

SSLC MODEL EXAMINATION 2020-21

SOCIAL SCIENCE

STD X

MAX. MARKS : 80

TIME : 2½Hrs

General Instruction

1. The first twenty minutes is allotted to cool off time.
 2. You are not allowed to write during the cool off time.
 3. You are allowed to answer any questions irrespective of the section.
 4. Read the Instructions and Questions carefully.
 5. While you are writing the answers make sure the score and time.
 6. From Questions 1 to 42 maximum score is 80 marks.
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Questions from a to l - score 1 marks 12x1 = 12

- a) “No Taxation without representation” the slogan related to which revolution ?
(Russian revolution, American war of independence, Latin American Revolution)
- b) The workers organizations formed in Russia is called ?
(Red army, Soviet, Brown Shirts)
- c) The first national struggle by the Indian National Congress under the leadership of Mahatmagandhi ?
(Quit India Movement, Non-co-operation Movement, Chabaran Satyagraha)
- d) Who was the founder of Indian National Army ?
(Subhash Chandra Bose, Rash Bihari Bose, Motilal Nehru)
- e) Who was the chairman of the state re-organising committee ?
(Dr. Rajendraprasad, Fazal Ali, Potti sriramalu)
- f) Which longitude is considered as the standard meridian of India ?
(68°E, 82½°E, 82½°W)
- g) Longest day experienced in Southern Hemisphere ?
(June 21, December 22, March 21)
- h) Which is the mission that function to make available Quality health services to all in rural sector ?
(NRHM, NUHM, ICDS)
- i) Which physiographical division is known as ‘Mineral house’ of India ?
(Northern Mountain Region, Northern Plains, Peninsular Plateau)
- j) Which of the following is not a Tributary of River Indus ?
(Jhelum, Kosi, Satlaj)
- k) Mount K2 (Godwin Austin) is located in which Mountain range ?
(Ladakh, Karakoram, Zaskar)
- l) The longest Peninsular River in India ?
(Godavari, Narmada, Krishna)

Questions from 2 to 25 - score 3

2. What are the reasons for the different seasons ?
3. What are the duration of the day and night in the South polar regions, when the sun is respectively over the Northern Hemisphere and Southern Hemisphere ?
4. Greenwich time is 1 PM, what is the time following longitudes ?
(60° E, 45° W, 105°E)
5. What are the different levels of human resource development ?
6. What are the problems still exist in the education sector of India which need to be solved ?
7. What are the significance of the Northern Mountains ?
8. Most of the Peninsular rivers enters the plains by forming waterfall. Why is it so ?
9. Anamudi is the highest peak in Peninsular Plateau. What are the other mountain ranges in peninsular plateau ?
10. Identify the relationship between A sections given below and fill in the 'B' section.

A

1. First Estate - Clergy
2. Louis XVI - France
3. Duma - Russia

B

1. Second Estate - -----
 2. Nicholas II - -----
 3. State General - -----
11. Explain the influence of the French Revolution in the later history of the world ?
 12. Why did Gandhiji choose salt as weapon in freedom struggle ?
 13. What are the features of the Non-co-operation movement ?
 14. What are the major features of Education policy implemented in India in 1986 ?
 15. Which of the countries signed 'Panchasheela Principle' ? In which year ?
 16. What are the achievements attained India in the field of Science and Technology after Independence ?
 17. Hierarchical organization is the one among features of Bureaucracy ? What are the other features of Bureaucracy ?
 18. What are the factors influenced atmosphere pressure ?
 19. What are the features of Fascism in prevailed in Italy ?
 20. Name the tax system implemented by Britishers in South India. Write any two features about it ?
 21. Rajaram Mohan Roy was the pioneer among the social reformers who strived for the modernisation of Indian Society. Justify this statement ?
 22. Name an imaginary lines drawn connecting places having equal elevation from the sea level ? What are the uses of it ?
 23. What are the Non-tax revenue of the Government ?
 24. What is meant by satellite Remote Sensing ?
What are the two type of Artificial Satellites ?
 25. What are the merits of Non-conventional source of energy ?

Questions from 26 to 38 - score 4

26. What are the Merchantalist laws introduced Britishers in American Colonies ?
27. What is meant by Administrarive reforms ? Explain any two administrarive refoms implemented in India ?
28. What were the constructive programmes done by Gandhiji during the Non-co-operation movement ?
29. What were the instructions given to the people by Gandhiji as a part of Quit India movement ?
30. Integration of princely states was the most important challenge that India had to face after Independence ? Why ?
31. Complete the table.

