

1. The basic difference between an AC generator and a DC generator is that

- a. AC generator has an electromagnet while a DC generator has permanent magnet
- b. AC generator has slip rings while the DC generator has a commutator
- c. DC generator will generate a higher voltage
- d. AC generator will generate a higher voltage

✓ (b) Alternating Current (AC) is the current flowing in the a circuit is constantly being reversed back and forth and Direct Current (DC) flow unidirectional.

Difference between an AC generator and a DC generator is that former has slip ring while latter has commutator.

2. Which of the following may be a possible pH value of an acidic solution?

- a. 6
- b. 7
- c. 8
- d. 9

✓ (a) A pH stands for 'Potential of Hydrogen', it measures the acidity or alkalinity of water soluble substances. Its values range between 1 to 14, 7 is a neutral point value below it indicates acidity and above it indicates alkalinity. So, answer will be option 'a'.

3. When a ray of light travels from a denser medium to a rarer medium then

- a. It speeds up and bends away from the normal.
- b. It speeds up and bends towards the normal.
- c. It slows down and bends away from the normal.
- d. It slows down and bends towards the normal.

✓ (a) Option (a) will be correct, as light travels from denser medium to a rarer medium its speed enhances and bends away from the normal.

4. Geo stationary satellite revolves at

- a. Any height
- b. At fixed height
- c. Height above pole
- d. Height which depends upon its mass

✓ (b) Geo stationary satellite is a communication satellite that revolves round the Earth at a fixed altitude of approximately 35800 km directly over the equator, that revolves in the same direction as the Earth's rotation (West to East).

5. Name of the light combat aircraft developed by India

- a. Brahmos
- b. Astra
- c. Chetak
- d. Tejas

✓ (d) Tejas is an indigenously single-engine, multirole light combat aircraft designed by the Aeronautical Development Agency and Hindustan Aeronautics Limited.

6. Which one of the following is a microbial insecticide?

- a. Bacillus thuringiensis
- b. Bacillus subtilis
- c. Bacillus polymyxa
- d. Bacillus brevis

✓ (a) Microbial Insecticides are those micro-organisms or their products that are capable of attacking and killing pest insects.

Among the above options Bacillus thuringiensis is a microbial insecticide, this microbe is widely used in making GM crops such as BT cotton etc.

7. Baking soda is

- a.  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$
- b.  $\text{NaHCO}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- c.  $\text{NaHCO}_3$
- d.  $\text{NaCO}_3 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O}$

✓ (c) Sodium bicarbonate ( $\text{NaHCO}_3$ ), also known as Baking Soda, is widely used in baking.

8. 'Syadvada' is related to

- a. Charvaka
- b. Jainism
- c. Buddha
- d. Samkhya

✓ (b) Syadvada or Anekantavada is a Jain doctrine, which states that the ultimate truth and reality is complex and has multiple aspects.

The origin of Syadvada can be traced back to the teaching of Mahavira, the 24th Jain Tirthankara.

1st Tirthankara - Rishabhanatha  
23rd Tirthankara - Parsvanatha

9. The doctrine of Apurva is related to

- a. Charvaka      b. Jaina  
c. Buddha      d. Mimamsa

✓ (d) The doctrine of Apurva is related to Mimamsa.

Mimamsakas declared that if sacrifice were performed in honour of Supreme, it will lead to achievement of the supreme good. Moreover Apurva cannot act unless it is moved by God.

10. The author of 'Vinaya-Patrika' is

- a. Tulsidas      b. Surdas  
c. Kabir      d. Keshavdas

✓ (a) Vinaya-Patrika is authored by Tulsidas, written in Brajbhasa devoted to Lord Rama, other work of Tulsidas are-Ramcharitmanas, Gitavali etc.

Surdas - Sur Sagar, Sur Saravali  
Kabir - Bijak  
Keshav - Rasik Priya.

11. Who accepts only Perception?

- a. Jaina      b. Charvaka  
c. Buddha      d. Samkhya

✓ (b) Charvaka or Kokayata, a philosophical school which believes only in perception in other words they are materialistic in nature.

They rejected the notion of an after world, Karma, liberation, the Vedas etc.

12. Who is the propounder of Nyaya Philosophy?

- a. Gautam      b. Kapil  
c. Shankara      d. Vallabha

✓ (a) Saint Gautam has propounded Nyaya Philosophy, it is one of the six orthodox school of Hindu philosophy that focus on logic.

Gautama had also written famous Nayayasutras.

