

PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION (DECEMBER-2019)**CLASS: X****SOCIAL SCIENCE****Time: 3 hrs.****MAX. MARKS :80****General Instructions:**

- i) The question paper is divided into four sections- Section A, Section B, Section C and Section D.
- ii) The question paper has 35 questions in all.
- iii) Marks are indicated against each question.
- iv) Questions from serial number 1 to 20 are objective type questions. Each question carries one mark. Answer them as instructed.
- v) Questions from serial number 21 to 28 are three marks questions. Answer these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
- vi) Questions from serial number 29 to 34 are five marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 120 words each.
- vii) Questions number 35 is a map question of six marks with two parts- 35 A from History (2 marks) and 35 B from Geography (4 marks). After completion, attach the map inside your answer-book.

SECTION A

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| 1 | Zollverein was a –
a) Diplomatic institution
b) Custom union
c) Administrative union
d) Trade union | 1 |
| OR | | |
| Who was called as the architect of Germany's unification ? | | |
| 2 | Who is the author of the book Hind Swaraj ?
a) Jawaharlal Nehru.
b) Ali Brothers.
c) Mahatma Gandhi.
d) Sardar Patel. | 1 |
| 3 | What was the meaning of liberalism in early nineteenth century in Europe ? | 1 |
| 4 | Printing was first developed in
a) Japan
b) Portugal
c) China
d) Germany | 1 |

- 5 If there are five persons in a family and their total income is 20000/-What would be the average income of each person? 1
- a) Rs-6000/-
 - b) Rs-4000/-
 - c) Rs-5000/-
 - d) Rs-10000/-
- 6 Per capita income also known as 1
- a) Average income
 - b) National Income
 - c) Gross Income
 - d) Personal Income
- 7 GDP is the total value of 1
- a) All goods and services
 - b) All final goods and services
 - c) All intermediate goods and services
 - d) All intermediate and final goods and services
- 8 Which of the following economic activity it's not in the tertiary sector? 1
- a) Banking
 - b) Bee-keeping
 - c) Teaching
 - d) Working in a call center
- 9 Which one of the following methods used to break up the force of wind? 1
- a) Shelter belt
 - b) Strip cropping
 - c) Contour ploughing
 - d) Terrace farming
- 10 Double coincidence of wants means : 1
- a) Matching of demand
 - b) Matching of supply
 - c) Matching one's supply with another's demand
 - d) All are incorrect.
- 11 What term does describe the system of agriculture where a single crop is grown on a large area? 1
- 12 Name any two important oilfields in Assam. 1
- 13 Terms of credit include 1
- a) Duration of loan and repayment
 - b) Collateral security
 - c) Interest rate
 - d) All of these.
- 14 HDI Stands for 1
- a) Heavy Developed Industrial
 - b) Human Development Index
 - c) Highly Development Index
 - d) Highest Development Index
- 15 What is a coalition government? 1
- a) Power shared among different social group.
 - b) Power shared among different levels of government.
 - c) Power shared among different political parties.
 - d) Power shared among different organs of government .

- 16 Which state of India has the highest literacy rate ? 1
 a) Punjab
 b) Kerala
 c) Haryana
 d) Bihar
- 17 When was the report of the States Reorganization Commission implemented? 1
 a) 1956
 b) 1962
 c) 1950
 d) 1954
- 18 Underemployment occurs when people : 1
 a) Do not want to work
 b) Are working in a lazy manner.
 c) Are working less than what they are capable of doing
 d) Are not paid for their work.
- 19 What do you mean by “Feminist”? 1
- 20 If a government provides citizens a right and means to examine the process of decision-making , it is known as 1
 a) A transparent government.
 b) A legitimate government .
 c) A responsive government .
 d) A stable government .

SECTION B

- 21 Why did Gandhiji decided to withdraw the ‘Non-Cooperation Movement ‘ in february ,1922? Explain any three reasons . 3
 OR
 Describe the famous incidence of Jallianwala Bagh.
- 22 Dhanvir is a government employee and belongs to a rich household , whereas Raju is a construction worker and comes from a poor rural household .Both are in need and wish to take loan .Create a list of arguments explaining who between the two would successfully be able to arrange money from a formal source . Why ? 3
 OR
 Differentiate between formal and informal sources of credit.
- 23 “Workers are exploited in unorganized sector in India”. Support the statement with suitable examples. 3
- 24 What is meant by a ‘national political party ‘? State the conditions required to be a national political party ? 3
 OR
 Distinguish between a National and a State party.Also give examples.
- 25 Distinguish between unitary form of government and federal form of government . 3
- 26 Why do you think that solar energy has a bright future in India ? 3
 OR
 Why do we need to conserve our mineral resources ?Give any three methods of conservation of minerals.

27 What were the limitations of written manuscripts in India ? Explain. 3
OR
Why did the woodblock method become popular in Europe?

28 Describe any three functions of Gomasthas. 3

SECTION C

29 How did culture play an important role in creating the idea of the 'nation' in Europe? 5
Explain with examples.

OR

Describe the process of German unification.

