





2. Calculate the absolute refractive index of medium 2.

 $\sin 45^{\circ} = 0.7, \sin 28^{\circ} = 0.47$ $n_{12} = \frac{\sin i}{\sin r} = \frac{\sin 45^{\circ}}{\sin 28^{\circ}} = \frac{0.7}{0.47}$ = 1.5Medium 1
Medium 2
Medium 2

3. The absolute refractive index of a medium is 1.62. What is the speed of light in that medium? 2

1.62 =
$$\frac{3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}}{\text{v}}$$
, $\text{v} = \frac{3}{1.62} \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$ $\left[\frac{\text{n} = \frac{\text{c}}{\text{v}}}{\text{v}} \right]$

4. Image of an object placed at 'F' of a convex lens is not formed. Why? Explain with the help of a diagram. 3



The refracted rays from the lens go in parallel. They do not intersect at any point.

5. An object is placed 20 cm away in front of a concave lens of focal length 10 cm. Where is the image formed? What are its features? 2

$$f = -10 \text{ cm}, u = -20 \text{ cm}, v = \frac{n}{f+u}$$

$$\frac{-10 \times 20}{-10 + 20} = \frac{200}{-30} = -6.66 \text{ cm}$$

The image is diminished, erect and virtual. Formed at 6.66 cm away from the lens.