

Test Booklet Code

TARA

No.: 5265689

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

P

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions :

1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
3. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen** only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
5. **On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.**
6. The CODE for this Booklet is **P**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. **Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.**
12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals) : _____

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: in words _____

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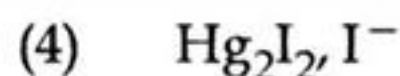
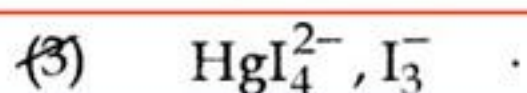
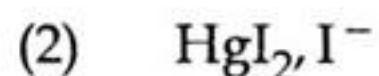
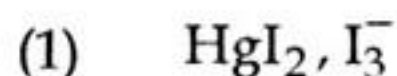
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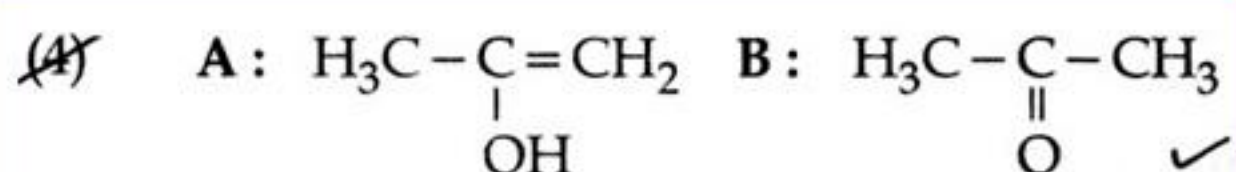
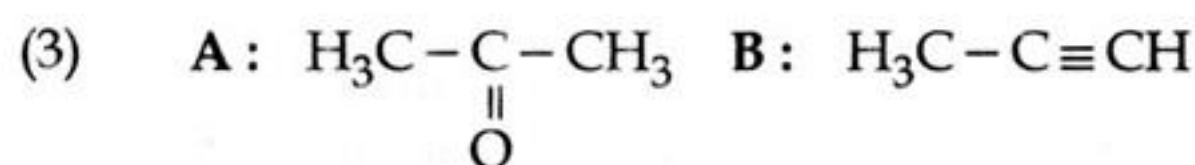
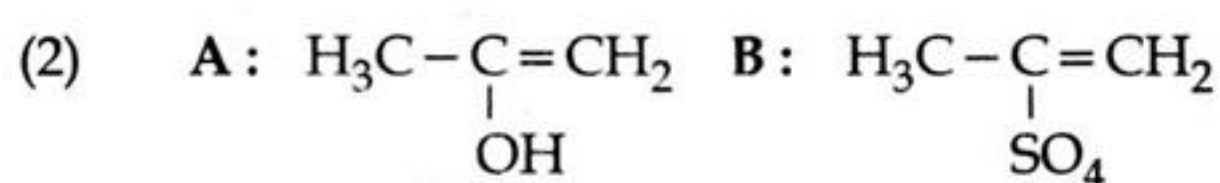
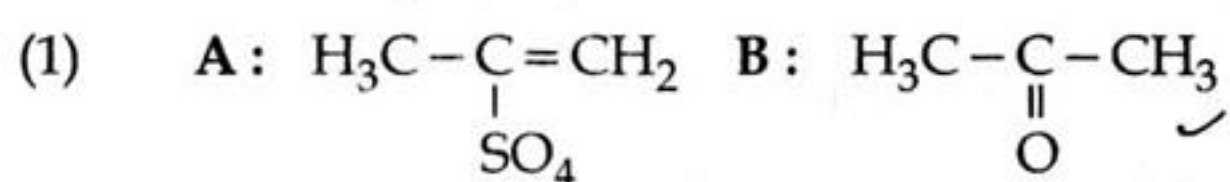
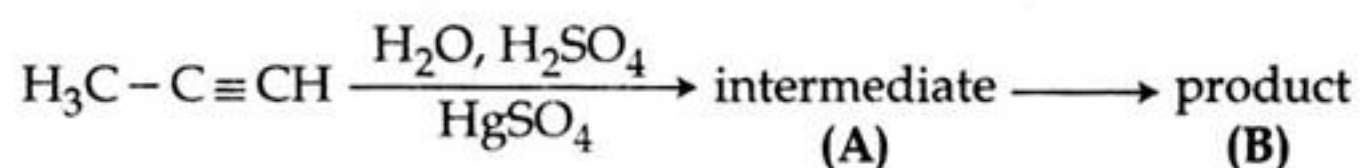
Centre Superintendent : _____

SEAL

1. HgCl_2 and I_2 both when dissolved in water containing I^- ions the pair of species formed is :



2. Predict the correct intermediate and product in the following reaction :



3. The correct statement regarding electrophile is :

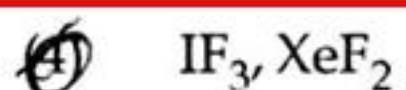
(1) Electrophile is a negatively charged species and can form a bond by accepting a pair of electrons from a nucleophile

(2) Electrophile is a negatively charged species and can form a bond by accepting a pair of electrons from another electrophile

(3) Electrophiles are generally neutral species and can form a bond by accepting a pair of electrons from a nucleophile

(4) Electrophile can be either neutral or positively charged species and can form a bond by accepting a pair of electrons from a nucleophile

4. Which of the following pairs of compounds is isoelectronic and isostructural ?



5. The species, having bond angles of 120° is :



6. Which of the following is a sink for CO ?

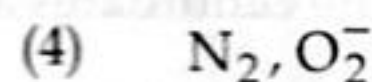
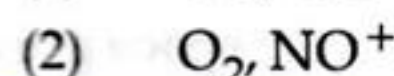
(1) Haemoglobin

(2) Micro organisms present in the soil

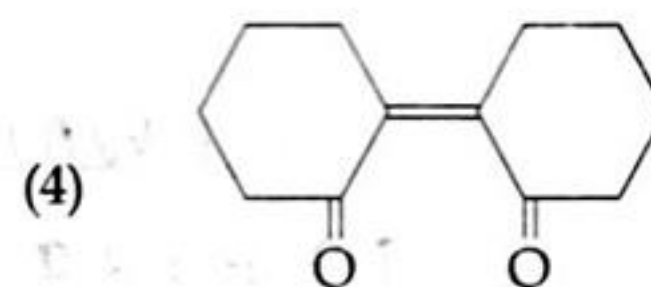
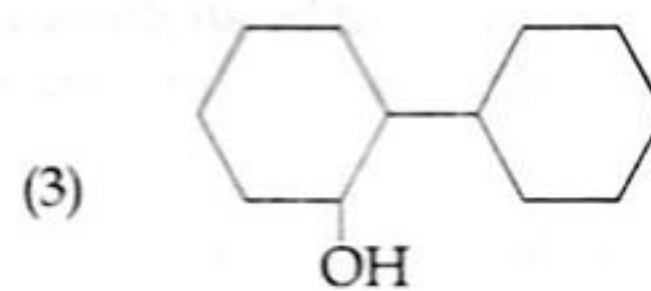
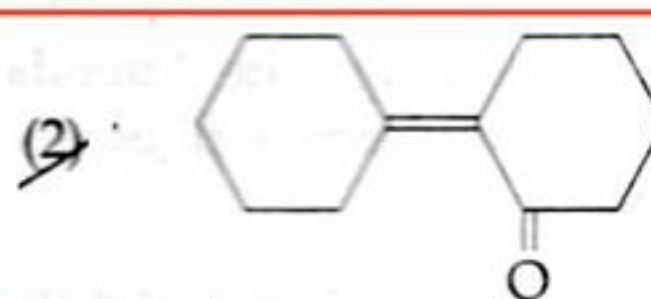
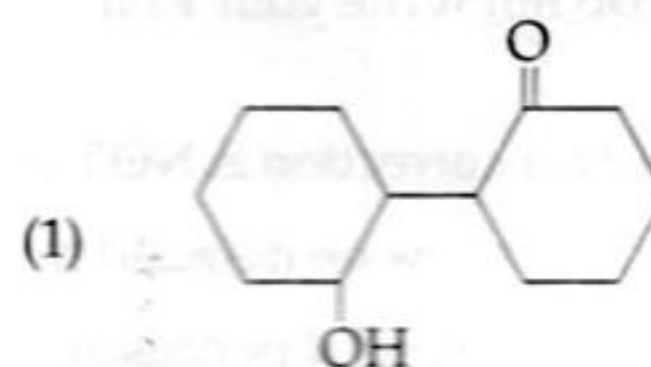
(3) Oceans

(4) Plants

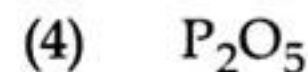
7. Which one of the following pairs of species have the same bond order ?



8. Of the following, which is the product formed when cyclohexanone undergoes aldol condensation followed by heating ?



9. Name the gas that can readily decolourise acidified KMnO_4 solution :



10. Which one is the wrong statement ?

(1) de-Broglie's wavelength is given by $\lambda = \frac{h}{mv}$, where m = mass of the particle, v = group velocity of the particle.

(2) The uncertainty principle is $\Delta E \times \Delta t \geq \frac{h}{4\pi}$.

(3) Half filled and fully filled orbitals have greater stability due to greater exchange energy, greater symmetry and more balanced arrangement.

(4) The energy of 2s orbital is less than the energy of 2p orbital in case of Hydrogen like atoms.

11. Correct (increasing order for the wavelengths of absorption) in the visible region for the complexes of Co^{3+} is :

(1) $[\text{Co}(\text{en})_3]^{3+}$, $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$, $[\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$

(2) $[\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$, $[\text{Co}(\text{en})_3]^{3+}$, $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$

(3) $[\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$, $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$, $[\text{Co}(\text{en})_3]^{3+}$

(4) $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$, $[\text{Co}(\text{en})_3]^{3+}$, $[\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$

12. The correct order of the stoichiometries of AgCl formed when AgNO_3 in excess is treated with the complexes : $\text{CoCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{NH}_3$, $\text{CoCl}_3 \cdot 5\text{NH}_3$, $\text{CoCl}_3 \cdot 4\text{NH}_3$ respectively is :

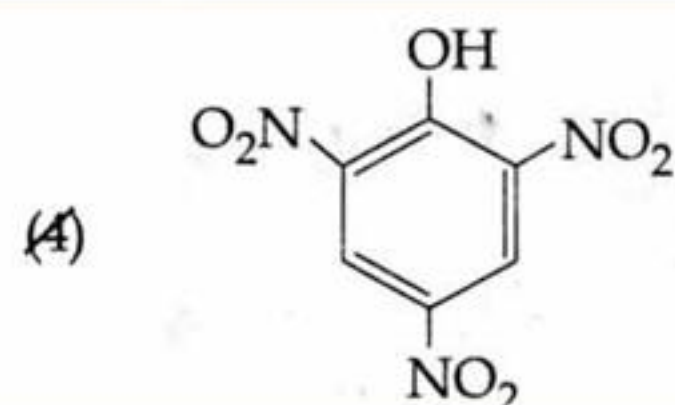
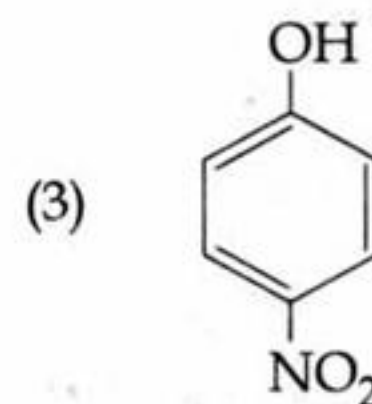
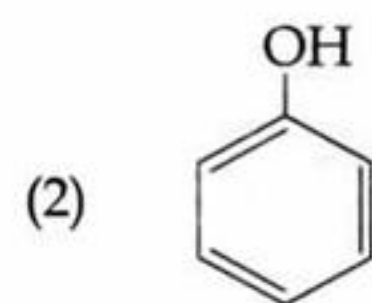
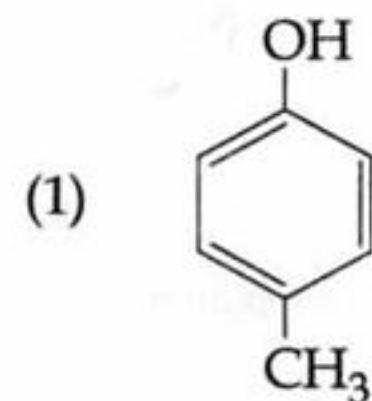
(1) 1 AgCl, 3 AgCl, 2 AgCl