13. Which Abhiyan has been inaugurated by Prime Minister Narendra Modi on September 15, 2018?

- a. Jhum Cultivation  
b. Ayushman Bharat  
c. Blue Economy  
d. Swachhata Hi Seva

✓ (d) On September 15, 2018 Prime Minister Narendra Modi launched 'Swachhata Hi Seva, Movement to mark the commencement of Mahatama Gandhi's 150th birth anniversary. Main objective is to connect people with Clean India Mission.

14. Who won the election for the post of President Maldives in September, 2018?

- a. Nashid  
b. Ibrahim Mohamed Solih  
c. Manu Atri  
d. Rashid Khan

✓ (b) Ibrahim Mohammad Solih won the election for the post of President after defeating incumbent President Abdula Yameen. Former belong to Maldivian democratic party and latter to Progressive party Maldives. respectively.

15. Which country has won the SAIF Suzuki Cup 2018 Football Competition?

- a. India      b. Maldives  
c. Sri Lanka      d. France

✓ (b) The 2018 SAFF Championship (SAIF Suzuki Cup) is a biennial international mens football championship of South Asian countries. The Maldives has clinched the title by defeating India in final.

16. Which country's Human Development Index rank is first as per Human Development Report 2018?

- a. Switzerland      b. Germany  
c. Ireland      d. Norway

✓ (d) The Human Development Index is a measure of average achievement in key dimensions of human development- a long and healthy life, being knowledgeable and have a decent standard of life. Norway is at the first position and the Niger is at the bottom. India's rank is this index is 130th.

17. In October, 2018, which Economist has been appointed as Economic Counsellor and Director of the IMF's Research Department?

- a. Raghuram Rajan  
b. Geeta Gopinath  
c. YM Deosthalee  
d. C. Rangarajan

✓ (b) Geeta Gopinath has been appointed as a Economic Counsellor and Director of the IMF's Research Department. The International Monetary Fund (IMF) was founded in 1945 and headquartered at Washington DC, (USA)

18. In which city 'Rastriya Vyosree Yojana' for senior citizen's is started in 2017?

- a. Mumbai      b. Nashik  
c. Raipur      d. Nagpur

✓ (\*) 'Rastriya Vyosree Yojana' was launched from Nellore city in Andhra Pradesh, question does not have Nellore option.

It is a scheme to provide physical aids and assisted living devices for senior citizen belonging to BPL category.

19. Who has been awarded with Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna award in 2018 for weightlifting?

- a. Virat Kohli  
b. S. Mirabai Chanu  
c. Niraj Chopra  
d. Manoj Sarkar

✓ (b) Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna award, the highest honour for the sportperson in country.

In 2018 it is awarded to 'Virat Kohli and Mirabai Chanu, cricketer and weightlifter respectfully.

20. In which State Halam, Notiya tribes are mainly seen?

- a. Maharashtra      b. Kerala  
c. Tripura      d. Chhattisgarh

✓ (c) According to the Census of 2011, tri Scheduled tribe constitute about 8.6% of India's population.

Halam, Notiya tribes are inhabitant of State of Tripura.

21. In which year 'Bio Diversity Act' was passed in India?

- a. 2000      b. 2002      c. 2010      d. 2017

✓ (b) The Biological Diversity Act was enacted in 2002, it provide for conservation of biological diversity, sustainable use and fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising out of biological resource. This act provided for establishing National biodiversity authority at union level and State Bio-diversity Board at State level.

22. Who is the Chief Justice of High Court of Himachal Pradesh?

- a. Acharya Devvrat  
b. Suryakant  
c. Girish Sahani  
d. Shekhar Mande

✓ (b)

23. When is International Yoga Day celebrated?

- a. April 2      b. June 2  
c. June 5      d. May 21

✓ (b) In 2015 the United Nation declared June 21 as the International Day of Yoga.

24. Which of the following is a renewable source of energy?

- a. Coal      b. Petroleum  
c. Biomass      d. Kerosene

✓ (c) Renewable resources are those which are that can be replenished or renewed naturally over time on the other hand non-renewable resources

exhaustable. So, biomass is renewable and all other options are non-renewable.

**25.** The Indian Institute of Remote Sensing is located at  
a. Bengaluru      b. Hyderabad  
c. Ahmedabad    d. Dehradun

☑ (d)

**26.** Who of the following rulers constructed a road from East Bengal to Peshawar called Sadak-E-Azam?

a. Akbar              b. Jahangir  
c. Islamshah        d. Sher Shah

☑ (d) The credit for constructing Sadak-e-Azam goes to the Sher Shah Suri, this road connected East Bengal to Peshawar.

