

ST. XAVIER'S SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL, DELHI - 110054 Pre-Board Examination 2018 in **ENGLISH**

Set 2

Max. Marks : 100 Time : 3 hrs.

Std. 12 08-01-2018

General Instructions :

- 1. This paper is divided into three sections: A, B and C. All sections are compulsory.
- 2. Separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary. Read these instructions very carefully and follow them faithfully.
- 3. DO NOT exceed the prescribed word limit while answering the questions.

SECTION - A (READING)

1. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:

Believe it or not, you are constantly projecting your level of self-confidence to the people around you. It shows in many ways; your behavior, your body language, your words, what you say and how you say it. Confidence is the foundation for everything in life and it is our confidence, or lack of, that directly affects HOW we do everything in life.

Our confidence is perfectly intact when we are born, but diminishes during our childhood. We lose a little of it when we make mistakes, fail, misbehave, get in trouble, feel guilty, neglect ourselves, and/or do things we are ashamed of. As we all know, kids can be mean. Many of us can relate to being bullied and picked on as children, which can destroy our confidence. As an adult, we can lose more of our confidence for many reasons: being criticized by others, when we have negative people in our lives. It's very common for women to have men in their lives who belittle them, breaking down their confidence because they THEMSELVES lack confidence, negative self talk, demeaning yourself by saying things like, "I'm stupid," "loser" "I KNEW it!" Negative body image because of what society dictates we "should" look like, not achieving the goals that we set for ourselves (consciously or sub-consciously).

Our confidence has a big impact on how we enjoy life. Many people have self-limiting beliefs and bad habits that hold them back from achieving optimal success and living the life they have dreamed about. Nothing is more powerful than confidence and being confident changes everything!

Building confidence must be something that you want to do for yourself, not for anyone else in your life. Many people will just settle with their current life and will not experience how incredibly rewarding it is to live a life filled with confidence, passion, purpose and enthusiasm because they lack the confidence and knowledge to do so. There is nothing wrong with wanting to feel better about yourself and to achieve more in life. Sometimes getting there is not easy and there are things that can happen along the way to make the path a lot longer and more difficult. Your confidence is NOT controlled by anyone else. That means that YOU have absolute control and can become confident at anytime in your life, regardless of your past experiences! Your confidence is like an unused muscle that needs to be developed. And like any muscle, it never stays the same for any period of time. It will either get stronger or weaker depending on how you use it.

Building your confidence is like exercising a muscle. It relies on small, incremental improvement on a daily basis. You won't run out to the gym and expect to have perfect muscles for life in just one hour. So, consistent confidence building is the only way to lasting confidence and happiness.

- 1.1 On the basis of your understanding of the passage make notes on it using headings and sub-headings. Use recognizable abbreviations wherever necessary. (minimum 4) (5 marks)
- 1.2 Prepare a summary of the passage in about 80 words. Also provide a suitable title. (3 marks)
- 2. Read the following passage very carefully:

About thirty years ago Miss Maria Ward of Huntingdon with only seven thousand pounds had the good luck to captivate Sir Thomas Bertram of Mansfield Park in the country of Northampton and to be there raised to the rank of a Baroness Lady with all the comforts and consequences of a handsome house and a large income. All Hamilton exclaimed on the greatness of the match and her uncle, the lawyer, himself, allowed her to be at least three thousand pounds short of any equitable claim to it. She had two sisters to be benefitted by her elevation and such of their acquaintance as thought Miss Ward and Miss Francis quite as handsome as Miss Maria, did not crumple to predict their marrying with almost equal advantage. But there certainly are not so many men of large fortune in the world as there are pretty women to deserve them. Miss Ward, at the end of half a dozen years found herself obliged to be attached to the Reverend Mr. Norris, a friend of her brother-in-law with scarcely any private fortune and Miss Francis fared yet worse. Miss Ward's match indeed when it came to the point, was not contemptible, Sir Thomas being happily able to give his friend an income in the living of Mansfield, and Mr. and Mrs. Norris began their new career of conjugal felicity and with every little less than a thousand a year. But

lieutenant of marines, without education, fortune, or connections, did it very thoroughly. She could hardly have made a more untoward choice.