(2) 3 AgCl, 1 AgCl, 2 AgCl

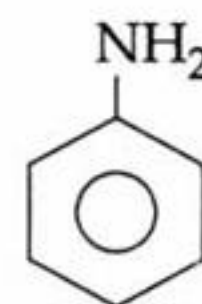
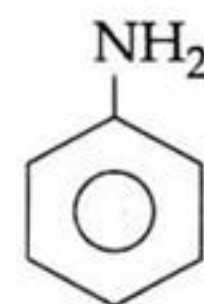
(3) 3 AgCl, 2 AgCl, 1 AgCl

(4) 2 AgCl, 3 AgCl, 1 AgCl

13. Which one is the most acidic compound ?



14. The correct increasing order of basic strength for the following compounds is :



(I)

(II)

(III)

(1) II < III < I

(2) III < I < II

(3) III < II < I

(4) II < I < III

15. In which pair of ions both the species contain S-S bond ?

(1) $\text{S}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$, $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$

(2) $\text{S}_4\text{O}_6^{2-}$, $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$

(3) $\text{S}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$, $\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-}$

(4) $\text{S}_4\text{O}_6^{2-}$, $\text{S}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$

16. Mixture of chloroxylenol and terpineol acts as :

(1) analgesic

(2) antiseptic

(3) antipyretic

(4) antibiotic

17. Which one is the correct order of acidity ?

(1) $\text{CH}_2=\text{CH}_2 > \text{CH}_3-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2 > \text{CH}_3-\text{C}\equiv\text{CH} > \text{CH}\equiv\text{CH}$

(2) $\text{CH}\equiv\text{CH} > \text{CH}_3-\text{C}\equiv\text{CH} > \text{CH}_2=\text{CH}_2 > \text{CH}_3-\text{CH}_3$

(3) $\text{CH}\equiv\text{CH} > \text{CH}_2=\text{CH}_2 > \text{CH}_3-\text{C}\equiv\text{CH} > \text{CH}_3-\text{CH}_3$

(4) $\text{CH}_3-\text{CH}_3 > \text{CH}_2=\text{CH}_2 > \text{CH}_3-\text{C}\equiv\text{CH} > \text{CH}\equiv\text{CH}$

18. The heating of phenyl-methyl ethers with HI produces.

(1) ethyl chlorides

(2) iodobenzene

(3) phenol

(4) benzene

19. A gas is allowed to expand in a well insulated container against a constant external pressure of 2.5 atm from an initial volume of 2.50 L to a final volume of 4.50 L. The change in internal energy ΔU of the gas in joules will be :
- (1) 1136.25 J
 - (2) -500 J
 - (3) -505 J
 - (4) +505 J
20. The most suitable method of separation of 1 : 1 mixture of ortho and para - nitrophenols is :
- (1) Sublimation
 - (2) Chromatography
 - (3) Crystallisation
 - (4) Steam distillation
21. With respect to the conformers of ethane, which of the following statements is true ?
- (1) Bond angle remains same but bond length changes
 - (2) Bond angle changes but bond length remains same
 - (3) Both bond angle and bond length change
 - (4) Both bond angles and bond length remains same
22. A 20 litre container at 400 K contains $\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$ at pressure 0.4 atm and an excess of SrO (neglect the volume of solid SrO). The volume of the container is now decreased by moving the movable piston fitted in the container. The maximum volume of the container, when pressure of CO_2 attains its maximum value, will be :
- (Given that : $\text{SrCO}_3(\text{s}) \rightleftharpoons \text{SrO}(\text{s}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$, $K_p = 1.6 \text{ atm}$)
- (1) 5 litre
 - (2) 10 litre
 - (3) 4 litre
 - (4) 2 litre
23. A first order reaction has a specific reaction rate of 10^{-2} sec^{-1} . How much time will it take for 20 g of the reactant to reduce to 5 g ?
- (1) 238.6 sec
 - (2) 138.6 sec
 - (3) 346.5 sec
 - (4) 693.0 sec
24. For a given reaction, $\Delta H = 35.5 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ and $\Delta S = 83.6 \text{ JK}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$. The reaction is spontaneous at : (Assume that ΔH and ΔS do not vary with temperature)
- (1) $T < 425 \text{ K}$
 - (2) $T > 425 \text{ K}$
 - (3) all temperatures
 - (4) $T > 298 \text{ K}$
25. In the electrochemical cell : $\text{Zn}|\text{ZnSO}_4(0.01 \text{ M})||\text{CuSO}_4(1.0 \text{ M})|\text{Cu}$, the emf of this Daniel cell is E_1 . When the concentration of ZnSO_4 is changed to 1.0 M and that of CuSO_4 changed to 0.01 M, the emf changes to E_2 . From the followings, which one is the relationship between E_1 and E_2 ? (Given, $\frac{RT}{F} = 0.059$)
- (1) $E_1 = E_2$
 - (2) $E_1 < E_2$
 - (3) $E_1 > E_2$
 - (4) $E_2 = 0 \neq E_1$
26. An example of a sigma bonded organometallic compound is :
- (1) Ruthenocene
 - (2) Grignard's reagent
 - (3) Ferrocene
 - (4) Cobaltocene
27. The equilibrium constants of the following are :
- $$\text{N}_2 + 3 \text{H}_2 \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{NH}_3 \quad K_1$$
- $$\text{N}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{NO} \quad K_2$$
- $$\text{H}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \text{O}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{O} \quad K_3$$
- The equilibrium constant (K) of the reaction :
- $$2 \text{NH}_3 + \frac{5}{2} \text{O}_2 \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{NO} + 3 \text{H}_2\text{O}, \text{ will be :}$$
- (1) $K_1 K_3^3 / K_2$
 - (2) $K_2 K_3^3 / K_1$
 - (3) $K_2 K_3 / K_1$
 - (4) $K_2^3 K_3 / K_1$

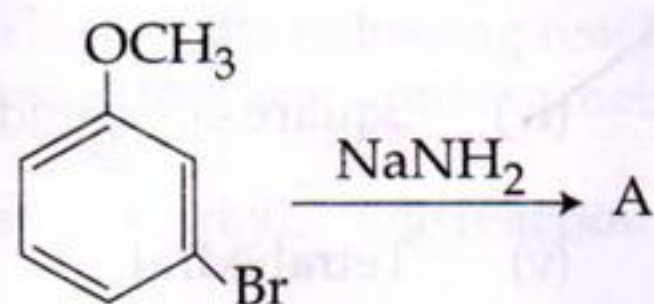
28. The element $Z = 114$ has been discovered recently. It will belong to which of the following family/group and electronic configuration?

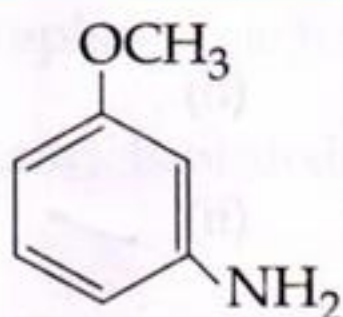
- (1) Halogen family, $[\text{Rn}] 5f^{14} 6d^{10} 7s^2 7p^5$
- (2) Carbon family, $[\text{Rn}] 5f^{14} 6d^{10} 7s^2 7p^2$
- (3) Oxygen family, $[\text{Rn}] 5f^{14} 6d^{10} 7s^2 7p^4$
- (4) Nitrogen family, $[\text{Rn}] 5f^{14} 6d^{10} 7s^2 7p^6$

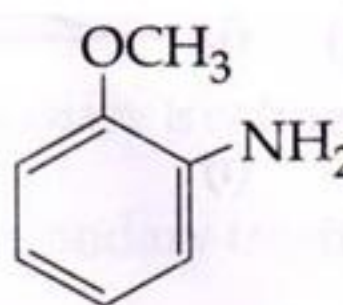
29. Pick out the correct statement with respect to $[\text{Mn}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$:

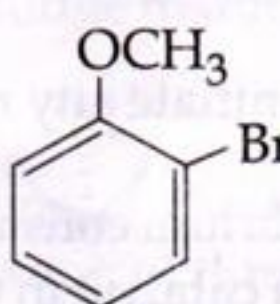
- (1) It is sp^3d^2 hybridised and octahedral
- (2) It is sp^3d^2 hybridised and tetrahedral
- (3) It is d^2sp^3 hybridised and octahedral
- (4) It is dsp^2 hybridised and square planar

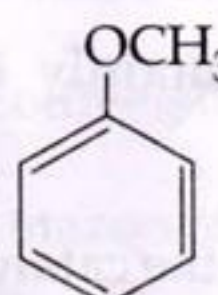
30. Identify A and predict the type of reaction



- (1)  and substitution reaction

- (2)  and elimination addition reaction

- (3)  and cine substitution reaction

- (4)  and cine substitution reaction

31. It is because of inability of ns^2 electrons of the valence shell to participate in bonding that:

- (1) Sn^{2+} is reducing while Pb^{4+} is oxidising
- (2) Sn^{2+} is oxidising while Pb^{4+} is reducing
- (3) Sn^{2+} and Pb^{2+} are both oxidising and reducing
- (4) Sn^{4+} is reducing while Pb^{4+} is oxidising

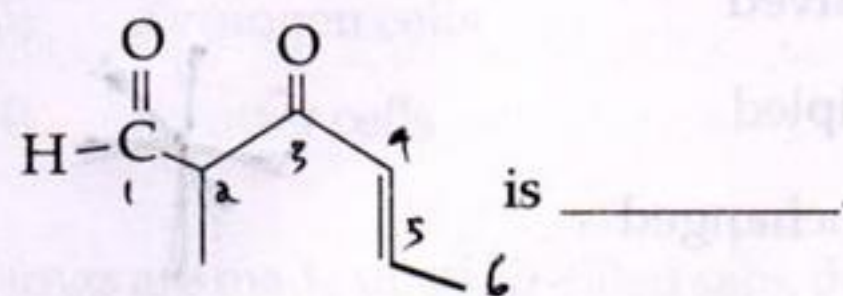
32. Which of the following statements is **not** correct?

- (1) Insulin maintains sugar level in the blood of a human body.
- (2) Ovalbumin is a simple food reserve in egg-white.
- (3) Blood proteins thrombin and fibrinogen are involved in blood clotting.
- (4) Denaturation makes the proteins more active.

33. Which is the **incorrect** statement?

- (1) $\text{FeO}_{0.98}$ has non stoichiometric metal deficiency defect.
- (2) Density decreases in case of crystals with Schottky's defect.
- (3) $\text{NaCl}(\text{s})$ is insulator, silicon is semiconductor, silver is conductor, quartz is piezo electric crystal.
- (4) Frenkel defect is favoured in those ionic compounds in which sizes of cation and anions are almost equal.

