EDUMATE



Journalism



Government of Kerala DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

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Foreword

Dear Teacher,

With regards,

Dr. J. Prasad Director

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WRITING FOR MAGAZINES

Learning Outcomes

- 1.1 Discover the characteristics of Magazine
- 1.2 Compare the difference between a newspaper and a magazine
- 1.3 Write a magazine article
- 1.4 Discuss various magazine writing styles
- 1.5 Identify the contents of a magazine
- 1.6 Identify the trends in magazines

Q-1

Learning outcome

1.1 Discover the characteristics of magazine

Question text

• Name world's first magazine.

Scoring Indicator

• Gentleman's magazine

Q-2

Learning outcome

1.1 Discover the characteristics of magazine

Question text

Who was the editor of Gentleman's Magazine?

Scoring Indicators

• Edward cave

Score : 1, *Time* : 1¹/₂ *mts*

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-3

Learning outcome

1.2 Compare the difference between a newspaper and a magazine

Question text

• Differentiate Dailies and Periodicals

Scoring Indicators

- Proper definition of newspaper 1
- Definition of magazine
- Differences such as size, content, style, design and layout, readability, display ads, Visual strength, shelf life (describe in at least 6 sentences)

Score : 6, Time : 8 mts

1

Q-4

Learning outcome

1.1 Discover the characteristics of a magazine

Question text

• Magazines are "Cabinet of curiosities" elucidate your view.

Langle Coring Indicators

- Interest generating contents
- Wide range of reader's interest and taste are displayed
- Contents are presenting in a fascinating way

Score : 2, Time : 6 mts

Q-5

Learning outcome

1.1 Discover the characteristics of magazine

Question text

• How a magazine become appealing to the readers?

Scoring Indicators

- Fascinating appearance
- Eye-catching cover pictures
- Quality paper
- Impressive and colorful advertisements

Score : 2, Time : 6 mts

Q-6

Learning outcome

1.2 Compare the difference between a newspaper and a magazine

Question text

• Differentiate newspaper and magazine

Scoring Indicators

- Proper definition of newspaper
- Definition of magazine





and the second se

• Differences such as size, content, style, design and layout, readability, display ads, Visual strength, shelf life (describe in at least 6 sentences) 4

Score : 6, Time : 8 mts

Q-7

Learning outcome

1.1 Discover the characteristics of a magazine

Question text

• What do you mean by target audience?

Scoring Indicators

• The publication targets readers who have special intrests.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-8

Learning outcome

1.1 Discover the characteristics of a magazine

Question text

• Define shelf life

Scoring Indicators

- Longer life of magazine
- Can be kept for a longtime for repeat reading/reference

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-9

Learning outcome

1.3 Write a magazine article

Question text

• Write the structure of magazine articles

Scoring Indicators

- The beginning of an article (Introduction of the topic)
- The middle of an article (The presentation of important/core issue)
- The ending of an article (Conclusion)
- Extra credit (Overall quality of the style of language diction) (Describe each in at least two sentences 1 score each)

Score : 4, Time : 8 mts

Q-10

Learning outcome

1.3 Write a magazine article



Question text

• You are asked to write an article of your interest. Write the steps to prepare the story



- Creative beginning
- Explanatory middle part
- Concluding the story

Q-11

Learning outcome

1.4 Discuss various magazine writing styles

Question text

• What is narrative writing?

Scoring Indicators

- Narratives are discriptive account of connected events (1)
- Author places himself as a character and tells the story (1) Score : 2, Time : 3 mts

Q-12

Learning outcome

1.4 Discuss various magazine writing styles

Question text

• What is descriptive writing?

Scoring Indicators

•	Its poetic descriptions evoke senses	(1) Score : 2, Time : 3 mts
•	Its poetic descriptions evoke senses	(1) C 2 T 2 (
	Describe the character, event, and place in detail	(1)

Q-13

Learning outcome

1.4 Discuss various magazine writing styles

Question text

• What is persuasive writing?

Scoring Indicators

- Convince or persuade the readers (1)
 Authoritative (1)
 - Score : 2, Time : 3 mts

(2)

Score : 2, Time : 4 mts

8

Learning outcome

1.4 Discuss various magazine writing styles

Question text

• What is imaginative writing?

Scoring Indicators

- Present an idea, issue or argument in a form of fiction
- Starts with hypothetical situations using formal language

(1) Score : 2, Time : 3 mts

(1)

Q-15

Learning outcome

1.4 Discuss various magazine writing styles

Question text

• What is visual writing?

Scoring Indicators

- fluid language which spontaneously convey meanings
- Language creates scenes
- Invoke images
- Creates movement in the story

Score : 2, Time : 3 mts

Q-16

Learning outcome

1.1 Discover the characteristics of magazine

Question text

• The first printed magazine in Malayalam?

Scoring Indicators

• Jnananikshepam

Q-17

Learning outcome

1.1 Discover the characteristics of magazine

Question text

• Name the first campus magazine published in Malayalam

Score : 1, Time : $1\frac{1}{2}$ mts

A Scoring Indicator

Vidhya sangraham

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-18

Learning outcome

1.5 Identify the contents of a magazine

Question text

• What are the peculiarities of a farm magazine?

Scoring Indicators

- Information and contents related to agriculture
- Farmers and farm enthusiasts are the target audience

Score : 2, Time : 3 mts

Score : 3, Time : 2 mts

Q-19

Learning outcome

1.1 Discover the characteristics of a magazine

Question text

• Name three special interest magazines

Scoring Indicators

• Vanitha, Arogya masika, Sports star, Fast track, Nana, Chithra bhoomi etc.

Q-20

Learning outcome

1.1 Discover the characteristics of a magazine

Question text

Name a literary magazine in Malayalam

Scoring Indicator

Bhasha Poshini

Q-21

Learning outcome

1.5 Identify the contents of a magazine

Question text

• What is cover story

10

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Scoring Indicators

• The main feature story in the magazine. A picture/photo/graphics appears in the cover page of a magazine

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-22

Learning outcome

1.5 Identify the contents of a magazine

Question text

• Differentiate articles and features



Article Piece of non-fiction writing with a	Feature Creative beginning	
human interest orientation	Descriptive form of writing	(1)
For a specific group of people place or event	Expresses Personal opinion Thought provoking and	(1)
	and colorful	

Score : 2, Time : 8 mts

Q-23

Learning outcome

1.5 Identify the contents of a magazine

Question text

Types of features commonly seen in a magazine

Scoring Indicators

• Profiles, historic features, news features, human interest features

Score : 4, Time : 2 mts

Q-24

Learning outcome

1.5 Identify the contents of a magazine

Question text

• What is a profile feature?

Scoring Indicators

- Word sketch in a creative manner
- A type of feature which focuses on an individual

- Covering the character traits of a celebrity
- Reveal the major activities.
- Exposes the lifestyle

(must explain in at least 10 sentences)

Q-25

Learning outcome

1.5 Identify the contents of a magazine

Question text

Define news feature



- Focusses on hard news, reflects the problems of society (1)
- It explores through research, data, and interviews (1) Score : 2, Time : 3 mts

Q-26

Learning outcome

1.5 Identify the contents of a magazine

Question text

• What is a column?



• Columns are opinion pieces of reputed personalities

Q-27

Learning outcome

1.5 Identify the contents of a magazine

Question text

• Differentiate reviews and essays

Scoring Indicators

- Review
- An evaluation on art, film, music etc.
- No specific structure
- Writer's opinion
- Critical assessment
- Essay
- Short literary composition on a particular subject



Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

• Prose style

Q-28

Learning outcome

1.5 Identify the contents of a magazine

Question text

• What is photo feature?

Scoring Indicators

- Series of photographs which tells a story.

Learning outcome

Q-29

1.1 Discover the characteristics of magazine

Question text

What is journal?

Scoring Indicator

• A publication by academic institution which contains scholarly articles

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-30

Learning outcome

1.6 Identify the trends in magazines

Question text

What is e-zine?

Scoring Indicator

• Magazine available on internet.

Q-31

Learning outcome

• Identify the trends in magazines

Question text

• What is digital magazine?



• An online publication delivered in electronic form

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts



Score : 4, Time : 10 mts

Learning outcome

1.6 Identify the trends in magazines

Question text

• Write your opinion about future of digital magazines in an era of mobile technology

Scoring Indicators

- Mobile phones become the dominant platform for digital magazines
- Redefining reading experience with technological advancements
- Interactive experience
- Magazine apps

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-33

Learning outcome

1.1 Discover the characteristics of a magazine

Question text

• What is cover lines

Scoring Indicator

Information about major articles given on the front page of the magazine.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-34

Learning outcome

1.1 Discover the characteristics of a magazine

Question text

• What is citation?

Scoring Indicators

- A reference or footnote seen on a book, periodical. (1)
- It contains the author, title, date of publication etc. to locate the item. (1)

Score : 2, Time : 3 mts

Q-35

Learning outcome

1.1 Discover the characteristics of a magazine

Question text

• What is cover-wrap?



Scoring Indicator

• Extra cover wrapped around a magazine for advertising purpose.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-36

Learning outcome

1.6 Identify the trends in magazines

Question text

What is trade magazine?

A Scoring Indicator

• A magazine published specifically for an industry, business, service, technical or trade auditions.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-37

Learning outcome

• Discover the characteristics of a magazine

Question text

Explain Centre spread



Scoring Indicator

Middle two pages of a stapled magazines.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Unit 2

MAGAZINE EDITING AND PRODUCTION

Learning Outcomes

- 2.1 Evaluate the various principles involved in magazine editing
- 2.2 Identify the role and functions of the editorial department
- 2.3 List the elements of a good magazine layout
- 2.4 Classify the different types of magazine layout
- 2.5 Produce a standard magazine

Q-1

Learning outcome

2.1 Evaluate the various principles involved in magazine editing

Question text

• Write about the principles of magazine editing

Letter Scoring Indicators

• Editorial policy, content, balance, comprehensiveness accuracy, house style and design. (Answer must be in 2-3 sentences on each principle).

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Q-2

Learning outcome

2.1 Evaluate the various principles involved in magazine editing

Question text

• Define House style. Which are the elements determined the house style of magazine

Scoring Indicators

- The specific usage and editing conventions followed by editors in a publication (1)
- Masthead, font, colors, logo, placement of pictures and location of barcode (1)

Score : 2, Time : 4 mts



Learning outcome

2.2 Identify the role and functions of the editorial department

Question text

What are the jobs of a production manager in a magazine company?

Scoring Indicators

- The person who controls the production schedule
- Responsible for the text copy submission to the printing house and editing deadlines.

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-4

Learning outcome

2.2 Identify the role and functions of the editorial department

Question text

• Explain the duties of magazine editor

Scoring Indicators

- A senior level journalist responsible for the planning and execution of all issues of a magazine.
- Planning the content and publishing schedule of the magazine, edit stories, shaping up story ideas.

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-5

Learning outcome

2.3 List the elements of a good magazine layout

Question text

• Explain the elements of magazine design

Lacoring Indicators

• Headline, sub headlines, Intro, Body text, Pull quotes, Running head, Image captions, Folio, Cover design

(Each element must describe in at least two sentences)

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Q-6

Learning outcome

2.4 Classify the different types of magazine layout

Question text

• You are assigned to lay out a magazine. Which are the principles you would like to follow



• Page format, borders, boxed item, rules, open space, color

Q-7

Learning outcome

2.3 List the elements of a good magazine layout

Question text

• Define pull quotes

Scoring Indicators

- Pull quotes are designed elements in a page.
- It is the most interesting parts pull out directly from the body text.
- Great tool to break up big blocks of the body copy.
- Provides an interesting look to the article.

Q-8

Learning outcome

2.4 Classify the different types of magazine layout

Question text

• What are the functions of magazine layout?

Letter Scoring Indicators

- To catch the reader's eye.
- To introduce a feature.
- To illuminate and amplify the content
- To keep the reader on the hook
- To express the magazines character.

Q-9

Learning outcome

2.3 List the elements of a good magazine layout

Question text

• Name two soft wares used for magazine page layout

Scoring Indicators

• Adobe page maker



Score : *6*, *Time* : *15 mts*

Score : 2, Time : 4 mts

Score : 4, Time : 3 mts

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

• Adobe in design, QuarkXPress

Q-10

Learning outcome

2.1 Evaluate the various principles involved in magazine editing

Question text

• Explain the term BLEED

A Scoring Indicator

• An illustration, image or printed matter that extends beyond the trimmed edge of a page.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-11

Learning outcome

2.1 Evaluate the various principles involved in magazine editing

Question text

What is Gate fold?

ndicator

• A special page in a magazine, printed on a larger piece of paper and folded to fit the size of the magazine and open like a gate.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-12

Learning outcome

2.1 Evaluate the various principles involved in magazine editing

Question text

• What is Saddle Stitching?

Scoring Indicators

• Binding a magazine through the center using wire staples.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-13

Learning outcome

2.1 Evaluate the various principles involved in magazine editing

Question text

• Who is a subscriber?



Scoring Indicator

• A person who pays for a magazine delivered to him/her.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-14

Learning outcome

2.1 Evaluate the various principles involved in magazine editing

Question text

• What is CVI (Centre of Visual Interest)?

A Scoring Indicator

• The prominent item on a page usually a headline and image or graphic.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-15

Learning outcome

2.4 Classify the different types of magazine layout

Question text

• Describe the elements of lay out

Scoring Indicators

- Selection of content for each page,text,pictures.
- Page clarity, pleasing appearance
- Use of White space to achieve unity of design
- Digital photographs
- Intelligent use of color

Score : 3, Time : 5 mts





WRITING AND PRODUCTION FOR RADIO

Learning Outcomes

- 3.1 Observe the history of radio
- 3.2 Identify the various types of radio broadcasting
- 3.3 Write scripts for radio programmes
- 3.4 Produce a radio programme
- 3.5 Compere a radio programme
- 3.6 Identify the new trends in radio

Q-1

Learning outcome

3.1 Observe the history of radio

Question text

• Who invented radio?

A Scoring Indicator

Guglielmo Marconi

Q-2

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Learning outcome

3.1 Observe the history of radio

Question text

• What is the importance of Heinrich Hertz in the history of Radio

Langle Coring Indicators

• Invented the swift variation of the electric current into space in the form of radio waves. Score : 1, Time : 2 mts



21

Learning outcome

3.1 Observe the history of radio

Question text

• Vacuum tube, a component for amplifying radio signals was discovered by

Scoring Indicator

• Lee DeForest

Q-4

Learning outcome

3.1 Observe the history of radio

Question text

• Name the Radio Clubs in India, which paved the way for radio broadcasting.

