

**ENSURE THAT THIS QUESTION BOOKLET CONTAINS 150
QUESTIONS SERIALLY NUMBERED FROM 1 TO 150.
PRINTED PAGES 32.**

1. A patient is found to have a holosystolic murmur on physical examination. With deep inspiration, the intensity of the murmur increases. This is consistent with which of the following?
 - (A) Atrial septal defect
 - (B) Austin flint murmur
 - (C) Chronic mitral regurgitation
 - (D) Carvallo's sign

2. The Bedside Index of Severity in Acute Pancreatitis (BISAP) incorporates all of the following parameters **except**:
 - (A) BUN < 25 mg/dl
 - (B) Pleural effusion on CXR
 - (C) Glasgow Coma Score < 15
 - (D) Age > 60 years

3. "Dawson's fingers" are characteristically described in which of the following?
 - (A) Multi infarct dermatitis
 - (B) Astrocytoma
 - (C) Herpes encephalopathy
 - (D) Multiple sclerosis

4. The tumour marker that is elevated most frequently in carcinoma of the gall bladder is:
 - (A) CA 125
 - (B) CA 19-9
 - (C) Carcino-embryonic antigen (CEA)
 - (D) Alfa fetoprotein

5. Button hole sign is present in:
 - (A) Lesions of tuberous sclerosis
 - (B) Adnexal skin tumors
 - (C) Neurofibromas
 - (D) Atrophodermas

6. Ferriman-Gallwey scoring system is used for:
- (A) Hirsutism
 - (B) PCOD
 - (C) Alopecia
 - (D) Puberty
7. "Heerfordt syndrome" has been described in which of the following illness?

- (A) Sjogren's syndrome
- (B) Polyarteritis nodosa
- (C) Sarcoidosis
- (D) Wegener's granulomatosis

8. The HLA important in Type 1 diabetes mellitus is:

- (A) HLA A3
- (B) HLA B 27
- (C) HLA W 1
- (D) HLA DR 3/DR 4

9. A 30 year old female presents with hypopituitarism, the earliest symptom to appear will be due to deficiency of:

- (A) FSH
- (B) TSH
- (C) LH
- (D) Growth hormone

10. A patient has the following laboratory results: HBsAg is positive, Anti-HBcIgM is positive, and HBeAg is positive. All other serologies are negative. She is diagnosed with acute hepatitis B. When interpreting hepatitis B serology results, the term "window period" refers to the time between which of the following?

- (A) Anti-HBs and anti-HBc positivity
- (B) Clinical symptoms and anti-HBs
- (C) HBsAg and anti-HBs positivity
- (D) HBsAg and HBeAg positivity

Acute

11.

Tuberculous pleural effusion is characterized by all **except**:

- (A) Hemorrhagic effusion
- (B) Pleural fluid LDH more than 60% of that of serum LDH
- (C) Increased deaminase
- (D) Increased mesothelial cells

12.

A patient presented with breathlessness and occasional dry cough. On physical examination, he is found to have bilateral basal crepitations. His pulmonary function tests reveal a decrease in total lung capacity and vital capacity (VC) with normal FEV1/FVC ratio. Which of the following is the most likely diagnosis?

- (A) Chronic bronchitis
- (B) Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis
- (C) Cystic fibrosis
- (D) Allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis

13.

Acoustic tumours are the tumours of:

- (A) Ears
- (B) Muscles
- (C) Nerves
- (D) Spine

14.

Which is not the cause of trophic ulcer ?

- (A) Arterial occlusion
- (B) Multi-vitamin deficiency
- (C) Diabetes
- (D) Leprosy

15.

Which statement of Marjolin's ulcer is not correct?