34. The IUPAC name of the compound



- (1) 3-keto-2-methylhex-4-enal
- (2) 5-formylhex-2-en-3-one
- (3) 5-methyl-4-oxohex-2-en-5-al
- (4) 3-keto-2-methylhex-5-enal

35. The reason for greater range of oxidation states in actinoids is attributed to:

- (1) the radioactive nature of actinoids
- (2) actinoid contraction
- (3) 5f, 6d and 7s levels having comparable energies
- (4) 4f and 5d levels being close in energies

22
44
44
44

36. Extraction of gold and silver involves leaching with CN^- ion. Silver is later recovered by :

- (1) liquation
- (2) distillation
- (3) zone refining
- (4) displacement with Zn

484
22
968
10698

37. Ionic mobility of which of the following alkali metal ions is lowest when aqueous solution of their salts are put under an electric field ?

- (1) Na
- (2) K
- (3) Rb
- (4) Li

2
106
929

38. Which of the following is dependent on temperature ?

- (1) Molality
- (2) Molarity
- (3) Mole fraction
- (4) Weight percentage

39. If molality of the dilute solution is doubled, the value of molal depression constant (K_f) will be :

- (1) doubled
- (2) halved
- (3) tripled
- (4) unchanged

7+5
12/2 = 6

40. Mechanism of a hypothetical reaction $X_2 + Y_2 \rightarrow 2 XY$ is given below :

- (i) $X_2 \rightarrow X + X$ (fast)
- (ii) $X + Y_2 \rightleftharpoons XY + Y$ (slow)
- (iii) $X + Y \rightarrow XY$ (fast)

The overall order of the reaction will be :

- (1) 1
- (2) 2
- (3) 0
- (4) 1.5

$[X] = \sqrt{[X_2]}$
 $[X] = \sqrt{x_2}$
 $[X] = \sqrt{x_2}$
 $[X] = \sqrt{x_2}$
 $\frac{[X] [Y]}{[X_2] [Y_2]} =$
 $2 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2} = 1.5$

41. Concentration of the Ag^+ ions in a saturated solution of $Ag_2C_2O_4$ is 2.2×10^{-4} mol. Solubility product of $Ag_2C_2O_4$ is :

- (1) 2.42×10^{-8}
- (2) 2.66×10^{-12}
- (3) 4.5×10^{-11}
- (4) 5.3×10^{-12}

(2s) s
4s³
4 x 10⁴ 48

42. Match the interhalogen compounds of column I with the geometry in column II and assign the code.

Column I	Column II
(a) XX'	(i) T-shape
(b) XX'_3	(ii) Pentagonal bipyramidal
(c) XX'_5	(iii) Linear
(d) XX'_7	(iv) Square-pyramidal
	(v) Tetrahedral

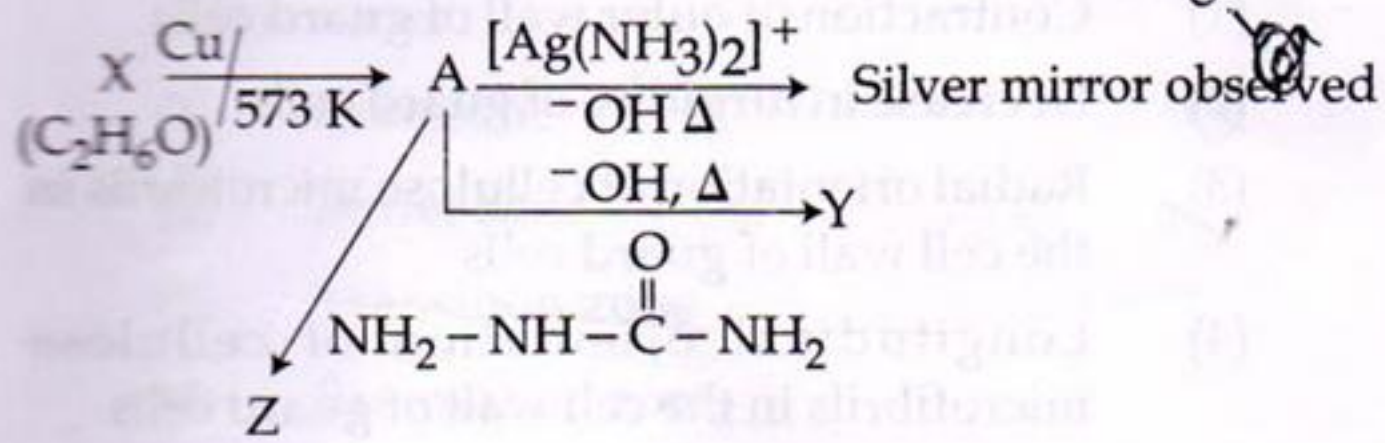
$\frac{1}{2} [7+7]$
 $\frac{14}{2} = 7$
Code:

- | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (2) (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |
| (3) (v) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) |
| (4) (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |

43. Which one of the following statements is correct ?

- (1) Catalyst does not initiate any reaction.
- (2) The value of equilibrium constant is change in the presence of a catalyst in the reaction equilibrium.
- (3) Enzymes catalyse mainly bio-chemical reactions.
- (4) Coenzymes increase the catalytic activity of enzyme.

44. Consider the reactions :



Identify A, X, Y and Z

- (1) A-Methoxymethane, X-Ethanoic acid, Y-Acetate ion, Z-hydrazine.
- (2) A-Methoxymethane, X-Ethanol, Y-Ethanoic acid, Z-Semicarbazide.
- (3) A-Ethanal, X-Ethanol, Y-But-2-enal, Z-Semicarbazone.
- (4) A-Ethanol, X-Acetaldehyde, Y-Butanone, Z-Hydrazone.

45. Which of the following reactions is appropriate for converting acetamide to methanamine?

- (1) Carbylamine reaction $\text{CH}_3 - \text{C}(=\text{O}) - \text{NH}_2$
- (2) Hoffmann hypobromamide reaction
- (3) Stephens reaction
- (4) Gabriels phthalimide synthesis

46. Which of the following in sewage treatment removes suspended solids?

- (1) Tertiary treatment
- (2) Secondary treatment
- (3) Primary treatment
- (4) Sludge treatment

47. Which one of the following is related to Ex-situ conservation of threatened animals and plants?

- (1) Wildlife Safari parks
- (2) Biodiversity hot spots
- (3) Amazon rainforest
- (4) Himalayan region

48. Phosphoenol pyruvate (PEP) is the primary CO_2 acceptor in :

- (1) C_3 plants
- (2) C_4 plants
- (3) C_2 plants
- (4) C_3 and C_4 plants

49. Which one of the following statements is not valid for aerosols?

- (1) They are harmful to human health
- (2) They alter rainfall and monsoon patterns
- (3) They cause increased agricultural productivity
- (4) They have negative impact on agricultural land

50. In case of poriferans, the spongocoel is lined with flagellated cells called :

- (1) ostia
- (2) oscula
- (3) choanocytes
- (4) mesenchymal cells

51. Which cells of 'Crypts of Lieberkuhn' secrete antibacterial lysozyme?

- (1) Argentaffin cells
- (2) Paneth cells
- (3) Zymogen cells
- (4) Kupffer cells

52. Lungs are made up of air-filled sacs, the alveoli. They do not collapse even after forceful expiration, because of :

- (1) Residual Volume
- (2) Inspiratory Reserve Volume
- (3) Tidal Volume
- (4) Expiratory Reserve Volume

53. Viroids differ from viruses in having :

- (1) DNA molecules with protein coat
- (2) DNA molecules without protein coat
- (3) RNA molecules with protein coat
- (4) RNA molecules without protein coat

54. Which of the following are not polymeric ?

- (1) Nucleic acids
- (2) Proteins
- (3) Polysaccharides
- (4) Lipids ✓

55. Select the mismatch :

- (1) *Pinus* - Dioecious ✓
- (2) *Cycas* - Dioecious
- (3) *Salvinia* - Heterosporous
- (4) *Equisetum* - Homosporous

56. A gene whose expression helps to identify transformed cell is known as :

- (1) Selectable marker ✓
- (2) Vector
- (3) Plasmid
- (4) Structural gene

57. A decrease in blood pressure/volume will not cause the release of :

- (1) Renin
- (2) Atrial Natriuretic Factor ✓
- (3) Aldosterone
- (4) ADH

58. In *Bougainvillea* thorns are the modifications of :

- (1) Stipules
- (2) Adventitious root
- (3) Stem ✓
- (4) Leaf

59. An important characteristic that Hemichordates share with Chordates is :

- (1) absence of notochord
- (2) ventral tubular nerve cord
- (3) pharynx with gill slits ✓
- (4) pharynx without gill slits

60. Which of the following facilitates opening of stomatal aperture ?

- (1) Contraction of outer wall of guard cells
- (2) Decrease in turgidity of guard cells
- (3) Radial orientation of cellulose microfibrils in the cell wall of guard cells ✓
- (4) Longitudinal orientation of cellulose microfibrils in the cell wall of guard cells

61. Which of the following statements is correct ?

- (1) The ascending limb of loop of Henle is impermeable to water. ✓
- (2) The descending limb of loop of Henle is impermeable to water. ✗
- (3) The ascending limb of loop of Henle is permeable to water. ✗
- (4) The descending limb of loop of Henle is permeable to electrolytes. ✗

62. Which of the following are found in extreme saline conditions ?

- (1) Archaeobacteria ✓
- (2) Eubacteria
- (3) Cyanobacteria
- (4) Mycobacteria

63. The morphological nature of the edible part of coconut is :

- (1) Perisperm
- (2) Cotyledon
- (3) Endosperm ✓
- (4) Pericarp

64. Identify the wrong statement in context of heartwood :

- (1) Organic compounds are deposited in it
- (2) It is highly durable
- (3) It conducts water and minerals efficiently ✓
- (4) It comprises dead elements with highly lignified walls

65. If there are 999 bases in an RNA that codes for a protein with 333 amino acids, and the base at position 901 is deleted such that the length of the RNA becomes 998 bases, how many codons will be altered ?

- (1) 1
- (2) 11
- (3) 33 ✓
- (4) 333

$$\begin{array}{r} 999 \\ - 901 \\ \hline 98 \end{array} \quad \frac{99}{3} = 33$$

66. The region of Biosphere Reserve which is legally protected and where no human activity is allowed is known as :

- (1) Core zone ✓
- (2) Buffer zone
- (3) Transition zone
- (4) Restoration zone

67. A dioecious flowering plant prevents both :

- (1) Autogamy and xenogamy
- (2) Autogamy and geitonogamy ✓
- (3) Geitonogamy and xenogamy
- (4) Cleistogamy and xenogamy

68. Which statement is wrong for Krebs' cycle ?

- (1) There are three points in the cycle where NAD^+ is reduced to $\text{NADH} + \text{H}^+$
- (2) There is one point in the cycle where FAD^+ is reduced to FADH_2
- (3) During conversion of succinyl CoA to succinic acid a molecule of GTP is synthesised
- (4) The cycle starts with condensation of acetyl group (acetyl CoA) with pyruvic acid to yield citric acid ✓

69. Which among these is the correct combination of aquatic mammals ?

- (1) Seals, Dolphins, Sharks ✓
- (2) Dolphins, Seals, Trygon ✓
- (3) Whales, Dolphins, Seals ✓
- (4) Trygon, Whales, Seals

70. The hepatic portal vein drains blood to liver from :

- (1) Heart
- (2) Stomach
- (3) Kidneys
- (4) Intestine ✓

71. Functional megaspore in an angiosperm develops into :

- (1) Ovule
- (2) Endosperm
- (3) Embryo sac ✓
- (4) Embryo

72. Mycorrhizae are the example of :

- (1) Fungistasis
- (2) Amensalism
- (3) Antibiosis
- (4) Mutualism ✓

73. Transplantation of tissues/organs fails often due to non-acceptance by the patient's body. Which type of immune-response is responsible for such rejections ?