Scoring Indicators

• Bombay Radio Club, Calcutta radio Club and Madras radio Club.

Score : 3, Time : 6 mts

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-5

Learning outcome

3.1 Observe the history of radio

Question text

• Write notes on IBC and ISBS

Scoring Indicators

- Indian broadcasting corporation
- Started by some business men in Bombay in 1927.
- Started organized broadcasting in India.
- First station of IBC was inaugurated by Lord Irvin on July 23.
- Closed down its operations in 1930.
- Indian State Broadcasting service started on April 1 1930.
- Lionel Fielden- First controller of Broadcasting in India.
- ISBS was renamed as All India Radio on 8 June 1936.
- Comes under the ministry of Information.

Score : 3, Time : 6 mts

Q-6

Learning outcome

3.1 Observe the history of radio



Question text

• The first FM channel started by All India Radio



Chennai FM

Q-7

Learning outcome

3.1 Observe the history of radio

Question text

• Name the first radio station in Kerala



• Travancore radio station, Thiruvananthapuram

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Score : 1, *Time* : $1\frac{1}{2}$ *mts*

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-8

Learning outcome

3.1 Observe the history of radio

Question text

• Name the first FM station of AIR Kerala

A Scoring Indicator

• FM Kochi

Q-9

Learning outcome

3.2 Identify the various types of radio broadcasting

Question text

• Differentiate AM and FM

Letter Scoring Indicators

Amplitude Modulation

- AM is a mode of broadcasting radio waves by varying the amplitude of the carrier signal in response of the signal to be transmitted.
- It uses a narrower band width.
- It is broadcast in the medium wave frequency range.
- Standard broadcast band of 530 to 1700 KHz.



Frequency Modulation

- FM was invented by Edwin Armstrong in 1930.
- Overcomes noise interference in AM broadcast.
- Sound level in FM radio is three times better then AM

(2) Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-10

Learning outcome

3.1 Observe the history of radio

Question text

• Who invented FM Technology?

A Scoring Indicator

Edwin Armstrong

Q-11

Learning outcome

3.1 Observe the history of radio

Question text

• Who is the chairperson of Prasar bharati Board?

Scoring Indicator

• Dr. A. Suryaprakash

Score : 1, *Time* : $1\frac{1}{2}$ *mts*

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-12

Learning outcome

3.2 Identify the various types of radio broadcasting

Question text

• Explain the types of Radio broadcastings

Scoring Indicators

- Public service broadcasting
- Commercial radio
- Community radio
- Ham radio
- Internet radio

Q-13

Learning outcome

3.2 Identify the various types of radio broadcasting



Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Question text

• Name the first community radio in Kerala



• Radio DC

Q-14

Learning outcome

3.2 Identify the various types of radio broadcasting

Question text

• Write a note on community radio



- A geographic specific and audience specific radio broadcast in FM mode.
- Serves populations in coastal areas, far flung areas. where people live together as a community.
- Considered as a participatory development communication initiative.
- It preserves local language, culture, tradition and social norms.
- Radio DC 90.4MHz I the first community radio in Kerala.

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-15

Learning outcome

3.2 Identify the various types of radio broadcasting

Question text

• Name the first internet radio station in India

ndicator 🖉 🖉

Radio Muska

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

25

Q-16

Learning outcome

3.3 Write scripts for radio programmes

Question text

• Structure a radio news script based on the given points.

Scoring Indicators

- Plus two examination starts
- March 9-28,2017
- Time table on dhse portal

• Last date for remitting exam fee

Q-17

Learning outcome

3.3 Write scripts for radio programmes

Question text

• Structuring a News script for radio is different from that of a newspaper. Compare them based on the qualities

Scoring Indicators

Radio news script

- Simplicity
- Short sentences
- Use of common words
- No complex words, avoid long sentences
- Once aired the word cannot be recalled
- Informal tone of presentation
- Conversational style

Newspaper news script

- Meant for reading
- Formal tone
- Headline and dateline
- Inverted pyramid style
- Placement of pictures
- Repeat reading if possible

(Must be written in at least 10 sentences)

Q-18

Learning outcome

3.4 Produce a radio programme

Question text

• Distinguish news bulletin and news reel

Scoring Indicators

- News bulletin- Contains 15-20 stories.
- Lead story takes half of the time of the bulletin.
- News reel-covering major issues once or twice a week.
- Brief intro and narration.

Score : 5, Time : 15 mts

Score : *4*, *Time* : 10 *mts*

Score : 4, Time : 8 mts

26

Learning outcome

3.4 Produce a radio programme

Question text

• Write a note on radio feature

Scoring Indicators

- Based on real issues.
- Only music and spoken words.
- Dedicated to cover a particular topic.
- Real sounds and real people.

Score : 2, Time : 2 mts

Q-20

Learning outcome

3.6 Identify the new trends in radio

Question text

• What is Radio Bridge?

A Scoring Indicator

• Connecting different stations within the country or foreign countries.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-21

Learning outcome

3.4 Produce a radio programme

Question text

• What is a Jingle?

Scoring Indicators

- A musical message
- Small song/music piece used for advertisement promos or similar activities.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-22

Learning outcome

3.5 Compere a radio programme

Question text

• You are anchoring a radio phone-in-programme on atrocities against women. Your first call is supposed to be with a police officer. What will be your possible questions? Write at least four.



Scoring Indicators

• Construct appropriate questions.

Q-23

Learning outcome

3.4 Produce a radio programme

Question text

• Write the different stages in radio programme production



- Preproduction
- Production
- Post production
- Transmission
- Feedback.

Q-24

Learning outcome

3.4 Produce a radio programme

Question text

• Write the importance of microphones in radio programme production. Explain the three types of microphones

Scoring Indicators

- Unidirectional
- Bidirectional
- Omnidirectional

Q-25

Score : 3, Time : 6 mts

Learning outcome

3.4 Produce a radio programme

Question text

• Write the qualities of a radio programme presenter

Scoring Indicators

- Quality of voice
- Rumpling free
- Humour and lightness





Score : 5, Time : 15 mts

- Listen and learn
- Recording and analyzing.

Learning outcome

3.4 Produce a radio programme

Question text

• Write the qualities of a radio news reader

Scoring Indicators

- Solid training in writing and reporting
- Awareness on digital media techniques
- Communication skills
- Auditioned voice

Q-27

Learning outcome

3.5 Compere a radio programme

Question text

• Compare the qualities of a radio jockey and news reader

Scoring Indicators

Radio Jockey

- Pleasing voice
- Good command over spoken language
- Knowledge of local dialects
- Ability to befriend the listeners
- Knowledge of technology
- Familiar with radio equipment.

Q-28

Learning outcome

3.4 Produce a radio programme

Question text

• Who is a narrator in a radio programme presentation?

News Reader

- Auditioned voice
- Solid trainig in writing and reporting
- Awareness on digital media techniques
- Communication skill

Score : 3, Time : 8 mts



Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

A Scoring Indicator

An individual who narrates the script of radio documentary or feature

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-29

Learning outcome

3.4 Produce a radio programme

Question text

• What is ad-libbing?

A Scoring Indicator

• Deliver an announcement/narration without a script

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-30

Learning outcome

3.6 Identify the new trends in radio

Question text

• What is HD radio?

Scoring Indicators

- High definition radio technology transmits digital audio and data along with AM and FM analog signals.
- It offers FM multicasting.
- Crystal clear reception and variety of data services.

Score : 1, Time : 3 mts

Q-31

Learning outcome

3.6 Identify the new trends in radio

Question text

• Define on demand audio

ndicator 🖉 🖉

• The act of streaming audio into digital data and transmitting it over the internet.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-32

Learning outcome

3.4 Produce a radio programme



Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Question text

• What is open mike?

Scoring Indicator

• A mike which is live at the given movement.

Q-33

Learning outcome

3.6 Identify the new trends in radio

Question text

• Expand SFX



• Sound Effects.

Q-34

Learning outcome

3.4 Produce a radio programme

Question text

• Define spots

Scoring Indicator

• Commercial, paid announcements on radio.

Q-35

Learning outcome

3.4 Produce a radio programme

Question text

• Compare voice-over and voice-track

Scoring Indicators

- Voice over-talk over visuals.
- Voice track-recording a message for use in mix down.

Q-36

Learning outcome

3.4 Produce a radio programme

Question text

• What is wind screen?

Score : 1, Time : 3 mts



K Scoring Indicator

• Microphone Filter used to prevent popping and distortion.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-37

Learning outcome

3.4 Produce a radio programme

Question text

• Explain wow

Scoring Indicator

• Distortion of sound created by inappropriate speed.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts



TV NEWS AND VIDEO PRODUCTION

Learning Outcomes

- 4.1 Observe the history of television
- 4.2 Identify and understand various stages in pre-production, production, post production activities.
- 4.3 Observe different types of cameras lights effects and edit software
- 4.4 Classify various camera shots, angles, movements and camera positions
- 4.5 Evaluate different script formats
- 4.6 Acquire the knowledge to write scripts for news programme
- 4.7 Assimilate the role of digital technology in video production

Q-1

Learning outcome

4.1 Observe the history of television

Question text

• Who invented television?

ndicator 🖉

• John.L.Baird

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-2

Learning outcome

4.1 Observe the history of television

Question text

• In which year TV transmissions started in India

Scoring Indicator

• 15 September 1959

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts



Learning outcome

4.1 Observe the history of television

Question text

• When did the color -TV transmission started in India

Scoring Indicator

• 1982

Q-4

Learning outcome

4.1 Observe the history of television

Question text

• Name the first private TV channel in India

Scoring Indicator

• Zee TV

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-5

Learning outcome

4.1 Observe the history of television

Question text

• Name the first Malayalam TV channel started functioning with public shares

Scoring Indicator

• Kairali TV

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-6

Learning outcome

4.1 Observe the history of television

Question text

• Name the first private TV channel in Malayalam

Scoring Indicator

Asianet

Score : *1*, *Time* : *1*¹/₂ *mts*



Learning outcome

4.2 Identify and understand various stages in pre-production, production, post production activities.

Question text

• Who are the TV programme production personnel? Name any four.

Scoring Indicators

• Producer, director, production assistant, script writer, camera persons, set designer, makeup artist, costume designer, choreographer, talent, lighting director, technical director, graphic designer, audio engineer, editor.

Score : 4, Time : 2 mts

Q-8

Learning outcome

4.2 Identify and understand various stages in pre-production, production, post production activities.

Question text

• Explain the different stages in pre-production of a TV programme

Scoring Indicators

• Conceptualization, one-line treatment, research, proposal, script, screen play, shooting script, story board, casting, crew selection, production meeting, budgeting, scheduling, location hunting, rehearsal

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Q-9

Learning outcome

4.5 Evaluate different script formats

Question text

- Distinguish script and shooting script
- Scoring indicators

All Scoring Indicators

Script	Shooting script
Completed draft	Contains detailed description of scene
Scene script	detailed version of scene script
No description of shot	Shots specifically described
Chronological order of scenes	Indicates camera angles
Indicates time, place, dialogue and narration	Actual shoot plan
	Detailed narration of actions of artist

Score : 4, Time : 10 mts



Learning outcome

4.6 Acquire the knowledge to write scripts for news programme

Question text

• Prepare a five minute TV script for an environment issue in your locality

Scoring Indicators

- Identifying the issue
- Presenting evidence
- Keeping the structure of script

Score : *6*, *Time* : *15 mts*

Q-11

Learning outcome

4.4 Classify various camera shots, angles, movements and camera positions

Question text

• Explain about the basic camera shots

Scoring Indicator

• Long shot, medium shot, close up shot

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Q-12

Learning outcome

4.4 Classify various camera shots, angles, movements and camera positions

Question text

Explain the main camera movements

Scoring Indicator

• Panning, tilting, tracking, dollying, jib

Score : 5, *Time* : 15 *mts*

Q-13

Learning outcome

4.4 Classify various camera shots, angles, movements and camera positions

Question text

• Explain camera angles

Scoring Indicators

• High level


- Low level
- Eye level
- Birds eye view
- Dutch angle

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Q-14

Learning outcome

4.3 Observe different types of cameras lights effects and edit software

Question text

• Write about three point lighting system



• Key light, back light, fill light

Score : 3, Time : 8 mts

Q-15

Learning outcome

4.3 Observe different types of cameras lights effects and edit software

Question text

• Differentiate linear and non-linear editing

Scoring Indicators

- Recorded video is digitized
- Footage can be arranged or re-arranged
- Special effects can be added
- Allows all kinds of effects

Q-16

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Learning outcome

4.2 Identify and understand various stages in pre-production, production, post production activities.

Question text

• What is dubbing?

Scoring Indicators

- Process of re-recording
- Recording the dialogue for appropriate scene
- Dubs synchronizes with the original dialogue track



Learning outcome

4.4 Classify various camera shots, angles, movements and camera positions

Question text

• Expand the following O/C, V/O, SIL, ENG, LS, CU, MS, SOT



- On camera
- Voice over
- Silent
- Electronic news gathering
- Long shot
- Close up
- Medium shot
- Sound on tape(1 each)

Q-18

Learning outcome

4.6 Acquire the knowledge to write scripts for news programme

Question text

• What is lead-in?

ndicator 🖉

• Soundbite wrap around, and the report from the scene introduced by a line or phrase in a new script.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Score :1, Time : 2 mts

Q-19

Learning outcome

4.6 Acquire the knowledge to write scripts for news programme

Question text

• What is sound bite?

Scoring Indicators

• Sound bite is a piece of visual around the sound

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-20

Learning outcome

4.6 Acquire the knowledge to write scripts for news programme



Question text

• What is teaser?



Short sentences in a script to hold the audience attention just before a commercial break.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-21

Learning outcome

4.5 Evaluate different script formats

Question text

• Distinguish radio news script and TV news script

Scoring Indicators

TV news script

- Seen and hear simultaneously
- Story is supplemented by visuals
- Visual narration of a story
- Split page style
- Right column is to be read, left column indicates video to be aired
- Abbreviations are used for technical instruction to the news reader
- One story in one sheet of newspaper

Radio news script

- Hearing only
- No visuals
- Word narration of a story
- Contains 15-20 stories in a bulltettin
- A single story normally takes 90 seconds
- Single column news writing
- No abbreviations
- Starts with signature tune

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

39

Q-22

Learning outcome

4.6 Acquire the knowledge to write scripts for news programme

Question text

• Prepare a TV news script on given points.

