

# PRE BOARD EXAMINATION FEBRUARY 2018

## SOCIAL SCIENCE

Class: X

Date:

SET- B

Max. Marks: 80

Duration : 3 hr

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### General Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory. Marks are indicated against each question.
  2. Questions from serial number 1 to 7 are **one mark** questions.
  3. Questions from serial number 8 to 18 are **3 mark** questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
  4. Questions from serial number 19 to 25 are **5 mark** questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 100 words each.
  5. Question numbers 26 and 27 are map questions from History with **one mark each**.
  6. Question number 28 is map question of **3 marks** from Geography.
  7. For Question number 26, 27 and 28 (map based questions) one outline political map of India is provided. After completion attach the map inside your answer book.
  8. Questions at Serial Number 20, 22, 24 & 25 have **Internal Choice**. Attempt **any one** option out of the given in **each of these questions**.
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1. Which power dominated the nation building process in United Kingdom? 1

Or

In Indo-China who was referred as 'Colon'?

2. How did Premchand revolutionise the writing of Hindi novels? 1

Or

Which scholar expressed a deep anxiety about printing?

3. State the most important use of the relief feature of India occupying the largest percentage of the total land area. 1

4. Why is power sharing regarded as good? 1

5. What is the most common route for MNCs investment? 1

6. Which right of consumer is violated if the consumers are not allowed to get their claims settled against manufacturer in case they are cheated or exploited? 1

7. What is a major reason that prevents the poor from getting loans from the banks? 1

8. How did Romanticism seek to develop a particular form of nationalist sentiments in Europe during 18<sup>th</sup> century? Explain. 3

Or

Explain the reasons for the popularity of 'Go East Movement'.

9. "Indian novels in the 19<sup>th</sup> century wrote for a national cause." Justify the statement with examples. 3

Or

Explain how print culture assisted the growth of nationalism in India.

10. Which values make democracy better than any other form of government? 3

11. Write the geographical and climatic conditions required for the cultivation of rice. 3

12. What features make India a Federation? 3

13. Explain with the help of examples how social divisions have affected politics. 3

14. Why is the scarcity of water increasing day by day in India? Explain any three reasons. 3

15. Distinguish between economic development and human development. 3

16. Who supervises the functioning of formal sources of loans? Explain how is the supervision done? 3

17. Highlight any three problems which a consumer may face in the process of redressal. 3

18. What is meant by 'trade barrier'? Why did the government put barriers to foreign trade and foreign investment after independence? 3

19. What is Rinderpest? Who brought it to Africa? How did Rinderpest help the Europeans to conquer Africa? Explain. 5

Or

Describe five problems of travelling in the underground railway of London. 5

Or

Identify and explain any five problems which cotton weavers in India had to face. 5

20. What were the five features of Civil Disobedience movement of 1930? 5

Or

How did people belonging to different communities, regions or language groups in India develop a sense of collective belonging? Explain.

21. Jute textiles industry is mainly concentrated in the Hooghly basin. Explain. 5

22. How do physiographic and Economic factors influence the distribution pattern of railway network in India? Explain with examples. 5

Or

Explain any five features of Kandla Seaport.

23. What is meant by Caste hierarchy? Explain the role of caste in Indian politics. 5

24. How are the economic activities classified on the basis of ownership? Explain with examples. 5

Or

Agriculture is an unorganized sector in India. Do you agree with this statement? Justify your answer with suitable examples.

25. What are the various challenges faced by political parties? 5

Or

What are the ways in which political parties can be reformed?

26. Locate and Label the place in the given outline political map of India: 1

The place where the Indian National Congress held its session in September 1920.

27. Locate and Label the place in the given outline political map of India: 1

The place Where Mahatma Gandhi organized Satyagraha for peasants.

28. Locate and label the following features on the given outline political map of India: 1+1=2

- a). Indore Software Technology park
- b). Bhilai Steel Plant

29. Identify the following places marked on the same given outline political map of India and write their names:  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$

- c). Coal Field
- d). Nuclear power plant





Q.No: 26

27

28

29

भारत का रेखा-मानचित्र (राजनीतिक)  
Outline Map of India (Political)