Std. 12

- 2 -

ENGLISH (Set - 2)

Sir Thomas Bertram had interest, which, from principle as well as pride, from a general wish of doing right and a desire of seeing all that were connected with him in situations of respectability, he would have been glad to exert for the advantage of Lady Bertram's sister, but her husband's profession was such as no interest could reach; but before he had time to devise any other method of assisting them, an absolute breach between the sisters had taken place. It was the natural result of the conduct of each party, and such as a very imprudent marriage almost always produces. To save herself from useless remonstrance, Mrs. Price never wrote to her family on the subject till actually married. Lady Bertram, who was a woman of very tranguil feelings and a temper remarkably easy and indolent, would have contented herself with merely giving up her sister, and thinking no more of the matter: but Mrs. Norris had a spirit of activity, which could not be satisfied till she had written a long and angry letter to Fanny, to point out the folly of her conduct, and threaten her with all its possible ill consequences. Mrs. Price in her turn was injured and angry; and an answer, which comprehended each sister in its bitterness, and bestowed such very disrespectful reflections on the pride of Sir Thomas, as Mrs. Norris could not possibly keep to herself, put an end to all intercourse between them for a considerable period. Their homes were so distant and the circles in which they moved so distinct, as almost to preclude the means of ever hearing of each other's existence during the eleven following years, or at least make it very wonderful to Sir Thomas that Mrs. Norris should ever have it in her power to tell them, as she now and then did in an angry voice, that Fanny had got another child. By the end of eleven years, however, Mrs. Price could no longer afford to cherish pride or resentment, or to lose one connection that might possibly assist her. A large and still increasing family, a husband disabled for active service, but not the less equal to company and good liquor, and a very small income to supply their wants, made her eager to regain friends she had so carelessly sacrificed.

An Extract from Jane Austen's Mansfield Park

 $(1 \times 8 = 8 \text{ marks})$

2.1. Answer the following questions:

a)

- a) Who did Miss Maria Ward 'captivate'? What were the consequences?
- b) Why is it stated that Miss Francis married 'to disoblige her family'?
- c) 'Sir Thomas being happily able to give his friend an income...' Who is the 'friend' referred to?
- d) Explain the phrase, 'Conjugal felicity'.
- e) What happened just before Sir Thomas could devise a way of helping his sister-in-law?
- f) How did Lady Bertram react to her sister's marriage?
- g) What were the contents of Mrs. Norris letter to Francis?
- h) How was Mrs. Price affected by the letter?
- 2.2. Complete the following statement by choosing from the correct option given: $(1 \times 4 = 4 \text{ marks})$
 - Miss Ward's match was not contemptible because ____
 - i) Mr. Norris was rich
 ii) Sir Thomas gave Mr. Norris a fortune
 iii) Sir Thomas detested the match
 iv) Miss Maria detested the match
 - b) Miss Francis married _____
 - i) Mr. Norris ii) Sir Thomas Bertram
 - iii) a lieutenant marine iv) a gentleman with a large fortune

c) The word 'preclude' in the last paragraph means _____

- i) include ii) exclude
- iii) make something impossible iv) introductory remark
- 3. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given:

Gratitude meditation is a type of meditation that focuses on expressing gratitude for the things in your life. According to Jack Kornfield:

"Buddhist monks begin each day with a chant of gratitude for the blessings of their life. Native American elders begin each ceremony with grateful prayers to mother earth and father sky, to the four directions, to the animal, plant, and mineral brothers and sisters who share our earth and support our life. In Tibet, the monks and nuns even offer prayers of gratitude for the suffering they have been given"

These examples show that gratitude meditation is neither new nor restricted to one spiritual or religious movement.

While some people might think of meditation along the lines of sitting in a dark room and clearing your mind, gratitude meditation can be practiced in many different settings. One might practice gratitude meditation while they wait for their morning coffee to brew, for example.

Std. 12

ENGLISH (Set ~ 2)

Gratitude meditation is a simple way to meditate because at its core, all you have to do is just reflect on all the people and things you are grateful for.