- (1) Autoimmune response
- (2) Cell-mediated immune response ✓
- (3) Hormonal immune response
- (4) Physiological immune response

74. Adult human RBCs are enucleate. Which of the following statement(s) is/are most appropriate explanation for this feature ?

- (a) They do not need to reproduce ✓
- (b) They are somatic cells
- (c) They do not metabolize ✓
- (d) All their internal space is available for oxygen transport ✓

Options :

- (1) Only (d)
- (2) Only (a)
- (3) (a), (c) and (d) ✓
- (4) (b) and (c)

75. Alexander Von Humbolt described for the first time :

- (1) Ecological Biodiversity
- (2) Laws of limiting factor
- (3) Species area relationships ✓
- (4) Population Growth equation

76. Attractants and rewards are required for :

- (1) Anemophily
- (2) Entomophily ✓
- (3) Hydrophily
- (4) Cleistogamy

77. Which one of the following statements is correct, with reference to enzymes ?
- (1) Apoenzyme = Holoenzyme + Coenzyme .
 - (2) Holoenzyme = Apoenzyme + Coenzyme ✓
 - (3) Coenzyme = Apoenzyme + Holoenzyme
 - (4) Holoenzyme = Coenzyme + Co-factor
78. An example of colonial alga is :
- (1) *Chlorella*
 - (2) *Volvox* ✓
 - (3) *Ulothrix*
 - (4) *Spirogyra*
79. A disease caused by an autosomal primary non-disjunction is :
- (1) Down's Syndrome ✓
 - (2) Klinefelter's Syndrome ✓
 - (3) Turner's Syndrome ✓
 - (4) Sickle Cell Anemia ✓
80. DNA fragments are :
- (1) Positively charged
 - (2) Negatively charged ✓
 - (3) Neutral
 - (4) Either positively or negatively charged depending on their size
81. The pivot joint between atlas and axis is a type of :
- (1) fibrous joint ✓
 - (2) cartilaginous joint ✓
 - (3) synovial joint ✓
 - (4) saddle joint ✓
82. Asymptote in a logistic growth curve is obtained when :
- (1) The value of 'r' approaches zero ✓
 - (2) $K = N$ ✓
 - (3) $K > N$
 - (4) $K < N$
83. Myelin sheath is produced by :
- (1) Schwann Cells and Oligodendrocytes ✓
 - (2) Astrocytes and Schwann Cells
 - (3) Oligodendrocytes and Osteoclasts
 - (4) Osteoclasts and Astrocytes
84. The process of separation and purification of expressed protein before marketing is called :
- (1) Upstream processing
 - (2) Downstream processing ✓
 - (3) Bioprocessing
 - (4) Postproduction processing
85. GnRH, a hypothalamic hormone, needed in reproduction, acts on:
- (1) anterior pituitary gland and stimulates secretion of LH and oxytocin.
 - (2) anterior pituitary gland and stimulates secretion of LH and FSH. ✓
 - (3) posterior pituitary gland and stimulates secretion of oxytocin and FSH.
 - (4) posterior pituitary gland and stimulates secretion of LH and relaxin.
86. Hypersecretion of Growth Hormone in adults does not cause further increase in height, because :
- (1) Growth Hormone becomes inactive in adults.
 - (2) Epiphyseal plates close after adolescence. ✓
 - (3) Bones loose their sensitivity to Growth Hormone in adults.
 - (4) Muscle fibres do not grow in size after birth.
87. Which ecosystem has the maximum biomass ?
- (1) Forest ecosystem ✓
 - (2) Grassland ecosystem
 - (3) Pond ecosystem
 - (4) Lake ecosystem
88. Fruit and leaf drop at early stages can be prevented by the application of :
- (1) Cytokinins
 - (2) Ethylene
 - (3) Auxins ✓
 - (4) Gibberellic acid

89. The final proof for DNA as the genetic material came from the experiments of :

- (1) Griffith
- (2) Hershey and Chase ✓
- (3) Avery, Mcleod and McCarty
- (4) Hargobind Khorana

90. Which of the following represents order of 'Horse' ?

- (1) Equidae
- (2) Perissodactyla ✓
- (3) Caballus
- (4) Ferus

91. Out of 'X' pairs of ribs in humans only 'Y' pairs are true ribs. Select the option that correctly represents values of X and Y and provides their explanation :

- (1) X=12, Y=7 True ribs are attached dorsally to vertebral column and ventrally to the sternum. ✓
- (2) X=12, Y=5 True ribs are attached dorsally to vertebral column and sternum on the two ends.
- (3) X=24, Y=7 True ribs are dorsally attached to vertebral column but are free on ventral side.
- (4) X=24, Y=12 True ribs are dorsally attached to vertebral column but are free on ventral side.

92. Match the following sexually transmitted diseases (Column - I) with their causative agent (Column - II) and select the correct option.

Column - I	Column - II
(a) Gonorrhoea	(i) HIV
(b) Syphilis	(ii) <i>Neisseria</i>
(c) Genital Warts	(iii) <i>Treponema</i>
(d) AIDS	(iv) Human Papilloma - Virus

Options :

- | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) ✓ |
| (2) (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (3) (iv) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) |
| (4) (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) ✓ |

93. Thalassaemia and sickle cell anemia are caused due to a problem in globin molecule synthesis. Select the correct statement.

- (1) Both are due to a qualitative defect in globin chain synthesis.
- (2) Both are due to a quantitative defect in globin chain synthesis.
- (3) Thalassaemia is due to less synthesis of globin molecules. ✓
- (4) Sickle cell anemia is due to a quantitative problem of globin molecules. ✓

94. Which of the following is made up of dead cells ?

- (1) Xylem parenchyma
- (2) Collenchyma
- (3) Phellem ✓
- (4) Phloem

95. A baby boy aged two years is admitted to play school and passes through a dental check - up. The dentist observed that the boy had twenty teeth. Which teeth were absent ?

- (1) Incisors
- (2) Canines
- (3) Pre-molars ✓
- (4) Molars

96. Which of the following cell organelles is responsible for extracting energy from carbohydrates to form ATP ?

- (1) Lysosome
- (2) Ribosome
- (3) Chloroplast
- (4) Mitochondrion ✓

97. Capacitation occurs in :

- (1) Rete testis
- (2) Epididymis
- (3) Vas deferens
- (4) Female Reproductive tract ✓

98. The association of histone H1 with a nucleosome indicates :
- (1) Transcription is occurring.
 - (2) DNA replication is occurring.
 - (3) The DNA is condensed into a Chromatin Fibre. ✓
 - (4) The DNA double helix is exposed.
99. With reference to factors affecting the rate of photosynthesis, which of the following statements is not correct?
- (1) Light saturation for CO_2 fixation occurs at 10% of full sunlight
 - (2) Increasing atmospheric CO_2 concentration up to 0.05% can enhance CO_2 fixation rate ✓
 - (3) C_3 plants respond to higher temperatures with enhanced photosynthesis while C_4 plants have much lower temperature optimum ✓
 - (4) Tomato is a greenhouse crop which can be grown in CO_2 - enriched atmosphere for higher yield
100. Homozygous purelines in cattle can be obtained by :
- (1) mating of related individuals of same breed. ✓
 - (2) mating of unrelated individuals of same breed.
 - (3) mating of individuals of different breed. ✗
 - (4) mating of individuals of different species ✓
101. Which of the following options gives the correct sequence of events during mitosis?
- (1) condensation → nuclear membrane disassembly → crossing over → segregation → telophase ✓
 - (2) condensation → nuclear membrane disassembly → arrangement at equator → centromere division → segregation → telophase ✓
 - (3) condensation → crossing over → nuclear membrane disassembly → segregation → telophase
 - (4) condensation → arrangement at equator → centromere division → segregation → telophase
102. Select the correct route for the passage of sperms in male frogs :
- (1) Testes → Bidder's canal → Kidney → Vasa efferentia → Urinogenital duct → Cloaca
 - (2) Testes → Vasa efferentia → Kidney → Seminal Vesicle → Urinogenital duct → Cloaca
 - (3) Testes → Vasa efferentia → Bidder's canal → Ureter → Cloaca
 - (4) Testes → Vasa efferentia → Kidney → Bidder's canal → Urinogenital duct → Cloaca ✓
103. Spliceosomes are not found in cells of :
- (1) Plants
 - (2) Fungi
 - (3) Animals
 - (4) Bacteria ✓
104. Which one from those given below is the period for Mendel's hybridization experiments?
- (1) 1856 - 1863 ✓
 - (2) 1840 - 1850
 - (3) 1857 - 1869
 - (4) 1870 - 1877
105. The DNA fragments separated on an agarose gel can be visualised after staining with :
- (1) Bromophenol blue
 - (2) Acetocarmine
 - (3) Aniline blue
 - (4) Ethidium bromide ✓
106. The function of copper ions in copper releasing IUD's is :
- (1) They suppress sperm motility and fertilising capacity of sperms. ✓
 - (2) They inhibit gametogenesis.
 - (3) They make uterus unsuitable for implantation.
 - (4) They inhibit ovulation.
107. Presence of plants arranged into well defined vertical layers depending on their height can be seen in :
- (1) Tropical Savannah
 - (2) Tropical Rain Forest ✓
 - (3) Grassland
 - (4) Temperate Forest

108. Which of the following is correctly matched for the product produced by them ?

- (1) *Acetobacter aceti* : Antibiotics
- (2) *Methanobacterium* : Lactic acid α
- (3) *Penicillium notatum* : Acetic acid α
- (4) *Sacchromyces cerevisiae* : Ethanol ✓

109. What is the criterion for DNA fragments movement on agarose gel during gel electrophoresis ?

- (1) The larger the fragment size, the farther it moves α
- (2) The smaller the fragment size, the farther it moves ✓
- (3) Positively charged fragments move to farther end
- (4) Negatively charged fragments do not move

110. Zygotic meiosis is characteristic of :

- (1) *Marchantia*
- (2) *Fucus*
- (3) *Funaria*
- (4) *Chlamydomonas* ✓

111. Life cycle of *Ectocarpus* and *Fucus* respectively are :

- (1) Haplontic, Diplontic
- (2) Diplontic, Haplodiplontic
- (3) Haplodiplontic, Diplontic ✓
- (4) Haplodiplontic, Haplontic

112. Which among the following are the smallest living cells, known without a definite cell wall, pathogenic to plants as well as animals and can survive without oxygen ?

