

4)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

- **6.** Define a relation R on  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  as  ${}_{x}R_{y}$  if x divides y. R is ...........
  - 1) reflexive and transitive
- 2) reflexive and symmetric
- 3) symmetric and transitive
- 4) equivalence
- 7. The negation of  $p \rightarrow (\sim p \lor q)$  is ......
  - 1)  $p \lor (p \lor \sim q)$

2)  $p \rightarrow \sim (p \vee q)$ 

3)  $p \rightarrow q$ 

- p ∧ ~ q
- 8. In any triangle ABC, the simplified form of  $\frac{\cos 2A}{a^2} \frac{\cos 2B}{b^2}$  is ......
  - 1)  $a^2 b^2$

2)  $\frac{1}{a^2 - b^2}$ 

3)  $\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{1}{b^2}$ 

- 4)  $a^2 + b^2$
- 9. Angles of elevation of the top of a tower from three points (collinear) A, B and C on a road leading to the foot of the tower are  $30^{\circ}$ ,  $45^{\circ}$  and  $60^{\circ}$  respectively. The ratio of AB to BC is .............
  - 1)  $\sqrt{3}:1$

2)  $\sqrt{3}:2$ 

3) 1:2

- 4)  $2:\sqrt{3}$
- 10. The value of Sin 10 · Sin 30 · Sin 50 · Sin 70 is ...........
  - 1)  $\frac{1}{8}$

2)  $\frac{3}{16}$ 

 $3) \quad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{16}$ 

4)  $\frac{1}{16}$ 

11. Locus of a point which moves such that its distance from the X-axis is twice its distance from the line x - y = 0 is ..........

1) 
$$x^2 + 4xy - y^2 = 0$$

2) 
$$2x^2 - 4xy + y^2 = 0$$

3) 
$$x^2 - 4xy + y^2 = 0$$

4) 
$$x^2 - 4xy - y^2 = 0$$

- **12.** The points A(1, 2), B(2, 4) and C(4, 8) form a/an ...........
  - 1) isosceles triangle

2) equilateral triangle

3) straight line

4) right angled triangle

13. If lines represented by x + 3y - 6 = 0, 2x + y - 4 = 0 and kx - 3y + 1 = 0 are concurrent, then the value of k is ............

1) 
$$\frac{6}{19}$$

2) 
$$\frac{19}{6}$$

$$\frac{-19}{6}$$

4) 
$$\frac{-6}{19}$$

14.  $\lim_{x \to a} \left[ \frac{\sqrt{a+2x} - \sqrt{3x}}{\sqrt{3a+x} - \sqrt[2]{x}} \right] = \dots$ 

1) 
$$\frac{2}{3}$$

2) 
$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$3) \quad \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

- $4) \quad \frac{2}{3\sqrt{3}}$
- - 1) 0

2) -1

3) 1

4) e

1) I

2) A

3) -A

4) A2

1) 2

2) 3

3) 1

4) 0

18. If A and B are symmetric matrices of the same order, then which one of the following is NOT true?

- 1) A + B is symmetric
- 2) A B is symmetric
- 3) AB + BA is symmetric
- 4) AB BA is symmetric

1) -4

2)  $\omega^2 - 4$ 

3)  $\omega^2$ 

4) 4

20. If  $\vec{a}$ ,  $\vec{b}$  and  $\vec{c}$  are unit vectors such that  $\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c} = \vec{0}$  then angle between  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$  is ..........

1)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ 

2)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ 

3)  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ 

π

21. If  $\vec{a}$ ,  $\vec{b}$  and  $\vec{c}$  are noncoplanar, then the value of  $\vec{a}$ :  $\left\{\frac{\vec{b} \times \vec{c}}{3\vec{b} \cdot (\vec{c} \times \vec{a})}\right\} - \vec{b}$ :  $\left\{\frac{\vec{c} \times \vec{a}}{2\vec{c} \cdot (\vec{a} \times \vec{b})}\right\}$ 

is .....