Scoring Indicators

- Rail mishap at Kanpur
- 125 dead ,200 injured

- Derailment-Indor-Patna express
- Worst accident in 6 years
- Rail ministry announces enquiry
- Caused by poor maintenance

Learning outcome

4.7 Assimilate the role of digital technology in video production

Question text

• What is audio faders?

Scoring Indicator

• Fader is the instrument which enable the sound recordist to control the level of audio being recorded on the recording medium.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Score : *6*, *Time* : *15 mts*

Q-24

Learning outcome

4.7 Assimilate the role of digital technology in video production

Question text

• Functions of audio mixer

Scoring Indicators

- Assure technical and artistic sound quality
- Determine the number and placement of microphones for production
- Assure audio level balance and tone quality

Score : 3, Time : 5 mts

Q-25

Learning outcome

4.7 Assimilate the role of digital technology in video production

Question text

• Compare fade in and fade out

Scoring Indicators

- Fade in is a dissolve transition from black.
- Fade out is a dissolved transition to black.

Score : 2, Time : 6 mts



Learning outcome

4.7 Assimilate the role of digital technology in video production

Question text

• What is iris in and iris out?

Scoring Indicator

• It is an old technique of transition that utilizes a diaphragm front of the lenses which is opened or closed to begin or end a scene.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-27

Learning outcome

4.3 Observe different types of cameras lights effects and edit software

Question text

• Define jump cut

Scoring Indicators

- A cut that occurs within a scene rather than between scenes to condense the scene.
- It gives a jumping effect of visuals.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

41

FILM APPRECIATION

Learning Outcomes

- 5.1 Discover the origin and evolution of cinema
- 5.2 Identify the contributions of persons for the technological development of cinema
- 5.3 Compare the development of cinema in different countries
- 5.4 Categorize the different types of films and film movements
- 5.5 Discover the origin of cinema in India and the development of Malayalam cinema
- 5.6 Identify the contributions of Indian filmmakers
- 5.7 Analyse the language and grammar of cinema
- 5.8 Appreciate cinema as an art form

Q-1

Learning outcome

5.1 Discover the origin and evolution of cinema

Question text

• 116. Name the scientist who developed kinetoscope

Scoring Indicator

• Thomas Alwa Edison

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-2

Learning outcome

5.1 Discover the origin and evolution of cinema

Question text

• Who invented cinematography?

Scoring Indicator

• Lumiere Brothers

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts



Learning outcome

5.2 Identify the contributions of persons for the technological development of cinema

Question text

• Write note on Thomas Alwa Edison's contribution to moving pictures

Scoring Indicators

- Invented Kinetoscope
- Produced film strips
- Invented coin operated projector
- Started peep show

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-4

Learning outcome

5.1 Discover the origin and evolution of cinema

Question text

• Name the first film shot by Lumiere Brothers

Scoring Indicator

• Workers leaving the Lumiere Factory

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-5

Learning outcome

5.1 Discover the origin and evolution of cinema

Question text

• Who is known as magician of film?

Scoring Indicator

Georges Melies

Q-6

Learning outcome

5.2 Identify the contributions of persons for the technological development of cinema

Question text

• Who introduced cross cutting of visuals?

A Scoring Indicator

• David W. Griffith

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-7

Learning outcome

5.1 Discover the origin and evolution of cinema

Question text

Name the editing technique called cross-cut



• Parallel cut

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-8

Learning outcome

5.1 Discover the origin and evolution of cinema

Question text

• Name the great leader, who described cinemas a mass agitator

Scoring Indicator

• V.I. Lenin

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-9

Learning outcome

5.1 Discover the origin and evolution of cinema

Question text

Which is the first sound cinema

Scoring Indicator

• Jazz Singer

Q-10

Learning outcome

5.1 Discover the origin and evolution of cinema

Question text

• Name the great actor of silent movie era, who merged humour and social tragedy



Scoring Indicator

Charlie Chaplin

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-11

Learning outcome

5.4 Categorize the different types of films and film movements

Question text

What is German Expressionism?

Scoring Indicators

- Characterized by slanted camera angles, distorted bodies and shapes and the use of light and shadows rather than realism.
- Emerged as a safety valve for the people who suffered economic crisis and subsequent poverty during the post war Germany.

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-12

Learning outcome

5.4 Categorize the different types of films and film movements

Question text

• What is French New Wave?

Scoring Indicators

- Low budgeted documentary style of fiction.
- Film techniques like fragmented, discontinuous editing and long takes.

Score : 2, Time : 4 mts

Q-13

Learning outcome

5.4 Categorize the different types of films and film movements

Question text

• What is avant garde?

Scoring Indicators

- Experimental film movement.
- Absence of linear narrative and use of abstracting techniques such as out of focus visuals, painting or scratching on film, rapid editing and absence of any sound track.
- It is the attempt to place the viewer in a more active and more thoughtful relationship to the film.



Learning outcome

5.4 Categorize the different types of films and film movements

Question text

• Write a note on American underground cinema

Scoring Indicators

- Revolutionary in structure
- Intellectual in attitude.

Q-15

Learning outcome

5.4 Categorize the different types of films and film movements

Question text

What is surrealism movement in cinema?

Scoring Indicators

- Creates surrealistic fantasies
- Depicts the state of unconscious mind.

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-16

Learning outcome

5.4 Categorize the different types of films and film movements

Question text

• Write about Indian new wave

Scoring Indicators

- Started in Bengal in 1950's.
- Social political content
- Realism and naturalism.

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-17

Learning outcome

5.5 Discover the origin of cinema in India and the development of Malayalam cinema

Question text

• Who produced the first Indian feature film



Scoring Indicator

• Dada Saheb Dhalke.

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-18

Learning outcome

5.5 Discover the origin of cinema in India and the development of Malayalam cinema

Question text

• Name the first feature film produced in India.



• Raja Harischandra

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-19

Learning outcome

5.5 Discover the origin of cinema in India and the development of Malayalam cinema

Question text

• Name the Indian sound cinema



• Alam-Ara

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-20

Learning outcome

5.5 Discover the origin of cinema in India and the development of Malayalam cinema

Question text

• Who is the director of Alam Ara?



• Ardesh Irani

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-21

Learning outcome

5.5 Discover the origin of cinema in India and the development of Malayalam cinema

Question text

• Name the first indigenous colour film produced in India

A Scoring Indicator

Toofan Mail -1932

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-22

Learning outcome

5.4 Categorize the different types of films and film movements

Question text

Which organisation movement paved the way for realistic cinema in India?

A Scoring Indicator

• Indian People Theaters' Association

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-23

Learning outcome

5.5 Discover the origin of cinema in India and the development of Malayalam cinema

Question text

• Write a note on the origin and development of Indian cinema

Scoring Indicators

- First shot film by Hiralal in 1898
- Raja Harischandra and Dada Saheb Phalke
- Based on Puranas
- Comedy film by Chandulal Shah, Himamshu Rai and Ganguly
- First sound cinema Alam-Ara
- Majestic cinema in Mumbai 1931
- Song and dance included in cinema eg. Indra Sabha by J.V Devayani
- Kissan Kanya
- Box office culture started
- Cinemas in regional languages

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Q-24

Learning outcome

5.5 Discover the origin of cinema in India and the development of Malayalam cinema

Question text

• Write the note on the origin and development of Malayalam cinemas

Scoring Indicators

- Vigatha kumaran and J.C Daniel
- Balan by S.N.ttani-first sound film 1938



Cinemas on social themes	
• Films based on famous literary works like Chemmeen	
Jeevitha Nauka and Neelakuyil	
Newspapaer Boy-first realistic film	
Ramu Kariyat, P.Bhaskaran	
Influence of social movement	
Art cinema	
G.Aravindan, Adoor Gopalakrishnan, John Abraham, Padm	narajan.
	Score : 6, Time : 15 mts
Q-25	
Learning outcome	
5.6 Identify the contributions of Indian filmmakers	
Question text	
• Name two films directed by Satyajith Rai	
Scoring Indicators	
• Pathernpanchali, Aparajitho, Apur sansar	~ ~ ~ ~
Q-26	Score : 1, Time : 2 mts
Learning outcome	
5.6 Identify the contributions of Indian filmmakers	
Question text	
• Name two films directed by Mrinal Sen	
Scoring Indicators	
• Kharij, Akaler Santhane Ekdin Prathidin	~ ~ ~ ~
Q-27	Score : 1, Time : 2 mts
Learning outcome	
5.6 Identify the contributions of Indian filmmakers	

- Question text
 - Name the films directed by Ritwik Khatak

Scoring Indicators

• Mekhathaka Thara, Subarnarekha, Jukthi Thako Aargapo

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-28 Learning outcome 5.6 Identify the contributions of Indian filmmakers Question text • Name the films directed by Adoor Gopalakrishnan Scoring Indicators Swayamvaram, Elippathayam, Mathilukal Score : 1, Time : 2 mts Q-29 Learning outcome 5.6 Identify the contributions of Indian filmmakers Question text Who is known as the father of Malayalam Cinema? • Scoring Indicator J.C.Daniel Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts Q-30 Learning outcome 5.5 Identify the contributions of Indian filmmakers Question text Which is the first Malayalam cinema? ndicator 🖉 Vigathakumaran Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts Q-31 Learning outcome 5.5 Identify the contributions of Indian filmmakers

Question text

50

• Vigathakumaran, the first Malayalam film, produced and directed by------

Scoring Indicator

• J.C.Daniel

Score : *1*, *Time* : *1*¹/₂ *mts*

Learning outcome

5.5 Identify the contributions of Indian filmmakers

Question text

• The film award for lifetime achievement instituted by the Government of Kerala is in the name of a prominent film personality. Name the person

Scoring Indicators

J.C.Daniel

Q-33

Learning outcome

5.5 Identify the contributions of Indian filmmakers

Question text

Name the two films directed by Shyam Benegal

Scoring Indicators

Nishant, Angur, Bhoomika Anugraham, Mandhan

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Score : 1, *Time* : $1\frac{1}{2}$ *mts*

Q-34

Learning outcome

5.5 Identify the contributions of Indian filmmakers

Question text

• Name the films directed by G.Aravindan

Scoring Indicators

• Kanchana Sita Thambu Kummatty, Pokkuvyeil, Chidambaram, Oridathu, Vasthuhara

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-35

Learning outcome

5.5 Identify the contributions of Indian filmmakers

Question text

• Name the two films directed by Girish Kasaravally

Scoring Indicators

Ghada Shradha, Tabarana Kathe, Bannada Veshe, Dweepa, Naineeralu, Kraurya

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts



Learning outcome

5.5 Identify the contributions of Indian filmmakers

Question text

Name the two films directed by Aparna Sen

Scoring Indicators

• 36 Chowrangy line, Mr&Mrs, Iyer, 15Park Avenue

Q-37

Learning outcome

5.5 Identify the contributions of Indian filmmakers

Question text

• Name the two films directed by Mani Kaul

Scoring Indicators

• Uski Roti, Ashad ka ek din, Duvida, Drupad

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-38

Learning outcome

5.5 Identify the contributions of Indian filmmakers

Question text

• Write a brief note on any one of the following film makers (G.Aravindan,Sathyajit Rai, Girish Kasaravally Aparna Sen)

Scoring Indicators

G. Aravidan (Eg)

- Renowned film maker from Kerala
- Cartoonist, painter
- Created a cartoon serial for Mathrubhoomi weekly
- First film Utharayanam
- Other films
- Awards/Recognitions

Score : 4, Time : 8 mts

Q-39

Learning outcome

5.5 Discover the origin of cinema in India and the development of Malayalam cinema



Question text

• Name the permanent venue of IFFI



• Goa

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-40

Learning outcome

5.5 Discover the origin of cinema in India and the development of Malayalam cinema

Question text

• Name the permanent venue of IFFK



• Thiruvananthapuram

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-41

Learning outcome

5.4 Categorize the different types of films and film movements

Question text

• Write a note on film societies in India.

Scoring Indicators

- First film society-1937 Bombay
- Calcutta film society to liberate cinema from commercialization.
- Federation of film societies in India 1959

Score : 3, Time : 8 mts

Q-42

Learning outcome

5.4 Categorize the different types of films and film movements

Question text

• Write a note on film societies in kerala.

Scoring Indicators

- Started in 1960
- Stood for parallel cinema
- Odessa film society-Amma Ariyan.



Learning outcome

5.4 Categorize the different types of films and film movements

Question text

• Explain the role of film society's movements in the growth and development of Malayalam film industry.

Scoring Indicators

- Started in 1960
- Stood for parallel cinema
- Odesa film society-Amma Arian.

Score : 3, Time : 5 mts

Q-44

Learning outcome

5.5 Discover the origin of cinema in India and the development of Malayalam cinema

Question text

• Name the first Malayalam film produced by collecting money from film lovers.

Scoring Indicator

• Amma Arian

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Q-45

Learning outcome

5.8 Appreciate cinema as an art form

Question text

• Differentiate scenes and sequence

Scoring Indicators

- Scene
- Series of related shots taken in same location
- Sequence
- Series of scenes

Q-46

Learning outcome

5.8 Appreciate cinema as an art form

54

Question text

• While analyzing a film, certain elements should be considered. What are they? Elaborate your points.

Scoring Indicators

• Set, props, costume, light, acting, cinematography, editing, sound

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Q-47

Learning outcome

5.8 Appreciate cinema as an art form

Question text

• Critically evaluate current trends in Malayalam cinema



• HD cinema, low budget production, new approach, satellite releasing, etc.

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Q-48

Learning outcome

5.7 Analyse the language and grammar of cinema

Question text

• What is a blockbuster?

Scoring Indicator

• An impactful movie that fetches huge amount of collections.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-49

Learning outcome

5.7 Analyse the language and grammar of cinema

Question text

• What is biopic?

Scoring Indicators

- Biographical motion picture
- Dramatises the life of a person

Q-50

Learning outcome

5.7 Analyse the language and grammar of cinema

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts



Question text

• Define the term" score" in film



• The musical component of a movies sound track.

Q-51

Learning outcome

5.7 Analyse the language and grammar of cinema

Question text

• What is trailer?



• An advertisement for the film using highlights from the film with graphics and voice over.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-52

Learning outcome

5.7 Analyse the language and grammar of cinema

Question text

• What is Box-office?