The Sher Shah captured Mughal throne after defeating Humayun in the battle of Chausa and Bilgram in 1539 & 40 respectively.

Moreover he is known for land revenue policy (Patta and Qubiliat) and other reforms introduced during his region.

**27.** Who formed the 'Satya Shodhak Samaj'?

a. BR Ambedkar  
b. Keshavchandra Sen  
c. Pandita Ramabai  
d. Jyotiba Phule

☑ (d) Satya Shadhak Samaj was founded by Jyotiba Phule in 1873 at Pune. Its main purpose was to provide education to the lower caste and make them aware about exploitation done by Brahminical Ideology.

**28.** Who among the following established the Department of Archaeological Survey?

a. Lord Curzon  
b. Lord Minto  
c. Lord Hardinge  
d. Lord Chelmsford

☑ (a) Lord Curzon served as Viceroy of India from 1899 to 1905.

**29.** Which one of the following rulers did not contribute towards the expansion of Buddhism?

a. Harshavardhan  
b. Kanishka  
c. Ashoka  
d. Pushyamitra Shunga

☑ (d) Pushyamitra Shunga assassinated last Mauryan emperor, Brihadratha and established Sunga dynasty in 185 BCE.

He was antagonist toward Buddhism, even prosecuted the Buddhist. He was succeeded by Agnimitra.

**30.** What was the name of the newspaper published by Mahatma Gandhi in South Africa?

a. The Indian Opinion  
b. National Herald  
c. Leader  
d. The Pioneer

☑ (a) Mahatama Gandhi stayed in Africa from 1893 to 1914. He fought against the injustice done to non-white people, also published newspaper 'The Indian Opinion'.

**31.** Which ruler founded the city of Agra?

a. Sikander Lodi    b. Akbar  
c. Firoz Tuglaq    d. Shahjahan

☑ (a) The city of Agra was founded by Sikander Lodi, emperor of Delhi Sultanate. He reigned from 1489 to 1517 AD.

**32.** At the time of National Movement who started 'Dash Roja' periodical?

a. Mohammad Ali Jinnah  
b. Abdul Gaffar Khan  
c. Lala Lajpat Rai  
d. Bal Gangadhar Tilak

☑ (b) Abdul Gaffar Khan started periodical 'Dash Roja'. He was freedom fighter from North-western part of subcontinent, founded the Red Shirt Movement (Khudai Khitmatgar) during civil-disobedience movement. He was called the 'Frontier Gandhi'.

**33.** In which of the following States Sundarvan mangrove is located?

a. Gujarat            b. West Bengal  
c. Odisha             d. Andhra Pradesh

☑ (b) The Sundarvan delta is the largest mangrove forest in the world, lies at mouth of the Ganges in the State of West Bengal and Bangladesh. This delta is dominated by the most mass salient feature of mangrove forest is pneumatophores (breathing roots).

**34.** Malanjkhand in Madhya Pradesh is the leading producer of which one of the following minerals?

a. Iron ore            b. Manganese  
c. Copper ore        d. Bauxite

☑ (c) Malanjkhand in Madhya Pradesh in the biggest open copper mines in Asia.

**35.** Which one of the following iron and steel plant is located neither on iron ore area nor on

coalfield but approximately at the midway between them?

a. Jamshedpur      b. Bhadravati  
c. Durgapur         d. Bokaro

☑ (a) Most appropriate answer will be Jamshedpur, here Tata Iron and Steel Industry (TISCO) was established in 1907, India's oldest iron an steel industry.

**36.** Which of the following ranges is the most recent one?

a. Aravallis  
b. Vindhychal Range  
c. The Himalayas  
d. The Eastern Ghats

☑ (c) Among the following ranges the Himalayas are youngest and the Aravallis are oldest.

The Himalayas were formed as a result of collision between Indo-Australian with Eurasian plate, about 70 million year ago. It is a immense arc of 2500 km in length with a width ranging from 240 to 330 km.

**37.** Which of the following industries uses bauxite as a principal raw material?

a. Aluminium  
b. Cement  
c. Fertilizer  
d. Ferro-manganese

☑ (a) Bauxite is a ore of the metal aluminium. It is mainly found in areas having high presence of lateritic soil. Odisha is the largest producer of bauxite in country.

**38.** Which of the following is the leading soyabean producing State?

a. Maharashtra  
b. Madhya Pradesh  
c. Uttar Pradesh  
d. Gujarat

☑ (c) Madhya Pradesh in the leading producer of Soyabean in country. It is cheap source of protein to the people and live stock animal.

