

SAMAGRA SHIKSHA, KERALA SECOND TERMINAL EVALUATION - 2019

MATHEMATICS - VIII

ne : 1% Hours

Score : 40

E 803

.astructions

- · Read the instructions before answering the questions
- · Give explanations wherever necessary
- · First 15 minutes time is cool off time

Answer any 4 Questions from 1 to 5. Each question carries 2 scores. (4 x 2 = 8)

- In the figure, O is the centre of the circle. \angle A = 30 $^{\rm o}$
 - a) ∠ B =
 - b) ∠ AOB =



a) Which number is to be subtracted from 10² + 2² to get (10 - 2)²?

b) What is to be subtracted from $a^2 + b^2$ to get $(a - b)^2$?

3 See the advertisement of a financial establishment.

Monthly interest for 1000 rupees is 20 rupees only

- a) What is the interest of 100 rupees for one month ?
- b) What is the rate of interest ?
- 4 a) What is the measure of one outer angle of a 12 sided regular polygon ? b) What is the measure of one inner angle ?
- 5 The number of boys and girls in a class are in the ratio 3 : 5.

If the number of boys is 12, then

a) What is the number of girls in the class ?

b) Find the total number of students in the class.

Answer any 4 Questions from 6 to 11. Each question carries 3 scores. (4 x 3 = 12)

- 6 In the figure, ABCD is a rhombus.
 - AC = 16 cm, AD = 10 cm.
 - a) What is the length of AM ?
 - b) Find the length of BD.



7 The length of a rectangle is 4 cm more than its breadth. If the perimeter is 84 cm. a) Length + Breadth =

b) Find the length and breadth of the rectangle.

8 'Joseph deposited Rs 15000/- in a bank at the rate of 10% simple interest. Rafeek deposited Rs 15000/- in another bank at the rate of 10% compound interest.

a) After 2 years, how much amount would Joseph get back?

b) After 2 years, how much amount would Rafeek get back?

- 9 a) $(10+2)^2 (10-2)^2 = \dots$ b) $(x+y)^2 - (x-y)^2 = \dots$ c) $(10+0.6)^2 - (10-0.6)^2 = \dots$
- 10 In the figure, PQRS is a parallelogram.

The diagonals intersect at the point O.

Also ∠POS = 60°, PR = 8 cm, QS = 6 cm

a) Length of OP =

b) Draw the parallelogram PORS

11 The price of a pen and a book are in the ratio 3:5. The price of a book is 12 rupees more than the price of a pen.

a) If the price of a pen is taken as 3x, how can we write the price of a book?

b) Find the price of a pen and that of a book.

Answer any 4 Questions from 12 to 17. Each question carries 4 scores. (4 x 4-16)

12 In the figure, ABCDE is a regular pentagon.

a) Write the measure of one angle of a regular pentagon

b) Find the measures of all angles of triangle ACD.



13 a) Amrutha deposited rupees 20000 in a bank which compounds interest half yearly. The annual rate of interest is 8%. How much amount would she get back after one year?

b) Najiya deposited rupees 20000 in a bank which compounds interest quarterly. The annual rate of interest is 16%. How much amount would Najiya get back after six months?





14 Three equal rhombuses with one side 4 cm and one angle 60⁹ are put together as in the figure. Draw the figure with given measurements.



- 15 a) $x^2 y^2 = (x y)(\dots + \dots)$
 - b) $(3a+b)(3a-b) = \dots$
 - c) Find (9.8)2 (0.2)2
- 16 In the quadrilateral ABCD, AB = 8 cm, BC = 5 cm, AC = 6 cm, CD = 4 cm, AD = 5 cm. Draw the quadrilateral.
- 17 A plastic bottle manufacturing company decided to reduce its production by 10% in each year. If the current production is 4 lakhs, what would be the production after two years?

Read the given concept carefully and write answers to the following questions. Each question carries one score (4 x 1 = 4)

....

18 Look at the pattern

 $1^{2} + (4 \times 2) = 3^{2}$ $2^{2} + (4 \times 3) = 4^{2}$ $3^{2} + (4 \times 4) = 5^{2}$

- (a) Write the next line.
- (b) $5^2 + 4 \times \dots = 7^2$ (c) $10^2 + 4 \times 11 = \dots$ (d) $n^2 + 4(n+1) = \dots$