Scoring Indicator

• The measure of the total amount of money paid by viewers.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts





NEW MEDIA CONCEPTS AND APPLICATIONS

Learning Outcomes

- 6.1 Perceive the emergence of new media
- 6.2 Observe the various types of contents of the new media and the new concepts being developed.
- 6.3 Identify the concepts and principles of online journalism
- 6.4 Acquire the skills in writing editing and designing an online newspaper
- 6.5 Identify the user generated content on the web
- 6.6 Acquire the skills in the production of user generated content like blogs
- 6.7 Presume the future of new media

O-1

Learning outcome

6.1 Perceive the emergence of new media

Question text

Define new media

All Scoring Indicator

Application of digital, computerized or networked information technologies.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-2

Learning outcome

6.1 Perceive the emergence of new media

Question text

What are the characteristics of new media?



- Scoring Indicators
 - Immediacy, hyper textuality, interactivity, multimediality, archiving.

Score : 5, Time : 15 mts

57

Learning outcome

6.1 Perceive the emergence of new media

Question text

• Name the first network system in the world

Scoring Indicator

• Arpanet

Q-4

Score : *1*, *Time* : *1*¹/₂ *mts*

Learning outcome

6.2 Observe the various types of contents of the new media and the new concepts being developed.

Question text

• Expand WWW, NSF NET, NOFN, HTTP HTML, ARPANET, BSNL, URL, DNS

Scoring Indicators

- World wide web
- National scince foundation network
- National optical fibre network
- Hypertext transfer protocol
- Hypertext mark-up language
- Advanced research project agency network
- Bharath sanchar nigam limited
- Uniform resource locator
- Domain name server (1 each)

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-5

Learning outcome

6.2 Observe the various types of contents of the new media and the new concepts being developed.

Question text

• Describe about World Wide Web

Scoring Indicators

- Multimedia part of internet with graphical interphase
- Network of networks.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts



Learning outcome

6.2 Observe the various types of contents of the new media and the new concepts being developed.

Question text

What is a search engine?

A Scoring Indicator

A software system designed to search information on the web

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-7

Learning outcome

6.2 Observe the various types of contents of the new media and the new concepts being developed.

Ouestion text

Define web browser

Scoring Indicators

- A tool to access website content from the internet.
- Eg.-Firefox, internet explorer etc.

Score : 2, Time : 3 mts

Q-8

Learning outcome

6.3 Identify the concepts and principles of online journalism

Question text

Write a note on the characteristics of online journalism



Scoring Indicators

- Immediacy •
- Hyper textuality
- Interactivity
- Multimediality
- Archiving (each indicator must explain in at least 4 sentences)

Q-9

Score : 5, Time : 10 mts

Learning outcome

6.3 Identify the concepts and principles of online journalism

59

Question text

• Name the first online newspaper in Malayalam



Deepika

Q-10

Learning outcome

6.4 Acquire the skills in writing editing and designing an online newspaper

Question text

• What is participatory journalism?

Scoring Indicators

- Active participation of collecting, reporting, analyzing and dissemination news and information by citizen.
- Voice of voiceless

Q-11

Learning outcome

• Acquire the skills in writing editing and designing an online newspaper

Question text

• What is crowd sourcing?

Scoring Indicators

- Technique of collecting materials from audience.
- Materials like videos photos, news etc.
- Coined by Jeff Howe

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Score : 1, *Time* : 1¹/₂ *mts*

Q-12

Learning outcome

6.4 Acquire the skills in writing editing and designing an online newspaper

Question text

• What is open source reporting?

Scoring Indicators

- Refers to an online project open to public
- Data freely available to public Eg. Wikipedia



Learning outcome

6.4 Acquire the skills in writing editing and designing an online newspaper

Question text

• What is annotative reporting?

Lange Scoring Indicators

- Coined by Nora Paul
- Preparation of news by public.
- Journalists guide them and give explanatory notes.

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-14

Learning outcome

6.4 Acquire the skills in writing editing and designing an online newspaper

Question text

• Write any two reporting trends in online journalism

Scoring Indicators

• Participatory journalism, crowd sourcing, open source reporting, annotative reporting

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-15

Learning outcome

6.4 Acquire the skills in writing editing and designing an online newspaper

Scoring Indicators

Online news writing

- Floating inverted pyramids in cyber space
- Most interested part presented in Intro
- Multi layering
- Summary approach
- Conversational style
- Key word specific Headline

Print news

- Inverted pyramid
- Headline itself reveals the story
- Formal language
- Detailed information
- 5W's and H presented in Intro



Learning outcome

Acquire the skills in writing editing and designing an online newspaper

Question text

• What are the different methods used in online news writing

Scoring Indicators

- Floating inverted pyramid
- Multilayring
- Summary approach
- Conventional style (Each must be described in at least 2-3 sentences)

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Q-17

Learning outcome

6.5 Identify the user generated content on the web

Question text

• Write about the elements in a web page

Scoring Indicators

• Multy media and graphics, typography, navigational devices (Each must be described in at least 2 sentences)

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Q-18

Learning outcome

6.5 Identify the user generated content on the web

Question text

• Write any four presentation styles in newspaper web page

Scoring Indicators

- Print plus package
- Clickable
- Interactive device package
- Slide shows
- Audio and live chats
- Quiz and surveys
- Animated stories, interactivitive multimedia



Learning outcome

6.5 Identify the user generated content on the web

Question text

Name two multimedia presentation in a website

Scoring Indicators

• Streaming and non-streaming

Q-20

Learning outcome

6.6 Acquire the skills in the production of user generated content like blogs

Question text

• What is webcasting?

Scoring Indicator

• Broadcasting on the internet

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-21

Learning outcome

6.6 Acquire the skills in the production of user generated content like blogs

Question text

• What is a blog?

Scoring Indicators

- Tool for self-expression on internet
- Consists of textual message and links to other websites
- Frequently updated online journal

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-22

Learning outcome

6.6 Acquire the skills in the production of user generated content like blogs

Question text

• Define user generated contents



Scoring Indicators

Forms of media created by users of digital media.
Eg: discussion forums,posts,podcasts,tweet,digital images etc.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-23

Learning outcome

6.6 Acquire the skills in the production of user generated content like blogs

Question text

Difference between blog and micro blog



Blog

- Tool for self-expression on internet
- Consists of textual message and links to other websites
- Frequently updated online journal

Microblog

- Microscopic details in brief text
- Message submitted via email/mms
- No unnecessary details. (Twitter)

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Q-24

Learning outcome

6.6 Acquire the skills in the production of user generated content like blogs

Question text

Write any four social media platforms

Scoring Indicators

• Facebook, twitter, Instagram, linked in, YouTube etc.

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-25

Learning outcome

6.6 Acquire the skills in the production of user generated content like blogs

Question text

• Write about the relevance of social media

Scoring Indicators

- Revolunised the way of communication
- Frequent updation.
- Sharing information



- Interaction through any formats
- Growing along with communication technologies
- Universal communication tool
- Immediate access of any information
- Public participation
- Connecting individuals across the globe
- Powerful medium

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Q-26

Learning outcome

6.7 Presume the future of new media

Question text

• Influence of social media is growing in society. Write your opinion.

Scoring Indicators

- Define social media
- Open to all and easily accessible
- Can share information
- Provides chat facility
- Shares photos and videos
- Connecting individuals
- Helps educating people
- Available on mobile phones, iPod etc.
- Your opinion

(6) Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Q-27

Learning outcome

• Presume the future of new media

Question text

• Compare iPod and iPad

Scoring Indicators

- Ipod hand held apple digital musical player
- Ipad ultralight apple tablet computer with e-book, video and musical functions.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts





BASICS OF TECHNICAL WRITING

Learning Outcomes

- 7.1 Examine the definition of technical writing
- 7.2 Locate the evolutionary stages of technical writing
- 7.3 Compare the different types of technical documents
- 7.4 Identify the qualities of a technical writer
- 7.5 Evaluate the characteristics of technical writing
- 7.6 Identify the various and stages of technical writing
- 7.7 Compose content for a technical document

Q-1

Learning outcome

7.1 Examine the definition of technical writing

Question text

• Define technical writing

Scoring Indicators

- Writing technical information about a product for someone who does have technical knowhow.
- Impresses audience and minimizes the noise factors.
- Minimizes the gap between expert and end users.

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-2

Learning outcome

7.2 Locate the evolutionary stages of technical writing

Question text

• Write about the need and scope of technical writing



Scoring Indicators

- Evolved with the innovation in technology.
- Minimizes the complexity of technical information.
- Provides awareness/knowledge to operate products.
- Helps to know about products.
- Network technologies improve
- Chances of interaction makes technical document more vibrant
- Single source of publishing
- Social collaboration
- Real time communication/instant feed backs.

Score : 4, Time : 10 mts

Q-3

Learning outcome

7.3 Compare the different types of technical documents

Question text

• What is user manual?

Scoring Indicators

- A small booklet/leaflet attached with the package of product.
- Assist end uses to operate the product.

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-4

Learning outcome

7.5 Evaluate the characteristics of technical writing

Question text

• What are the elements in designing a user manual?

Lange Scoring Indicators

- Headline
- Introduction of situation
- Target audience
- Prioritization of stages of task
- List of tools
- Narration of process
- Warnings and conclusion.

Q-5

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Learning outcome

7.5 Evaluate the characteristics of technical writing

67

Question text

• What is documentation?



• Information that helps people to solve problems to make decision and do the task efficiently.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-6

68

Learning outcome

7.5 Evaluate the characteristics of technical writing

Question text

• What is a template?

Scoring Indicator

• A document that is used as a model to create other documents.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts



ADVERTISING

Learning Outcomes

- 8.1 Identify the definitions of advertising
- 8.2 Trace the etymological derivation of advertising
- 8.3 Identify the evolution of advertising
- 8.4 Observe the functions and dysfunctions of advertising
- 8.5 Categorize the types of advertisements
- 8.6 Discover the trends in advertising

Q-1

Learning outcome

8.1 Identify the definitions of advertising

Question text

• Define the term advertising

A Scoring Indicator

• Any paid form of non-personal presentation and promotion of goods, ideas and services.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-2

Learning outcome

8.3 Identify the evolution of advertising

Question text

• The first print advertisement in India appeared in which newspaper

Scoring Indicator

• The Bengal Gazette

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts



Learning outcome

8.3 Identify the evolution of advertising

Question text

• Write about the evolution of advertising in India

Scoring Indicators

- The Bengal Gazette carried first print advertisement.
- Advertising agency set up in Mumbai in 1905 by B Dutta Ram.
- Professionalism started in advertisement.
- Second phase emerged in 1960 to 1980.
- Generated Indian professional identity.
- Third phase 1980.
- Synthesis of effective marketing mechanism and high level of creativity.

Score : 3, Time : 10 mts

Q-4

Learning outcome

8.4 Observe the functions and dysfunctions of advertising

Question text

• What is the aim of advertising?

Scoring Indicators

- Inform
- Educate
- Create demand
- Enhance competition
- Establish brand identity
- Promote action
- Improve customer base

Q-5

Learning outcome

8.4 Observe the functions and dysfunctions of advertising

Question text

• What are the functions of advertising?

Scoring Indicators

- Inform
- Educate



Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Score : 3, Time : 5 mts

- Create demand
- Enhance competition
- Establish brand identity
- Promote action
- Improve customer base

Q-6

Learning outcome

8.4 Observe the functions and dysfunctions of advertising

Question text





- The effect of advertising leads to multiplication of identical products.
- It results in the wastage of resources
- Cite an example

Q-7

Learning outcome

8.4 Observe the functions and dysfunctions of advertising

Question text

• Advertisements have both positive and negative effects. Elucidate your view.

Scoring Indicators

- Inform
- Educate
- Create demand
- Enhance competition
- Establish brand identity
- Promote action
- Improve customer base
- Product proliferation
- Inefficient manufacturing
- Tendency to consume
- Promotes stereotypes

Q-8

Learning outcome

8.5 Categorize the types of advertisements



Question text

• Explain various types of advertisements



- Consumer Ads
- Institutional Ads
- Public service Ads
- Overt Ads
- Surrogate Ads
- Infomercials
- Classified Ads
- Display Ads
- Outdoor media Ads
- Transit Ads

Q-9

Learning outcome

8.5 Categorize the types of advertisements

Question text

• What is public service advertisement?



- PSA are awareness ads for public causes
- Not for selling a product

Q-10

Learning outcome

8.5 Categorize the types of advertisements

Question text

• Define infomercials.

Scoring Indicators

- TV commercial in long format
- Describe and demonstrate product features

Score : 2, Time : 3 mts

72

Score : 2, Time : 15 mts
Learning outcome

8.5 Categorize the types of advertisements

Question text

• what are classified ads

Scoring Indicators

- Ads with 2-3 sentences
- Rate fixed by number of words or line
- Usually seen on newspapers
- Cite example

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-12

Learning outcome

8.5 Categorize the types of advertisements

Question text

• Explain out of Home advertisements with examples

Scoring Indicators

- Advertising like bill boards, posters, sign boards, electronic sign boards etc.
- Reaches the consumer when he/she outside.

Score : 3, Time : 10 mts

Q-13

Learning outcome

8.5 Categorize the types of advertisements

Question text

• Differentiate display ads and classified ads

Scoring Indicators

Classified

- Ads with 2-3 sentences
- Rate fixed by number of words or line
- Usually seen on newspapers
- Cite example

Display

- Common type of printed Ads
- Carries images, headline body copy, logo, slogan etc.
- Appears in different colors
- Displayed in multiple columns

Score : 6, Time : 8 mts



Learning outcome

8.3 Identify the evolution of advertising

Question text

• What are the components in an advertisement?



- Headline
- Subhead
- Body copy
- Image
- Logo
- Slogan

Q-15

Learning outcome

8.3 Identify the evolution of advertising

Question text

• Prepare an Advertisement

Scoring Indicators

- Headline
- Subhead
- Bodycopy
- Image
- Logo
- Slogan
- Creativity
- Proper arrangement of elements.

Q-16

Learning outcome

8.6 Discover the trends in advertising

Question text

• What is online advertising?

A Scoring Indicator

• Advertisement that are appears on internet.

Score : 5, Time : 8 mts

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts





Learning outcome

8.3 Identify the evolution of advertising

Question text

Expand-ASCI, ISA, AAAI.K3A

Scoring Indicators

- Advertising standards council of India
- Indian society of advertisers
- Advertising agencies association of India
- Kerala advertising agencies association

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-18

Question text

• What is the importance of copy writers in advertisement?

Scoring Indicators

- Prepare the text for advertisers.
- Persuade someone to buy a product
- Promote sale of goods or offers of services.

