	NSIZ4Q	0
	SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – I (2014-15) SOCIAL SCIENCE	
	Class – X	
	Time allowed : 3 hoursMaximum Marks : 90General Instructions :	
	 (i) The question paper has 30 questions in all. All questions are compulsory. (ii) Marks are indicated against each question. 	
	 (iii) Questions from serial number 1 to 8 are very short answer type questions. Each question carries one mark. (i) A series one mark. 	
	 (iv) Questions from serial number 9 to 21 are 3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each. (v) Questions from serial number 22 to 20 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these 	
	 (v) Questions from serial number 22 to 29 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 100 words each. (vi) Question number 30 is man question of 3 marks from Geography. After completion 	
	(vi) Question number 30 is map question of 3 marks from Geography. After completion, attach the maps inside your answer book.	
1	Name the Italian who re-interpreted the message of Bible ? OR	1
	Which novel supplied the adventurous text for the young English population ?	1
2	Which hover supplied the adventurous text for the young English population? Which term is used for grouping of small land holdings into a bigger one ?	1
3	Name the major religion of Sri Lanka.	1
	Which local body looks after the basic civic amenities in big cities ?	1
4		
5	Identify the South-Asian country where majoritarianism is in practice.	1
6 7	What is the intention of the government in raising money through taxes ? What is the aim of sustainable development ?	1
8	In 2004, India came in the category of which income group?	1
9	"The pre - modern world changed with the discovery of new sea routes to America". Support the statement with three suitable examples.	3
	OR	
	Why did industrial production in India increase during the First World War ? Give any three reasons	3
	OR	
	Explain any three features of Chawls of (Mumbai) Bombay.	3
10	Explain any three causes which led to the decline of Indian cotton textiles in early nineteenth century.	3
	OR	
	Explain the relationship developed between the town and the countryside of Europe before industrialization.	3
	OR	
	Why was the development of underground railway in London criticized ? Explain any three reasons.	3
11	What were the limitations of hand written manuscripts in India ? Explain.	3
	OR	2
10	Describe the growth of Hindi novels from their origin to the period of excellence.	3
12	Explain the reasons favouring shift from hand printing to mechanical printing in China.	3
	OR	
	Highlight any three contributions of novel to modern society.	3
13	Why is it essential to have resource planning ? Explain any three reasons.	3
14	Explain any three factors responsible for the depletion of flora and fauna in India ?	3

15	Mention geographical conditions required for tea cultivation.	3
16	How has the Panchayati Raj strengthened the democracy in India? Express your views.	3
17	Taking example of Carlos, Smith and Peter Norman, analyse how do social differences divides similar people from one another, but also unite very different people.	3
18	Describe any three 'majoritarian measures' taken by Sri Lankan Government.	3
19	Occupational distribution of work force (%)	3
	Year Primary Sector Secondary Sector Tertiary Sector	
	1951 72.1 10.7 17.2	
	(Source economic survey 2001) On the basis of the above table, answer the following questions.	
	(i) Why is more number of people occupied in the primary sector ?	
	(i) What has been the percentage increase of workforce in the secondary sector in the last 50 years	
	(iii) Why has the work force shown a decline in the primary sector ?	
20	Why is agriculture an activity of unorganised sector in India? Explain.	3
21	Explain any three criteria used by Human Development Report to classify various countries.	3
21		
22	What attracted the Europeans to Africa ? Mention any three methods used to recruit and retain the	5
	African labourers.	
	OR	
	How did the First World War create a dramatically new situation in Indian industries ? Explain	5
	OR	
	Explain the position of women in Britain in the 19 th century.	5
23	"Print not only stimulated the publication of conflicting opinions amongst communities, but it also connected communities and people in different parts of India." Examine the statement.	5
	OR	
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	Who wrote 'Saraswativijayam' ? Explain with example as to how it stresses the importance of education in the lower caste.	3
24	Examine major problems caused by indiscriminate use of resources.	5
25	Why is the ethnic composition of Belgium very complex? Explain.	5
26	What is meant by overlapping of social differences ? Explain with the help of examples.	5
27	What is secularism? Explain any four constitutional provisions that make India a secular state.	5
28	Describe the historical changes in the economic sectors over the last hundred years.	5
29	Compare the employment conditions prevailing in the organised and the unorganised sectors.	5
30	 (a) One item A is shown in the given political outline map of India. Identify this item with the help of following information and write its Correct name on the line marked on the map. (A) Type of soil 	3
	(b) On the same political outline map of India, locate and label the following items with appropriate symbols	

(B) Sariska Wildlife sanctuary

(C) Salal Dam

Note : The following questions are for the visually impaired Candidates only in lieu of Q. No. 30

- (30.1) What type of soil is found in Jammu and Kashmir ?
- (30.2) In which state is sariska Wildlife sanctuary located ?
- (30.3) In which state is salal dam located ?

