## Section - A

I. Answer any EIGHT questions, each carries One mark:

$$
8 \times 1=8
$$

1. What is the motive of not for profit organization?
2. When partner's current accounts are prepared in partnership firm?
3. Which account is to be debited to record the increase in the value of an asset?
4. Who is an executor?
5. Equity share holders are
a) creditors
b) Owners
c) customers of the company
d) None of the above
6. What is MCA.
7. Debit balance of statement of profit and loss shall be shown as $\qquad$ figure under the head 'Surplus'.
8. A financial analysis is used only by the creditors. (true/False)
9. The $\qquad$ ratio's are primarily measures of return
10. What is cash flow statement?

## Section - B

II. Answer any FIVE questions, each carries Two marks:

$$
5 \times 2=10
$$

11. State any two features of receipts and payment account.
12. What is guarantee of profit to a partner?
13. What is goodwill?
14. Give the journal entry for an asset taken over by a partner in case of dissolution of a firm.
15. State any two types of shares that can be issued by public company.
16. Write any objectives of financial statements.
17. State any two uses of financial statement analysis.
18. Mention any two activities which are classified as per AS-3.

## Section - C

III. Answer any FOUR questions, each question carries Six marks:
19. Arun and Varun are the partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of $2: 1$ their opening capital being Rs 80,000 and 50,000 respectively. They earned a profit of Rs 20,000 before allowing the following:
a) Interest on Capital @ 8\% p.a.
b) Interest on drawings Arun Rs 2,000 Varun Rs 2,500.
c) Salary to Arun Rs 3,000 p.a
d) Commission to Varun Rs 2000 p.a.

Prepare profit and loss appropriation account.
20. $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{Z}$ were partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio 2:1:1 Y retires his share is taken by X and Z in the proportion of $2 / 3$ and $1 / 3$, Calculate the new profit sharing ratio.
21. Raja, Ram and Mohan were partners in a firm sharing profit and losses in the ratio 2:2:1. The balance sheet of the firm as on 31/3/2014 was as under

Balance sheet As on 31/3/2014.

| Liabilities | Amount | Assets | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Bills payable | 16,000 | Cash in Hand | 15,000 |
| Creditors | 19,000 | Stock in trade | 10,000 |
| Capital |  | Bills receivable | 25,000 |
| Raja | 40,000 | Computer system | 30,000 |
| Ram | 35,000 | Furniture | 15,000 |
| Mohan | 20,000 | Fixture and Fitting | 25,000 |
|  |  | Profit and Loss A/c | 10,000 |
|  | $1,30,000$ |  | $1,30,000$ |

Mohan died on $30^{\text {th }}$ June 2014. His executor was entitled for the following :
a) His capital as on the date of his death.
b) His share in the profit and loss account.
c) Interest on capital is to be allowed
d) His salary at Rs 800 per month.
e) His share of profit up to the date of his death. The profit of the firm for the current year estimated that Rs 20,000.
Prepare Mohan's capital A/c.
22. Infosys Co. Ltd., issued 2,00,000 10\% debentures of Rs 100 each at a discount of $10 \%$ payable Rs 20 on application, Rs 20 on allotment and the balance on first and final call.
All the debentures were subscribed and money duly received.
Pass the journal entries up to the stage of first and final call money due.
23. From the following information, prepare balance sheet for the year ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2018 as per schedule III of companies Act 2013.

| Particulars | Rs |
| :--- | :--- |
| Inventories | $7,00,000$ |
| Equity share capital | $16,00,000$ |
| Plant and machinery | $8,00,000$ |
| Preference share capital | $6,00,000$ |
| General reserve | $6,00,000$ |
| Creditors | $3,50,000$ |
| Provision for Taxation | $2,50,000$ |
| Land and Building | $26,00,000$ |
| Cash at Bank | $5,00,000$ |
| $12 \%$ debentures | $12,00,000$ |

24. From the following information, calculate following ratios: i) current Ratio
ii) Liquid ratio.

| Particulars | Rs |
| :--- | :--- |
| Current Assets | 35,000 |
| Current liabilities | 17,500 |
| Inventory | 15,000 |
| Operating expenses | 20,000 |
| Revenue from operations | 60,000 |
| Cost of revenue from operations | 30,000 |

25. From the following information, calculate cash flows from financing activities.

| Particulars | $1 / 4 / 2017$ | $31 / 3 / 2018$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Equity share capital | $20,00,000$ | $30,00,000$ |
| Secured loans | $9,00,000$ | $16,00,000$ |