Score : 4, Time : 10 mts

Q-19

Learning outcome

8.3 Identify the evolution of advertising

Question text

• What is Ad Copy?

Scoring Indicators

• The printed text or spoken words in an advertisement.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-20

Learning outcome

8.6 Discover the trends in advertising

Question text

• Define advocacy advertising



• To promote a position for a political, controversial or other social issues.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts



Learning outcome

8.3 Identify the evolution of advertising

Question text

• What is copy testing?

Scoring Indicator

• To research to determine an advertisement's effectiveness based on consumer responses.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-22

Learning outcome

8.6 Discover the trends in advertising

Question text

• What is green advertising?

Scoring Indicator

• Advertising that promotes a product or services to help prserve the environment.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-23

Learning outcome

8.3 Identify the evolution of advertising

Question text

• Define logo

Scoring Indicator

• A brand name, publication title etc. presented in a special style or type face and used like a trademark.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-24

Learning outcome

8.3 Identify the evolution of advertising

Question text

Expand -USP

Scoring Indicator

• Unique Selling Proposition or Unique Selling Point.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts



PUBLIC RELATIONS AND CORPORATE COMMUNICATION

Learning Outcomes

- 9.1 Observe the concept of PR
- 9.2 Identify the role of PR personnel in an organization
- 9.3 Evaluate the process of PR
- 9.4 Identify the concepts of corporate communication
- 9.5 Identify the tools of corporate communication
- 9.6 Evaluate the role of corporate communication in an organization
- 9.7 Observe the concept of event management

Q-1

Learning outcome

9.1 Observe the concept of PR

Question text

• Define public relations

Langle Coring Indicators

- Two way communication between organization and its public.
- It is an organizational tool that utilizes psychological and sociological knowledge and skills to help an organization present a positive image to the general public.

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-2

Learning outcome

9.1 Observe the concept of PR

Question text

• Who is considered as the father of PR?

ndicator Scoring Indicator

• Ivy Lee

Score : 1, Time : 1¹/₂ mts

Learning outcome

9.3 Evaluate the process of PR

Question text

Distinguish internal and external public

Scoring Indicators

InternalExternalPeople inside the organizationPeople outside the organization directly orDirectly connectedIndirectly connected or directryEg. Employees of the organizationEg. Neighbour

Score : *4*, *Time* : *10 mts*

Q-4

Learning outcome

9.3 Evaluate the process of PR

Question text

• Distinguish Advertising and PR

Scoring Indicators

Advertising	PR
Paid and cost effective	Non paid form
Direct and explicit	indirect and implicit
Impersonal mass communication	A mass communication that generate
Short time communication	Public attitude
	Long time communication

Score : *6*, *Time* : *15 mts*

Q-5

Learning outcome

9.2 Identify the role of PR personnel in an organization

Question text

• Explain the tools commonly used by PR practitioners

Scoring Indicators

- Spoken word
- Written communication
- Media releases
- Photographs
- Trade fairs and exhibition



(6)

Score : *6*, *Time* : *15 mts*

- Audio visual tools
- Media conference
- Brochure
- News letter
- House journal
- Research

Q-6

Learning outcome

9.2 Identify the role of PR personnel in an organization

Question text

• Differentiate internal and external tool



Internal	External
Reports	press release
Plans	
Policies/decisions	media conference
House journal	trade fair

Score : 4, Time : 10 mts

Q-7

Learning outcome

9.2 Identify the role of PR personnel in an organization

Question text

• Write any two digital tools for PR

Scoring Indicators

- Website
- Social media

Q-8

Learning outcome

9.2 Identify the role of PR personnel in an organization

Question text

• Name the English magazine published by I-PRD the government of kerala

Scoring Indicators

• Kerala Calling

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts



Learning outcome

9.4 Identify the concepts of corporate communication

Question text

• Define corporate communication

Scoring Indicators

- Safeguard the public image of a company and enrich its goodwill.
- Effective co-ordination of internal and external communication.

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-10

Learning outcome

9.5 Identify the tools of corporate communication

Question text

• What is a house journal?

Scoring Indicator

• A publication of a company or an institution circulated at free of cost among the employees and press.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-11

Learning outcome

9.5 Identify the tools of corporate communication

Question text

• What is media release?

Scoring Indicators

- A written document prepared and given to the media.
- Informs events and developments of the organization.

Score : 2, Time : 5 mts

Q-12

Learning outcome

9.6 Evaluate the role of corporate communication in an organization

Question text

• Explain the functions of a corporate communication officer



Scoring Indicators

- Counselling
- Media relations
- Employee relations
- Community relations
- Publicity
- Government affairs
- Financial relations
- Industrial relations
- Special events
- Marketing communication
- Issue management
- Research

Score : 5, Time : 15 mts

Q-13

Learning outcome

9.5 Identify the tools of corporate communication

Question text

• What are the traditional tools of corporate communication?

Scoring Indicators

- Spoken word
- Written communication
- Media releases
- Photographs
- Trade fares and exhibition
- Audio visual tools
- Media conference
- Brochure
- News letter
- House journal
- Research

Q-14

Learning outcome

9.5 Identify the tools of corporate communication

Question text

• what is a press release

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Scoring Indicators

- A written document prepared and given to the media.
- Informs events and developments of the organization.

Q-15

Learning outcome

9.3 Evaluate the process of PR

Question text

• List some of the new media tools used for corporate communication



- Blog
- Instant messages
- Micro blogs
- Photo sharing tools
- Podcast
- Social book marking site
- Video conference
- Video sharing
- Wiki

Score : *4*, *Time* : *10 mts*

Score : 3, Time : 5 mts

Q-16

Learning outcome

9.7 Observe the concept of event management

Question text

• Define event management

Scoring Indicators

- Application of project management to create and develop large scale events.
- It involves studying the brand identity using target audience.
- Planning the logistics
- Co-ordination of technical aspects.

Q-17

Learning outcome

9.7 Observe the concept of event management

Question text

• School kalolsavam is scheduled to be held in your school. You are assigned to organize that event. How will you manage that event successfully?





Scoring Indicators

- Event planning
- Budgeting
- Site selection
- Preparing schedule
- Acquiring permits
- Co-ordinating transportation/parking
- Event security
- Catering
- Emergency planning
- Arranging for speakers/entertainers
- Decorations
- Emergency plans

Score : 6, Time : 15 mts

Q-18

Learning outcome

9.6 Evaluate the role of corporate communication in an organization

Question text

• What is corporate image?

Scoring Indicators

• The immediate set of meanings inferred by an individual in response to one or more signals from or about an organization at a single point of time.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-19

Learning outcome

9.6 Evaluate the role of corporate communication in an organization

Question text

• Define market

Scoring Indicator

• A defined group for whom a product is in demand.

Q-20

Learning outcome

9.6 Evaluate the role of corporate communication in an organization

Question text

• Define stakeholder

La Scoring Indicator

Any group or individual who will be benefitted with the achievement of the organization's objectives.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-21

Learning outcome

9.6 Evaluate the role of corporate communication in an organization

Question text

What is corporate identity?

Scoring Indicator

The profile and values communicated by an organization.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

O-22

Learning outcome

9.6 Evaluate the role of corporate communication in an organization

Question text

Who are the publics in corporate sector?



Scoring Indicator

People who mobilize themselves against the organization on the basis of some common issue or concerned to them.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts

Q-23

Learning outcome

9.7 Evaluate the role of corporate communication in an organization

Question text

What is CRM

Scoring Indicator

System for managing a company interactions with the current and future customers.

Score : 1, Time : 2 mts



SAMPLE QUESTION PAPERS



86

SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER -I

WEIGHT TO CONTENT & LEARNING OUTCOMES

No.	Unit	LO No.	Weight	Percentage
1	Writing for Magazines	1.10.	6	10
2	Magazine Editing and Production	2.22.1.2.5	5	8
3	Writing and production for Radio	3.14.3.12.3.6.3.15.3.3.	7	11.6
4	TV news and Video production	4.13.4.4.4.11.	7	11.6
5	Film Appreciation	5.4.5.19.5.23.5.15.5.22.	7	11.6
6	New media Concepts and Applications	6.23.6.5.6.10.	7	11.6
7	Basics of Technical writing	7.2. 7.10.7.13.	7	11.6
8	Advertising	8.7.8.13.	7	11.6.
9	Public Relations and Corporate Communication	9.11.9.4.9.18.	7	11.6
	Total		60	100

WEIGHT TO THINKING SKILLS

No.	Thinking Skills	Score	Percentage
1	Conceptual Attainment	36	60
2	Conceptual Generation	24	40
	Total	60	100

WEIGHT TO FORM OF QUESTIONS

No.	Туре	No. of Questions	Score	Percentage
1	Objective	11(1)	11	18
2	Short answer	1(3)2(5),3(4),4(2)	33	54
3	Essay	5(2),6(1)	16	28
	Total		60	100

Score : 60

an an is	ct : Journalism BL	UE PR	INT			0.2	ime :	2 Hrs
Unit	Thinking skills	Thinking skills for Conceptual Attainment			Thinking skills for Conceptual Generation			Total
	Content	OB	SA	Essay	OB	SA	Essay	
1.	Writing for Magazine						1(6)	1(6)
2.	Magazine Editing and Production	1(1)	1(2)			1(2)		3(5)
3.	Writing and Production for Radio	1(1)1(1) 1(1)	1(2)1(2)	2				5(7)
4.	TV news and Video Production	1(1)				1(3) 1(3)		3(7)
5.	Film Appreciation	1(1) 1(1)	1(1)			1(1) 1(3)		5(7)
6.	New Media Concepts and Applications	1(1)	1(1)				1(5)	3(7)
7.	Basics of Technical Writing	1(1)1(1)		1(5)				3(7)
8.	Advertising		1(4)			1(3)		2(7)
9.	Public Relations and Corporate Communication	1(1)	1(2)1(4)					3(7)
	Total	11(11)	8(18)	1(5)		6(15)	2(11)	28(60

BLUE PRINT

Class : XII

*Question number 1, 27 and 28 contain both conceptual attainment and generation elements. So their scores can be calculated by splitting the total score.



HSE II	
March 2016	

Higher Secondary Education

JOURNALISM

Sample Question Paper -I

Maximum : 60 Score Time: 2 hrs Cool off time : 15 mts

Reg. No: Name :

General Instructions to candidates:

- There is 'Cool off time' of 15 minutes in addition to the writing time of 2 hrs. .
- You are neither allowed to write your answers nor to discuss anything with others during the 'cool off time'. .
- Use the 'cool off time' to get familiar with questions and to plan your answers.
- Read the questions carefully before answering
- All questions are compulsory and only internal choice is allowed.
- When you select a question, all the sub-questions must be answered from the same question itself.
- Calculations, figures and graphs should be shown in the answer sheet itself.
- Malayalam version of the questions is also provided.
- . Give equations wherever necessary
- Only nonprogrammable calculators are allowed in the Examination Hall.

പൊതുനിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ

- നിർദ്ദിഷ്ട സമയത്തിന് പുറമെ 15 മിനിട്ട് 'കൂൾ ഓഫ് ടൈം' ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കും. ഈ സമയത്ത് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾക്ക് ഉത്തരം എഴുതാനോ, മറ്റുള്ളരുമായി ആശയം വിനിമയം നടത്തോനോ പാടില്ല
- ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ എഴുതുന്നതിന് മുമ്പ് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവും വായിക്കണം.
- എല്ലാ ചോദ്യങ്ങൾക്കും ഉത്തരം എഴുതണം.
- ഒരു ചോദ്യന്നനൽ ഉത്തരമെഴുതാൻ തെരെഞ്ഞെടുത്ത് കഴിഞ്ഞാൽ ഉപപോദ്യങ്ങളും അതേ ചോദ്യനമ്പ ٠ രിൽ നിന്ന് തന്നെ തെരെഞ്ഞെടുക്കേണ്ടതാണ്.
- കണക്ക് കൂട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഫുകൾ, എന്നിവ ഉത്തരപേപ്പറിൽത്തന്നെ ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കണം.
- ആവശ്യമുള്ള സ്ഥലത്ത് സമവാകൃങ്ങൾ കൊടുക്കണം .
- പോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്.
- പ്രോഗ്രാമുകൾ ചെയ്യാനാകാത്ത കാൽക്കുലേറ്ററുകൾ മാത്രമേ പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ nJ052881

1.	Which of the following was blogging site till recently? a) You Tube b) Facebook		 അടുത്തകാലം വരെ മൈക്രോബ്ലോഗിങ്ങ് സൈറ്റ് ആയിരുന്നത് എത്? a) യുട്യൂബ് b) ഫെയ്സ്ബുക്ക്
	c) Twitter d) Wiki	(1)	c) ടിറ്റെർ d) വിക്കി (1)
 Identify the mismatched one from the pair of editors and magazines. a) Mohan Sivanand - Readers 			 എഡിറ്റർമാരുടെയും മാസികകളുടെയും ജോടി യിൽ നിന്നു തെറ്റായിരേഖപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കു ന്നതിനെ കണ്ടെത്തുക.
	Digest(India) b) N.Ram - Frontline		a) മോഹൻ ശിവാനന്ദ് – റീഡേർസ് ഡൈജസ്റ്റ് b) എൻ. റാം – ഫ്രന്റ്ലൈൻ
	c) Krishna Prasad - Outlook		c) കൃഷ്ണപ്രസാദ് - ഒൗട്ട്ലുക്ക്

- c) Krishna Prasad Outlook
- d) TarunTejpal The Week (1)
- d) തരുൺ തേജ്പാൽ ദി വീക്ക് (1)

(1)

(1)

(1)

(1)

(1)

(1)

(1)

(1)

(1)

(T)

(1)

(1)

(2)