- (A) It arises in chronic scar
- (B) It is carcinomatous change
- (C) This is a very painful ulcer
- (D) It grows very slowly

16. All statements about thromboangitis obliterates are correct **except**:

- (A) This is occlusion disease of aorta
- (B) This is occlusion disease of small and medium size arteries
- (C) Raynaud's phenomenon can be seen
- (D) Does not occur in females

17. Which statement is true for carcinoma of oesophagus?

- (A) This is mesoblastic in origin
- (B) This is more common in females
- (C) It is normally diagnosed very early because of dysphagia
- (D) Occurs more commonly in males above 60 years

18. Which statement about complications of cirrhosis is correct?

- (A) Can lead to portal hypertension but does not cause oesophageal varices
- (B) Can lead to portal hypertension, oesophageal varices, but does not cause ascites
- (C) Can lead to portal hypertension, oesophageal varices and ascites
- (D) Can lead to portal hypertension, oesophageal varices, ascites and malignant changes

19. Serum amylase levels are useful in diagnosing of:

- (A) Acute pancreatitis
- (B) Acute appendicitis
- (C) Acute cholecystitis
- (D) Acute gastritis

20. Carcinoma of pancreas presents most commonly with:

- (A) Anorexia and non specific weight loss
- (B) Acute stomach pain is the most common symptom
- (C) Black, tarry stools
- (D) Haematemesis

21. Which statement about hernia is not correct?
- (A) Inguinal hernia is the most common type
 (B) Strangulation can occur in inguinal hernia
 (C) Strangulation is rare in femoral hernias
 (D) Surgery is the choice of treatment in strangulated hernia
22. Ascitis is not seen in:
- (A) Malignancy
 (B) Malnutrition and hypoproteinemia
 (C) Tuberculosis
 (D) Crohn's disease
23. Which is the most common complication of measles in children?
- (A) ASOM
 (B) Bronchopneumonia
 (C) Orchitis
 (D) Meningitis
24. Which of the following is the most common inherited malignancy?
- (A) Infantile leukemia
 (B) Retinoblastoma
 (C) Wilm's tumour
 (D) Neuroblastoma
25. The most common presentation of a child with Wilm's tumour is:
- (A) An asymptomatic abdominal mass
 (B) Haematuria
 (C) Hypotension
 (D) Haemoptysis

26. Delayed dentition is most characteristic of:
- (A) Cretinism
 - (B) Mongolism
 - (C) Acromegaly
 - (D) Malnutrition ✓

27. In infants, defecation often follows a meal due to:
- (A) Gastro-ileal reflex
 - (B) Gastro-colic reflux ✓
 - (C) Entero-gastric reflux
 - (D) Infection

28. In leucorrhoea, frothy discharge is characteristics of:
- (A) Trichomoniasis
 - (B) Moniliasis
 - (C) Oestrogen deficiency vaginitis
 - (D) All of the above

29. Which of the following is not a symptom of genital tuberculosis?
- (A) Infertility
 - (B) Blood stained vaginal discharge ✓
 - (C) Fistula formation
 - (D) Cysts in ovaries

30. Which of the following is the most frequently used operation as surgical treatment of stress incontinence?
- (A) Marchetti operation
 - (B) Aldridge operation
 - (C) Anterior colporrhaphy
 - (D) Retropubic vesico-urethropexy

31. In cases of cervical incompetence usually the cervical stitch should be removed at ---- week of pregnancy.

- (A) 36th
- (B) 37th
- (C) 38th
- (D) 39th

32. Which of the following is not a cause of pathological secondary amenorrhoea?

- (A) Cushing's disease
- (B) Hyperthecosis ovary
- (C) Hilus cell tumours of ovary
- (D) Hypertension

33. Requirement of iron in food doubles during pregnancy. Which of the following is that value?

- (A) 25-30 mg
- (B) 20-30 mg
- (C) 35-40 mg
- (D) 10-20 mg

34. Foetal presentation of area is forehead from root of nose and supraorbital ridge to anterior fontanelle and coronal sutures. Foetal neck lies midway between full flexion and full extension in this presentation:

- (A) Face
- (B) Brow
- (C) Biparietal
- (D) Bitemporal

35. Nasal bone formation is normally seen at which week of pregnancy by USG?

- (A) 6th
- (B) 7th
- (C) 10th
- (D) 12th

36. Following is not tested in quad marker screening test in pregnancy (usually at 16-18 weeks)?
- (A) Unconjugated estriol (UE)
 - (B) Alfa fetoprotein (AFP)
 - (C) Inhibin-A
 - (D) Progesterone
37. Which of the following AFI (Amniotic Fluid Index) is diagnostic of polyhydramnios?
- (A) > 8-10
 - (B) > 10-18
 - (C) > 15-20
 - (D) > 20-25
38. 'Retrobulbar neuritis' is the condition affecting:
- (A) Optic nerve head
 - (B) Nerve behind eyeball
 - (C) Fovea centralis
 - (D) Uveal tract
39. 'Uveal tract' is comprised of:
- (A) Bulbar conjunctiva, iris, cornea
 - (B) Cornea, ciliary body, iris
 - (C) Iris, ciliary body, choroids
 - (D) Pupil, lens, cornea
40. Keratoconus is a condition:
- (A) Affecting conjunctiva
 - (B) Affecting cornea which becomes conical
 - (C) Affecting iris, which becomes irregular and conical
 - (D) Subluxation of lens

41. Unequal size of the pupils is termed as:
- (A) Anisometropia
 - (B) Antimetropia
 - (C) Dyscoria
 - (D) Anisocoria
42. Histologically Descemet's membrane is a layer of:
- (A) Opacity of cornea
 - (B) Opacity of lens
 - (C) Opacity of the bulbar conjunctiva
 - (D) Opacity of the vitreous gel
43. Which statement about Erb's palsy is not correct?
- (A) It is traction injury involving C5 C6 roots
 - (B) Difficult delivery is the most common cause
 - (C) Involves C8T1 nerve roots
 - (D) Urgent surgical treatment is the choice of treatment
44. Which of these is not fracture of distal part of radius or ulna?
- (A) Galeazzi fracture
 - (B) Smith fracture
 - (C) Barton fracture
 - (D) Monteggia fracture
45. Which is not true for dislocation of shoulder?
- (A) Very common injury in children
 - (B) Closed reduction is the treatment of choice
 - (C) Posterior dislocation is rare
 - (D) Brachial plexus injury is rarely seen with this injury
46. Rinne test is positive in:
- (A) Normal persons
 - (B) Sensorineural deafness
 - (C) Both A and B
 - (D) Conduction deafness

47. Triad of facial paralysis, swelling of lips and fissured tongue is:
- (A) Melkersson's syndrome
 - (B) Ramsay-Hunt syndrome
 - (C) Bell's palsy
 - (D) None of the above
48. Anterior ethmoidal, septal branch of superior labial, sphenopalatine and greater palatine anastomose to form:
- (A) Keisselbach's plexus
 - (B) Coeliac plexus
 - (C) Woodruff's area
 - (D) Little's area
49. Cholesteatoma is:
- (A) Deposition of cholesterol crystals
 - (B) Tumour of the ear
 - (C) Keratinising squamous epithelium in middle ear
 - (D) Ciliated columnar epithelium in middle ear
50. Which of the following is not a complication of general anaesthesia?
- (A) Cardiovascular collapse
 - (B) Hypoxic brain damage
 - (C) Headache
 - (D) Hyperthermia
51. Asymptomatic, pearly white or pink papules with well defined depressed centre is seen in:
- (A) Pompholyx
 - (B) Herpes zoster
 - (C) Molluscum contagiosum
 - (D) Chicken pox

52. Cicatricial alopecia where hair follicles are destroyed by scarring:

- (A) Pseudopelade
- (B) Hypertrichosis
- (C) Folliculitis decalvans
- (D) Canities

53. When diffuse palmo-plantar keratoderma extend to the dorsum of hands and feet and is associated with variable degree of erythema, it is known as:

- (A) Mal-de-Meleda
- (B) Punctate keratoderma
- (C) Localised keratoderma
- (D) Tylosis