During the year secured loans were repaid Rs 4,00,000 with an interest of Rs 20,000 and received dividend of Rs 50,000

## Section - D

IV. Answer any FOUR questions, each question carries Twelve marks:
$4 \times 12=48$
26. Following is the balance sheet and receipts and payments account of a charitable trust for the year ending 31/3/2018

Balance sheet as on 31/3/2018

| Liabilities | Rs | Assets | Rs |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Capital fund | $3,20,000$ | Buildings | $3,00,000$ |
| Subscription received in advance | 6,000 | o/s debtors for <br> subscription | 3,800 |
| O/s Expenses | 14,000 | o/s debtors for lockers <br> rent | 2,400 |
| Loan | 50,000 | Cash in hand | $1,00,000$ |
| Income \& Expenditure A/c | 16200 |  | $4,06,200$ |
|  | $4,06,200$ |  |  |

## Receipts and payment $\mathbf{A} / \mathbf{c}$ for the year ending 31/3/2019

| Dr |  |  | Cr |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receipts | Rs | Payments | Rs |
| To balance b/d | 1,00,000 | By expenses $2018-19-12,000$ $2019-20-20,000$ | 32,000 |
| To subscriptions |  | By cost of leasehold land | 40,000 |
| 2017-18 2,000 |  |  |  |
| 2018-19 21,000 |  |  |  |
| 2019-20 1,500 | 24,500 |  |  |
| To entrance fees | 8,000 | By investments | 4,000 |
| To locker rent | 7,000 | By refreshments expenses | 20,000 |
| To income from refreshments | 40,000 | By balance C/d | 83,500 |
|  | 1,79,500 |  | 1,79,500 |

Adjustments:

1. Expenses due but not paid Rs 5,000
2. Subscriptions due but not received Rs 1,000
3. Salary due but not paid Rs 2,000
4. Depreciation on Building Rs 20,000
5. One half of the entrance fees to be capitalized.
6. Imran and Irfan are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 2:1. Their balance sheet as on 31/3/2018 was as follows

Balance sheet as on 31/3/2018

| Liabilities | Amount | Assets | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Creditors | 28,000 | Tools | 15,000 |
| Bank loan | 30,000 | Stock in trade | 35,000 |
| General Reserves | 12,000 | $\begin{array}{lr}\text { Debtors } & 30,000 \\ (-) \text { provision } & 1,000\end{array}$ | 29,000 |
| Capital |  | Furniture | 14,000 |
| Imran | 90,000 | Plant and machinery | 45,000 |
| Irfan | 60,000 | Buildings | 62,000 |
| Bills Payable | 29,000 | Computers | 25,000 |
|  |  | Motor vehicle | 20,000 |
|  |  | Cash at Bank | 4,000 |
|  | 2,49,000 |  | 2,49,000 |

On 1/04/2018, they admitted Ismail into the partnership on the following terms;
a) He brings Rs 50, 000 as capital
b) Goodwill of the firm valued at 3 years purchases of the average profit of last 5 years. Good will account should be written off after admission.
c) For the purpose of admission, assets and liabilities are revalued as follows:

Stock Rs 38,000, tools Rs 13,000, Plant \& machinery Rs 45, 000, buildings Rs 72,000, Computers Rs 22,000, motor vehicle Rs 19,000, creditors (after discount) Rs 27,000 and bank loan (including interest) 32,000
d) Provision for doubtful debts is no more necessary.
e) Average profit for last 5 years was Rs 5,000,
f) The new profit sharing ratio is 2:2:1.

Prepare necessary A/c's
28. Anand, Arun, Ananth are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio 2:2:1. Their balance sheet on $31 / 3 / 2018$ was as follows.

Balance sheet as on $31 / 3 / 2018$

| Liabilities | Amount | Assets | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Creditors | 15,000 | Cash in hand | 5,000 |
| Anand's Loan | 5,000 | Cash at Bank | 16,000 |
| Bills payable | 10,000 | Debtors | 25,000 |
| Bank loan | 8,000 | Bills receivable | 5,000 |
| Profit \& Loss A/c | 22,000 | Investment | 18,000 |
| Capitals: |  |  |  |
| Anand | 20,000 | Machinery | 25,000 |
| Arun | 20,000 |  |  |
| Ananth | 10,000 |  | 16,000 |
|  |  | Furniture | $1,10,000$ |
|  | $1,10,000$ |  |  |

on the above date the firm was dissolved. The following information is available.
a) Assets realized: debtors Rs 24000, Bills receivable Rs 4,000 , Investments Rs 15,000 , machinery Rs 22,000.
b. Chandu took the furniture for Rs 10,000 .
c. Creditors and Bills payable are paid at a discount of $5 \%$.
d. unrecorded investment realized Rs 4,000
e. dissolution expenses Rs 2,250.

