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## **COMMON SECOND REVISION TEST - 2020**

## STANDARD - XII

Time: 3.00 hrs

**Mathematics** 

Marks: 90

Part - I

 $20 \times 1 = 20$ 

Note: i) All questions are compulsory. ii) Choose the most appropriate answer from the given four alternatives and write the option code and the corresponding answer:

- If  $A^T A^{-1}$  is symmetric, then  $A^2 =$

- If  $x^ay^b = e^m, x^cy^d = e^n$ ,  $\Delta_1 = \begin{vmatrix} m & b \\ n & d \end{vmatrix}$ ,  $\Delta_2 = \begin{vmatrix} a & m \\ c & n \end{vmatrix}$ ,  $\Delta_3 = \begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{vmatrix}$ , then the values of x and y are respectively.

  - a)  $e^{(\Delta_2/\Delta_1)}$ ,  $e^{(\Delta_3/\Delta_1)}$  b)  $\log{(\Delta_1/\Delta_3)}$ ,  $\log{(\Delta_2/\Delta_3)}$  c)  $\log{(\Delta_2/\Delta_1)}$ ,  $\log{(\Delta_3/\Delta_1)}$
  - d)  $e^{(\Delta_1/\Delta_3)}$ ,  $e^{(\Delta_2/\Delta_3)}$ .
- 3. If  $|z-2+i| \le 2$ , then the greatest value of |z| is

- c) 3
- d) 5

- The value of  $\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{3}i}{1-\sqrt{3}i}\right)^{10}$  is
  - a) cis  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$
- b) cis  $\frac{4\pi}{3}$
- c) -cis  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$  d) -cis  $\frac{4\pi}{3}$
- The number of positive zeros of the polynomial  $\sum_{i=0}^{n} {}^{n}C_{r}(-1)^{r} x^{r}$  is 5.
  - a) 0
- b) n

- c) ∠n
- d) r

- A zero of  $x^3 + 64$  is 6.
- .b) 4

- c) 4i
- d) -4
- 7.  $\sin^{-1}\left[\tan\frac{\pi}{4}\right] \sin^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{x}}\right) = \frac{\pi}{6}$ . Then x is a root of the equation.
  - a)  $x^2 x 6 = 0$
- b)  $x^2 x 12 = 0$
- c)  $x^2 + x 12 = 0$

- Sin  $(tan^{-1}x)$ , |x|<1 is equal to

  - a)  $\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$  b)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
- c)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$  d)  $\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$

9.	The centre of the circ	cle inscribed in a	square formed by the line	$5 x^2 - 8x - 12 = 0$ and	
	$y^2 - 14y + 45 = 0$ is		•	,	
	a) (4, 7)	b) 7, 4)	(9, 4)	d) (4, 9	
10.	If the coordinates at coordinates of the oth	one and of a diar ner end are	meter of the circle $x^2 + y^2$ -	8x - 4y + c = 0 are (11,	2), the
	a) (-5, 2)	b) (2, -5)	c) (5, -2)	d) (-2, 5)	
11.	If $\overrightarrow{a} = \overrightarrow{i} + \overrightarrow{j} + \overrightarrow{k}$ , $\overrightarrow{b} = \overrightarrow{i} + \overrightarrow{j} + \overrightarrow{k}$	$ \stackrel{\wedge}{+} \stackrel{\rightarrow}{j} \stackrel{\wedge}{\cdot} \stackrel{\circ}{c} = \stackrel{\wedge}{i} \text{ and } \stackrel{\circ}{(a)} $	$\overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{b}$ ) $\times \overrightarrow{c} = \lambda \overrightarrow{a} + \mu \overrightarrow{b}$ then	the value $\lambda + \mu$ is	
	a) 0	b) 1	c) 6	d) 3	
12.	If the length of the pe value of $\lambda$ is	rpendicular from	the origin to the plane 2x +	· 3y + λz=1, λ>0 is 1/5, tl	nen the
	a) $2\sqrt{3}$	b) 3√2	c) 6	d) 9	
13	The minimum value		3-x  + 9 is	*	
10.	a) 0	b) 3	c) 6	d) 9	
14.			= (x - 1) <sup>3</sup> is		
	a) (0, 0)	b) (0, 1)	c) (1, 0)	_d) (1, 1)	
15.	The approximate ch		ne V of a cube of side x me	etre's caused by increas	sing the
	side by 1% is	,			
	a) 0.3 xdx m <sup>3</sup> `	b) 0.03xm <sup>3</sup>	c) 0.03x <sup>2</sup> m <sup>3</sup>	d) 0.03x <sup>3</sup> m <sup>3</sup>	
16.	If $\int_{0}^{x} f(t) dt = x + \int_{x}^{1} t f(t)$	) dt , then the va	lue of f(1) is		
	a) 1/2	b) 2	,c) 1	d) 3/4	
		π		en e	
17.	For any value of n ∈	$Z \int_{0}^{\pi} e^{\cos^2 x} \cos^3 x$	[(2n+1)x]dx is		
	a) π/2	· b) π	c) 0	d) 2	
18.		•	th mean 0.4, then the vari	ance of (2x - 3) is	•
	a) 0.24	b) 0.48	c) 0.6	d) 0.96	
19.	•	= 1) If E(X) = 3 V	f(x) ar $f(x)$ , then $f(x)$		
	a) 2/3	b) 2/5	c) 1/5	d) 1/3	
20		ollowing is a binar	ry operation on N?		
	a) subtraction	b) multiplicati		d) all the above	
			Part - B		-
11.	Answer any 7 ques	stions. Question	n No. 30 is compulsory.	7 x	2 = 14
	Verify the property				
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- 22. Simplify  $(\sin \pi/6 + i\cos \pi/6)^{18}$
- 23. Find the sum of squares of roots of the equation  $2x^4 8x^3 + 6x^2 3 = 0$
- 24. Find the domain of the following functions  $tan^{-1} \left( \sqrt{9-x^2} \right)$
- 25. Find the equation of the hyperbola in each of the cases given below: i) foci ( $\pm 2$ , 0), eccentricity = 3/2
- 26. Find the acute angle between the following lines