3. Find out the Dada Saheb Phalke award 2015 ലെ ദാദാസാഹിബ്ബ് അവാർഡ് ജേതാവ് winner of 2015. ាងចំក a) ശശീകപുർ a) ShashiKapoor b) K.Balachandar b) കെ. ബാലചന്ദർ c) Gulzar ഗുൽസാർ d) Soumitra Chatterrji d) സൗമിത്ര ചാറ്റർജി (1)Name the director of documentary "Images and Reflections -a Journey to Images and Reflections: A Journey into Adoor's Imagery" എന്ന പ്രാസ്വചിത്രത്തിന്റെ സംവിധായകൻ Adoor's Imagery. a) Mrinal Sen a) മൂണാൾസെൻ b) Girish Karnad b) ഗിരിഷ് കർണാട് c) Girish Kasaravalli c) ഗിരിഷ് കാസറവള്ളി d) Adoor Goplakrishnan (1)d) അടൂർ ഗോപാലകൃഷ്ണൻ Complete the sentence: വാചകം പൂർണമാക്കുക. National Public Relations day is ദേശീയ പബ്ലിക് റിലേഷൻസ് ദിനം ആചരി observed on ----ക്കുന്നത് --every year. ----- ലാണ്. a) April 23 a) എപ്രിൽ 23 b) May 21 b) മെയ് 21 c) January 29 c) ജനുവരി 29 d) April 21 (1)d) എപ്രിൽ 21 6. There are several types of microphones പല ദിശകളിൽ നിന്നുള്ള ശബ്ദം റെക്കോർഡ് to record sound from various directions. ചെയ്യുന്ന വിവിധ മൈക്രോഫോണുകൾ Which are these microphones?. (1)ഉണ്ടല്ലോ. അവ ഏതെല്ലാം? റേഡിയോബ്രിഡ്ജ് പരിപാടികളുടെ ഉദ്ദേശം What is the purpose of radio bridge വ്യക്തമാക്കുക. programme in broadcasting studio. (1) വെബ് 2 എന്തെന്നു വിശദീകരിക്കുക. 8. 8. Explain the concept of Web.2. (1)9. ടെക്ക്നിക്കൽ റൈറ്റിങ് നിർവചിക്കുക. Define technical writing. (1)ടി.വി. ന്യൂസിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കുന്ന റ്റീസെസ് 10. എന്ന പദം എന്താണ് അർത്ഥമാക്കുന്നത്? 10. What do you mean by the term teases in TV news? (1)11. Elucidate the expression 'grammar of 11. സിനിമയുടെ വ്യാകരണം എന്ന പ്രയോഗ cinema." ത്തിന്റെ അർത്ഥതലം വിശദീകരിക്കുക. (1)12. Comment on Indian new wave film 12. ഇന്ത്യൻ നവതരംഗസിനിമയെക്കുറിച്ച് അഭി movement. (1)പ്രായം എഴുതുക. 13. Present the basic rule/ style of radio 13. റേഡിയോ വാർത്താരചനയുടെ അടിസ്ഥാന news writing in single sentence. തത്ത്വം ഒറ്റവാചകത്തിൽ എഴുതുക. (1)14. What are the different stages in the 14. ടെക്ക്നിക്കൽ റൈറ്റിങ്ങിന്റെ വിവിധ ഘട്ടങ്ങൾ process of technical writing? (1)3LDBn 15. Write down four important functions of 15. ഒരു സ്ഥാപനത്തിൽ പി.ആർ.ഒ നിർവഹിക്കുന്ന the Public Relations Officer in an നാല് പ്രധാന ധർമ്മങ്ങൾ എഴുതുക. organization. (2)

16. State four principles of magazine മാഗസിൻ എഡിറ്റിങ്ങിന്റെ നാല് പ്രധാന തത്വ editing. ങ്ങൾ പ്രസ്താവിക്കുക. (2)(2)17. Which is your favourite magazine? v. നിങ്ങളുടെ ഇഷ്ടമാസിക എതാണ്? അത് പതി Explain why do you read it regularly. വായി വായിക്കുന്നത് എന്തുകൊണ്ടെന്ന് വിശ ദീകരിക്കുക. (2)(2)18. Madhu is a radio news anchor and ടെ. മധ്യ റേഡിയോ ന്യൂസ് ആങ്കർ ആണ്. ജാസ്മിൻ Jasmine is a radio jockey. Contrast their റേഡിയോ ജോക്കിയും. ഇരുവരുടെയും ജോലി ക്കാവശ്യമായ ഗുണഗണങ്ങൾ താരതമൃപ്പെടു professional qualities. (2)(3133).eb. (2) 19. Differentiate Digital Radio Mondiale Digital Radio Mondiale eno Frequency 19. and Frequency Modulation. Modulation നും തമ്മിലുള്ള വൃത്യാസം (2)nocigana@ (2)20. You are planning to produce a short 20. നിങ്ങൾ ബാലവേലയെപ്പറ്റി ഒരു ഹ്രസ്ഥചിത്രം film on child labour and you know that നിർമ്മിക്കാൻ ആഗ്രഹിക്കുന്നു. ഓരോ സീനും a story board is necessary for describing വിവരിക്കുന്നതിന്നു സ്റ്റോറിബോർഡ് ആവശ്യ each scene. Sketch a story board for the മാണെന്ന് നിങ്ങൾക്ക് അറിയാം. പ്രാരംഭ opening scene. സീനിന്റെ സ്റ്റോറിബോർഡ് വരയ്ക്കുക. (3)(3) 21. Prepare a TV news script from the given 21. താഴെ കൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്ന വാർത്തയെ അടി news story either, in English or സ്ഥാനമാക്കി ഒരു ടെലിവിഷൻ വാർത്താസ്ക്രി Malayalam. (3)പ്റ്റ്, ഇംഗ്രീഷിലോ മലയാളത്തിലോ തയ്യാറാ ക്കുക (3)

A four-member delegation led by Gautham Adani's son Karan Adani, who is also the executive director of Adani Ports, will visit Chief Minister OommenChandy on Monday to discuss further steps to make Vizhinjam International Seaport Limited a reality.

The delegation will meet Mr. Chandy at the chief minister's chamber in the Assembly complex at 12 noon. The dates for signing the agreement for the port and the inaugural ceremony for the construction are likely to come up at the meeting.

The visit is a follow-up of the state government submitting the letter of award to Adani Ports. Both the chief minister and Port Minister K. Babu had earlier written to the centre seeking exemption from the cabotage law for the port. Another letter will be sent to the centre to extend the cabotage exemption to Vallarpadam port, which ends in October. Mr. Babu said in a statement on Friday.

The media club of your school plans to conduct a film festival this year. Discuss the need of organizing such film festivals in campus every year. (3)	22.	നിങ്ങളുടെ സ്കൂളിലെ മീഡിയ ക്ലബ്ബ് ഈ വർഷം ഒരു ചലച്ചിത്രോത്സവം നത്തോൻ ഉദ്ദേ ശിക്കുന്നു. എല്ലാവർഷവും ക്യാമ്പസുകളിൽ പലച്ചിത്രോത്സവം നടത്തുന്നതിന്റെ ആവശ്യക തയെക്കുറിച്ചു ചർച്ച ചെയ്യുക. (3)
Recently in television channels there is a boom of surrogate advertisements and infomercials. Substantiate your views. (3)	23.	സരോഗേറ്റ് പരസ്യങ്ങൾ, ഇൻഫൊമെർസിയലു കൾ ഇവയുടെ ആധിക്യം അടുത്തകാലത്ത് ടി.വി. ചാനലുകളിൽ കണ്ടുവരുന്നു. നിങ്ങളുടെ കാഴ്ചപ്പാട് സാധുകരിക്കുക. (3)

- Identify the various types of online advertisements we see on web pages and describe them with examples. (4)
- If you are appointed as corporate communication officer in a company, what are the new media tools you would use to promote corporate image of a company? Enlist them and explain any three.
- The user manual is an important communication tool for customers. Describe the structure of user manual with illustrations. (5)
- 27. While reading a newspaper and its online edition (website) you might have noticed many differences and similarities. Compare a print newspaper and its web edition in terms of important characteristics of both types of newspapers and write a report. (5)
- Identify the personality from the given photograph and write profile not exceeding in about 500words for your campus magazine.

Ø.

(6)

Hints:

- An activist for female education in Pakistan
- The youngest-ever Nobel Prize laureate
- Known mainly for human rights advocacy

- വെബ്പേജുകളിൽ സാധാരണയായി കണ്ടുവ രുന്ന ഓൺലൈൻപരസ്യങ്ങൾ ഏവി ഉദാഹര ണസഹിതം വിവരിക്കുക. (4)
- 25. ഒരു കമ്പനിയിലെ കോർപ്പറേറ്റ് കമ്മ്യൂണിക്കേ ഷൻ ഓഫിസറായി നിങ്ങൾ നിയമിക്കപെടുന്നു വെങ്കിൽ ഏതെല്ലാം നവമാധ്യമ ഉപാധികളാണ് കമ്പനിയുടെ കോർപ്പറേറ്റ് ഇമേജ് വർധിപ്പിക്കാ നായി നിങ്ങൾ ഉപയോഗിക്കുക? അവയുടെ ലിസ്റ്റ് തയ്യാറാക്കി, ഏതെങ്കിലും മുന്ന് ഉപാധി കളെക്കുറിച്ച് വിശദീകരിക്കുക. (4)
- യൂസെർ മാനുവലുകൾ, കസ്റ്റുമെറിനുള്ള ആശയ വിനിമയോപാധികളാണ്. ഒരു യൂസെർമാനുവ ലിന്റെ ഘടന ചിത്രീകരിച്ച് വിവരിക്കുക.

(5)

- 27. ഒരു പത്രവും അതിന്റെ ഓൺലൈൽ എഡി ഷനും വായിക്കുമ്പോൾ സാദൃശ്യങ്ങളും വൈജാതൃങ്ങളും നിങ്ങൾ കണ്ടെത്തുന്നു. ഒരു പ്രിന്റ് ന്യൂസ്പേപ്പറും ഓൺലൈൻ, ന്യൂസ്പേ പ്പറും സ്വഭാവസവിശേഷതകളുടെ അടിസ്ഥാന ത്തിൽ താരതര്യം ചെയ്ത് റിപ്പോർട്ട് എഴുതുക. (5)
- ഫോട്ടോയിലുള്ള വൃക്തിയെ തിരിച്ചറിഞ്ഞ് പ്രൊഹൈൽ (വൃക്തിചിത്രം) ക്യാമ്പസ് മാസികയ്ക്കുവേണ്ടി തയ്യാറാ ക്കുക (ഏകദേശം 500 വാക്കു കളിൽ)

(6)

സുചകങ്ങൾ

- പാകിസ്താനിലെ സ്ത്രീ വിദ്യാഭ്യാസ പ്രവർത്തക
- ഏറ്റവും പ്രായം കുറഞ്ഞ നൊബേൽ സമ്മാന ജേതാവ്
- മനുഷ്യാവകാശ പ്രവർത്തക





Qn. No.	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
1		c) Twitter	1	1
2		d)TharunTejpal- The Week	1	1
3		a)ShashiKapoor	1	1
4		c)GirishKasaravalli	1	1
5		d)April 21	1	1
6		Uni-directional, bi-directional and omni- directional microphones.	1	1
7		It is used for connecting different radio stations for a programme or interaction with participants.	1	1
8		Web.2. is the user generated part of the internet consisting of blogs, social media and other user generated content.	1	1
9		Technical writing is defined as writing technical information for someone who doesn't have technical background or know-how.	1	1
10		Teases are short sentences used in a television news script to hold the audience attention just before a commercial break.	1	1
11		The inner meaning of the expression grammar of cinema means the composition of a visual language	1	1
12		The Indian new wave or parallel cinema movement began in 1950s. Satyajit Ray, Ritwik Ghatak, Mani Kaul and Mrinal Sen were the pioneers of this movement.	1	1
13		The basic rule in radio news writing is to keep the sentences short, avoid complex sentences and use common words.	1	1
14		Planning, Drafting and Revising.	1	1
15		Media, community, industry and governmental relations, campaigns, interest group representation, conflict mediation, investor and employee relations etc.	2	2
16		Editorial policy, content, balance, comprehensiveness, accuracy, house style.(short note on any four)	2	2
17		Any magazine, reasons for selection:good design and lay out.	2	2
18		A radio news anchor is the reader of radio news bulletin. They have solid training in reporting, editing and news reading in addition to the oral communication skills. A radio jockey work in FM stations and presents film songs in entertainment way. They have pleasing voice, knowledge of music and software skills.	2	2

SCORING Key

Qn. No.	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
19		The frequency of FM radio is between 88 to 108 MHz Digital radio mondaile is digital broadcasting,	2	2
20		Illustration and description of opening scene	3	3
21		Prepare script in split- page format.(Refer page no.94 of the text book)	3	3
22		Discussion points; film literacy and education; promoting good cinema; developing a film culture etc.	3	3
23		Definitions of surrogate advertisement and infomercial. Recent examples from television channel. Reasons for increasing rate of such advertisements such as ban of advertisements on certain products such as liquor, TV advantages as a visual medium etc	3	3
24		Definition of online advertising. Types- floating advertisements, expanding ads, wallpaper ads etc.	4	4
25		New media tools such as social media release, blogs social media and other user generated content.	4	4
26		Cover, precautions, ToC, introduction, abbreviations, technical specifications, warranty and accessories.	5	5
27		Definition and examples of online newspapers and details of characteristics such as immediacy, hypertextuality, interactivity, multimediality and archiving.	5	5
28		MalalaYousafzai.Profile should be evaluated by the knowledge about the personality and articulation skills.	6	6
		Total Marks	60	60

SL No.	Content/Units	LO	Specific thinking Skills	Form of Questions	Score	Time
1	Unit -6	6.23	CA	OB (MCQ)	1	90seconds
2	Unit -2	2.2	CA	OB (MCQ)	1	90seconds
3	Unit-5	5.4	CA	OB (MCQ)	1	90seconds
4	Unit -5	5.19.	CA	OB (MCQ)	1	90seconds
5	Unit -9	9.11	CA	OB (MCQ)	1	90seconds
6	Unit-3	3.14	CA	OBJECTIVE	1	90seconds
7	Unit-3	3.12	CA	OBJECTIVE	1	90seconds
8	Unit -6	6.5	CA	OBJECTIVE	1	90seconds
9	Unit -7	7.2.	CA	OBJECTIVE	1	90seconds
10	Unit -7	4.13	CA	OBJECTIVE	1	90seconds
11	Unit -5	5.23	CA+CG	OBJECTIVE	1	90seconds
12	Unit -5	5.15.	CA+CG	VSA	1	90seconds
13	Unit -3	3.6.	CA	VSA	1	90seconds
14	Unit -7	7.10	CA	VSA	1	90seconds
15	Unit -9	9.4.	CA	OB	2	3 minutes
16	Unit -2	2.1.	CA	SA	2	3 minutes
17	Unit 2	2.5.	CG+CA	SA	2	3 minutes
18	Unit -3	3.15.	CA	SA	2	3 minutes
- 19	Unit -3	3.3.	CA	SA	2	3 minutes
20	Unit -4	4.4	CG	SA	3	5 minutes
21	Unit -4	4.11.	CG	SA	3	5 minutes
22	Unit -5	5.22.	CG	SA	3	5 minutes
23	Unit -8	8.7.	CA	SA	3	5 minutes
24	Unit -8	8.13.	CA	SA	4	10 minutes
25	Unit -9	9.18.	CA	SA	4	10 minutes
26	Unit -7	7.13.	CA	Essay	5	14minutes
27	Unit -6	6.10.	CG=CA	Essay	5	14 minutes
28	Unit -1	1.10.	CA+CG	Essay	6	16 minutes
	TOTAL					120 minutes