Prepare necessary accounts.
29. Sunshine co. ltd., issued 20,000 equity shares of Rs 10 each. The amount payable is as follows.

On application Rs 2 per share
On allotment Rs 3 per share
On first \& Final call Rs 5 per share
All shares were subscribed and the money duly received expect the first and final call on 500 shares held by Mr. 'A'. The directors forfeited these shares and then these forfeited shares were re issued to Mr. 'B' at Rs 7 per share fully paid up. Pass the necessary journal entries.
30. Give the necessary journal entries at the time of redemption of debentures in each of the following situations. If redemption is done on lump sum basis:
a) Vadirraj Ltd., issued 1,000 9\% debentures of Rs 100 each at par and redeemable at par at the end of 5 years out of capital.
b) Vadiraj Ltd., issued 1,000, 9\% debentures of Rs 100 each at par. These debentures are redeemable at $10 \%$ premium at the end of 4 years
c) Vadiraj Ltd., issued $8 \%$ debentures of the total face value of $1,00,000$ at a premium of $5 \%$ to be redeemed at par at the end of 4 years.
d) Vadiraj Ltd., issued Rs 1,00,000 7\% debentures at a discount of 5\% but redeemable at a premium of $5 \%$ at the end of 5 years.
31. From the following information, prepare comparative Balance sheet (position statement)

| Particular | $31 / 3 / 2016$ | $31 / 3 / 2017$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Share Capital | $4,00,000$ | $5,00,000$ |
| General Reserve | 50,000 | 60,000 |
| Secured Loans | 15,000 | 20,000 |
| Current Liabilities | 50,000 | 70,000 |
| Buildings | $2,00,000$ | $2,50,000$ |
| Machinery | $1,50,000$ | $2,00,000$ |
| Stock | $1,00,000$ | $1,10,000$ |
| Trade Receivables | 65,000 | 90,000 |

32. The following are the summarized profit and loss account for the year ended 31/12/2018 and balance sheet.
Trading and profit and loss $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ for the year ending 31/12/2018.

| Particulars | Amount(Rs) | Particulars | Amount(Rs) |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| To opening stock | 20,000 | By sales | $2,00,000$ |
| To purchases | $1,10,000$ | By closing stock | 30,000 |
| To gross profit | $1,00,000$ |  | $2,30,000$ |
|  | $2,30,000$ |  | $1,00,000$ |
| To administrative <br> expenses | 30,000 | By gross profit |  |
| To interest | 10,000 |  |  |
| To selling expenses | 20,000 |  |  |
| To net profit | 40,000 |  | $1,00,000$ |
|  | $1,00,000$ |  |  |


| Liabilities | Amount | Assets | Amount |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Capital | $2,00,000$ | Land and Buildings | $1,00,000$ |
| Profit and loss A/c | 40,000 | Plant and machinery | 60,000 |
| Creditors | 50,000 | Furniture | 40,000 |
| Bills payable | 30,000 | Stock | 30,000 |
|  |  | Sundry debtors | 30,000 |
|  |  | Bills receivable | 25,000 |
|  |  | Cash at bank | 35,000 |
|  | $3,20,000$ |  | $3,20,000$ |

Additional information
a) Average debtors Rs 25,000
b) Net credit purchases Rs 80,000

You are required to calculate

1) Gross profit Ratio.
2) Operating Ratio.
3) Net profit ratio.
4) Inventory turnover ratio.
5) Trade receivable turnover ratio.
6) Trade payable turnover ratio.

## Section - E <br> (Practical oriented questions)

V Answer any TWO questions, each question carries Five marks: $2 \times 5=10$
33. Write two partners current accounts under fixed capital system with 5 imaginary figures.
34. Prepare a statement of profit and loss of a company in vertical form with imaginary figures of 5 main heads only.
35. Prepare common size statement of profit and loss with 5 imaginary figures.