30. Explain any five factors affecting the location of an Industries. 5

31 Describe any two merits of railways and any three problems being faced by the railways. 5

32 Explain any five challenges being faced by the Indian democracy. 5

OR

“A challenge is an opportunity to progress “.Support the statement with your arguments.

33 “Information and communication technology has played a major role in spreading out 5
production of services across countries .”.Justify the statement with examples.

34 Differentiate between horizontal and vertical divisions of powers. 5

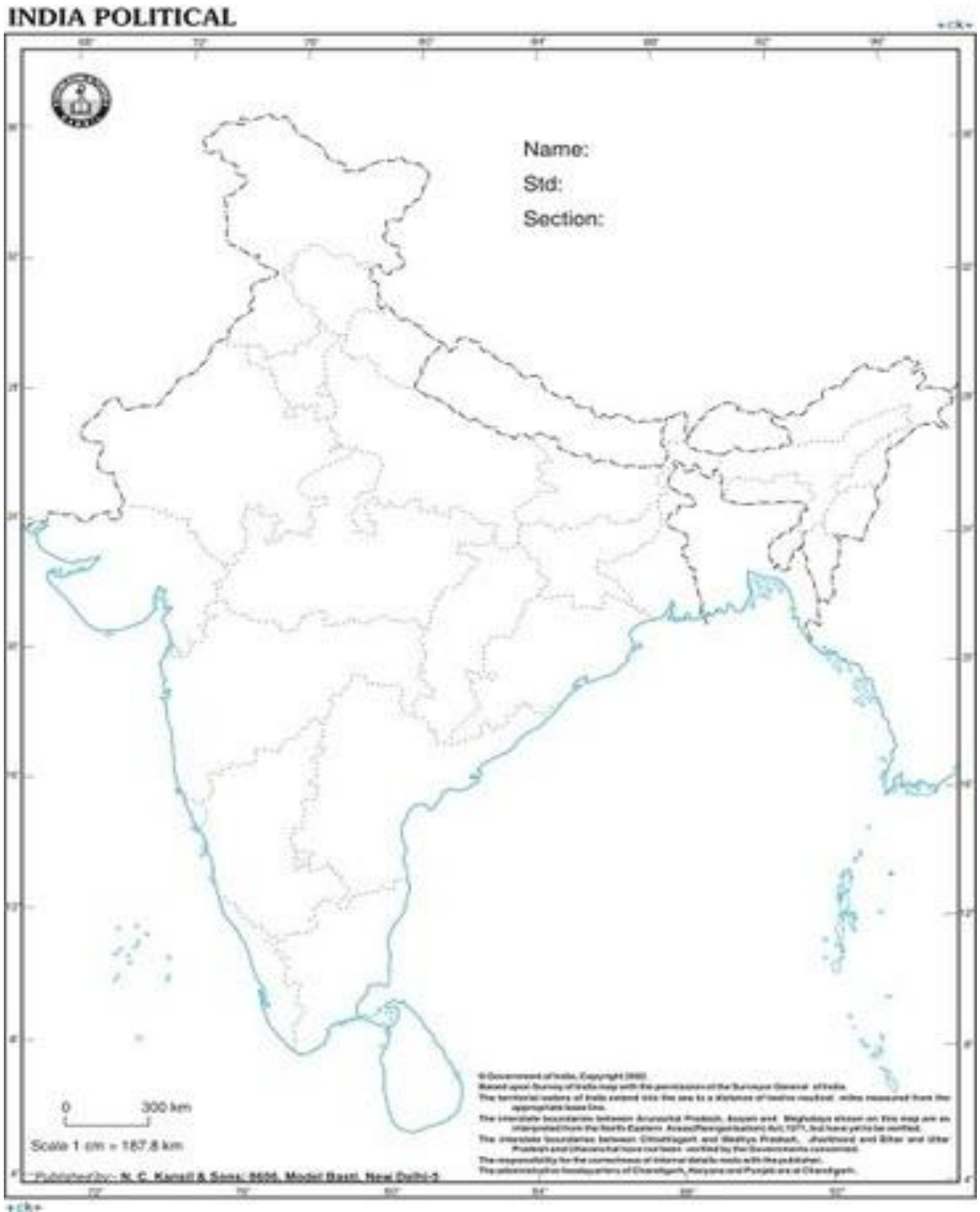
SECTION D

35 (A) On the outline map of India locate- 3
(a) The place where Indian National Congress session was held in December 1920.
(b) Name the place where the indigo planters organized satyagraha.

(B) On the same outline map of India locate and label with suitable symbols – 3
(a) Paradwip –Major sea port.
(b) Bhilai-Iron nad steel plant
(c) Kalpakkam-Nuclear power plant
(d) Southernmost terminal city of North-South Corridor.

35. (A)

Name : _____ Class & Div. : _____



35. (B)

Name : _____ Class & Div. : _____