QUESTION BASED ANALYSIS

Sample Question Paper -II

No.	Unit	LO No.	Weight	Percentage
1	Writing for Magazines	1.5, 1.8, 1.10	6	10
2	Magazine Editing and Production	2.6, 2.7	5	8
3	Writing and Production for Radio	3.1, 3.4, 3.12	7	11.6
4	TV news and Video Production	4.4, 4.6, 4.7, 4.9	7	11.6
5	Film Appreciation	5.12, 5.16, 5.22, 5.25	7	11.6
6	New Media Concepts and Applications	6.5, 6.7, 6.23, 6.27	7	11.6
7	Basics of Technical Writing	7.5, 7.7, 7.10	7	11.6
8	Advertising	8.5, 8.6	7	11.6
9	Public Relations and Corporate Communication	9.15, 9.16, 9.20	7	11.6
	Total		60	100

WEIGHT TO CONTENT & LEARNING OUTCOMES

WEIGHT TO THINKING SKILLS

No.	Thinking Skills	Score	Percentage
1	Conceptual Attainment	36	60
2	Conceptual Generation	24	40
	Total	60	100

WEIGHT TO FORM OF QUESTIONS

No.	Туре	No. of Questions	Score	Percentage
1	Objective	10	12	20
2	Short answer	15	42	70
3	Essay	1	6	10
	Total		60	100





Subject : Journalism BI		LUE PRINT			Score : 60 Time : 2 Hrs			
Unit	Thinking skills	Thinking skills for Conceptual Attainment			Thinking skills for Conceptual Generation			Total
	Content	OB	SA	Essay	OB	SA	Essay	
1	Writing for Magazines	1 (1)	1(2)qs. 13 1 (3)					3 (6)
2	Magazine Editing and Production					1 (3) 1 (2)		2 (5)
3	Writing and Production for Radio	1(1) 1(1) 1(1)qs.9				1 (4)		4 (7)
4	TV News and Video Production	1 (1) 1 (1)	1(4)			1 (1)		4 (7)
5	Film Appreciation	1 (1) 1(1)qs.9				1(1) 1(4)		3 (7)
6	New Media Concepts and Applications	1 (1) 1(1)qs.9	1(2)qs. 13 1 (3)					2 (7)
7	Basics of Technical Writing	1(1)	1 (3)			1 (3)		3 (7)
8	Advertising			1(6)	1(1)			2 (7)
9	Public Relations and Corporate Communication		1 (2)			1 (3) 1 (2)		2 (7)
	Total	9 (11)	6 (19)	1(6)	1 (1)	9 (23)		26 (60)

Class : XII

Score : 60

HSE II March 2016

Higher Secondary Education

Reg. No:

JOURNALISM Sample Question Paper -II

Maximum : 60 Score Time: 2 hrs Cool off time : 15 mts

· There is 'Cool off' time' of 15 minutes in addition	on to the writing time of 2 hrs.
	to discuss anything with others during the 'cool off time'.
· Use the 'cool off time' to get familiar with ques	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
· Read the questions carefully before answering	
· All questions are compulsory and only internal	
1. 전 2. 전 2. 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	ons must be answered from the same question itself.
· Calculations, figures and graphs should be sho	같은 요즘 왜 이 것 같아요. 것 같아요. 것 것 같아요. 이 것 같아요. 이 집에서 이 집에서 한 것 같아요. 것 같아요. 이 집에 집에 집에 있는 것 같아요.
· Malayalam version of the questions is also pro	
 Give equations wherever necessary 	
· Only nonprogrammable calculators are allowed	d in the Examination Hall.
പൊതുനിർവൃശങ്ങൾ	2-10-11-2-11-2-0-010-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0
 നിർദ്ദിഷ്ട സമയത്തിന് പുറമെ 15 മിനിട്ട് 'കൂൾ ഓം ഉത്തരം എഴുതാനോ, മറ്റുള്ളരുമായി ആശയം വിന്നും 	ഫ് ടൈം' ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കും. ഈ സമയത്ത് ചോദൃങ്ങൾക്ക് നിമയം നടത്തോനോ പാടില്ല.
 ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ എഴുതുന്നതിന് മൂമ്പ് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ ശ്ര 	ബോപൂർവ്വം വായിക്കണം.
 എല്ലാ ചോദ്യങ്ങൾക്കും ഉത്തരം എഴുതണം. 	
 ഒരു ചോദ്യനമ്പർ ഉത്തരേജ്യതാൻ തെരെഞ്ഞെ മിൽ നിന്ന് തന്നെ തെരെഞ്ഞെടുക്കേണ്ടതാണ്, 	ടുത്ത് കഴിഞ്ഞാൽ ഉപപോദ്യങ്ങളും അതേ പോദ്യനമ്പ
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ന്നിവ ഉത്തരപേപ്പറിൽത്തന്നെ ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കണം.
 കണക്ക് കുട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഹുകൾ, എ ആവശ്യമുള്ള സ്ഥലത്ത് സമവാകൃങ്ങൾ കൊടും ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. 	COLLECTION AND ADDRESS AND ADDRESS AND ADDRESS AND ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDR
 കണക്ക് കൂട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഹുകൾ, എം ആവശ്യമുള്ള സ്ഥലത്ത് സമവാകൃങ്ങൾ കൊടും പോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. പോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. പോഗ്രോമുകൾ ചെയ്യാനാകാത്ത കാൽക്കുലേള പാടുള്ളു. 	ഞ്ഞം റ്ററുകൾ മാത്രമേ പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ
 കണക്ക് കുട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഫുകൾ, എം ആവശുമുള്ള സ്ഥലത്ത് സമവാകൃങ്ങൾ കൊടും ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. പോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. പോദ്യാമുകൾ ചെയ്യാനാകാത്ത കാൽക്കുലേദ്ര പാടുള്ളു. The movement of camera in a vertical 	ണെം റ്ററുകൾ മാത്രമേ പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ 1. ലംബതലത്തിലുള്ള ക്യാമറാചലനം
 കണക്ക് കുട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഹുകൾ, എ ആവശുമുള്ള സ്ഥലത്ത് സമവാകൃങ്ങൾ കൊടും ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. പോഗ്യാമുകൾ ചെയ്യാനാകാത്ത കാൽക്കുലേള പാടുള്ളു. The movement of camera in a vertical plane is known as, (1) 	ണെം റ്ററുകൾ മാത്രമേ പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ 1. ലംബതലത്തിലുള്ള ക്യാമറാചലനം
 കണക്ക് കുട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഹുകൾ, എ ആവശുമുള്ള സ്ഥലത്ത് സമവാകൃങ്ങൾ കൊടും ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. പോദ്യങ്ങൾ ലെയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. പോദ്യാമുകൾ ചെയ്യാനാകാത്ത കാൽക്കുലേള പാടുള്ളു. The movement of camera in a vertical plane is known as (1) a. Tracking b. Tilting 	ണെം റ്ററുകൾ മാത്രമേ പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ 1. ലംബതലത്തിലുള്ള ക്യാമറാചലനം എന്നറിയപ്പെടുന്നു. (1) a) ട്രാക്കിങ് b) ടിൽറ്റിങ്
 കണക്ക് കുട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഹുകൾ, എറ ആവശുമുള്ള സ്ഥലത്ത് സമവാകൃങ്ങൾ കൊടും ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. പോദ്യങ്ങൾ ചെയ്യാനാകാത്ത കാൽക്കുലേള പാടുള്ളു. The movement of camera in a vertical plane is known as, (1) a. Tracking b. Tilting c. Panning d. Jib 	ണെം റ്ററുകൾ മാത്രമേ പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ 1. ലംബതലത്തിലുള്ള കുാമറാചലനം എന്നറിയപ്പെടുന്നു. (1) a) ട്രാക്കിങ് b) ടിൽറ്റിങ് c) പാനിങ് d) ജീബ്
 കണക്ക് കുട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഹുകൾ, എഗ ആവശുമുള്ള സ്ഥലത്ത് സമവാകൃങ്ങൾ കൊടും ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. പോട്യാള്ളം. 1. The movement of camera in a vertical plane is known as, (1) a. Tracking b. Tilting c. Panning d. Jib 2. Identify the web browser from the 	ണെം റ്ററുകൾ മാത്രമേ പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ 1. ലംബതലത്തിലുള്ള ക്യാമറാചലനം എന്നറിയപ്പെടുന്നു. (1) a) ട്രാക്കിൽ b) ടിൽറ്റിങ് C) പാനിങ് d) ജിബ് 2. താഴെ കൊടുത്തിട്ടുള്ളവയിൽ ഒരു വെബ്
 കണക്ക് കുട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഹുകൾ, എഗ് ആവശുമുള്ള സ്ഥലത്ത് സമവാകൃങ്ങൾ കൊടുക ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. പോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. പോദ്യാമുകൾ ചെയ്യാനാകാത്ത കാൽക്കുലേല പാടുള്ളു. The movement of camera in a vertical plane is known as, (1) a. Tracking b. Tilting c. Panning d. Jib Identify the web browser from the choices given: (1) 	ണെം റ്ററുകൾ മാത്രമേ പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ 1. ലംബതലത്തിലുള്ള ക്യാമറാചലനം എന്നറിയപ്പെടുന്നു. (1) a) ട്രാക്കിങ് b) ടിൽറ്റിങ് c) പാനിങ് d) ജിബ് 2. താഴെ കൊടുത്തിട്ടുള്ള വയിൽ ഒരു വെബ് ബ്രൗസർ തിരിച്ചറിയുക
 കണക്ക് കുട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഹുകൾ, എഗ ആവശുമുള്ള സ്ഥലത്ത് സമവാകൃങ്ങൾ കൊടും ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. പോട്യുള്ള, The movement of camera in a vertical plane is known as, (1) a. Tracking b. Tilting c. Panning d. Jib Identify the web browser from the choices given: (1) a. Google b. Yahoo 	ണെം റ്ററുകൾ മാത്രമേ പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ 1. ലംബതലത്തിലുള്ള കുാമറാചലനം എന്നറിയപ്പെടുന്നു. (1) a) ട്രാക്കിൽ b) ടിൽറ്റിങ് C) പാനിങ് d) ജിബ് 2. താഴെ കൊടുത്തിട്ടുള്ളവയിൽ ഒരു വെബ് ബ്രൗസർ തിരിച്ചറിയുക a) ഗൂഗിൾ b) യാഹു
 матаб адјерана, «Допазић, (почизана, «ди транозајаза пиленат тиганољуавић аљозун сънзејавић венооратено таканођујата. силоскогазана венооратено таканована венооратено таканована веноскогазана. Пране is known as (1) a. Tracking b. Tilting c. Panning d. Jib Identify the web browser from the choices given:	ണെം റ്ററുകൾ മാത്രമേ പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ 1. ലംബതലത്തിലുള്ള ക്യാമറാചലനം എന്നറിയപ്പെടുന്നു. (1) a) ട്രാക്കിൽ b) ടിൽറ്റിങ് c) പാനിങ് d) ജിബ് 2. താഴെ കൊടുത്തിട്ടുള്ളവയിൽ ഒരു വെബ് ബ്രൗസർ തിരിച്ചറിയുക a) ഗൂഗിൾ b) യാഹൂ c) ഗൂഗിൾ ക്രോം d) ഗോഫർ (1)
 матаб адредана, адататаб, пострана, ада транодарда типенай техноладаная алогда с постраная вешоодатер, такаладана; с постраная вешоодатер, такаладария; такаладария вешоодатер, такаладария; такаладария; такала	ണെം റ്ററുകൾ മാത്രമേ പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ 1. ലംബതലത്തിലുള്ള ക്യാമറാചലനം എന്നറിയപ്പെടുന്നു. (1) a) ട്രാക്കിൽ b) ടിൽറ്റിങ് c) പാനിൽ d) ജിബ് 2. താഴെ കൊടുത്തിട്ടുള്ള വയിൽ ഒരു വെബ് ബ്രൗസർ തിരിച്ചറിയുക a) ഗൂഗിൾ പ്രകാം d) ഗോഹർ (1) 3 പുവടെ ചേർത്തിട്ടുള്ള പട്ടികയിൽ നിന്നും ഒരു
 матаб адредана, адатанай, пострана, ада транодарда типенай техноладаная алогда с постраная авторатель такаладана; техноданая авторатель пазаназана; пострана и пострана, пострана, пострана, пострана, пострана, пострана, пострана, пострана, пострана, пострана, пострана, пострана, пострана, пострана, пос	ണെം റ്ററുകൾ മാത്രമേ പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ 1. ലംബതലത്തിലുള്ള കുാമറാചലനം എന്നറിയപ്പെടുന്നു. (1) a) ട്രാക്കിൽ b) ടിൽറ്റിങ് C) പാനിൽ d) ജീബ് 2. താഴെ കൊടുത്തിട്ടുള്ളവയിൽ ഒരു വെബ് ബ്രൗസർ തിരിച്ചറിയുക a) ഗൂഗിൾ (ക്രാം d) ഗോഫർ (1)
 матаб адјерљий, «Ијлатић, (почаданий, «ди трановјајада тиленат тиганољуати ањогоја сълзајати геноратоја такајајајай. сранова се поратоја от такајајајай. сранова се поратоја от такајајаја. сранова се поратоја от такајајаја. Поратоја от такајајаја от такајајаја. Поратоја от такајајаја от такајајаја. сранова се поратоја от такајајајаја. сранова се поратоја от такајајајаја. Поратоја от такајајајаја. сранова от такајајајаја. поратоја от такајајајајајајајајаја. сранова от такајајајајајајајајајајајајајајајајајаја	ണെം റ്ററുകൾ മാത്രമേ പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ 1. ലംബതലത്തിലുള്ള ക്യാമറാചലനം എന്നറിയപ്പെടുന്നു. (1) a) ട്രാക്കിൽ b) ടിൽറ്റിങ് c) പാനിൽ d) ജിബ് 2. താഴെ കൊടുത്തിട്ടുള്ള വയിൽ ഒരു വെബ് ബ്രൗസർ തിരിച്ചറിയുക a) ഗൂഗിൾ പ്രകാം d) ഗോഹർ (1) 3 പുവടെ ചേർത്തിട്ടുള്ള പട്ടികയിൽ നിന്നും ഒരു
 матаб адредана, адатанай, пострана, ада транодарда типенай техноладаная алогда. траноданая алекторатель техноладанана; траноданая алекторатель подананадарная. трано в салогданая алекторатель алогдана. трано в кноwn as, (1) a. Tracking b. Tilting c. Panning d. Jib Identify the web browser from the choices given: (1) a. Google b. Yahoo c. Google Chrome d. Gopher Pick out an environment magazine from the following list: (1) 	ണെം pറുകൾ മാത്രമേ പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ 1. ലംബതലത്തിലുള്ള കുാമറാചലനം എന്നറിയപ്പെടുന്നു. (1) a) ട്രാക്കിൽ b) ടിൽറ്റിങ് c) പാനിൽ d) ജിബ് 2. താഴെ കൊടുത്തിട്ടുള്ള വയിൽ ഒരു വെബ് ബ്രൗസർ തിരിച്ചറിയുക a) ഗൂഗിൾ b) യാഹൂ c) ഗൂഗിൾ ക്രോം d) ഗോഫർ (1) 3 പുവടെ ചേർത്തിട്ടുള്ള പട്ടികയിൽ നിന്നും ഒരു പരിസ്ഥിതി മാസിക തെരഞ്ഞെടുക്കുക. (1)