- (1) *Bacillus*
- (2) *Pseudomonas*
- (3) *Mycoplasma* ✓
- (4) *Nostoc*

113. Root hairs develop from the region of :

- (1) Maturation ✓
- (2) Elongation
- (3) Root cap
- (4) Meristematic activity

114. Flowers which have single ovule in the ovary and are packed into inflorescence are usually pollinated by :

- (1) Water
- (2) Bee
- (3) Wind ✓
- (4) Bat

115. Receptor sites for neurotransmitters are present on :

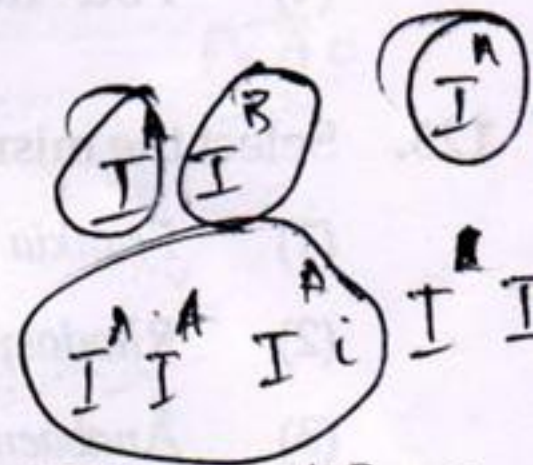
- (1) membranes of synaptic vesicles
- (2) pre-synaptic membrane
- (3) tips of axons
- (4) post-synaptic membrane ✓

116. Plants which produce characteristic pneumatophores and show vivipary belong to :

- (1) Mesophytes
- (2) Halophytes ✓
- (3) Psammophytes
- (4) Hydrophytes

117. DNA replication in bacteria occurs :

- (1) During S phase ✓
- (2) Within nucleolus
- (3) Prior to fission
- (4) Just before transcription



118. The genotypes of a Husband and Wife are $I^{A}I^{B}$ and $I^{A}i$.

Among the blood types of their children, how many different genotypes and phenotypes are possible ?

- (1) 3 genotypes ; 3 phenotypes
- (2) 3 genotypes ; 4 phenotypes
- (3) 4 genotypes ; 3 phenotypes ✓
- (4) 4 genotypes ; 4 phenotypes

119. Which of the following components provides sticky character to the bacterial cell ?

- (1) Cell wall
- (2) Nuclear membrane
- (3) Plasma membrane
- (4) Glycocalyx ✓

120. Which of the following RNAs should be most abundant in animal cell ?
- (1) r-RNA ✓
 - (2) t-RNA
 - (3) m-RNA
 - (4) mi-RNA
121. Anaphase Promoting Complex (APC) is a protein degradation machinery necessary for proper mitosis of animal cells. If APC is defective in a human cell, which of the following is expected to occur ?
- (1) Chromosomes will not condense
 - (2) Chromosomes will be fragmented
 - (3) Chromosomes will not segregate ✓
 - (4) Recombination of chromosome arms will occur
122. Among the following characters, which one was not considered by Mendel in his experiments on pea ?
- (1) Stem - Tall or Dwarf
 - (2) Trichomes - Glandular or non-glandular ✓
 - (3) Seed - Green or Yellow
 - (4) Pod - Inflated or Constricted
123. Select the mismatch :
- (1) *Frankia* - *Alnus*
 - (2) *Rhodospirillum* - Mycorrhiza ✓
 - (3) *Anabaena* - Nitrogen fixer
 - (4) *Rhizobium* - Alfalfa ✓
124. Double fertilization is exhibited by :
- (1) Gymnosperms
 - (2) Algae
 - (3) Fungi
 - (4) Angiosperms ✓
125. In case of a couple where the male is having a very low sperm count, which technique will be suitable for fertilisation ?
- (1) Intrauterine transfer
 - (2) Gamete intracytoplasmic fallopian transfer
 - (3) Artificial Insemination ✓
 - (4) Intracytoplasmic sperm injection
126. A temporary endocrine gland in the human body is :
- (1) Pineal gland
 - (2) Corpus cardiacum
 - (3) Corpus luteum ✓
 - (4) Corpus allatum
127. The vascular cambium normally gives rise to :
- (1) Phelloderm
 - (2) Primary phloem
 - (3) Secondary xylem ✓
 - (4) Periderm
128. During DNA replication, Okazaki fragments are used to elongate :
- (1) The leading strand towards replication fork
 - (2) The lagging strand towards replication fork
 - (3) The leading strand away from replication fork
 - (4) The lagging strand away from the replication fork ✓
129. Artificial selection to obtain cows yielding high milk output represents :
- (1) stabilizing selection as it stabilizes the character in the population.
 - (2) directional as it pushes the mean of the character in one direction. ✓
 - (3) disruptive as it splits the population into two one yielding higher output and the other lower output.
 - (4) stabilizing followed by disruptive as it stabilizes the population to produce high yielding cows.
130. Which of the following options best represents enzyme composition of pancreatic juice ?
- (1) amylase, peptidase, trypsinogen, rennin
 - (2) amylase, pepsin, trypsinogen, maltase
 - (3) peptidase, amylase, pepsin, rennin
 - (4) lipase, amylase, trypsinogen, procarboxypeptidase ✓

131. Coconut fruit is a :

- (1) **Drupe**
- (2) Berry
- (3) Nut
- (4) Capsule

132. The water potential of pure water is :

- (1) **Zero**
- (2) Less than zero
- (3) More than zero but less than one
- (4) More than one

133. Frog's heart when taken out of the body continues to beat for sometime.

Select the best option from the following statements.

- (a) Frog is a poikilotherm.
- (b) Frog does not have any coronary circulation.
- (c) Heart is "myogenic" in nature.
- (d) Heart is autoexcitable.

Options :

- (1) Only (c)
- (2) Only (d)
- (3) (a) and (b)
- (4) **(c) and (d)**

134. Good vision depends on adequate intake of carotene-rich food.

Select the best option from the following statements.

- (a) Vitamin A derivatives are formed from carotene.
- (b) The photopigments are embedded in the membrane discs of the inner segment.
- (c) Retinal is a derivative of Vitamin A.
- (d) Retinal is a light absorbing part of all the visual photopigments.

Options :

- (1) (a) and (b)
- (2) **(a), (c) and (d)**
- (3) (a) and (c)
- (4) (b), (c) and (d)

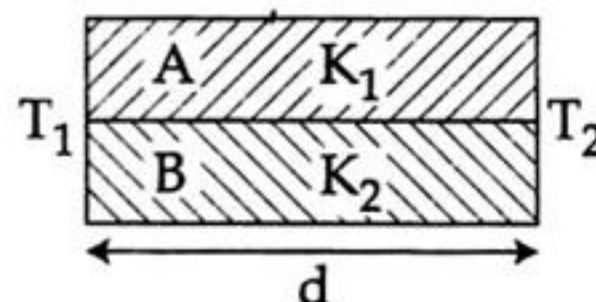
135. MALT constitutes about _____ percent of the lymphoid tissue in human body.

- (1) **50%**
- (2) 20%
- (3) 70%
- (4) 10%

136. A spherical black body with a radius of 12 cm radiates 450 watt power at 500 K. If the radius were halved and the temperature doubled, the power radiated in watt would be :

- (1) 225
- (2) 450
- (3) 1000
- (4) **1800**

137. Two rods A and B of different materials are welded together as shown in figure. Their thermal conductivities are K_1 and K_2 . The thermal conductivity of the composite rod will be :



(1) **$\frac{K_1 + K_2}{2}$**

(2) $\frac{3(K_1 + K_2)}{2}$

(3) $K_1 + K_2$

(4) $2(K_1 + K_2)$

138. The ratio of resolving powers of an optical microscope for two wavelengths $\lambda_1 = 4000 \text{ \AA}$ and $\lambda_2 = 6000 \text{ \AA}$ is :

- (1) 8 : 27
- (2) 9 : 4
- (3) **3 : 2**
- (4) 16 : 81

139. A long solenoid of diameter 0.1 m has 2×10^4 turns per meter. At the centre of the solenoid, a coil of 100 turns and radius 0.01 m is placed with its axis coinciding with the solenoid axis. The current in the solenoid reduces at a constant rate to 0A from 4 A in 0.05 s. If the resistance of the coil is $10 \pi^2 \Omega$, the total charge flowing through the coil during this time is :

- (1) $32 \pi \mu\text{C}$
- (2) $16 \mu\text{C}$
- (3) $32 \mu\text{C}$
- (4) $16 \pi \mu\text{C}$

Handwritten notes for Q139:

$$\frac{d\Phi}{dt} = L \frac{dI}{dt}$$

$$dq = \frac{L dI}{R}$$

$\frac{4}{10 \pi^2}$

140. The de-Broglie wavelength of a neutron in thermal equilibrium with heavy water at a temperature T (Kelvin) and mass m, is :

- (1) $\frac{h}{\sqrt{mkT}}$
- (2) $\frac{h}{\sqrt{3mkT}}$
- (3) $\frac{2h}{\sqrt{3mkT}}$
- (4) $\frac{2h}{\sqrt{mkT}}$

Handwritten notes for Q140:

$$\frac{h}{\sqrt{2mkT}}$$

$$\frac{h}{\sqrt{2 \cdot \frac{3}{2} mkT}}$$

$4x$

141. A rope is wound around a hollow cylinder of mass 3 kg and radius 40 cm. What is the angular acceleration of the cylinder if the rope is pulled with a force of 30 N ?

- (1) 25 m/s^2
- (2) 0.25 rad/s^2
- (3) 25 rad/s^2
- (4) 5 m/s^2

Handwritten notes for Q141:

9

$$30 \times 0.4 = 3(0.4)^2 \alpha$$

142. The resistance of a wire is 'R' ohm. If it is melted and stretched to 'n' times its original length, its new resistance will be :

- (1) nR
- (2) $\frac{R}{n}$
- (3) $n^2 R$
- (4) $\frac{R}{n^2}$

Handwritten notes for Q142:

$$\frac{\rho l}{A \times l}$$

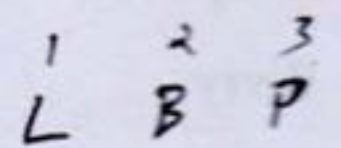
$$\frac{30 \times 0.4}{3 \times 0.1 \times 0.4}$$

$$\frac{300}{3 \times 4} = 25$$

n^2

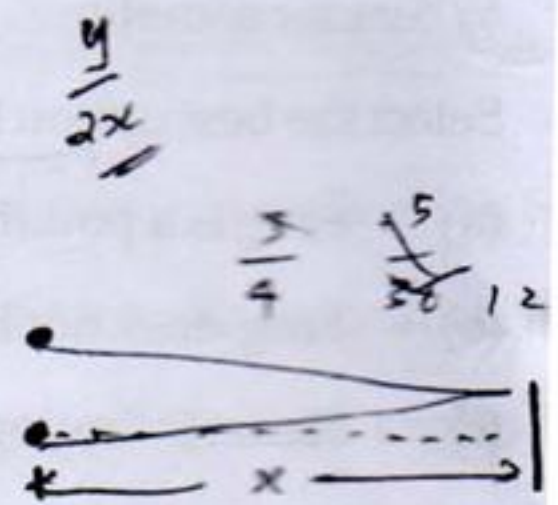
143. The ratio of wavelengths of the last line of Balmer series and the last line of Lyman series is :

- (1) 2
- (2) 1
- (3) 4
- (4) 0.5

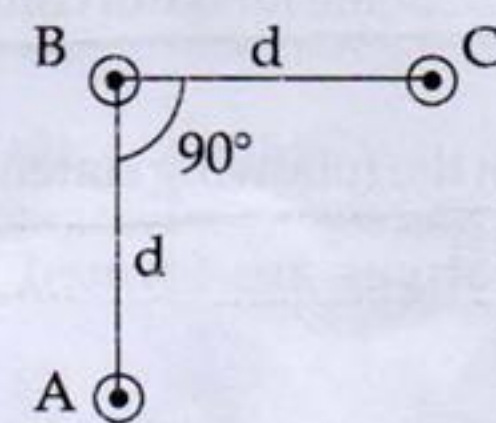


144. A beam of light from a source L is incident normal on a plane mirror fixed at a certain distance x from the source. The beam is reflected back as a spot on a scale placed just above the source L. When the mirror is rotated through a small angle θ , the spot of light is found to move through a distance y on the scale. The angle θ is given by :