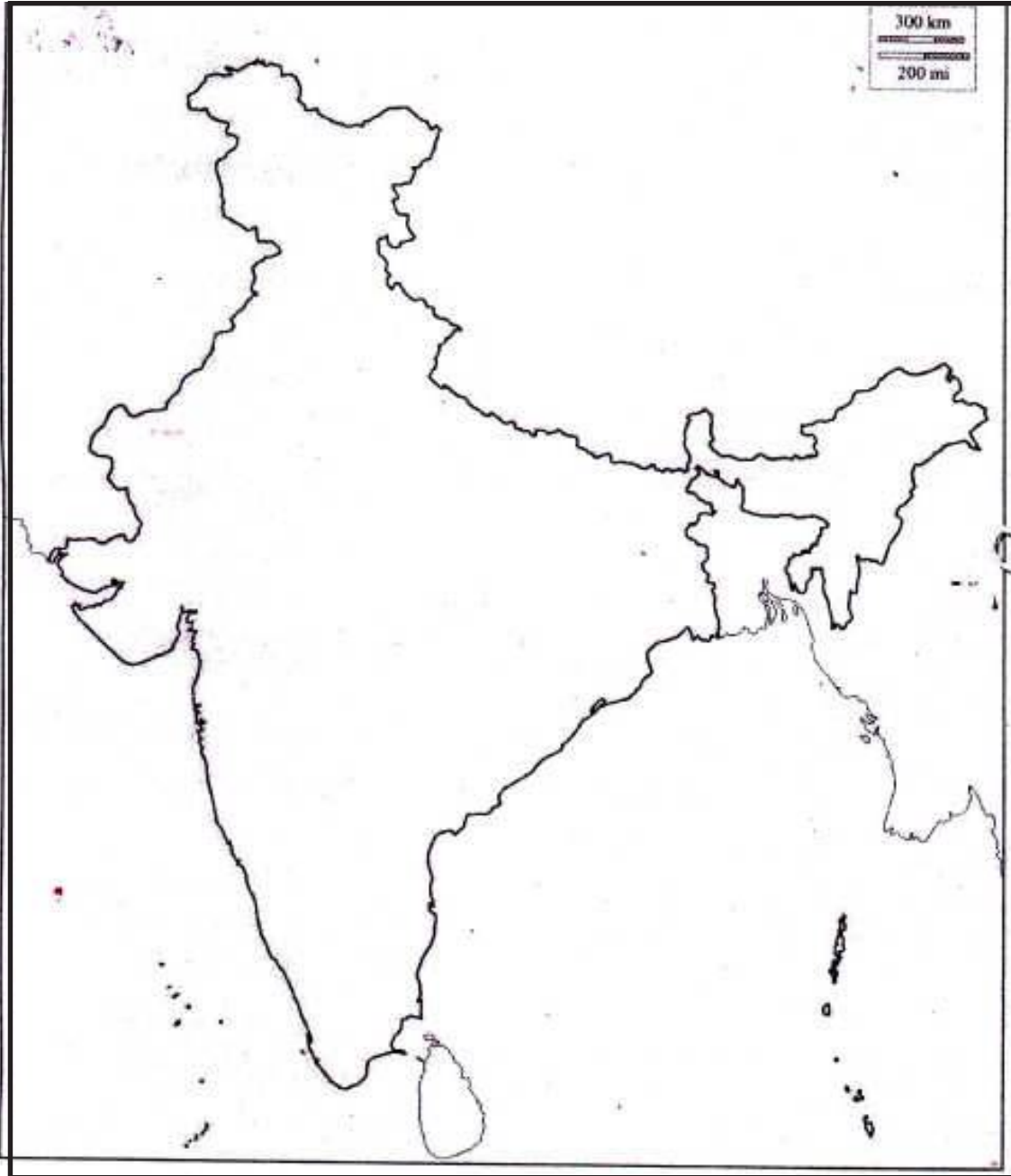
apparent move- ment of the Sun	Months	Season	
		N.H.	S.H.
Tropic of capricon to Equator	c) -----	winter	g)-----
a) -----	March 21 to June 21	e) -----	Autum
Tropic of cancer to equator	d)-----	summer	h)-----
b) -----	Sept 23 to Decem- ber 22	f) -----	Spring

32. Identify and locate the following things in given outline map of India ?
[Karakoram, Aravalli, Western ghats, Krishna]
33. What are the features of International date line ?
34. Explain how can healthy people helping the progress of the nation ?
35. Write the featur of Himalayan and Peninsular rivers in India ?
36. What are the reasons for the revolt of 1857 ?
37. What are the different factors of the state ?
38. Write the major factors helping for the formation of civic conciousnes ?

Questions from 39 to 42 - 6 score each

39. Name the major thinkers influenced the Fernch revolution ? Write their ideas briefly ?
40. What are the major causes of First world war. Explain any three causes ?
41. What are the major principle of India's Foriegn Policy ?
42. What are the classification of Northern mountain region ? Explain it.