It is important to note that gratitude is not just about being thankful for the good things in your life, but it is about being thankful for everything in your life. There are things in your life which might initially seem bad, but upon further reflection actually give you an opportunity to learn and grow. Part of gratitude is recognizing these blessings in all things. As Jack Kornfield says: "Open the meditation to include neutral people, difficult people, and even enemies- until you extend sympathetic joy to all beings everywhere, young and old, near and far"

Some gratitude meditation practices also include keeping a gratitude journal. This is simply a journal where you write down things you are grateful for, or even where you write letters to people you are grateful for. Gratitude journals are not a necessary part of a gratitude meditation practice, but they are an easy way to stay grateful throughout the day without losing sight of what is important.

As for the benefits of gratitude meditation specifically, one study found that practicing gratitude meditation four times a week for three weeks (along with keeping a gratitude diary) led to reduced levels of stress and depression, as well as increased levels of happiness. Anybody can incorporate this intervention into their lives with minimal cost and effort, making that finding extremely promising. This specific intervention's schedule of four times a week for three weeks could also easily be incorporated in schools, prisons, and other situations.

Gratitude meditation practice yields near-immediate benefits that lead to increased levels of well-being. Having a gratitude meditation practice will also increase your levels of gratitude, which can serve as a protective factor in the face of certain traumatic events, as well as a protective factor against risky behaviors.

So what is the relationship between gratitude and mindfulness? There is clearly some sort of relationship between mindful awareness and feeling grateful for things in your life. Gratitude is one of a few "sisters" of mindfulness because it is a core tenet of Buddhism, and highlights the fact that the Dalai Lama was even able to show gratitude towards the Chinese who were occupying his nation.

One study comparing gratitude interventions and mindfulness interventions found that they both led to similar outcomes, particularly when it comes to well-being.

Taken together, the above points indicate that gratitude and mindfulness serve similarly important roles in society, and recent research suggests that they have similar effects on individuals. Again, gratitude and mindfulness are not interchangeable, but they are two closely related aspects of human psychology. Any gratitude practice should include mindfulness, and any mindfulness practice can easily incorporate gratitude. Calling gratitude a "sister" of mindfulness does seems to be justifiable.

3.1 Answer the following questions briefly:

a)	What is gratitude meditation? Give two benefits of gratitude meditation.	(2 marks)
b)	What is the general opinion about meditation? How is it different from	
	gratitude meditation?	(2 marks)
c)	What is the relationship between gratitude and mindfulness?	(2 marks)
d)	What is a 'gratitude journal'? How is it beneficial?	(2 marks)
e)	Why is important for one to be grateful even to enemies?	(2 marks)

SECTION - B (WRITING SKILLS)

4. You are Arnab/Ashi, you want to sell your car as you are planning to buy a new one. Draft a suitable advertisement to be published in the newspaper. Adding all the necessary details write the advertisement in about 50 words.

(OR)

You are Dr. Amartya Rai, an eminent educationist. You have been invited to preside over an Inter Zonal Declamation Contest by Nalini Sharma, the President of English Literary Club of Govt. Model School, Sec. 20, Chandigarh. Write a reply accepting the invitation. (4 marks)

5. You are Navin/Naina, staying at A.S.A. Nagar Chandigarh.You bought a mobile from "Mobile Shop". The mobile developed a problem within few days of the purchase. Write a letter to the Sales Manager of the showroom complaining about the defect and seeking the immediate replacement. (120 words)

(OR)

You are Ariel, a student of Don Bosco School, Shimla. You are eager to enter the National film Academy, Shimla, after your board examinations results. Write a letter to the director of the Film Academy seeking information regarding admission procedure, eligibility

(6 marks)