54. Hypopigmented, scaly, perifollicular macules are a feature of:

- (A) Vitiligo
- (B) Pityriasis rosea
- (C) Pityriasis versicolor
- (D) Leprosy

55. Pedunculated papules is a characteristic feature of:

- (A) Neurofibroma
- (B) Molluscum contagiosum
- (C) Plane warts
- (D) Skin tags

56. Commonest psychiatric illness in India is:

- (A) Schizophrenia
- (B) Endogenous depression
- (C) Neurotic depression
- (D) Anxiety neurosis

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57. Delusions in clear consciousness are seen in:
- (A) Schizophrenia ✓
 - (B) Dementia
 - (C) Delirium
 - (D) Neurosis.
58. Which of the following is not a feature of hyperkinetic child?
- (A) Low attention span ✓
 - (B) Low IQ ✓
 - (C) Right to left dissociation
 - (D) Amphetamine is the drug of choice
59. A patient presenting with altered behavior, delusions and hallucination suggest:
- ~~(A) Psychotic disorder~~
 - ~~(B) Confirms schizophrenia~~
 - ~~(C) Korsakoff's psychosis~~
 - ~~(D) Obsessive compulsive neurosis~~
60. Which is most specific of psychosis?
- (A) Pressure of speech
 - (B) Neologism
 - (C) Incoherence
 - (D) Preservation
61. Irresistible urge to move about and increased motor activity is:
- (A) Rabbit's syndrome
 - (B) Malignant neuroleptic syndrome
 - (C) Tardive dyskinesia
 - (D) Akathisia
62. Which of the following tumour is not radiosensitive?
- (A) Melanoma
 - (B) Ewing's sarcoma
 - (C) Lymphoma
 - (D) Multiple myeloma

63. Pancreatic calcification when observed on X-rays is pathognomonic of:

- (A) Acute pancreatitis ✓
- (B) Chronic pancreatitis
- (C) Ca pancreas
- (D) Diabetes mellitus

64. Which of the following is **not** an investigative choice when suspecting renal stone?

- (A) X-ray
- (B) USG
- (C) IVP
- (D) MRI

65. Moth eaten bone is not a feature of:

- (A) Multiple myeloma
- (B) Osteomalacia
- (C) Osteosarcoma
- (D) Osteomyelitis

66. Tongue mapped, with red insular patches; like ringworm on sides is indicative of:

- (A) Taraxum
- (B) Nat mur
- (C) Merc sol
- (D) Lachesis

67. Head sweats profusely while sleeping, wetting pillow far around is **not** found in:

- (A) Calc carb ✓
- (B) Calc phos
- (C) Sanicula ✓
- (D) Silicea ✓

68. Constipation with horribly offensive breath is found in:

- (A) Carbo acid
- (B) Nux vom
- (C) Aloe soc
- (D) Collinsonia can

69. Indolent ulcers, accompanying varicose veins is found in:

- (A) Calc carb
- (B) Calc iod
- (C) Calc phos
- (D) Calc silicata

70. Heartburn with horripilations is symptoms of:

- (A) Nux vomica
- (B) Asafoetida
- (C) Carbo veg
- (D) Calendula

71. Photophobia and excessive lacrymation is found in:

- (A) Conium
- (B) Argentum nit
- (C) ~~Ruta~~
- (D) Silicea

72. Yellow, creamy coating of the tongue and posterior portion of the roof of the mouth is found in:

- (A) Nat phos
- (B) Chelidonium
- (C) Nitric acid
- (D) Phosphorus

73. "Coprophagia" violent mania alternates with silence and a refusal to talk is symptom of:

- (A) Belladonna
- (B) Veratrum alb ✓
- (C) Hyoscyamus ✓
- (D) Cicuta

74. Smarting at the neck of the bladder and penis is found in:

- (A) Cantharis
- (B) Equisetum ✓
- (C) Sarsaparilla
- (D) Ferrum pic ✓

75. Love of approbation is very characteristics feature of:

- (A) Platina
- (B) Phosphorus
- (C) Palladium ✓
- (D) Plumbum met

76. Child has a sour odour despite careful washing is symptom of:

- (A) Cina ✓
- (B) Abrotanum ✓
- (C) Aethusa cyn ✓
- (D) Sulphuric acid

77. Convulsions with consciousness is found in:

- (A) Bufo rana
- (B) Cicuta ✓
- (C) Hyoscyamus
- (D) Nux vomica

78. "Wake Robin" is a common name of:

- (A) Sulphur
- (B) Thuja
- (C) Symphytum
- (D) Trillium pendulum

79. "Foxglove" is a common name of:

- (A) Dioscorea
- (B) Dulcamara
- (C) Cyclamen
- (D) Digitalis

80. Phthisis florida, often effects a cure if given in the early stages of disease:

- (A) Theridion
- (B) Thlasi bursa pastoris
- (C) Terebinth
- (D) Rhus tox

81. Acute or chronic diseases from unusual or long continued mental exertion:

- (A) Ignatia
- (B) Argentum nitricum
- (C) Natrum mur
- (D) Gelsemium

82. Painless cholera morbus, cholera infantum is found in:

- (A) Cuprum met
- (B) Croton tig
- (C) Podophyllum
- (D) Phosphorus

83. Drawing pain through the chest from breast to scapula, of same side every time the child nurses is indicative of:

- (A) Bryonia
- (B) Phytolacca
- (C) Croton tig
- (D) Rhus tox

84. When the patient from the first seems doomed, and the most carefully selected remedies fail to relieve or permanently improve, is indicative of:

- (A) Diphtherinum ✓
- (B) Psorinum
- (C) Nux vomica
- (D) Pulsatilla

85. Cannot speak without weeping is found in:

- (A) Ignatia
- (B) Medorrhinum ✓
- (C) Gelsemium
- (D) Lilium tig

86. Which among the following can be thought of in amnesic aphasia?

- (A) Kali brom and Plumbum met ✓
- (B) Alumina and Kali brom
- (C) Opium and Alumina
- (D) Plumbum met and Stannum met

87. Which of the following statements is not correct?

- (A) In Euphrasia, excessive lacrimation during cough and cough only in day time ✓
- (B) Phytolacca, entire indifference to life, sure she will die
- (C) In Picric acid, headache improved with mental exertion
- (D) In Thuja, vertigo when eyes closed

88. Who introduced Hypericum in homoeopathy?

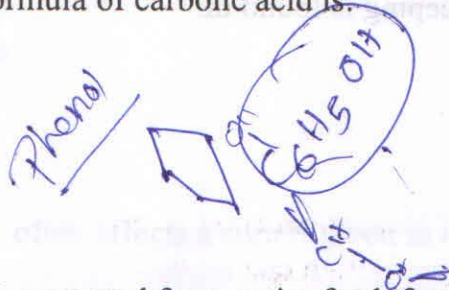
- (A) Muller
- (B) Hahnemann ✓
- (C) Hering ✓
- (D) Kent

89. Which remedy should be given when Arsenic album or the best selected remedy fails to relieve the burning pain of carbuncle or malignant ulceration?

- (A) Pyrogen
- (B) Cantharis
- (C) Sulphur
- (D) Anthracinum

90. The chemical formula of carbolic acid is:

- (A) $C_{10}H_{16}O$
- (B) C_6H_5OH
- (C) $C_6H_5NO_2$
- (D) $C_3H_5N_3O_9$



91. Which remedy is prepared from entire fresh fungus, found in dry pine woods?

- (A) Secale cor
- (B) Ustilago maydis
- (C) Agaricus musc
- (D) Ambra grisea

92. Intense sleeplessness of irritable, excitable persons from business embarrassment, often imaginary, is the symptom of:

- (A) Phosphorus
- (B) Nux vomica
- (C) Hyoscyamus niger
- (D) Belladonna

93. Before appearance of menses rash appears on skin is a symptom of:

- (A) Dulcamara
- (B) Nat mur
- (C) Sepia
- (D) Urtica urens

94. The bad effects of Ignatia are antidoted by:
- (A) Nux vom
 - (B) Pulsatilla ✓
 - (C) Sulphur
 - (D) Nat mur
95. Anxiety about the heart as if some evil was impending is the symptom of:
- (A) Melilotus
 - (B) Lobelia infolata
 - (C) Crataegus
 - (D) Menyanthes ✓
96. In a case of acute tonsillitis, patient complains of severe pain in throat better by swallowing solids. This symptom qualifies as:
- (A) Mental symptom
 - (B) Paradoxical symptom
 - (C) Common symptom
 - (D) General symptom
97. The first phase of biological response to a drug is known as:
- (A) Primary action
 - (B) Secondary curative action
 - (C) Secondary counter action
 - (D) Alternating action
98. Tendency to cyst formation in different parts of body is:
- (A) Negative general
 - (B) Accidental general
 - (C) Absolute general
 - (D) Pathological general
99. A patient of rheumatoid arthritis was prescribed Bryonia in potency, Formica rufa in mother tincture and Rhus tox ointment for local application. This method of prescribing is referred as:
- (A) Unicist homoeopathy
 - (B) Electro homoeopathy
 - (C) Tautopathy
 - (D) Polypragmasy

100. Vomiting from least exposure to smell of cooking food is described as:

- (A) Idiosyncrasy
- (B) Metaschematism
- (C) Potentisation
- (D) Atavism

101. The dosage of Peruvian bark taken by Hahnemann during Cinchona bark experiment of 1790 was:

- (A) Cinchona in LM potency
- (B) One drachm of good China once daily
- (C) Cinchona officinalis 200C once daily
- (D) Four drachms of good China twice a day

102. Which of the following is an objective symptom?

- (A) Bursting headache
- (B) Koplik's spots in measles
- (C) Formication
- (D) Causalgia in peripheral neuritis

103. Who among the following was translator of fifth edition of Organon of Medicine?

- (A) Boenninghausen
- (B) Richard Hughes
- (C) Wesselhoef
- (D) Hering

104. Previous treatment history of patient is an important determining factor in:

- (A) Epistemology
- (B) Posology
- (C) Galvanism
- (D) Mesmerism

105. Crotalus horridus in yellow fever is an example of:

- (A) Heteropathy
- (B) Pluralistic homoeopathy
- (C) Mesmerism
- (D) Pathotropism

The following five questions (Q. No. 106-110) consist of two statements, one labelled as the 'Assertion (S)' and the other as 'Reason (R)'. You are to examine these two statements carefully and select the answers to these items using the code given below.

Codes

- (A) Both S and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of S.
- (B) Both S and R are individually true but R is not the correct explanation of S.
- (C) S is false but R is true.
- (D) S is true but R is false.

106. Assertion (S). Acute mental and emotional diseases almost always arise from internal psora.

Reason (R). Acute mental and emotional diseases should immediately be treated with antipsoric remedies.

107. Assertion (S). During drug proving, all salads and medicinal herb soups should be regularly taken.

Reason (R). Diet should be purely nutrition and of simple character during drug proving.

108. Assertion (S). A slight alteration in the diet and regimen is sufficient to dispel indisposition.

Reason (R). Indisposition is not a developed disease.

109. Assertion (S). Kent's eleventh observation demands change of medicine.

Reason (R). Old symptoms are observed to reappear in Kent's eleventh observation.

110. Assertion (S). Hahnemann recommended homoeopathic medicine to be dissolved in water and given in proper small dose in sixth edition of Organon.

Reason (R). Medicine dissolved in water is far more effective.