$$\vec{r} = (4\hat{i} - \hat{j}) + t(\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}) + \vec{r} = (\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}) + s(-\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k})$$

- 27. Suppose f(x) is a differentiable function for all x with  $f'(x) \le 29$  and f(x) = 17, what is the maximum value of f(7)?
- 28. Let U(x,y,z) = xyz,  $x = e^{-t}$ ,  $y=e^{-1}cost$ , z = sint,  $t \in R$ . Find  $\frac{du}{dt}$
- 29. Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{1} x^{3} e^{-2x} dx$
- 30. Establish the equivalence property:  $p \rightarrow q \equiv \neg p \lor q$

# III. Answer any seven questions. Question No.40 is compulsory

 $7 \times 3 = 21$ 

- 31. Solve 6x 7y = 16. 9x 5y = 35 by using Cramer's rule.
- 32. Show that the equation  $z^3 + 2 \frac{1}{z} = 0$  has five solutions.
- 33. If p and q are the roots of the equation  $x^2 + nx + n = 0$ , show that  $\sqrt{\frac{p}{q}} + \sqrt{\frac{q}{p}} + \sqrt{\frac{n}{l}} = 0$
- 34. Find the value of  $\sin^{-1}\left(\sin\frac{5\pi}{9}.\cos\frac{\pi}{9}+\cos\frac{5\pi}{9}.\sin\frac{\pi}{9}\right)$
- 35. Show that the points (2, 3, 4) (-1, 4, 5) and (8, 1, 2) are collinear.
- 36. Find two positive number whose sum is 12 and their product is maximum.
- 37. Evaluate  $\int_{1}^{2} \frac{x}{(x+1)(x+2)} dx$
- 38. The mean and variance of a binomial variate X are respectively 2 and 1.5. Find i) P (X = 0) ii) P (X = 1)
- 39. Verify that  $(p_{\vee}^-q) \stackrel{\wedge}{\wedge} (p_{\vee}^- \neg q)$  iscontradiction.

40. If w (x, y, z) = 
$$x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + 3xyz$$
 show that  $\frac{\partial^2 \omega}{\partial y \cdot \partial z} = \frac{\partial^2 \omega}{\partial z \cdot \partial y}$ 

#### Part - D

### IV. Answer all the questions:

 $7 \times 5 = 35$ 

41. a) Test for consistency of the following system of linear equations and if possible solve:

$$x + 2y - z = 3$$
;  $3x - y + 2z = 1$ ;  $x - 2y + 3z = 3$ ;  $x - y + z + 1 = 0$  (OR)

b) Prove that 
$$2\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \sec^{-1}\left(\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{7}\right) + 2\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{8}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

42. a) If 
$$z = (\cos\theta + i\sin\theta)$$
 show that  $z^n + \frac{1}{z^n} = 2\cos\theta$  and  $z^n - \frac{1}{z^n} = 2i\sin\theta$ . (OR)

- b) Assume that water issuing from the end of a horizontal pipe, 7.5 m above the ground, describes a parabolic path. The vertex of the parabolic path is at the end of the pipe. At a position 2.5m below the line of the pipe, the flow of water has curved outward 3m beyond the vertical line through the end of the pipe. How far beyond this vertical line will the water strike the ground?
- 43. a) Solve the equation  $x^4 14x^2 + 45 = 0$  (OR)
  - b) State and prove Appollonius's theorem.
- 44. a) Sketch the curve  $y = f(x) = x^3 6x 9$  (OR)

b) If 
$$u = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x+y}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}}\right)$$
 then prove that  $x \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{2}\tan u$ 

45. a) A watermelon has an ellipsoid shape which can be obtained by revolving an ellipse with major-axis 20cm and minor - axis 10cm about its major-axis. Find its volume using integration.

#### (OR)

- b) Suppose a person deposits 10,000 Indian rupees in a bank account at the rate of 5% annum compounded continuously. How much money will be in his bank account 18 months later?
- 46. a) A random variable x has the following probability mass function,

Find P(x\le x<5) iii) P(x 
$$\le$$
 4) iv) P(3

(OR)

- b) Using truth table, prove DeMorgan's law.
- 47. a) Find the parametric vector, non-parametric vector and cartesian form of the equations of the plane passing through the points (3, 6, -2), (-1, -2, 6) and (6, -4, -2) (OR)
  - b) Using the equivalence property, show that  $p \leftrightarrow q \equiv (p \land q) \lor (\neg p \land \neg q)$