

Analog Electronics

- Stability factor of self biasing circuit is

$$S = 1 + \frac{R_{TH}}{R_E}$$
- Stability factor of Collector to base biasing circuit is $S = 1 + \frac{R_B}{R_C}$
- Stability factor of Fixed Biasing circuit is

$$S = 1 + \beta$$
- Darlington Emitter Follower (CC-CC) consists of two identical emitter is cascade mode.
- Cascode Amplifier is the configuration of CE-CB in BJT
- Formulas regarding to high frequency model are

$$f_{\beta} = \frac{g_m}{2\pi h_{fe} (C_C + C_E)}, f_T = h_{fe} \cdot f_{\beta}, f_{\alpha} = (1 + h_{fe})f_{\beta} \text{ or } \frac{f_{\beta}}{(1 - \alpha)}$$

- Voltage gain in Multistage Cascaded Amplifier

$$A_v^* = 20 \log_{10}(A_{v1}) + 20 \log_{10}|A_{v2}| \dots \dots \dots \text{ in dB}$$

- Power gain in Multistage Cascaded Amplifier

$$A_p^* = A_v^* A_i^* \dots \dots \dots$$

- Higher cutoff frequency Reduce

$$f_H^* = f_2 \sqrt{2^{1/n} - 1}$$

- Lower cutoff frequency Increases

$$f_L^* = \frac{f_1}{\sqrt{2^{1/n} - 1}}$$

- Product of gain and bandwidth in an amplifier remain constant

- Negative Feedback $A_F = \frac{A}{1 + \beta A}$

- Positive feedback $A_F = \frac{A}{1 - \beta A}$

- Sensitivity factor, $S = \frac{1}{1 + \beta A}$, Desensitivity factor 'D' $D = \frac{1}{S} = 1 + \beta A$
- CMRR = $\rho = \left| \frac{A_d}{A_c} \right|$
- Barkhausen criteria $|\beta A_v| = +1$ & $\phi = 2\pi n, n = 1, 2, \dots$
- Oscillation frequency of R-C Phase Shift Oscillator = $\frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{6RC}}$
- Voltage gain for FET $A_v = -g_m (r_d \parallel R_D)$
- Time period of Square Wave Generator is $T = 2RC \ln \left(\frac{1 + \beta}{1 - \beta} \right)$
- Time period (Monostable Multivibrator) $T = RC \ln \left(\frac{1 + (V_1/V_z)}{1 - \beta} \right)$
- Frequency of triangular wave generator $f_o = \frac{R_3}{4R_1 C_1 R_2}$