**39.** In which of the following States population of Scheduled Tribes is largest in the country in 2011?

a. Mizoram            b. Gujarat  
c. Madhya Pradesh    d. Maharashtra

☑ (c) The largest population of scheduled tribe is in Madhya Pradesh and lowest in Goa. In the terms of percentage of total population Mizoram is on the top.

**40.** Which one of the following types of migration has contributed most in population movement in India in 2011?

- a. Rural to rural b. Urban to rural  
c. Rural to urban d. Urban to urban

✓ (c)

41. Which of this is the legislative power of the President according to Constitution?

- a. To summon the session of Parliament  
b. To prorogate the session of Parliament  
c. To adjourn the meeting of Parliament  
d. To promulgate ordinance

✓ (d)

42. What will be happened if President summons for the joint session of Parliament and in the meantime Lok Sabha dissolved?

- a. Joint session will be held in scheduled time.  
b. Joint session will be cancelled.  
c. Joint session will be held after composition of New Lok Sabha.  
d. Bill will be lapsed.

✓ (a)

43. Which of the language is not included in the VIII Schedule of the Constitution?

- a. English b. Hindi  
c. Sanskrit d. Urdu

✓ (a) There are Twelve Schedule in the Constitution.

The VIII schedule contains 22-language.

Assamese	Kashmiri	
Bengali	Konkani	Sanskrit
Bodo	Maithili	Santhali
Dogri	Malayalam	Sindhi
Gujarati	Meitei	Tamil
Hindi	Nepali	Telugu
Kannada	Odia	Urdu
	Punjabi	

So, English is not Scheduled language.

44. Who certifies the Money Bill?

- a. President  
b. Vice-President  
c. Speaker  
d. Council of Ministers

✓ (c) The speaker of the Lok Sabha decides whether a bill is a Money Bill or not and the speaker's decision is final.

45. In which article of the Constitution 'Equal Protection of Law' is provided?

- a. Article-12 b. Article-13  
c. Article-14 d. Article-15

✓ (c) Article-14 of the Constitution deals with the 'Equal Protection of Law' it has been taken from American Constitution. This concept connotes

- (i) the equality of treatment under equal circumstances.  
(ii) the similar application of the same laws to all person.  
(iii) the like should be treated alike without any discrimination.

46. What are the restrictions in the freedom to manage religious affairs in the Article-26 of the Constitution?

1. Public Order  
2. National Security  
3. Education 4. Morality  
5. Health 6. Secularism  
a. 1, 2, 3 b. 2, 3, 5  
c. 2, 4, 6 d. 1, 4, 5

✓ (d) The Constitution has provided us right to religion under Article-25 to 28, but there are some restriction to manage religious affair such as public order, morality and health.

Article-25 Freedom of conscience and free Profession, practice and Propagation of religion.

Article-26-Freedom to manage religious Affairs.

Article-27 Freedom as to payment of taxes for promotion of any particular religion.

Article-28 Freedom as to attendance at religious instruction or religious worship in certain education institution.

47. In which article of the Constitution the Adult Suffrage is recognised?

- a. Article-324 b. Article-325  
c. Article-326 d. Article-327

✓ (c) Article-326 of the Constitution provides that the election to the House of the people and to the Legislative Assembly of every State shall be on the basis of Adult Suffrage.

48. Economic Survey of India is related to

- a. Planning Commission  
b. Reserve Bank of India  
c. Ministry of Finance  
d. Finance Commission

✓ (c) Economic survey is the annual document present by the Ministry of Finance before budget. First economic survey was present in the year 1950-51.

49. Measures of distribution of income

- a. Philip Curve b. Lorenz Curve  
c. Marshall Curve d. Lafer Curve

✓ (b) The Lorenz Curve is a graphical representation of the distribution of income or of wealth, was developed by Max O Lorenz.

50. Which Committee recommended abolition of tax rebates under Section-88?

- a. Shome Committee  
b. Chelliah Committee  
c. Rangarajan Committee  
d. Kelkar Committee

✓ (d) Kelkar Committee on direct and Indirect taxes has recommended abolition of tax rebates under Section-88.

51. When is Bade Bhajan Ramnami Mela held?

- a. Paush b. Magh  
c. Bhado d. Fagun

✓ (a) Bade Bhajan Ramnami Mela is held in Paush.

52. At which place Jajalladev Mahotsava organised?

- a. Kurud b. Kawardha  
c. Janjgir d. Jashpur

✓ (c) Jajalladev Mahotsava is organised of Janjgir.

53. What is the total duration of Bastar Dashahara?

- a. 105 days b. 15 days  
c. 70 days d. 75 days

✓ (d) The festival of Dashahara connotes to the supreme power of Goddess Danteshwari, Bastar Dashahara is unique cultural trait of Chhattisgarh its total duration is 75 days.