Std. 12 - 4 -ENGLISH (Set - 2) 6. On the threshold of being a world super power, India does have a large young work force but unfortunately not many in this force are employable for want of necessary skills. Write in about 150-200 words, an article for a newspaper on the topic `Skill Development is the need of the hour'. You are Shiny/ Sumit. (OR) For our health issues we consult a doctor, for the legal problems we seek legal advise from the lawyers Therefore solving the social issues like gender biases, casteism, dowry, etc. is a collective responsibility of the society. Write an article on the topic in 150-200 words. You are Shiv/Shivani. (10 marks) 'Homes for the aged is a necessity in India'. Write a debate for the motion in 150-200 7. words .You are Arham/Ara. (OR) 'Yoga- A Way of Life'. As the Headboy/girl of your school, write a speech to be delivered in the morning assembly highlighting the fact that we need to live in harmony with our surroundings, and can achieve calmness by our binding body, mind and soul. (150 - 200 words) (10 marks) SECTION – C (LITERATURE) 8. Read the following extract and answer the questions that follow: $(4 \times 1 = 4 \text{ marks})$ Fishermen in the cold sea Would not harm whales And the man gathering salt Would look at his hurt hands Those who prepare green wars, Wars with gas, wars with fire, Victory with no survivors, Would put on clean clothes And walk about with their brothers In the shade, doing nothing. Name the poem and the poet. a) What is the implied meaning of the actions done by 'men' in the first stanza? b) What does the philosophical phrase 'victory with no survivors' mean? c) d) Identify and briefly explain the figure of speech used in the last line. (OR) And yet, for these Children, these windows, not this map, their world, Where all their future's painted with a fog, A narrow street sealed in with a lead sky Far far from rivers, capes, and stars of words. Name the poem and the poet. a) b) Who are 'these children'? What do 'these windows' refer to? c) Explain the phrase 'star of words'. d) What has been said about the future of these children? Answer any four of the following questions in about 150 words each: 9. $(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ marks})$ a) Grinding poverty and traditions condemn the children of ragpickers or bangle makers to a life of exploitation. Analyze with reference to the chapter 'Lost Spring'. b) The meeting with Mr. Lamb turns out to be a life changing encounter in Derry's life. Elucidate. Civil disobedience had triumphed for the first time in modern India'. Briefly explain the c) preceding events that led to the first ever 'Civil disobedience' of India's freedom struggle. In the lesson 'The Tiger King" the author Kalki has brilliantly employed the literary device d) of dramatic irony which makes it a unique story with a philosophical blend. Analyze. The fog, which appears just before the wounded American soldier shows up, is symbolic e) and it's persistent presence in the family of Dr. Sadao is evident till the end of the story. Justify.

10. Answer the following question in about 150 words:

(6 marks)

"We've all a great deal to reproach ourselves with". These introspective words of M. Hamel

make the readers conscious of our casual attitude towards life and challenges us to break free from the manacles of procrastination. Analyze.

(OR)

The lesson 'Should Wizard Hit Mommy?' discusses the ever persisting disparity between the perceptions and ideologies of adults and children. Justify.

Std. 12 - 5 -ENGLISH (Set - 2)

Answer the following question in about 150 words: 11.

> All the three- the old crofter, the iron master and his daughter Edla Willmansson provide hospitality to the peddler. But it was only Miss. Edla Willmansson who was able to change/ reform his life. Justify with reference to the chapter 'The Rattrap'.

(OR)

Evans and his friends planned Evans' escape most meticulously down to the minutest detail anticipating all the possible twists and turns. Their diligence and precision is seen in all that happens on the day of the O'level test. Elucidate.

12. Answer the following question in about 150 words:

> Thomas Marvel is described as a worthless vagabond at the beginning of the novel but emerges as an altogether different person at the end. Analyze. (OR)

Attempt the character sketch of Dr. Kemp in about 150 words.

Answer the following question in about 150 words: 13.

> 'Being over ambitious can prove to be highly destructive'. Analyze the above statement in the light of the events in the novel 'The Invisible Man'.

(OR)

The story of the Invisible Man, to a great extent, takes place in the rural village of Iping and other rustic parts of England. But in Griffin's flashback account of how he became invisible, the view shifts to the urban metropolis of London. Elucidate how the novel focuses on the contrast between life in a village and life in a metro.

-X-X-X-X-X-X-

(6 marks)

(6 marks)

(6 marks)