1)  $\frac{-1}{2}$ 

2)  $\frac{-1}{3}$ 

3)  $\frac{-1}{6}$ 

- 4)  $\frac{1}{6}$
- - 1) -4

2)

3) 3

- 4) 4
- 23. A unit vector perpendicular to both  $\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$  and  $2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$  is ......
  - 1)  $\left(2\hat{i}-\hat{j}-\hat{k}\right)\sqrt{6}$

 $2) \quad \frac{\left(2\hat{i} - \hat{j} - \hat{k}\right)}{\sqrt{6}}$ 

3)  $2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ 

- $4) \quad \frac{3\hat{i} + \hat{j} 2\hat{k}}{\sqrt{6}}$
- **24.** The digit in the unit's place of  $7^{171} + (177)!$  is .........
  - 1) 3

2) 2

3) 1

- 4) 0
- 25. The sum of all positive divisors of 242 except 1 and itself is ..........
  - 1) 156

2) 242

3) 342

4) 399

- **26.** On the set of all nonzero reals, an operation \* is defined as  $a*b = \frac{3ab}{2}$ . In this group, a solution of  $(2*x)*3^{-1} = 4^{-1}$  is ..........
  - 1) 6

2) 1

3)  $\frac{1}{6}$ 

- 4)  $\frac{3}{2}$
- 27.  $G = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} x & x \\ x & x \end{bmatrix}, x \text{ is a nonzero real number} \right\}$  is a group with respect to matrix

multiplication. In this group, the inverse of  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$  is ..........

 $1) \quad \begin{bmatrix} 4/3 & 4/3 \\ 4/3 & 4/3 \end{bmatrix}$ 

2)  $\begin{bmatrix} 3/4 & 3/4 \\ 3/4 & 3/4 \end{bmatrix}$ 

3)  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 3 \\ 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ 

- $4) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- **28.** If  $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 4x + 5y + 1 = 0$  and  $3x^2 + 3y^2 + 6x 7y + 3k = 0$  are orthogonal, then value of k is ...........
  - 1)  $\frac{17}{12}$

2)  $\frac{12}{17}$ 

3)  $\frac{-12}{17}$ 

- 4)  $\frac{-17}{12}$
- **29.** The total number of common tangents of  $x^2 + y^2 6x 8y + 9 = 0$  and  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  is ......
  - 1) 4

2) 2

3) 3

- 4) 1
- **30.** The center of a circle which cuts  $x^2 + y^2 + 6x 1 = 0$ ,  $x^2 + y^2 3y + 2 = 0$  and  $x^2 + y^2 + x + y 3 = 0$  orthogonally is .........
  - 1)  $\left(\frac{1}{7}, \frac{9}{7}\right)$

 $2) \quad \left(\frac{-1}{7}, \frac{-9}{7}\right)$ 

3)  $\left(\frac{1}{7}, \frac{-9}{7}\right)$ 

4)  $\left(\frac{-1}{7}, \frac{9}{7}\right)$ 

- **31.** The length of the latus rectum of  $3x^2 4y + 6x 3 = 0$  is ......
  - 1)  $\frac{3}{4}$

2)  $\frac{4}{3}$ 

3) 2

- 4) 3
- 32. The sum of the reciprocals of focal distances of a focal chord PQ of  $y^2 = 4ax$  is .........
  - 1)  $\frac{1}{a}$

2) a

3) 2*a* 

- 4)  $\frac{1}{2a}$
- 33. If the focil of  $\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$  and  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} \frac{y^2}{3} = 1$  coincide, then value of a is ..........
  - 1)  $\sqrt{3}$

. 2)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ 

3) 2

- 4) 1
- **34.** The equation of a hyperbola whose asymptotes are  $3x \pm 5y = 0$  and vertices are  $(\pm 5, 0)$  is ..........
  - 1)  $3x^2 5y^2 = 25$

 $2) \quad 5x^2 - 3y^2 = 225$ 

- 3)  $25x^2 9y^2 = 225$
- 4)  $9x^2 25y^2 = 225$
- **35.** The domain of  $f(x) = Sin^{-1} \left[ Log_2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right]$  is ......
  - 1)  $0 \le x \le 1$