54. When is Ganga Dushahara celebrated?

- a. Chaitra b. Vaishakh  
c. Jyeshtha d. Aashad

✓ (c) 'Ganga Dushahara celebrates the avatarana (descent) of the Ganges. It is celebrated in the Hindu calendar month Jyeshtha.

55. Halbi is related to which language family?

- a. Aryan b. Dravidian 25  
c. Mundari d. None of these

✓ (a) Halbi is the Lingua Franca of Bastar region, it is classified as Indo-Aryan, closely related to Oriya, Hindi and Marathi.

56. What growth rate of Gross State Domestic Product at constant price is estimated for this State in the year 2017-18?

- a. 6.56% b. 5.84% c. 6.65% d. 7.1%

✓ (c) Gross State domestic product is the total value of goods and services produced in the boundary of the State, in the

financial year 2017-18 estimate growth rate of GSDP at constant price is 6.65%.

57. In which year, the percentage of Own Tax Revenue to Total Tax Revenue of this State is least during the period 2014-15 to 2017-18?

- a. 2014-15      b. 2015-16  
c. 2016-17      d. 2017-18

✓ (b)

58. Which of the following is a primitive tribal group?

- a. Kanwar      b. Halba  
c. Muria      d. None of these

✓ (d)

59. What is correct

1. In a Gram panchayat there can be more than one village.
2. Meeting of Gram Sabha held in each village.
3. Meeting of Gram Sabha held in the headquarter of Gram Panchayat.
4. Meeting of Gram Panchayat held in each village.
5. Meeting of Gram Panchayat held in the headquarter of Gram Panchayat.

- a. 1, 3, 4      b. 2, 4, 5  
c. 2, 3, 4      d. 1, 2, 5

✓ (d)

60. Election was held on January 20, 2014 for a Gram Panchayat.

Its first meeting was called on February 10, 2014. Thereafter Gram Panchayat was dissolved on Election was held on May 15, 2016 for New Gram Panchayat and, its first meeting was called on May 25, 2016. What shall be tenure of the new constituted Gram Panchayat?

- a. January 20, 2019  
b. February 10, 2019  
c. May 15, 2021  
d. May 25, 2021

✓ (b) As per the 73rd Amendment of the Constitution tenure of a Gram Panchayat is of 5 year, if due to any reason Gram Panchayat is dissolved then the election should be held within 6 month and left tenure should be completed. So new Gram Panchayat will last till February 20, 2019.

61. In which district

"Danteshwari Maiyya Co-operative Sugar Producer Factory Limited" is established in Chhattisgarh?

- a. Kawardha      b. Dantewada  
c. Balod      d. Ambikapur

✓ (c) Danteshwari Maiyya Co-operative sugar producer factory limited is established at Balod district in the year 2009.

62. What is not legal?

- a. An MLA who is ex-officio member of Janpad Panchayat can nominate representative to participate in the meeting.
- b. A member of Lok Sabha who is ex-officio member of Zila Panchayat can nominate representative to participate in the meeting.
- c. A member of Rajya Sabha who is ex-officio member of Zila Panchayat can nominate representative to participate in the meeting.
- d. A woman Sarpanch can nominate her husband to participate in the meeting of Gram Panchayat and Janpad Panchayat.

✓ (d) All the option are legal except option (d) A women sarpanch cannot nominate her husband to participate in the meeting of Gram Panchayat and Janpad Panchayat.

63. Which mineral has major role to maximize the revenue-income through minerals in this State in the year 2016-17?

- a. Coal      b. Limestone  
c. Iron-ore      d. Bauxite

✓ (a) Coal production has major role in maximising the revenue-income through mineral in the year 2016-17.

64. What is the power generation capacity of Madwa Tendubhata thermal power house Janjgeer-Champa of Chhattisgarh State?

- a. 500MW      b. 840 MW  
c. 1000 MW      d. 440 MW

✓ (c) Madwa Tendubhata thermal power house has a power generation capacity of 1000 MW. It is a coal fired power station at Janjgir, Champa district.

65. Which is the major source of power in Chhattisgarh?

- a. Thermal power
- b. Hydro power
- c. Solar power
- d. Wind power

✓ (a) Chhattisgarh has a rich reserve of coal because of which thermal power is the largest source of power in the State.

66. Which sector has major role to accelerate industry's economic growth rate of Chhattisgarh State during 2012-13 to 2017-18 period?

