

century. Comment

Time:3 hrs

ITL Public School

Summative Assessment 1(2014-15)

Date: 22.09.2014 Class: VIII

Social Science(Set -A)

M.M: 90

General Instructions: 1. All the questions are compulsory 2. Read the question paper carefully. 3. Attempt all parts of a question together. 4. Questions from serial numbers. 1 to 9 are 1 mark question. **5.** Questions 10 to 21 are 3 marks questions 6. Question 22 to 29 are 5 marks each 7. Map question carries 5 marks. 1 Name the Englishman who devised the new system of Mahalwari. 1 2 Who am I? I am a religious group that was persecuted during Hitler's Germany? 3 Which law was passed by France in February 2004? 4 How many constituencies are currently there in India? 5 If the President has to resign, to whom will he send his resignation? How many elected & nominated members are there in the Rajya Sabha? 6 1 7 Uranium found in Ladakh can be categorized under which type of natural resource? 1 8 Kabir lives in a village of Himachal Pradesh and finds difficulty in cropping the land as it is prone to soil erosion. Suggest one way so that he can overcome this problem. 9 Where will you find the world's oldest rocks. 1 10 Does the slave trade still exist in South Africa? Give at least two probable reasons for your answer. 1+2=33 11 What were the problems faced under the 'nij' cultivation? 12 Enumerate any three economic causes for the Revolt of 1857. 3 The revolt which began as a' sepoy mutiny' become a popular rebellion? Evaluate. 13 3 Write a short note on "water supply as a part fundamental Right to Life". 3 What are public facilities? Mention its important characteristics? 1+2=3Discuss the objectives laid down by the Constitution of India for a secular state? 3 16 Do you think reservation for 'dalits' and 'women' in India has helped in uplifting their position in the society? Is there a need to continue with the reservation policy in the current scenario? Give reasons to support your answer The nationalist movement supported the idea that all the adults have a right to vote. Justify. 18 3 What is a resource? Why is there a need to conserve resources? 1+2=319 1+2=320 What are landslides? State any two mitigation mechanism for landslides. 21 Differentiate between natural gas and bio gas. There was a lot of competition amongst the European companies during the 17th century and 18th 22 2+3=5

23	What gave the peasants the power to rebel?	5
24	Recall and write down the consequences of the revolt of 1857.	5
25	In what ways is the Indian secularism different from that of other democratic countries?	5
26	Carefully study the pictures given below and answer the questions	2+2+1=5
	Figure 1 Figure 2	
	a. What in your view is similar and what is the difference in Figure 1 and Figure 2	
	b. What is the reason for such situations.	
	c. Do you think that government must assume all the responsibility for public facilities when it can	
	get the private companies to do a part of job?	
27	a. When can people make best use of nature?	2+3=5
	b. An object or a substance becomes a resource when it has a value. Support the statement giving suitable examples.	
28	a. Has your place or any other place in your city undergone a change in the land use pattern in the	3+2=5
	recent years. Give at least two reasons responsible for changes in the land use pattern.	
	b. State a few steps that can be taken to conserve land.	
29	Define' Mineral'. Discuss the distribution of minerals.	1+4=5
30	On a political map of India show the British territory expansion in 1797.	2
	On the same map show any one city annexed under Doctrine of Lapse.	
31	On a political map of world locate the country with:	3

• largest production of tin.

a country where tidal energy was harnessed.

a country which leads in the production of coal