 $2) \quad 0 \le x \le 4$ 

3)  $1 \le x \le 4$ 

4)  $4 \le x \le 6$ 

- **36.** If  $Tan^{-1}x = \frac{\pi}{4} Tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$ , then x is ...........
  - 1)  $\frac{1}{3}$

2)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

3)  $\frac{1}{4}$ 

- 4)  $\frac{1}{6}$
- 37. A value of  $\theta$  satisfying  $Sin 5\theta Sin 3\theta + Sin \theta = 0$  such that  $0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$  is ......
  - 1)  $\frac{\pi}{12}$

 $2) \quad \frac{\pi}{6}$ 

3)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$ 

- 4)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- 38. The value of  $\left| \frac{1+i\sqrt{3}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{i+1}\right)^2} \right|$  is ......
  - 1) 20

2) 9

3)  $\frac{5}{4}$ 

- 4)  $\frac{4}{5}$
- 39. If  $\omega$  is an imaginary cube root of unity, then the value of  $(1-\omega+\omega^2)\cdot(1-\omega^2+\omega^4)\cdot(1-\omega^4+\omega^8)\cdot\dots(2n \text{ factors})$  is .........
  - 1)  $2^{2n}$

2)  $2^{n}$ 

3) 1

- 4) 0
- **40.** If P(x, y) denotes z = x + iy in Argand's plane and  $\left| \frac{z 1}{z + 2i} \right| = 1$ , then the locus of P is a/an ......
  - 1) hyperbola

2) ellipse

3) circle

4) straight line

41. If  $\sqrt{r} = a e^{\theta \cot \alpha}$  where a and  $\alpha$  are real numbers, then  $\frac{d^2r}{d\theta^2} - 4r \cot^2 \alpha$  is ......

1) r

2)  $\frac{1}{r}$ 

3) 1

4) (

**42.** The derivative of  $Tan^{-1}\left[\frac{Sinx}{1+Cosx}\right]$  with respect to  $Tan^{-1}\left[\frac{Cosx}{1+Sinx}\right]$  is ..........

1) 5

2) -

3) 0

4) -2

43.  $\frac{d}{dx} \left[ Cos^2 \left( Cot^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2+x}{2-x}} \right) \right]$  is ......

1)  $\frac{1}{4}$ 

2)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

3)  $\frac{-1}{2}$ 

4)  $\frac{-3}{4}$ 

**44.** If  $f(x) = \frac{Sin^2x}{1 + Cot x} + \frac{Cos^2x}{1 + Tan x}$ , then  $f'(\frac{\pi}{4})$  is .........

1)  $\sqrt{3}$ 

2)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ 

3) 0

4) −√3

**45.** If  $Cos^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{b}\right) = n Log\left(\frac{x}{n}\right)$ , then ......

- $1) \quad xy_1 = n\sqrt{b^2 y^2}$
- $2) \quad xy_1 + n\sqrt{b^2 y^2} = 0$
- 3)  $y_1 = x\sqrt{b^2 y^2}$

4)  $xy_1 - \sqrt{b^2 - y^2} = 0$ 

46. Area of a triangle formed by tangent and normal to the curve  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  at

 $P\left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{b}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$  with the X-axis is .......

1) 4ab

 $2) \quad \frac{ab\sqrt{a^2+b^2}}{4}$ 

 $3) \quad \frac{ab\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}{4}$ 

- $4) \quad \frac{b\left(a^2+b^2\right)}{4a}$
- 47. The angle between  $y^2 = 4x$  and  $x^2 + y^2 = 12$  at a point of their intersection is .........
  - 1)  $Tan^{-1}\sqrt{2}$

2)  $Tan^{-1}2$ 

3)  $Tan^{-1}2\sqrt{2}$ 

- 4)  $Tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$
- 48. A sphere increases its volume at the rate of  $\pi$  cc/s. The rate at which its surface area increases when the radius is 1 cm is ..........
  - 1)  $2\pi \text{ sq.cm/s}$

2)  $\pi \text{ sq.cm/s}$ 

3)  $\frac{3\pi}{2}$  sq.cm/s

- 4)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  sq.cm/s
- **49.** The value of  $\int_{0}^{4} |x-1| dx$  is ..........
  - 1)  $\frac{5}{2}$