S. True
R. True
Correct explanation

S. False
R. True

111. The process of evolution of disease and its description is described as:

- (A) Lexicography ✓
- (B) Chromatography ✓
- (C) Nosography ✓
- (D) Calligraphy ✓

112. Accessory symptom of disease appears during the treatment of:

- (A) Acute sporadic disease
- (B) One sided disease ✓
- (C) Surgical disease ✓
- (D) Acute epidemic disease

113. Which of the following statement is / are true regarding Materia peccans?

1. It means material cause of disease ✓
2. It was a Materia Medica developed by Hahnemann ✓
3. Homoeopathy believes in the concept of Materia peccans ✓

- (A) 1 only ✓
- (B) 2 only
- (C) 1 and 2
- (D) 2 and 3

114. Which of the following Kent's observation is suggestive of poor prognosis?

- (A) 1st ✓
- (B) 3rd ✓
- (C) 4th ✓
- (D) 11th ✓

115. Doctrine of vital force was introduced in which edition of Organon of Medicine?

- (A) 2nd
- (B) 3rd ✓
- (C) 5th ✓
- (D) 6th

116. Biphasic activity of medicine is:

- (A) Fluxion potency
- (B) Isopathic mode of drug action
- (C) Symptom of latent psora
- (D) Dose dependent reverse phenomenon

117. Which of the following qualifies as acute individual disease?

- (A) Lichen planus
- (B) Severe pain in abdomen after overeating
- (C) Dislocation of right shoulder joint
- (D) Dengue epidemic

118. A patient was prescribed Hypericum for complaint of coccydynia after fall on coccyx. Which of the following statement is true in above case?

1. This method of prescribing is called aetiopathism
2. It is antipathic method of prescription
3. Aetiological prescribing is condemned in homoeopathy

- (A) 1 only
- (B) 1 and 2
- (C) 1 and 3
- (D) 2 and 3

119. Match the following:

- | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---|----------------|
| I | Nosodes | a | P. Schmidt |
| II | Fifty millesimal scale of potencies | b | C. Hering |
| III | Doctrine of analogy | c | Boenninghausen |

- (A) I-a, II-b, III-c
- (B) I-c, II-b, III-a
- (C) I-a, II-c, III-b
- (D) I-b, II-a, III-c

120. Anti-toxic drug action refers to action of drug in:
- (A) Tertiary action of drug
 - (B) Polypharmacy
 - (C) Action of drug in dilution form that is opposite to its action in substantial dose
 - (D) Placebo effect

121. Homoeopathic cure occurs during which action of medicine?

- (A) Primary action
- (B) Secondary action
- (C) Alternate action
- (D) Conjoint action

122. Concept on inductive logic was propagated by:

- (A) Aristotle
- (B) Dunham
- (C) Lord Bacon
- (D) Galen

123. Psychological counselling of a patient that relieves suffering brought upon by psychological exciting factor is designated by Hahnemann as:

- (A) Moral remedy
- (B) Cryotherapy
- (C) Palliation
- (D) Iatrogenesis

124. The most important sign of commencing improvement in a patient is:

- (A) Increase of complaints of patient
- (B) Progression of local pathology
- (C) Appearance of skin eruptions
- (D) State of mind and whole demeanour of the patient

125. Match the following symptoms to their corresponding miasms:

- | | | | |
|-----|--------------------|---|--------------|
| I | Desire sweet | a | Syphilis |
| II | Desire beer | b | Sycosis |
| III | Desire cold things | c | Psora |
| IV | Craves meat | d | Pseudo psora |

- (A) I-b, II-d, III-a, IV-c
(B) I-a, II-d, III-c, IV-d ✓
(C) I-d, II-c, III-a, IV-b
(D) I-c, II-b, III-a, IV-d ✓

126. Repertory of Comparative Materia Medica by Lippe was published in the year?

- (A) 1853
(B) 1854 ✓
(C) 1855
(D) 1856

127. "Person; in habit of reporting against others in order to disgrace, defame them" signifies the rubric:

- (A) Meddlesome
(B) Frivolous
(C) Slander, disposition ✓
(D) Jestng

128. Kent's Repertory is based on which logic?

- (A) Deductive
(B) Inductive ✓
(C) Both
(D) None

129. Remedy for "eccentricity" given in Kent's Repertory:

- (A) Verat alb
(B) Coffea ✓
(C) Helleborus
(D) Stramonium

130. The study of evolution of the person from birth till the present state is known as:

- (A) Longitudinal section study
- (B) Cross sectional study
- (C) Both
- (D) None of the above

131. Potential differential field is:

- (A) Conceptual image + reportorial totality
- (B) Conceptual image - reportorial totality
- (C) Reportorial syndrome
- (D) Essential evolutionary totality

132. Symptoms with location, sensation and characteristic modalities signifies:

- (A) Fix general totality
- (B) Acute totality
- (C) Sector totality
- (D) None of the above

133. Doctrine of grand generalization is also known as:

- (A) Doctrine of concomitant
- (B) Doctrine of concordance
- (C) Doctrine of analogy
- (D) All of the above

134. Number of chapters in Boenninghausen Therapeutic Pocket Book are:

- (A) 5
- (B) 7
- (C) 9
- (D) 11

135. How many grades of symptoms are used by Boger in his repertory?

- (A) 2
- (B) 3
- (C) 4
- (D) 5

136. The total number of remedies in BBCR are:

- (A) 364
- (B) 455
- (C) 657
- (D) 478

657

137. RADAR is:

- (A) Rapid Aid to Drug Aimed Research
- (B) Rapid Aid to Disease Aimed Research
- (C) Rapid Aid to Disease and Drug Aimed Research
- (D) None of the above

138. In Knerr Repertory, double thick black vertical lines means:

- (A) Symptoms verified by cure
- (B) Symptoms repeatedly verified
- (C) Observations
- (D) Cross references

139. Thematic Repertory was published by:

- (A) Roger van Zandvoort
- (B) Kulnker
- (C) Kent
- (D) Mirrili

140. Gentry concordance repertory is a type of:

- (A) Puritan Repertory
- (B) Clinical Repertory
- (C) Logical Utilitarian Repertory
- (D) None of the above

141. Quid signifies:

- (A) Personality ✓
- (B) Seat of the disease
- (C) Disease, its nature and peculiarity ✓
- (D) Time

142. Rubric "lassitude" can be located in which chapter of Kent's Repertory?

- (A) Mind
- (B) Generalities
- (C) Back
- (D) Sleep

143. Rubric "fanned, desire to be" belongs to which chapter of BBCR?

- (A) Sensations and complaints in general
- (B) Mind
- (C) Fever-heat
- (D) Aggravations and amelioration

144. A female patient comes to you and after taking case first rubric that you want to select from BBCR is the one which has medicines having affinity for females. Which chapter would you refer to?

- (A) Female genitalia
- (B) Sensation and complaints in general
- (C) Mind
- (D) Aggravation and amelioration in general

145. Rubric "tumour malignant on neck" can be located in which chapter of Kent's Repertory?

- (A) Back
- (B) Neck
- (C) Throat
- (D) Generalities

146. "Eruptions, phagedenic" means:

- (A) Corroding
- (B) Emphysematous
- (C) Serpiginous
- (D) Horny

147. A patient complains of pain in ankle which is shooting upwards till knee. Looking at his complaint, selection of rubric "direction of pain" can be suitably found in which chapter of BBCR?

- (A) Extremities
- (B) Aggravation and amelioration in general
- (C) Sensations and complaints in general
- (D) Both B and C

148. A patient comes to a physician and it is observed that he is lipsing. What does that mean?

- (A) Panting for breath
- (B) Unintelligible speech
- (C) Biting lips
- (D) Moaning with pain

149. Which statement out of the following is true for chapter on respiration in BBCR?

- (A) There are no modalities subchapter
- (B) There is one modality subchapter having both aggravation and amelioration together
- (C) There are three modalities subchapters
- (D) There is no chapter on respiration

150. Rubric "uncovers his genitalia" belongs to which chapter of BBCR?

- (A) Mind
- (B) Genitals
- (C) Sensation and complaint in general
- (D) No such rubric

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