		1	
4.	Complete the AIDA formula of advertising:	4	പരസ്യങ്ങളുടെ AIDA സമവാക്യം പൂർത്തി യാക്കുക.
	Attention, , Desire,		Attention,, Desire, Action.
	Action. (1)		(1)
5.	Who was the first Controller of	5.	ഇന്ത്യയിലെ ആദ്യത്തെ കൺട്രോളർ ഓഫ്
	Broadcasting in India? (1)		ബ്രോഡ്കാസ്റ്റിംഗ് ആരാണ്? (1)
6.	Which is the last film in Apu Trilogy? (1)	6,	'അപൂട്രിലോജി' ലെ അവസാനത്തെ ചിത്രം ഏത്? (1)
	a. Jal Sagar b. Pikoo		a. ജലസാഗർ b. പിക്കു
	c. Aparajito d. Teen Kanya		c. അപരാജിതോ d. തീൻ കനു
7.	Identify the shot: (1)	7.	ഈ ഷോട്ട് തിരിച്ചറിയുക (1)
8.	What is a jingle? (1)	8	ജിംഗിൾ എന്നാലെന്ത്? (1)
9.	Expand the abbreviations: (3)	9.	ചുരുക്കെഴുത്തുകൾ വിപുലീകരിക്കുക. (3)
	a. IFFK b. AIR c. WWW		a. IFFK b. AIR c. WWW
10.	Write the significance of the film The	10,	്ജാസ്സ് സിംഗർ' എന്ന സിനിമയ്ക്ക് ലോക
	Jazz Singer in the history of world		സിനിമാ ചരിത്രത്തിലുള്ള പ്രാധാന്യം എന്ത്?
	cinema. (1)		(1)
11.	What are the uses of a storyboard?	41,	സ്റ്റോറിബോർഡിന്റെ ഉപയോഗങ്ങൾ
	(1)		എന്തെല്ലാം? (1)
	What is a user manual? (1)	10000	യൂസർ മാന്വൽ എന്നാലെന്ത്? (1)
13.	Write short notes on : (4)	13,	ചെറുകുറിപ്പ് എഴുതുക. (4)
	a. Persuasive writing		a. Persuasive writing
14	b. Applet	82	b. Applet
14.	Critically evaluate the role of house	14:	കോർപ്പറേറ്റ് കമ്മ്യൂണിക്കേഷനിൽ ഹൗസ്
	journals in corporate communication.		ജേർണലുകളുടെ പ്രാധാന്യം വിമർശനാത്മക
15	(2)	1940	മായി വിലയിരുത്തുക. (2)
	Explain how corporate communication is essential in today's business world.	15,	. ഇന്നത്തെ കച്ചവട ലോകത്തിൽ കോർപ്പറേറ്റ് കമ്മ്യ്യണിക്കേഷന്റെ പ്രസക്തി എപ്രകാരമെന്ന്
	(2)		വിശദീകരിക്കുക. (2)
16	Evaluate the importance of cover page	16,	
10.	in a magazine. (2)		കലനം ചെയ്യുക (2)
17	Identify the characteristics of the	12	ചുവടെ ചേർത്തിട്ടുള്ള ഫീച്ചറുകളുടെ പ്രത്യേ
1000	following features:	1.66	കതകൾ തിരിച്ചറിയുക :
	a. profile b. human interest feature		a. പ്രൊഫൈൽ b. ഹ്യൂരൻ ഇന്റെസ്റ്റ്
	c. review (3)		c. olayy (3)
		1	

- Point out the things to remember while drafting a technical document. (3)
- Define a blog. Identify any two types of blogs. (3)
- 'Technical writers communicate technology with laymen'. Substantiate your views. (3)
- Write an account in 150 200 words on a media campaign you noticed recently.
 (3)
- You are one among in the production team of campus magazine. Suggest a suitable title for the magazine and the contents to be included in it. (3)
- What is mise-en-scene? Write a note on any two mise-en-scene elements. (4)
- Explain how the community radio is helpful to cater to the demands of a particular community ? (4)
- Identify the three point lighting used in video production and explain it. (4)
- Advertisements play an important role in our daily life. Explain the major functions and dysfunctions of advertisements.

ഭ. ഒരു ടെക്നിക്കൽ ഡോക്യുമെന്റ് തയ്യാറാക്കു മ്പോൾ ഓർമ്മിക്കേണ്ട കാര്യങ്ങൾ ചൂണ്ടിക്കാ ണിക്കുക. (3)

 ബ്ലോഗിന് നിർവചനമെഴുതുക. ഏതെങ്കിലും രണ്ട് തരത്തിലുള്ള ബ്ലോഗുകളെ തിരിച്ചറിയുക. (3)

 "ടെക്നിക്കൽ എഴുത്തുകാർ സാങ്കേതികവിദ്യ സാധാരണക്കാരിൽ എത്തിക്കുന്നു." ഈ പ്രസ്താവനയോടുള്ള നിങ്ങളുടെ അഭിപ്രായം സാധുകരിക്കുക. (3)

 അടുത്ത കാലത്തായി നിങ്ങളുടെ ശ്രദ്ധ യിൽപെട്ട എതെങ്കിലുമൊരു മാധ്യമ പ്രചരണ ത്തെക്കൂറിച്ച് 150 - 200 വാക്കുകളിൽ എഴുതുക. (3)

22. ക്യാമ്പസ് മാഗസിന്റെ നിർമ്മാണ ചുമതലയുള്ള സംഘത്തിൽ അംഗമാണ് താങ്കൾ. ഈ മാഗ സിന് ഒരു പേരും അതിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തേണ്ട ഉള്ളടക്കങ്ങളും നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുക. (3)

 മിസ്-എൻ-സീൻ എന്നാലെന്ത്? ഏതെങ്കിലും രണ്ട് മിസ്-എൻ-സീൻ ഘടകങ്ങളെക്കുറിച്ച് കുറിപ്പ് എഴുതുക. (4)

24. കമ്മ്യൂണിറ്റി റേഡിയോ എപ്രകാരം ഒരു പ്രത്യേക ജനസമുഹത്തിന്റെ ആവശ്യങ്ങൾ നിറ വേറ്റാൻ പ്രയോജനകരമാണെന്ന് വിശദികരി ക്കുക. (4)

25. വീഡിയോ നിർമ്മാണത്തിന് ഉപയോഗിക്കുന്ന ത്രീ പോയിന്റ് ലൈറ്റിംഗ് എന്താണെന്ന് തിരി പ്പറിയുക. അവയെക്കുറിച്ച് വിശദീകരിക്കുക.

(4)

 പരസ്യങ്ങൾ നമ്മുടെ നിത്യജീവിതത്തിൽ പ്രധാനപ്പെട്ട പങ്കുവഹിക്കുന്നു. പരസ്യങ്ങളുടെ പ്രധാന ചൂമതലകളും അവയുടെ പ്രവർത്തന ക്ഷമല്ലാത്തതുമായ കാര്യങ്ങൾ വിശദീകരിക്കുക. (6)

Qn. No.	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
1		b) Tilting	1	1
2		c) Google Chrome	1	1
3		c) National Geographic	1	1
4		Interest	1	1
5		Lionel Fielden	1	1
6		Aparajito	1	1
7		Long shot	1	1
8		A small song or music used for promotion or advertising	1	1
9	a) b) c)	International Film Festival of Kerala All India Radio World Wide Web	1 1 1	3
10	-	The first sound film in the world	1	1
11		Used as a pre planning material. It saves a lot of time, money and effort of the production team.	1	1
12		Small booklet or leaflet attached with a product. It helps the end users to operate a product.	1	1
13	a) b)	It's aim is to convince the target audience. Eg. Editorials, essays, opinion articles, etc. These are the heart of mobile journalism. It is any small application that performs one specific task which runs within the scope of a dedicated widget engine or a larger program.	2	4
14		House journals are publications from public relations department. It is just like magazines in form and content. But they are circulated internally and free of cost.	2	2
15		Organisations work meticulously to protect their corporate image. Organisations also realised that messages through various media can complement one another leading to a greater communication impact.	2	2
16		Magazines face is like a person's face. It is the primary indicator of a magazine's personality. The purpose of a well designed cover, is to sell the issue, both to your regular readers and to the new readers, who might be looking for a change. It sells the brand and hence it has to be visually appealing and different from the other cover pages	2	2

SCORING Key



Qn. No,	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
17	a)	A profile is a type of feature story that usually focuses the personality of an individual person or what's important or interesting about that person.	1	
	b)	Human interest features are those that involve a reader emotionally, stimulating or depressing him, angering him, or amusing him, awakening sympathy or distaste. A human interest story may emphasise such news elements as relationships, drama, conflict, or oddity.	1	
	c)	A review provides critical assessment, factual information and also should describe the work and express an opinion about it. A review in magazines is an evaluation of an art form like film, drama, musical production or a newly published book.	1	3
18		Language appropriateness, Conciseness and flow, Maintenance of impersonal and formal language, Bias free language, Maintenance of style, Sentence variety, Word economy, Adaptability	3	3
19		Blog is an online journal or diary for self expression. The different types blogs include personal blog, corporate blog, micro blog, etc.	3	3
20		Technical writing is a challenging job as the technical communicators work with engineers, designers and specialists to learn the technical information. They then convert the technical data into a readable piece. Technical writing is the delivery of technical information to readers or listeners or viewers in a manner that is adapted to their needs, level of understanding and background.	3	3
21		Evaluate the answer on the basis of any recent media campaigns like Run Kerala Run, SwachhBharath, Pulse Polio Immunization and Palathulli	3	3
22		Any suitable title for the magazine and the type of content to be included.	3	3
23		It refers to what is put before the camera or everything that happens within the frame, including the frame itself. The elements that comprise mise-en-scène are: setting, props, costume, lighting, acting, cinematography, editing, sound, characters and narrative. The answer should also include a short description of any two mise-en-scene elements mentioned above.	4	4



Qn. No.	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
24		Community Radio facilitates individuals, groups and communities to share their experiences and is considered as a participatory development communication initiative. These radios preserve local language and culture, traditions and social norms. It is a geographic-specific and audience - specific radio broadcast in FM mode. It serves populations in far flung areas, coastal areas or in some areas where people live together as a community.	4	4
25		Three-point lighting, also known as triangle or photographic lighting, is the most common and useful lighting approach. Here both directional and diffused lighting are used to obtain the best results. The three principal lights used in this technique are: key, fill and back lights.	4	4
26		Advertisement's functions include information to the public, educate the mass, create demand, enhance competition, build brand identity, promote action, improving customer base and communicate to persuade audience. The major dysfunctions of advertising are: product proliferation, inefficie manufacturing, tendency to consume more and promotion of stereotypes.	nt 6	6

SL No.	Content/Units	LO	Specific thinking Skills	Form of Questions	Score	Time
1	Unit - 4	4.7	CA	OB(MCQ)	1	90 seconds
2	Unit - 6	6.7	CA	OB(MCQ)	1	90 seconds
3	Unit - 1	1.8	CA	OB(MCQ)	1	90 seconds
4	Unit - 8	8.5	CG	OB(MCQ)	1	90 seconds
5	Unit - 3	3.1	CA	OB	1	90 seconds
6	Unit - 5	5.16	CA	OB(MCQ)	1	90 seconds
7	Unit-4	4.6	CG	OB	1	90 seconds
8	Unit - 3	3.12	CA	OB	1	90 seconds
9	a.Unit - 5 b. Unit - 3 c. Unit - 6	5.22 3.1 6.5	CA CA CA	OB OB OB	1 1 1	2 minutes
10	Unit - 5	5.12	CG	SA	1	2 minutes
11	Unit - 4	4.4	CA	OB	E	3 minutes
12	Unit - 7	7.7	CA	OB	1	3 minutes
13	a.Unit - 1 b. Unit -6	1.5 6.27	CA CA	SA SA	2 2	6 minutes
14	Unit-9	9.16	CG	SA	2	4 minutes
15	Unit - 9	9.15	CA	SA	2	4 minutes
16	Unit - 2	2.6	CG	SA	2	5 minutes
17	Unit - 1	1.10	CA	SA	3	5 minutes
18	Unit-7	7.10	CA	SA	3	5 minutes
19	Unit - 6	6.23	CA	SA	3	5 minutes
20	Unit - 7	7.5	CG	SA	3	5 minutes
21	Unit - 9	9.20	CG	SA	3	8 minutes
22	Unit - 2	2.7	CG	SA	3	8 minutes
23	Unit - 5	5.25	CG	SA	4	8 minutes
24	Unit - 3	3.4	CG	SA	4	10minutes
25	Unit - 4	4.9	CA	SA	4	10 minutes
26	Unit - 8	8.5 & 8.6	CA	ESSAY	6	15 minutes
	Total				60	120 minute

QUESTION BASED ANALYSIS