- a. Mining and Quarry
- b. Manufacturing
- c. Electricity, Gas and Water Supply
- d. Construction

✓ (b)

67. Which candidate from Chhattisgarh has scored 99.9% in CAT for the admission in Indian Institute of Management?

- a. Mohit Sharma
- b. Jaishri Bansal
- c. Rakesh Padmavat
- d. Rashi Shrishrimal

✓ (d) Rashi Shrishrimal has scored 99.9% in CAT for the mission of Indian Institute of Management.

68. In which district Chhattisgarh Swadesh Darshan Scheme was inaugurated by tourism board in September, 2018?

- a. Raipur      b. Jashpur  
c. Dhamtari      d. Dantewada

✓ (c) Union Ministry of Tourism has inaugurated India's First tribal circuit project in the Dhamtari district connecting 13 tourism site in States-which includes Jashpur, Kunkuri, Mainpat, Kamleshpur Maheshpur, Kurdar, Sarodadadar, Gangrel, Kondagaon, Nathiya Nawagaon, Jagdalpur, Chitrakoot and Tirthgarh.

69. How many female MLA are elected in Chhattisgarh Assembly in December, 2018?

- a. 18      b. 10      c. 13      d. 11

✓ (c) Number of women legislature in Chhattisgarh Assembly has risen to 13 in 2018 from 10 in 2013 election.

70. Who was selected as India's Miss Trans Queen of Mandir Hasaud Raipur in October, 2018?

- a. Parima Mandal
- b. Veena Sendre
- c. Manki Bothare
- d. Selbi

✓ (b) Veena Sendre was crowned as India's first Transqueens at the national level beauty contest.

71. Who administered the oath of the office of Anandi Ben Patel who was given additional charge of Governor of Chhattisgarh State?

- a. Justice Ajay Kumar Tripathi
- b. Justice Prashant Mishra
- c. Justice MM Shrivastava
- d. Justice Sanjay K. Agarwal

☑ (a) The Chief Justice of High Court or in his absence senior most judge of that court administer the oath of the office of Governor. Justice Ajay Kumar Tripathi has administered the oath of the office of Anandi Ben Patel who was given additional charge of Chhattisgarh following the death of Governor Balramji Dass Tondon.

72. In the first phase of Chhattisgarh Assembly Election 2018, how many constituencies were being polled?

- a. 16    b. 18    c. 20    d. 24

☑ (b) The election of Chhattisgarh Assembly seats were held in two phases for a total of 90 seats, the first for 18 seats in southern part and the second for remaining 72 seats.

73. In September, 2018 which New Board Gauge Electrified Railway Line was approved by the Union Cabinet in Chhattisgarh?

- a. Ambikapur–Jashpur  
b. Manendragarh–Dalli Rajhara  
c. Dalli Rajhara–Chirmiri  
d. Katghora–Dongargarh

☑ (d) The Union Cabinet approved a New Broad Gauge Electrified Railway Line between Katghora–Dongargarh covering a distance of 294 km total estimated cost is around ₹ 5950 crore. Most important thing is that it will be first of its kind joint venture with the States.

74. Rampukar Singh, appointed as Protem Speaker in newly constituted Legislative Assembly, represents which constituency?

- a. Kunkuri    b. Dharamjaygarh  
c. Palthgaon    d. Narayanpur

☑ (c) The Speaker of last Assembly vacates his office immediately before the first meeting of newly elected assembly. Therefore Governor appoints as senior most member as the speaker Pro tem.

The Speaker Pro tem's main duty is to administer to the new member. Rampukar Singh, a Congress leader was elected from Palthgaon seat.

75. Which member of newly constituted Chhattisgarh Legislative Assembly was previously professor of Political Science?

- a. Umesh Patel  
b. Ashish Kumar Chhabra  
c. Laxmi Dhruw  
d. Sarita Tekam

☑ (c) In recent Chhattisgarh Legislative Assembly election 2018 Dr. Laxmi Dhruw elected as member. She was professor of political science earlier and elected from Sihawa Constituency. She was teaching political science in the government college in Durg.

76. Match the List A with List B

List A (Name-MLA)	List B (Constituency)
A. Rudra Kumar Guru	(i) Sihawa
B. Devendra Bahadur Singh	(ii) Lormi
C. Dr. Laxmi Dhruw	(iii) Basna
D. Dharamjeet Singh	(iv) Ahiwara

Code

- A B C D                      A B C D  
a. i iv ii iii                  b. ii iii i iv  
c. iii i iv ii                  d. iv iii i ii

☑ (d) Winners in Chhattisgarh Election 2018.

