

Geography
CLASS X

MM: 50
1.5 hrs

Time allowed:

Q1. What is a national park?

2

Q2. Name the states where Marmagao, New Mangalore, Paradip, Tuticorin ports are located.

2

Q3. Distinguish between anthracite and bituminous coal giving two points of difference. 2

Q4. Classify industries on the basis of raw material.

2

Q5. Wheat and rice are fairly different from each other. Discuss.

3

Q6. Give an account of Synthetic fibers under the headings:

(a) Raw material (b) advantages (c) Distribution

5

Q7. Describe the impact of globalization on agriculture in India.

3

Q8. Coal is an exhaustible resource. There is a great need to conserve it. Suggest measures to conserve it.

3

Q9. Assess the factors that control the distribution pattern of railways network in India. 3

Q10. Name three states, which are known, for production of Mica. What are conventional sources of energy? List their advantages and disadvantages. 5

Q11. How is alluvial soil formed? How is banded alluvial different from Khadar.

4

Q12. How are forests useful to man? Name the states, which have more than 60% of area under forests. 5

Q13. What is watershed development?

3

Q 14. On the outline map of India locate the following:

3

1 River Narmada

2 Sunderbans

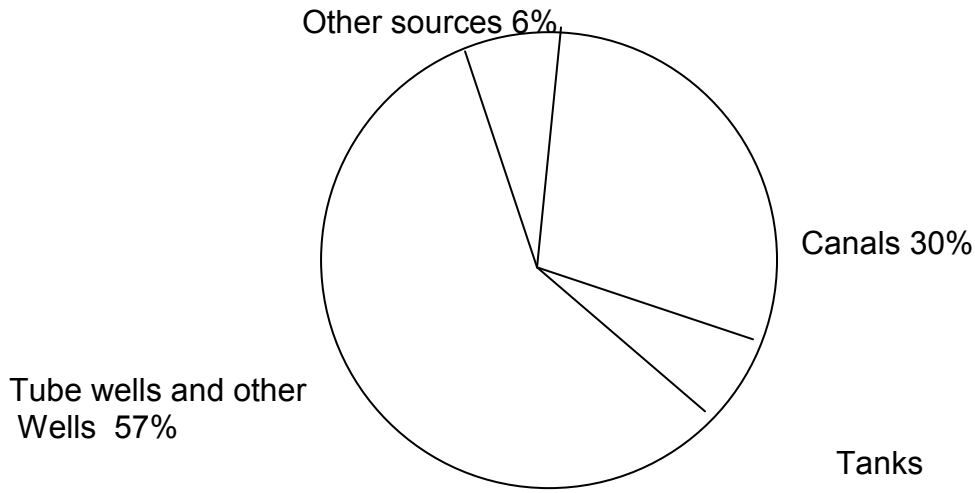
3 Bokaro

4 Nellore

5 Longest pipeline in India.

6 Coffee producing areas.

Q15. Study the diagram and answer the following questions:



- (a) Which is the second most important source of irrigation in India.
- (b) In which part of the country do we use this source of irrigation? Give one reason for the same.
- (c) Why is irrigation necessary in India? 5

- Q What are international highways? Name one such Highway. 2
- Q Distinguish between private sector enterprises and public sector enterprises. 2
- Q Distinguish between Dry and Wet agriculture. 2

Q Name four important cotton textile centers of Maharashtra. 2

Q. Why is sugar industry shifting to southern India. 4

Q Q How do non-conventional sources of energy excel over other sources of energy? 4

What does resource-planning mean? What are its three stages? 4

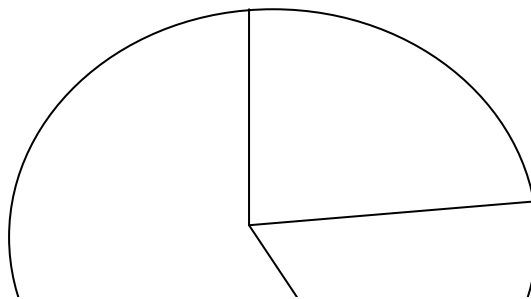
Q. Analyse the technological and instt reforms that gave birth to green revolution. 6

Q Give the importance of animal husbandry. 4

Q Why is transport a necessity? 3

Q Classify resources on the basis of availability and origin. 4

Q Study the following pie chart and answer the following answers.



GEOGRAPHY
Chpt # 2

Q. How are forests useful to us?	4
Q. Classify forests –	3
(a) For the purpose of administration.	
(b) On the basis of density	
Q (a) Differentiate between forest cover and forest area.	6
(b) Give the distribution of forests in India.	
(c) What are the effects of depletion of forests?	
Q What is National Forest Policy? What are its objectives?	3
Q Give the natural habitat of:	2
Lion, Rhinoceros,	
Elephant, Bengal Tiger.	
Q What steps has the govt taken to conserve wild life?	3
Q (a) What are the different sources of water?	6
(b) What are the uses of water?	
Q Write a note on watershed development.	2
Q What are the objectives of rainwater harvesting?	3
Q What are the different sources of irrigation in India?	3

GEOGRAPHY
LAND USE AND SOIL RESOURCES

Q1 On what basis can resources be classified?	2
Q2 What are the factors which affect the formation of soil?	2
Q3 What is resource development?	2
Q 4 What is resource planning? What are the three stages of resource planning?	4

Q4 why do we need to conserve the recourses? What steps can be taken for the same? 3

Q5 Name the soil that is most widespread in India. Give its features.4

Q6 differentiate between 4

(1) Red soil and black soil

(2) Renewable and non renewable resources

Q7 What is soil erosion? What measures can be taken for the conservation of soil? 4

Q8 Study the table and answer the questions.

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