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Mukulam Model Examination-2018

CHEMISTRY

Marks 40 Time 1½ Hrs

Common instructions

SSLC

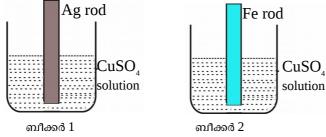
- * 15 minutes is given as cool-off time.
- * This time is to spent for reading question paper.
- * Attempt questions according to the instructions.

Questions 1 to 5 carry 1 score each. Answer any four(4) of them.

- 1. A dense white fume is obtained when a glass road,dipped in hydrochloric acid,shown above ammonia jar.
 - What is the chemical present in the white fume?
- 2. What is the number of moles present in 90g water? [Molecular mass of water 18]
- 3. How many carbon atoms are present in one molecule of Propanal?
- 4. $SO_{2(g)} + Cl_{2(g)} \xrightarrow{\text{sunlight}} SO_2Cl_{2(g)}$
 - Choose the factor that influence rate of the above reaction?
 - [temperature , light , surface area , concentration]
- 5. Benzene is the simplest aromatic compound. Write molecular formula of benzene.

Questions 5 to 10 carry 2 score each. Answer any four(4) of them.

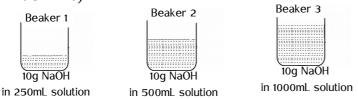
6. Figures of two beaker are given. Observe the figure carefully and answer the the question.



- a) In which beaker displacement reaction takesplace?
- b) Write the chemical equation for this reaction.
- 7. Chemical formula of some organic compounds are given.

[CH₃-OH, CH₄, CH₃-COOH, CH₃-CHO]

- i) Select the compounds required for the preparation of an ester.
- ii) Write the chemical equation for the preparation of an ester.
- 8. 10g of NaOH is present in the each solution taken the in beakers. (Molecular mass of NaOH=40)



- a) Which is the one molar (1M) NaOH solution among this?
- b) What is the molarity of solution which contains 20g NaOH in one litre?
- 9. Aluminium is extracted by the electrolysis of molten alumina.(Hall-Heroult process)
 - a) Write the chemical equation for the reaction takes place at cathode.
 - b) During the process carbon anodes are replaced time to time. Why?
- 10. Coal is a fossil fuel obtained from the depths of the earth.
 - a) Name the process by which the remains of plants are transformed in to coal.

b) Which form of coal has the highest carbon content?

Questions 11 to 15 carry 3 score each. Answer any four(4) of them.

11. Below given is sub shell electronic configaration of the element 'X' (symbol is not real)

 $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^3 4s^2$

- a) What is the group number of this element?
- b) Write the sub shell electronic configuration of X³⁺ion.
- c) Write any two characteristics of the block elements which contains this element.
- 12. Structure of an organic compound is given.

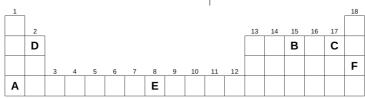
- a) Write the chemical formula of the above compound.
- b) Write its IUPAC name.
- c) Give structure of position isomer of this compound.
- 13. 85 g of ammonia (NH₃) gas is taken. [atomic mass N-14 H-3]
 - a) Calculate the number of moles present in this sample.
 - b) What is the volume of this sample at STP?
 - c) Calculate the number of atoms present in this sample?
- 14. Match the following suitable

Reactants	Products	Name of the reaction
CH ₄ +Cl ₂		Addition reaction
CH ₂ =CH ₂ + HCl	CH ₃ Cl + HCl	Substitution reaction
nCH ₂ =CHCl	CH ₃ -CH ₂ Cl	Polymerisation

- 15. Cement is a complex mixture of silicates and aluminates of calcium
 - a) What is the compound added to cement to control the setting time?
 - b) What are the environment problems created by concrete.

Questions 16 to 20 carry 4 score each. Answer any four(4) of them.

16. A part incomplete periodic table is given. Analyse the table and answer the questions that follow (Symbols are not real)



- i) Which element has the least ionisation energy?
- ii) Which element has the highest electro negativity?
- Iii) Write the chemical formula of the oxide of element 'D'
- iv) Write the sub shell electronic configuration of element 'F' in its valence shell.
- 17. Given below is the chemical equation showing the reaction between ferric nitrate and potassium thiocyanate.

$$Fe(NO_3)_{3 (aq)} + 3KCNS_{(aq)} \Rightarrow Fe(CNS)_{3 (aq)} + 3KNO_{3 (aq)}$$

- a) Name the red coloured compound formed here?
- b) After diluting the solution,a little potassium thiocyanate is added to it .What is the change observed? Explain the reson on the basis of Le-Chatelier's principle
- c) Pressure has no effect in this reaction. Why?

18. Three solutions and metal rods are given.



- a) Draw a Galvanic cell by selecting suitable solutions and electrodes
- b) Which is the anode here?
- c) Write the chemical equation for the reaction which takes at anode.
- 19. The chemical equations for the reactions that take place in the blast furnace are given below.

i)
$$C + O_2 \rightarrow CO2 + heat$$

ii)
$$CO_2+C+heat \rightarrow 2CO$$

iii)
$$Fe_2O_3 + 3CO \rightarrow 2Fe + 3CO_2$$

iv)
$$CaCO_3 + heat \rightarrow CaO + CO_2$$

v) CaO +SiO₂
$$\rightarrow$$
 CaSiO₃

- a) Which is the reducing agent used hear?
- b) Why is the calcium carbonate(CaCO₃) mixed along with the ore?
- c) Select the chemical equation showing the formation of slag.
- d) Name the iron obtained from the blast furnace.
- 20. Given below are the chemical formulae of some hydrocarbons.

- a) Which among these is an alkene?
- b) Write the structural formula of alkene having double bond in between in the first and second carbon atoms.
- c) Write the IUPAC name of this compound.
- d) draw the structure of cyclic isomer of this alkene.
