## (2) Fun wifl Numbers


Radhika, Gauri, Vicky, Indra and Sunil were collecting Imli (tamarind) seeds.
$\%$ $\qquad$ collected the most seeds.
\% Sunil will collect $\qquad$ more seeds to be equal to Vicky.
$\%$ If Radhika gets 6 more seeds, she will have $\qquad$ .
$\%$ How many children have more than 40 seeds? $\qquad$
$\%$ $\qquad$ needs 3 more seeds to have 50 .
\% Sunil has 2 seeds less than 40 and $\qquad$ has 2 seeds more than 40.

## Dot Game

Guess the number of dots in the circle. Now count and check your guess. Play this game with your friends by making circles. See who can guess best.

Children need interesting exercises to help them with visual estimation of numbers - of things arranged randomly and in symmetrical groups. Teachers could use other instances, such as bundles of leaves sold in the market, the school assembly, designs on mats, etc. to make them guess and estimate different numbers. In this book an ant has been used to show the child that a guess or estimate has to be made.

## Dhoni's Century

One-day match between India and South Africa in Guwahati......., India batting first......


Fill in the blanks:
Dhoni scored $96+$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ runs.

How many runs do these players need to complete a century?


Player 1
Player 2
Player 3
Player 4

|  | Runs scored | Runs needed to <br> complete a century |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Player 1 | 93 | - |
| Player 2 | 97 | - |
| Player 3 | 89 | - |
| Player 4 | 99 |  |

Numbers are understood not by reciting them in order but by making associations in familiar contexts. Here the idea of a "century" of runs is used. Teachers could add other examples from children's lives to think about 3-digit numbers. Encourage them to speak about large numbers even if they cannot read or write them.



* C.K. just missed his century. How many runs did he need to make a century? $\qquad$
* $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ scored almost equal runs.
* $\qquad$ scored a complete century, no less, no more.
* Most runs scored by any batsman are $\qquad$ .
* $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ have a difference of just 1 run between them.
* $\qquad$ scored 2 more than one and a half century.



Find these numbers in the above chart. Colour them.


Red


Yellow
Bunny's tenth jump is on number $\qquad$ .
Tarru's tenth jump is on number $\qquad$ $-$

Gabru's tenth jump will be on number $\qquad$ -
Gabru and Bunny both jump on numbers 104, $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ .

## Find out:

* Tarru and Bunny jump on numbers $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ _.
* Is there any number where all three of them jump? $\qquad$ *
* Guess who will finish in the least jumps? $\qquad$ In how many jumps? $\qquad$

Class, Jump!


Jump 2 steps forward:
104, 106, 108, $\qquad$
$\qquad$ , $\qquad$ .

Jump 2 steps backward:
262, 260, 258, $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ .

Jump 10 steps forward:
$110,120,130$, $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
$\qquad$ .

Jump 10 steps backward:
200, 190, 180, $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
$\qquad$ .

Continue the pattern:
550, 560, 570, $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ -. 910, 920, 930, 940, $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
 $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\neq 209,207,205$, $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ \&401, 402, 403, $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$


## Lazy Crazy Shop

This is the jungle shop. Lazy Crazy gives things only in packets of tens, hundreds and loose items.


Find out how many packets of tens, hundreds and loose items each animal will take. Fill in the blanks.

Packets
of 100


143

Packets
of 10

 In this chapter several stories and exercises are used to help children understand the decimal number system. The term 'place value', which often confuses children, has not been used at all. Teachers could also find out about other locally used number systems, if any, especially while working in tribal communities.

$\qquad$ sticks




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## Moon Mama Counts his Starry Friends

 I counted one star and kept one 1 card in my pocket.$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \text { for one star. } 1 \Delta \text { for } 2 \text { stars. } \\
& 1 \Delta \perp 1 \text { for how many stars? }
\end{aligned}
$$

$\qquad$
When I had $10 \triangle$ cards, I changed it with this card 10 .

$$
11 \perp 1111 \perp 1<1 \rightarrow 10
$$

But my friends kept coming. So I had to count more stars. My pockets were getting full. So when I had 10 cards like this 10 I changed it with a 100 card.

$$
10 \quad 10 \quad 10 \leq 10 \quad 10
$$

$$
\text { * } 1010101010
$$

But I have so many, many, friends that my pockets kept getting full. Just see how many cards I had.
23023


Which cards will I have in my pocket if I have counted up to...
a. 19 $\longrightarrow 101_{1} 1_{11} 1_{11}$
b. 21
c. 95
d. 201

e. 260
f. 300
g. 306
h. 344

i. 350 $\qquad$
j. 400


Guess how many starry friends I have in all... !!!