- (1) $\frac{y}{2x}$
- (2) $\frac{y}{x}$
- (3) $\frac{x}{2y}$
- (4) $\frac{x}{y}$



145. An arrangement of three parallel straight wires placed perpendicular to plane of paper carrying same current 'I' along the same direction is shown in Fig. Magnitude of force per unit length on middle wire 'B' is given by :



- (1) $\frac{\mu_0 i^2}{2 \pi d}$
- (2) $\frac{2 \mu_0 i^2}{\pi d}$
- (3) $\frac{\sqrt{2} \mu_0 i^2}{\pi d}$
- (4) $\frac{\mu_0 i^2}{\sqrt{2} \pi d}$

Handwritten notes for Q145:

$$\frac{\mu_0 I^2}{4 \pi d} \sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{\mu_0 I^2}{\sqrt{2} \pi d}$$

146. Two cars moving in opposite directions approach each other with speed of 22 m/s and 16.5 m/s respectively. The driver of the first car blows a horn having a frequency 400 Hz. The frequency heard by the driver of the second car is [velocity of sound 340 m/s]:

- (1) 350 Hz
- (2) 361 Hz
- (3) 411 Hz
- (4) 448 Hz

$$\frac{340 + 16.5}{340 - 22} \times 400 = 448 \text{ Hz}$$

$$f' = f \frac{v + v_o}{v - v_s}$$

147. A particle executes linear simple harmonic motion with an amplitude of 3 cm. When the particle is at 2 cm from the mean position, the magnitude of its velocity is equal to that of its acceleration. Then its time period in seconds is:

- (1) $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\pi}$
- (2) $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2\pi}$
- (3) $\frac{4\pi}{\sqrt{5}}$
- (4) $\frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{3}}$

$$v = \omega \sqrt{A^2 - x^2}$$

$$a = \omega^2 x$$

$$\omega \sqrt{A^2 - x^2} = \omega^2 x$$

$$\sqrt{A^2 - x^2} = \omega x$$

$$\sqrt{3^2 - 2^2} = \omega \cdot 2$$

$$\sqrt{5} = 2\omega$$

$$\omega = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = \frac{4\pi}{\sqrt{5}}$$

148. A Carnot engine having an efficiency of $\frac{1}{10}$ as heat engine, is used as a refrigerator. If the work done on the system is 10 J, the amount of energy absorbed from the reservoir at lower temperature is:

- (1) 1 J
- (2) 90 J
- (3) 99 J
- (4) 100 J

$$\eta = \frac{W}{Q_1} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$Q_1 = 10W = 100 \text{ J}$$

$$Q_2 = Q_1 - W = 100 - 10 = 90 \text{ J}$$

149. Radioactive material 'A' has decay constant 8λ and material 'B' has decay constant λ . Initially they have same number of nuclei. After what time, the ratio of number of nuclei of material 'B' to that of 'A' will be $\frac{1}{e}$?

- (1) $\frac{1}{\lambda}$
- (2) $\frac{1}{7\lambda}$
- (3) $\frac{1}{8\lambda}$
- (4) $\frac{1}{9\lambda}$

$$N_A = N_0 e^{-8\lambda t}$$

$$N_B = N_0 e^{-\lambda t}$$

$$\frac{N_B}{N_A} = \frac{1}{e}$$

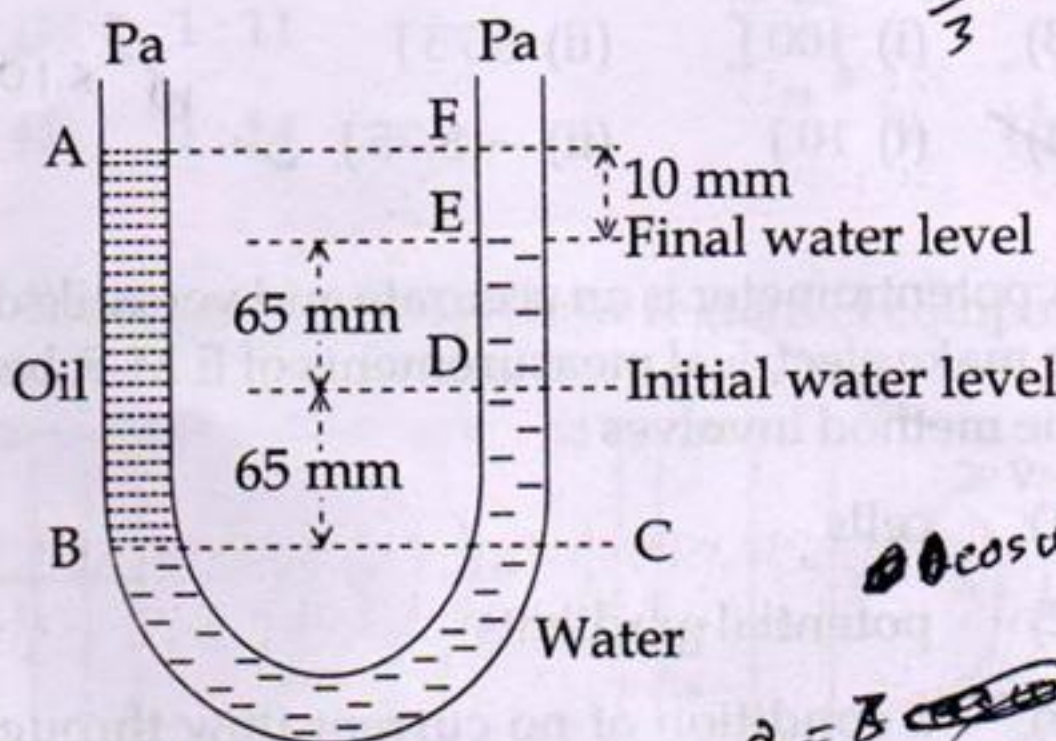
$$\frac{e^{-\lambda t}}{e^{-8\lambda t}} = \frac{1}{e}$$

$$e^{7\lambda t} = e$$

$$7\lambda t = 1$$

$$t = \frac{1}{7\lambda}$$

150. A U tube with both ends open to the atmosphere, is partially filled with water. Oil, which is immiscible with water, is poured into one side until it stands at a distance of 10 mm above the water level on the other side. Meanwhile the water rises by 65 mm from its original level (see diagram). The density of the oil is:



- (1) 650 kg m^{-3}
- (2) 425 kg m^{-3}
- (3) 800 kg m^{-3}
- (4) 928 kg m^{-3}

151. Preeti reached the metro station and found that the escalator was not working. She walked up the stationary escalator in time t_1 . On other days, if she remains stationary on the moving escalator, then the escalator takes her up in time t_2 . The time taken by her to walk up on the moving escalator will be:

- (1) $\frac{t_1 + t_2}{2}$
- (2) $\frac{t_1 t_2}{t_2 - t_1}$
- (3) $\frac{t_1 t_2}{t_2 + t_1}$
- (4) $t_1 - t_2$

$$v_e t_2 = d$$

$$v_p t_1 = d$$

$$v = \frac{d}{t}$$

$$\frac{v_e + v_p}{t} = \frac{d}{t}$$

$$t = \frac{t_1 t_2}{t_1 + t_2}$$

152. A capacitor is charged by a battery. The battery is removed and another identical uncharged capacitor is connected in parallel. The total electrostatic energy of resulting system:

- (1) increases by a factor of 4
- (2) decreases by a factor of 2
- (3) remains the same
- (4) increases by a factor of 2

153. Consider a drop of rain water having mass 1g falling from a height of 1 km. It hits the ground with a speed of 50 m/s. Take 'g' constant with a value 10 m/s². The work done by the (i) gravitational force and the (ii) resistive force of air is:

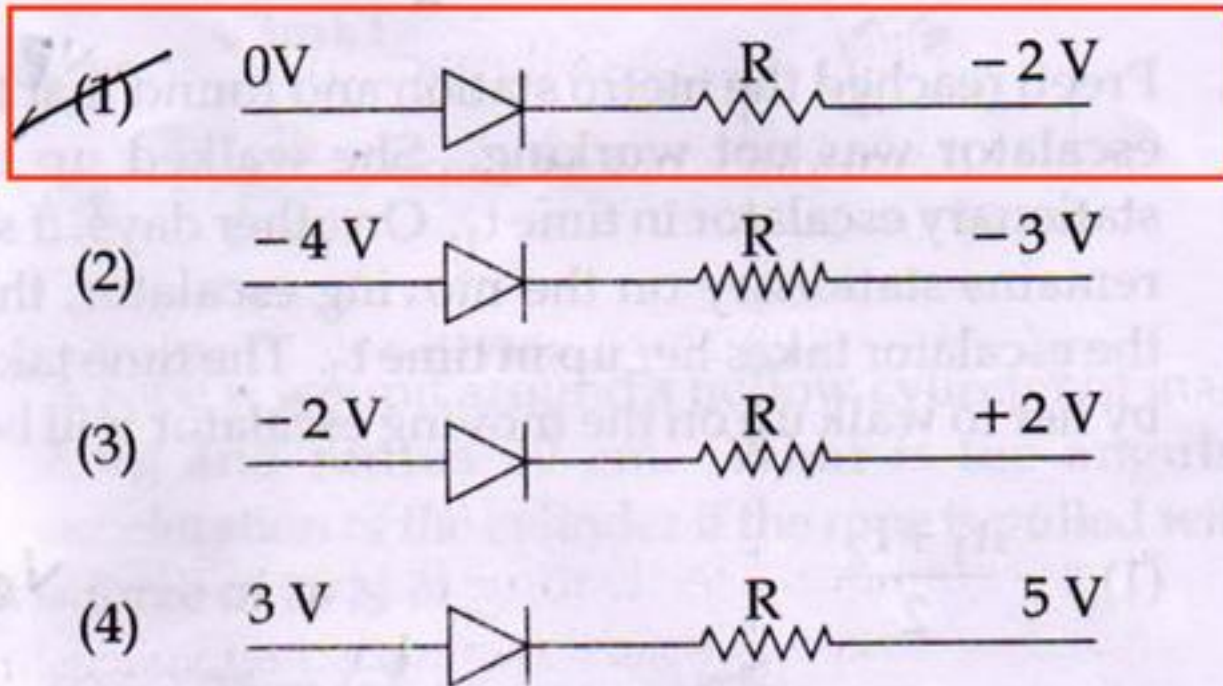
- (1) (i) -10 J (ii) -8.25 J
- (2) (i) 1.25 J (ii) -8.25 J
- (3) (i) 100 J (ii) 8.75 J
- (4) (i) 10 J (ii) -8.75 J

$10 \times 10^{-3} \times 10^3$
 $10^{-3} \times 10 \times 10^3$

154. A potentiometer is an accurate and versatile device to make electrical measurements of E.M.F. because the method involves:

- (1) cells
- (2) potential gradients
- (3) a condition of no current flow through the galvanometer
- (4) a combination of cells, galvanometer and resistances

155. Which one of the following represents forward bias diode?



156. Which of the following statements are correct?

- (a) Centre of mass of a body always coincides with the centre of gravity of the body.
- (b) Centre of mass of a body is the point at which the total gravitational torque on the body is zero.
- (c) A couple on a body produce both translational and rotational motion in a body.
- (d) Mechanical advantage greater than one means that small effort can be used to lift a large load.