Constituency	Name	MLA
(i) Sihawa	Dr. Laxmi Dhruw	
(ii) Lormi	Dharamjeet Singh	
(iii) Basna	Devendra Bahadur Singh	
(iv) Ahiwara	Rudra Kumar Guru	

77. Match the following (Events and Years):

List I (Event)	List II (Year)
A. Merger of Chhattisgarh Railway in Bengal-Nagpur Railway	1. 1893
B. Construction of Rudri Canal	2. 1887
C. Establishment of St. Paul's School in Raipur	3. 1938
D. Opening of Chhattisgarh College in Raipur	4. 1912

Code

- A B C D                      A B C D  
a. 1 2 3 4                      b. 2 4 1 3  
c. 3 1 2 4                      d. 4 2 3 1

☑ (b) Correct match

Event	Year
Merger of Chhattisgarh Railway in Bengal Nagpur Railway	1887
Construction of Rudri Canal	1912
Establishment of St. Paul's School in Raipur	1893
Opening of Chhattisgarh College in Raipur	1938

78. The following persons were posted as 'Subedars' in Chhattisgarh during the Maratha rule?

1. Vithal Dinkar  
2. Keshav Govind

3. Bikaji Gopal  
4. Mahipatrao Dinkar

Select the correct chronology of them:

- a. 1, 2, 3, 4                  b. 2, 3, 4, 1  
c. 3, 4, 1, 2                  d. 4, 1, 2, 3

☑ (d) Chhattisgarh was under the Maratha rule from 1748 to 1854 AD. From 1787 to 1818, Chhattisgarh was under Subedar rule.

Chronological order of Subedars in Chhattisgarh during Maratha rule in following

Mahipat Rao Dinkar → Vitthal Dinkar → Kesav Govind → Bikaji Gopal.

79. Read the following statements :

- On August 8, 1941 the volunteers of Chhattisgarh participating in Individual Satyagraha were arrested near Lalitpur.
- Jwala Prasad Mishra and Yadunandan Prasad Shrivastava were among these volunteers.
- Pt. Ravishankar Shukla was the leader of these volunteers.

Select the correct answer :

- a. 1, 2 and 3 are correct.  
b. 1 and 2 are correct.  
c. 2 and 3 are correct.  
d. 1 and 3 are correct.

☑ (b)

80. Match the following (Leaders of Chhattisgarh imprisoned during Quit India Movement of 1942 and places):

List I (Leader)	List II (Place)
A. Tretanath Tiwari	1. Malkapur
B. Raghunandan Singhrol	2. Raipur
C. Amar Singh Sahgal	3. Bilaspur
D. Pt. Ravishankar Shukla	4. Durg

Code

- A B C D                      A B C D  
a. 4 1, 3 2                      b. 4 2 1 3  
c. 3 4 2 1                      d. 1 2 4 3

☑ (c)

81. Who of the following Muslim leader accompanied Mahatma Gandhi on his arrival in Chhattisgarh in 1920?

- a. Maulana Muhammad Ali  
b. Maulana Shaukat Ali  
c. Maulana Azad  
d. Maulana Rahmat Ali

☑ (b) Maulana Shaukat Ali a Muslim leader accompanied Mahatma Gandhi on his arrival in Chhattisgarh in 1920. Maulana Shaukat Ali welcomed Mahatma

Gandhi. Mahatma Gandhi was called to come for resolving the difference of opinion arises on irrigation issue. Mahatma Gandhi came again to Chhattisgarh on November 24, 1933.

**82.** What is the factor of Tropical cyclone in the month of May?

- a. Cyclone of Bay of Bengal
- b. Western disturbance
- c. Local temperature variation
- d. North-eastern winds

✓ (c)

**83.** Raipur district is not from the following :

- a. District have maximum population
- b. District have minimum male population
- c. District have maximum rural population
- d. District have maximum male female ratio of population

✓ (c) As per census 2011 population of Raipur in Chhattisgarh as a district is 4063872, which is highest in Chhattisgarh. Male population in Raipur district 2048186 (highest) While sex ratio of Raipur is 963. In Chhattisgarh Jashpur district is the most rural district.

**84.** Drama theatre constructed in Sitabengra cave is located at

- a. Raigarh
- b. Ramgarh
- c. Navagarh
- d. None of these

✓ (b) Sitabengra cave situated in range of Ramgarh within Sarguja district of Chhattisgarh is world famous for its drama theatre. Its length is 44.5 feet and width is 15 feet.

