

PART A [10*2=20 MARKS]

- Q1) a) State Ampere's circuital law and discuss what it was modified to include the displacement current?
b) What is meant by polarization in dielectric materials?
- c) What ferries materials?
d) What are spontaneous and stimulated emissions?
- e) Distinguish between a step-index fibre and graded-index fibre.
f) Explain simultaneity in relativity.
- g) Write Lorentz' transformation equations.
h) State Moseley's law.
- i) What do you mean by matter waves?
j) Write the formula for variation of magnetic field intensity with temperature.

PART B [10*8=80 MARKS]

- Q2) State and prove Gauss's law. Find electric field due to an infinitely long charged cylinder at an external point. Also show the variation of electric field intensity with distance.
- Q3) Discuss Dia magnetism and write their properties.
- Q4) Establish the relation between Einstein's coefficients. Explain the energy level diagram for ruby and He-Ne lasers.
- Q5)(a) What is optical fibre cable? Explain the basic theory of propagation of light in fibre.
(b) An optical fibre has a Numerical Aperture of 0.20 and a cladding refractive index of 1.59. Determine the acceptance angle for the fibre in water which has a refractive index 1.33
- Q6)(a) If T is the relativistic Kinetic Energy of a particle of rest mass m_0 then show that: $T^2 + 2m_0c^2 T = p^2c^2$
(b) A particle of mass M disintegrates while at rest into parts having masses of $M/2$ and $M/4$. Show that the relativistic Kinetic Energies of the parts are $3Mc^2/32$ and $5Mc^2/32$, respectively.
- Q7)(a) State the derive Bragg's law. Write its applications in crystallography.
(b) The mass absorption coefficient for aluminum for X-rays having wave length 0.32 Å is 0.6 cm²/gm. If the density of aluminum is 2.7 gm/cm³, find the thickness of the absorber needed to cut down the intensity of the beam to 1/20 of the initial value.
- Q8) Discuss harmonic oscillator in quantum mechanics. Define energy eigen values for it. Does it explain the tunneling phenomena for a particle in a box?
- Q9) What is superconductivity? What are the differences between Type 1 and type 2 superconductors? A type 1 superconductor with $T_c=7K$ has slope $(dB_c/dY=-25mT/K)$ at T_c . Estimate its critical field at 6K.