- (1) (b) and (d)
- (2) (a) and (b)
- (3) (b) and (c)
- (4) (c) and (d)

$B = \frac{P \cdot V}{\Delta V}$
 $\frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta V}{V} = \frac{P}{B} \cdot \frac{1}{3}$

157. The acceleration due to gravity at a height 1 km above the earth is the same as at a depth d below the surface of earth. Then:

- (1) $d = \frac{1}{2}$ km
- (2) $d = 1$ km
- (3) $d = \frac{3}{2}$ km
- (4) $d = 2$ km

$\frac{a}{R} = \frac{\delta}{R}$
 $\frac{3}{5} = \frac{5}{7}$

158. A gas mixture consists of 2 moles of O₂ and 4 moles of Ar at temperature T. Neglecting all vibrational modes, the total internal energy of the system is:

- (1) 4 RT
- (2) 15 RT
- (3) 9 RT
- (4) 11 RT

$2 \times \frac{5}{2} + 4 \times \frac{3}{2}$
 $\frac{5 + 6}{1} = 11$

159. The photoelectric threshold wavelength of silver is 3250×10^{-10} m. The velocity of the electron ejected from a silver surface by ultraviolet light of wavelength 2536×10^{-10} m is:

(Given $h = 4.14 \times 10^{-15}$ eVs and $c = 3 \times 10^8$ ms⁻¹)

- (1) $\approx 6 \times 10^5$ ms⁻¹
- (2) $\approx 0.6 \times 10^6$ ms⁻¹
- (3) $\approx 61 \times 10^3$ ms⁻¹
- (4) $\approx 0.3 \times 10^6$ ms⁻¹

$\frac{2 \times 5 + 4 \times 3}{6} = \frac{10 + 12}{6} = \frac{22}{6}$

160. A thin prism having refracting angle 10° is made of glass of refractive index 1.42. This prism is combined with another thin prism of glass of refractive index 1.7. This combination produces dispersion without deviation. The refracting angle of second prism should be:

- (1) 4°
- (2) 6°
- (3) 8°
- (4) 10°

$\frac{2 \times 7 + 4 \times 5}{6} = \frac{14 + 20}{6} = \frac{34}{6} = \frac{17}{3}$

161. The bulk modulus of a spherical object is 'B'. If it is subjected to uniform pressure 'p', the fractional decrease in radius is:

- (1) $\frac{P}{B}$
- (2) $\frac{B}{3p}$
- (3) $\frac{3p}{B}$
- (4) $\frac{P}{3B}$

$\frac{10(0.42)}{0.7} = \frac{4.2}{0.7} = 6$
 $\frac{4.2}{4.2} = 1$

162. The two nearest harmonics of a tube closed at one end and open at other end are 220 Hz and 260 Hz. What is the fundamental frequency of the system?

- (1) 10 Hz
- (2) 20 Hz
- (3) 30 Hz
- (4) 40 Hz

$\frac{Bv}{A\lambda}$ $\frac{Av}{A\lambda} = 260$
 $m-n$

163. A physical quantity of the dimensions of length that can be formed out of c , G and $\frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0}$ is [c is velocity of light, G is universal constant of gravitation and e is charge]:

(1) $\frac{1}{c^2} \left[G \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \right]^{1/2}$

$F = \frac{kq^2}{r^2}$

$Fy^2 = kq^2$

(2) $c^2 \left[G \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \right]^{1/2}$

(3) $\frac{1}{c^2} \left[\frac{e^2}{G 4\pi\epsilon_0} \right]^{1/2}$

(4) $\frac{1}{c} G \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0}$

$M^3 L T^{-2}$ $M^{-1} L^3 T^{-2}$
 $L^6 T^{-4}$
 $L^3 T^{-2}$
 $L^2 T^{-4}$

164. One end of string of length l is connected to a particle of mass ' m ' and the other end is connected to a small peg on a smooth horizontal table. If the particle moves in circle with speed ' v ', the net force on the particle (directed towards center) will be (T represents the tension in the string)

(1) T

(2) $T + \frac{mv^2}{l}$

(3) $T - \frac{mv^2}{l}$ ✓

(4) Zero

165. A 250 - Turn rectangular coil of length 2.1 cm and width 1.25 cm carries a current of 85 μ A and subjected to a magnetic field of strength 0.85 T. Work done for rotating the coil by 180° against the torque is:

(1) 9.1 μ J

(2) 4.55 μ J

(3) 2.3 μ J

(4) 1.15 μ J

$\frac{1}{2} \times 0.85 \times 250 \times 2.1 \times 1.25 \times 10^{-4} \times 85$
 500

166. A spring of force constant k is cut into lengths of ratio 1 : 2 : 3. They are connected in series and the new force constant is k' . Then they are connected in parallel and force constant is k'' . Then $k' : k''$ is:

(1) 1 : 6

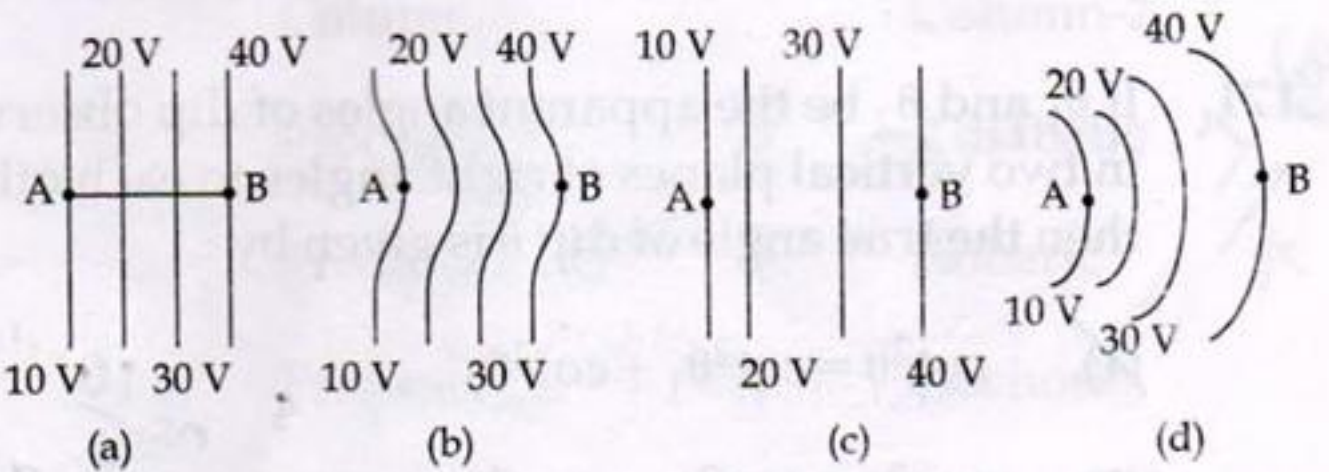
(2) 1 : 9

(3) 1 : 11

(4) 1 : 14

$\frac{5M^2}{R^2} = \frac{M^2 L T^{-2}}{M^2 L^3 T^{-2}}$

167. The diagrams below show regions of equipotentials.



A positive charge is moved from A to B in each diagram.

(1) Maximum work is required to move q in figure (c).

(2) In all the four cases the work done is the same.

(3) Minimum work is required to move q in figure (a).

(4) Maximum work is required to move q in figure (b).

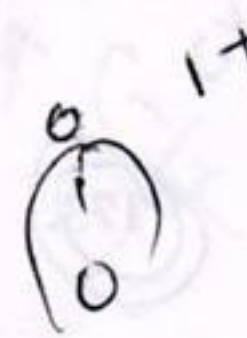
168. Two astronauts are floating in gravitational free space after having lost contact with their spaceship. The two will:

(1) keep floating at the same distance between them.

(2) move towards each other. ✓

(3) move away from each other.

(4) will become stationary.



169. The x and y coordinates of the particle at any time are $x = 5t - 2t^2$ and $y = 10t$ respectively, where x and y are in meters and t in seconds. The acceleration of the particle at $t = 2s$ is:

(1) 0

(2) 5 m/s^2

(3) -4 m/s^2

(4) -8 m/s^2

$5 - 4t$

-4

$4t$

170. Young's double slit experiment is first performed in air and then in a medium other than air. It is found that 8th bright fringe in the medium lies where 5th dark fringe lies in air. The refractive index of the medium is nearly :

- (1) 1.25
- (2) 1.59
- (3) 1.69
- (4) 1.78

Handwritten notes for Q170:

$$y = \frac{nD\lambda}{d}$$

$$y = \frac{9D\lambda}{2d}$$

$$y' = \frac{8D\lambda}{\lambda n}$$

$$\frac{8}{n} = \frac{9}{2}$$

$$n = \frac{8}{9}$$

171. If θ_1 and θ_2 be the apparent angles of dip observed in two vertical planes at right angles to each other, then the true angle of dip θ is given by :

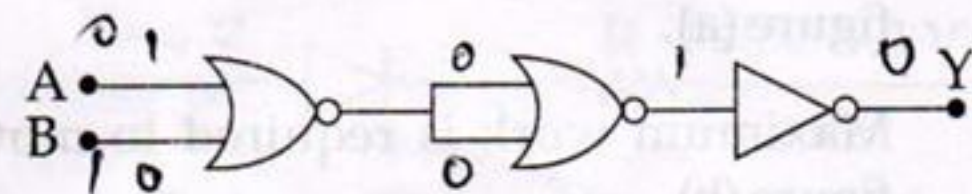
- (1) $\cot^2\theta = \cot^2\theta_1 + \cot^2\theta_2$
- (2) $\tan^2\theta = \tan^2\theta_1 + \tan^2\theta_2$
- (3) $\cot^2\theta = \cot^2\theta_1 - \cot^2\theta_2$
- (4) $\tan^2\theta = \tan^2\theta_1 - \tan^2\theta_2$

Handwritten note for Q171:

$$n = \frac{16}{9} = 1.77$$

172. The given electrical network is equivalent to :

- (1) AND gate
- ~~(2) OR gate~~
- (3) NOR gate
- (4) NOT gate



Handwritten logic derivation for Q172:

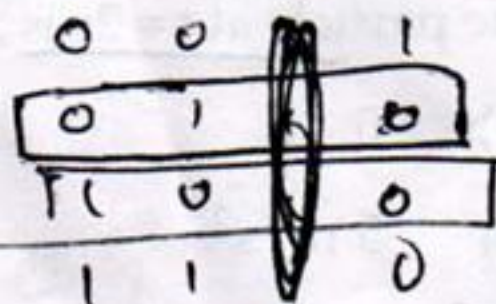
$$\overline{A+B} = \overline{A+B}$$

$$= \overline{A+B}$$

$$= \overline{A+B}$$

173. Suppose the charge of a proton and an electron differ slightly. One of them is $-e$, the other is $(e + \Delta e)$. If the net of electrostatic force and gravitational force between two hydrogen atoms placed at a distance d (much greater than atomic size) apart is zero, then Δe is of the order of [Given mass of hydrogen $m_h = 1.67 \times 10^{-27}$ kg]

- (1) 10^{-20} C
- (2) 10^{-23} C
- (3) 10^{-37} C
- (4) 10^{-47} C



174. In a common emitter transistor amplifier the a.c. signal voltage across the collector is 3 V. The resistance of collector is 3 k Ω . If current gain is 100 and the base resistance is 2 k Ω , the voltage and power gain of the amplifier is :

