

2008-CALICUT UNIVERSITY
B. TECH V SEMESTER DEGREE EXAMINATION
ELECTRICAL MACHINES-II
(ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING)

TIME-3HOUR
MARKS-100

ANSWER FULL QUESTIONS

SECTION A 8*5=40 MARKS

- I. (a) Draw the load characteristics of an Alternator for different PF.
- (b) Describe the effect of sudden short circuit in an Alternator.
- (c) Sketch the 'O' curve and briefly discuss the use of it.
- (d) Discuss the use of synchronoscope.
- (e) Draw the phasor diagram of a 3-phase Induction motor.
- (f) Explain cogging and crawling.
- (g) List out the different speed control techniques of 3-phase induction motor and compare.
- (h) Sketch the 2-pole machine representation of a synchronous machine with and without damper windings.

SECTION B 4*15=60 MARKS

- II. (a) Based on two reaction theory draw and explain the phasor diagrams of a salient pole. Alternator supplying loads at UPF lagging pf.
- Or
- (b) Define voltage regulation of an Alternator. Explain the effect of load pf on voltage regulation.
- III. (a) Explain how the active and reactive power delivery of synchronous generator on infinite bus are varied.
- Or
- (b) Describe the laboratory method of obtaining *V and inverted *V curves of a synchronous motor.
- IV. (a) Draw and explain the power stages diagram of a 3-phase Induction motor. Also write the relation between copper loss in rotor, slip and input power to the rotor.
- Or
- (b) Explain the procedure for the construction of circle diagram and explain how will you obtain the maximum torque from the circle diagram.
- V. (a) With the aid of diagrams explain the principle of the following methods to speed control of 3-phase Induction motor:
- (i) Variable frequency;
- (ii) Pole changing.
- Or
- (b) With a neat sketch explain the slip power recovery scheme of a 2-phase slip ring Induction motor.