**85.** Constructed by Laxman Deo Rai

- a. Bhoramdeo
- b. Narayan Temple
- c. Bhandaldeo Temple
- d. Deorani Temple

✓ (a) Bhoramdeo temple is known as Khajuraho of Chhattisgarh. This temple is located at a distance of 120 km from Raipur. This temple is constructed by Laxman Deo Rai.

**86.** Albama hill located at

- a. the West of Bijapur upland
- b. the East of Bijapur upland
- c. the South of Bijapur upland
- d. the North of Bijapur upland

✓ (a) Albama hill is located at the West of Bijapur upland. Bijapur is a district of Chhattisgarh. Which was earlier part of Dantewada district. Bijapur has high density of forest and mountains.

**87.** Akum and Todi is a musical instrument of which category?

- a. Percussion instrument
- b. String instrument
- c. Wind instrument
- d. None of the above

✓ (c) *Mainly musical instruments are of four kind*

- 1. Percussion instrument → Example - Xylophone
- 2. String instrument → Example - Piano, Sitar
- 3. Wind instrument → Example - Flute, Akum Todi
- 4. Avanaad instrument → Example - Drum, etc.

**88.** Kaksar is a dance of which tribe?

- a. Oraon
- b. Halba
- c. Nagasia
- d. Muria

✓ (d)

**89.** Who is the author of book 'Chhattisgarh Parichay'?

- a. Padumlal Punnalal Bakshi
- b. Gajanan Madhav Muktibodh
- c. Baldeo Prasad Mishra
- d. Pyarelal Gupta

✓ (c) Baldeo Prasad Mishra is the author of book 'Chhattisgarh Parichay'. Book is based on Chhattisgarh. His other important works are Kaushal Kishor, Ramrajya, Indian culture etc.

**90.** Babu Rewaram was resident of which place?

- a. Shivrinarayan
- b. Ratanpur
- c. Kudurmali
- d. Rajim

✓ (b)

**91.** Which of these is a creation of Thakur Jagmohan Singh?

- a. Danlila
- b. Shyama Swapn
- c. Khoob Tamasha
- d. Bastar Bhushan

✓ (b) Thakur Jagmohan Singh was born in 1857 in Vijayraghvargarh (MP). His famous work is Shyama Swapn. He died in 1899.

**92.** What does "Parra Bhar Lai, Agaas Bhar Bagarai" signifies?

- a. Flower garden
- b. Sunflower
- c. Stars
- d. None of these

✓ (c)

**93.** Which of the following is not a name of a 'Bhaji' (leaf vegetable)?

- a. Karmata
- b. Lal
- c. Ramkeria
- d. Amari

✓ (c) Karmata, Lal and Amari are the name of Bhaji (leaf vegetable). 36 Bhaji of Chhattisgarh is famous

in leaf vegetable. While Ramkeria lady's finger.

**94.** Which of the following is not an utensil?

- a. Handiya
- b. Kundera
- c. Ghanouchi
- d. Kanauji

✓ (c)

**95.** Kishor Sahu Samman is awarded by Chhattisgarh government is for which of the following fields?

- a. Film
- b. Painting
- c. Sculpture
- d. Literature

✓ (a) Kishor Sahu Samman is awarded by Chhattisgarh government for film. Director Shyam Benegal was awarded with first Kishor Sahu Samman.

**96.** What does 'Nankan tura, bulak bulak ke par bandhay' signifies?

- a. Farmer
- b. Niddle and thread
- c. Hoe
- d. None of the above

✓ (b)

**97.** 'Dhumkuriya' is a youth dormitory of which tribe?

- a. Nagasia
- b. Kamar
- c. Oraon
- d. Bhaina

✓ (c) Dhumkuriya is a youth dormitory of Oraon tribe. It is similar as Gonds get in touch with it Ghotul. In Uttar Pradesh. It is known as Rangbang.

**98.** Which of the following is not a language of Bastar region?

- a. Gondi
- b. Halbi
- c. Bhatri
- d. Sadari

✓ (d) Languages of Bastar region Gondi, Halbi, Bhatri etc.

Sadari is a branch of the Prakrit language and regarded as sister language of Oriya, Bengali and Maithili

**99.** 'Naat' is famous with the name of which tribe?

- a. Muria
- b. Bhatra
- c. Dorla
- d. Dhurwa

✓ (b) Bhatra Naat is folk drama of Bastar is prevalent in eastern region of Bastar and near Odisha where Bhatra tribal people live.

**100.** 'Paik' is related to which tribe?

- a. Kanwar
- b. Baiga
- c. Oraon
- d. Gond

✓ (d) 'Paik' is related to Gond tribe. The Gonds are among the largest tribal groups in South Asia.