2) 5

3) 4

- 4) 1
- **50.** If  $I_n = \int_0^{\pi/4} Tan^n x \, dx$ , where n is a positive integer, then  $I_{10} + I_8$  is .......
  - $(1) \frac{1}{9}$

2)  $\frac{1}{8}$ 

3)  $\frac{1}{7}$ 

4) 9

**51.** 
$$\int e^x \left[ \frac{Sin x + Cos x}{1 - Sin^2 x} \right] dx \text{ is .....}$$

1)  $(e^x \cdot Cosec x) + c$ 

2)  $e^x Cot x + c$ 

3)  $(e^x \cdot Sec x) + c$ 

 $e^x Tan x + c$ 

**52.** When 
$$x > 0$$
, then  $\int Cos^{-1} \left( \frac{1 - x^2}{1 + x^2} \right) dx$  is .........

- 1)  $2\left[x \operatorname{Tan}^{-1}x \operatorname{Log}\left(1 + x^{2}\right)\right] + c$  2)  $2\left[x \operatorname{Tan}^{-1}x + \operatorname{Log}\left(1 + x^{2}\right)\right] + c$
- 3)  $2x Tan^{-1}x + Log(1+x^2) + c$  4)  $2x Tan^{-1}x Log(1+x^2) + c$

53. If the area between 
$$y = mx^2$$
 and  $x = my^2 (m > 0)$  is  $\frac{1}{4}$  sq. units, then value of m is ...........

1)  $\pm 3\sqrt{2}$ 

2)  $\pm 2\sqrt{3}$ 

3)  $\sqrt{2}$  4)  $\sqrt{3}$ 

**54.** If m and n are degree and order of 
$$(1+y_1^2)^{2/3}=y_2$$
, then the value of  $\frac{m+n}{m-n}$  is .........

1) 3

3) 5

4) 2

**55.** The general solution of 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - x^2 - y^2 + x^2y^2$$
 is ......

- 1)  $2Sin^{-1}y = x\sqrt{1-x^2} + Sin^{-1}x + c$  2)  $Cos^{-1}y = xCos^{-1}x + c$
- 3)  $Sin^{-1}y = \frac{1}{2}Sin^{-1}x + c$
- 4)  $2Sin^{-1}y = x\sqrt{1-y^2} + c$

- 56. If  $x \cos \alpha + y \sin \alpha = 4$  is tangent to  $\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$ , then the value of  $\alpha$  is ..........
  - 1)  $Tan^{-1}(3/7)$

2)  $Tan^{-1}(\sqrt{3}/7)$ 

3)  $Tan^{-1}(7/3)$ 

- 4)  $Tan^{-1}(3/\sqrt{7})$
- 57. If P is a point on  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  with focii S and S', then the maximum value of triangle SPS' is ..........
  - 1) ab

2)  $abe^2$ 

3) abe

- 4) ab/e
- 58. In Argand's plane, the point corresponding to  $\frac{(1-i\sqrt{3})(1+i)}{(\sqrt{3}+i)}$  lies in .........
  - 1) quadrant I

2) quadrant II

3) quadrant III

- 4) quadrant IV
- **59.** If  $y = Sin x \cdot Sin 2x \cdot Sin 3x \dots Sin nx$ , then y' is ......
  - 1)  $\sum_{k=1}^{n} k \operatorname{Tan} k x$

2)  $y \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{n} k \operatorname{Cot} k x$ 

3)  $y \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{n} k \operatorname{Tan} k n$ 

- 4)  $\sum_{k=1}^{n} \cot kx$
- 60.  $\begin{vmatrix} Sin \alpha & Cos \alpha & Sin(\alpha + \delta) \\ Sin \beta & Cos \beta & Sin(\beta + \delta) \\ Sin \gamma & Cos \gamma & Sin(\gamma + \delta) \end{vmatrix} = \dots$ 
  - 1) 0
  - 2) 1
  - 3)  $1 + Sin \alpha Sin \beta Sin \gamma$
  - 4)  $1 (\sin \alpha \sin \beta)(\sin \beta \sin \gamma)(\sin \gamma \sin \alpha)$