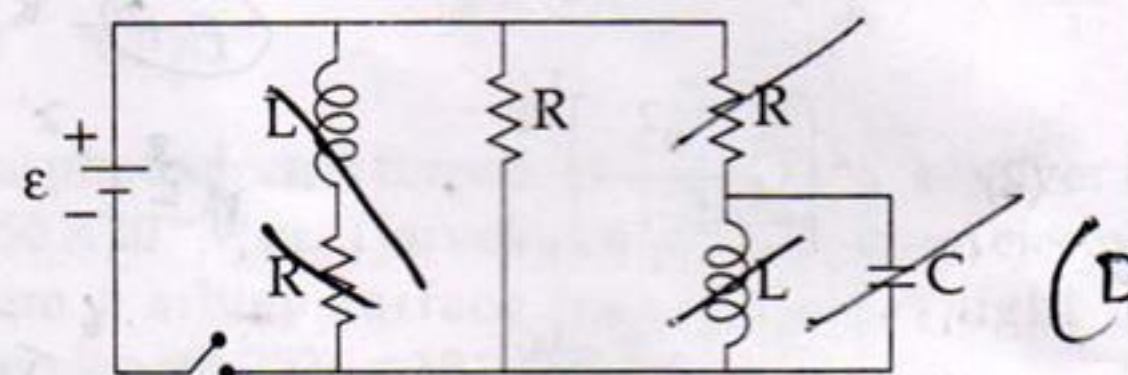
- (1) 200 and 1000
- (2) 15 and 200
- (3) 150 and 15000
- (4) 20 and 2000

Handwritten calculations for Q174:

$$\frac{100 \times 3}{2}$$

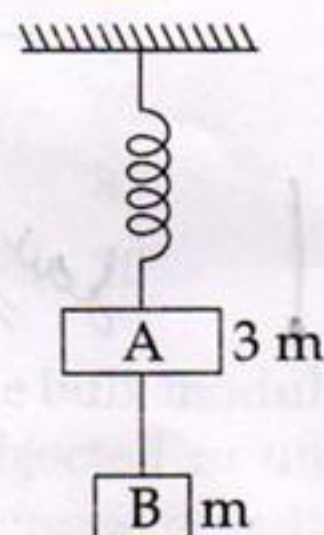
$$150 \times 100$$

175. Figure shows a circuit that contains three identical resistors with resistance $R = 9.0 \Omega$ each, two identical inductors with inductance $L = 2.0$ H each, and an ideal battery with emf $\epsilon = 18$ V. The current 'i' through the battery just after the switch is closed is,.....



- (1) 2 mA
- (2) 0.2 A
- (3) 2 A
- (4) 0 ampere

176. Two blocks A and B of masses 3m and m respectively are connected by a massless and inextensible string. The whole system is suspended by a massless spring as shown in figure. The magnitudes of the accelerations of A and B immediately after the string is cut, are respectively :



- (1) $g, \frac{g}{3}$
- (2) $\frac{g}{3}, g$
- (3) g, g
- (4) $\frac{g}{3}, \frac{g}{3}$

Handwritten calculations for Q176:

$$4mg = 10m$$

$$4mg - 3mg = mg$$

$$\frac{g}{3}$$

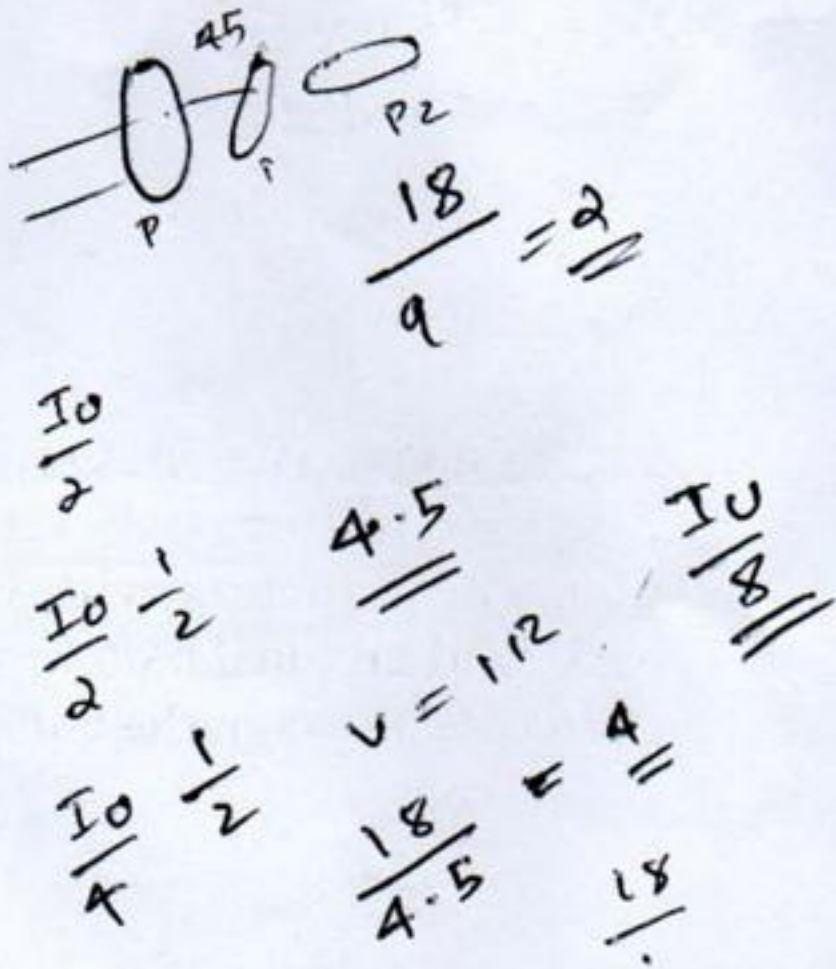
177. Two Polaroids P_1 and P_2 are placed with their axis perpendicular to each other. Unpolarised light I_0 is incident on P_1 . A third polaroid P_3 is kept in between P_1 and P_2 such that its axis makes an angle 45° with that of P_1 . The intensity of transmitted light through P_2 is :

(1) $\frac{I_0}{2}$

(2) $\frac{I_0}{4}$

(3) $\frac{I_0}{8}$

(4) $\frac{I_0}{16}$



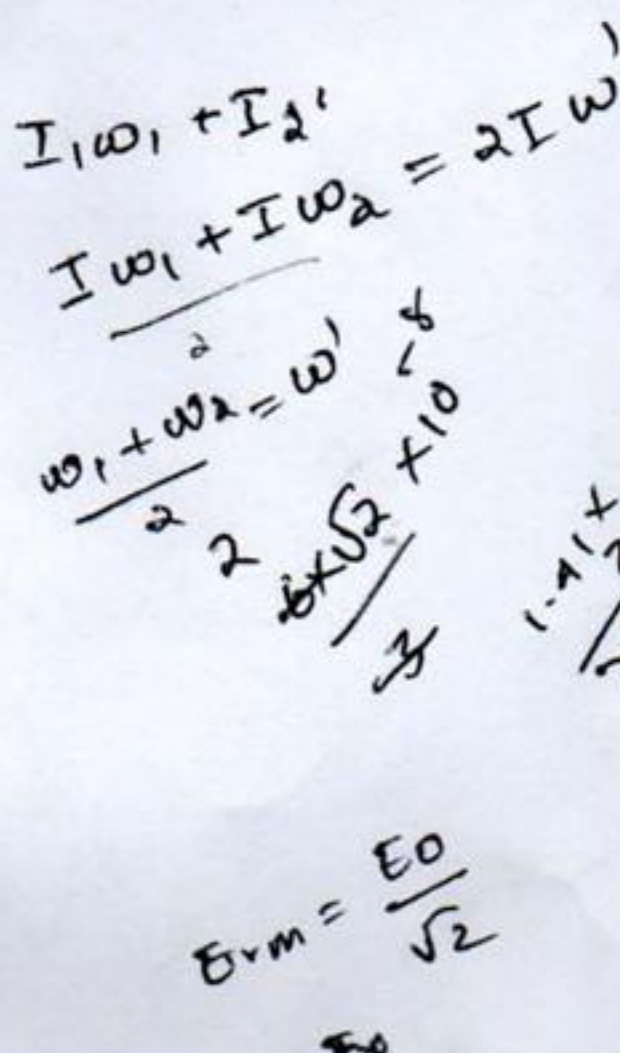
178. Two discs of same moment of inertia rotating about their regular axis passing through centre and perpendicular to the plane of disc with angular velocities ω_1 and ω_2 . They are brought into contact face to face coinciding the axis of rotation. The expression for loss of energy during this process is :

(1) $\frac{1}{2} I (\omega_1 + \omega_2)^2$

(2) $\frac{1}{4} I (\omega_1 - \omega_2)^2$

(3) $I (\omega_1 - \omega_2)^2$

(4) $\frac{1}{8} I (\omega_1 - \omega_2)^2$



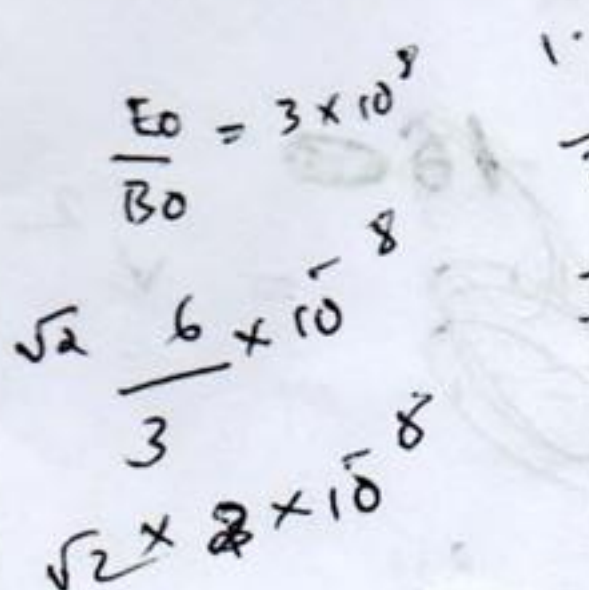
179. In an electromagnetic wave in free space the root mean square value of the electric field is $E_{\text{rms}} = 6\text{V/m}$. The peak value of the magnetic field is :

(1) $1.41 \times 10^{-8} \text{ T}$

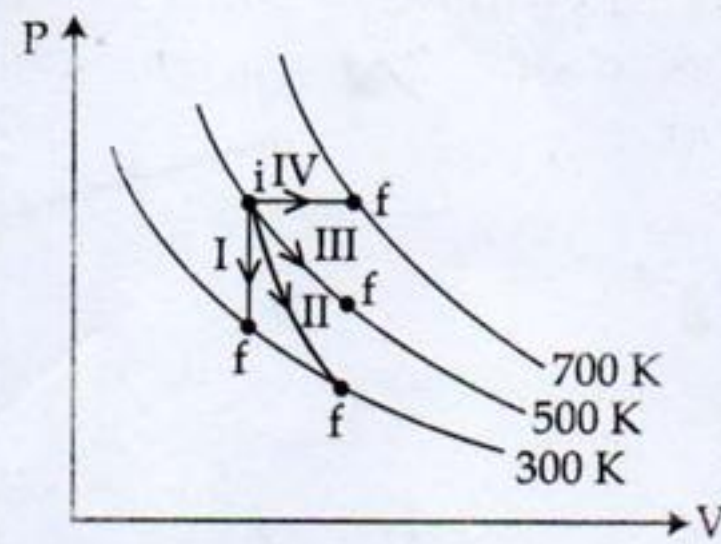
(2) $2.83 \times 10^{-8} \text{ T}$

(3) $0.70 \times 10^{-8} \text{ T}$

(4) $4.23 \times 10^{-8} \text{ T}$



180. Thermodynamic processes are indicated in the following diagram.



Match the following :

Column-1	Column-2
P. Process I	a. Adiabatic
Q. Process II	b. Isobaric
R. Process III	c. Isochoric
S. Process IV	d. Isothermal

(1) P → a, Q → c, R → d, S → b

(2) P → c, Q → a, R → d, S → b

(3) P → c, Q → d, R → b, S → a

(4) P → d, Q → b, R → a, S → c