32)



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I Questions from a to l - score 1 marks 12x1 = 12

- a) "Man is born free, but everywhere he is in chain." Whose statement was this ?
(Voltaire, Rousseau, Montesquieu)
- b) Name of the first Lunar mission of India ?
(Mangalyam, Chandrayan, Appollo)
- c) What was the incident that caused the withdrawal of the non-cooperation movement by Gandhiji ?
(Jallianwalabagh massacre, Chauri Chaura Incident, Keezhariyar bomb case.)
- d) Which is the oldest physiological division of India ?
(Northern Plains, Great Mountains of the North, Peninsular Plateau)
- e) Lahor session of Indian National Congress declared in 1929, ultimate aim of freedom struggle was 'complete independence' who was presided over that session ?
(Motilal Nehru, Jawaharlal Nehru, C.R. Das)
- f) According to Treaty, England recognized the freedom of 13 American Colonies. Name the Treaty.
(Treaty of Versallie, Treaty of Paris, Oslo pact)
- g) The department of states was formed under the leadership of Sardar Vallabai Patel, for the formation of the integration of princely states. Who was the secretary of the department of states ?
(N.H. Kusuru, V.P. Menon, K.M. Panicker)
- h) Which is the project that to improve the working skill of youth ?
(National Skill development and Monetary Reward Scheme, National Urban Health Mission, Rashtriya Uchasthal Shiksha Abhiyan)
- i) The earth rotates from
(east to west, west to east, south to west)
- j) Which of the following is not a features of international date line ?
 - a) 180° longitude
 - b) Its is a curved line
 - c) It passes through Greenwich in England.

- k) River Sabari is the tributary of which Peninsular river ?
(Godavari, Kaveri, Tapti)
- l) Which States has highest sex ratio in India ?
(Hariyana, Kerala, Punjab)
2. What are the reasons of American revolution ?
3. What are the measures taken for administrative reforms in India ?
4. Greenwich time is 10 AM, what is the time in following longitudes ?
75°E, 60°W, 135°E
5. Write the social causes of French Revolution ?
6. Mention the early struggles under Gandhiji in India ?
7. What is called equinoxes ?
8. Write as short notes about educational commissions in India during the periods of 1948-1964.
9. What is the Gandhian view of Public administration ?
10. Write any three achievements in science and technology achieved by India after Independence ?
11. How, education help in the development of a country ?
12. Answer the following questions related to the soils found in Peninsular India.
 1. It is suitable for cotton cultivation. Name the soil ?
 2. How is it formed ?
 3. This soil which is formed in the regions with monsoon rains and intermittent hot seasons. Name the soil.
13. List out the major mountain ranges in Trans Himalayas.
14. What are the things related to the rotation of the earth ?
15. Deltas are formed in eastern coastal plains, not found in western coastal plains. Why ?
16. Name the Institution for the health care at different levels set up by the government ?
17. Examine the reasons why Gandhiji selected salt as a powerful weapon against the British?
18. Write the major agricultural seasons in India ?
19. What are the objectives of Co-operative Banks ?
20. What are the objectives of formation of Non-aligned movement ? Name any two leaders, who took initiative to form NAM.
21. What is the Drain theory ? Who formulated this ?
22. Point out the role of education in shaping Nationalistic spirit in India ?
23. What are the changes in land relations brought out by the Britishers in Kerala ?
24. What is meant by direct tax ? Write two examples of direct tax ?
25. How did India solve the problem integration of princely states ?

Questions from 26 to 38 - score 4

26. Why Gandhiji could gain the trust and recognition of the common people of India ?

27. Match the following

A	B
James Madison	No taxation without representation
Thomas Pain	American Constitution
Thomas Jefferson	Declaration of Independence
James Ottis	Common sense

28. Write the structure and features of Indian Bureaucracy ?

29. How did India solve the problem of the linguistic reorganization of states ?

30. Who were the leaders of Khilafat movement ? Why did Gandhiji gave support to Khilafat movement ?

31. Complete the table

Earth	Time required
To rotate 15°	
To rotate 1°	
To complete one revolution	
To complete a rotation	

32. Write the major features of peninsular plateau ?

33. What are the qualitative factors that improve the labour potential ?





34. Identify and locate the following things in given outline map of India/

(a) River Mahanadi (b) Malwa Plateau (c) Mizohills (d) Karakkoram

35. Write a short note about Sri Narayana Guru as a social reformer ?

36. What are the different theories on the origin of state ?

37. Compare sea breeze and land breeze.

Signs & Symbols	Geographic features
	
	
	
	

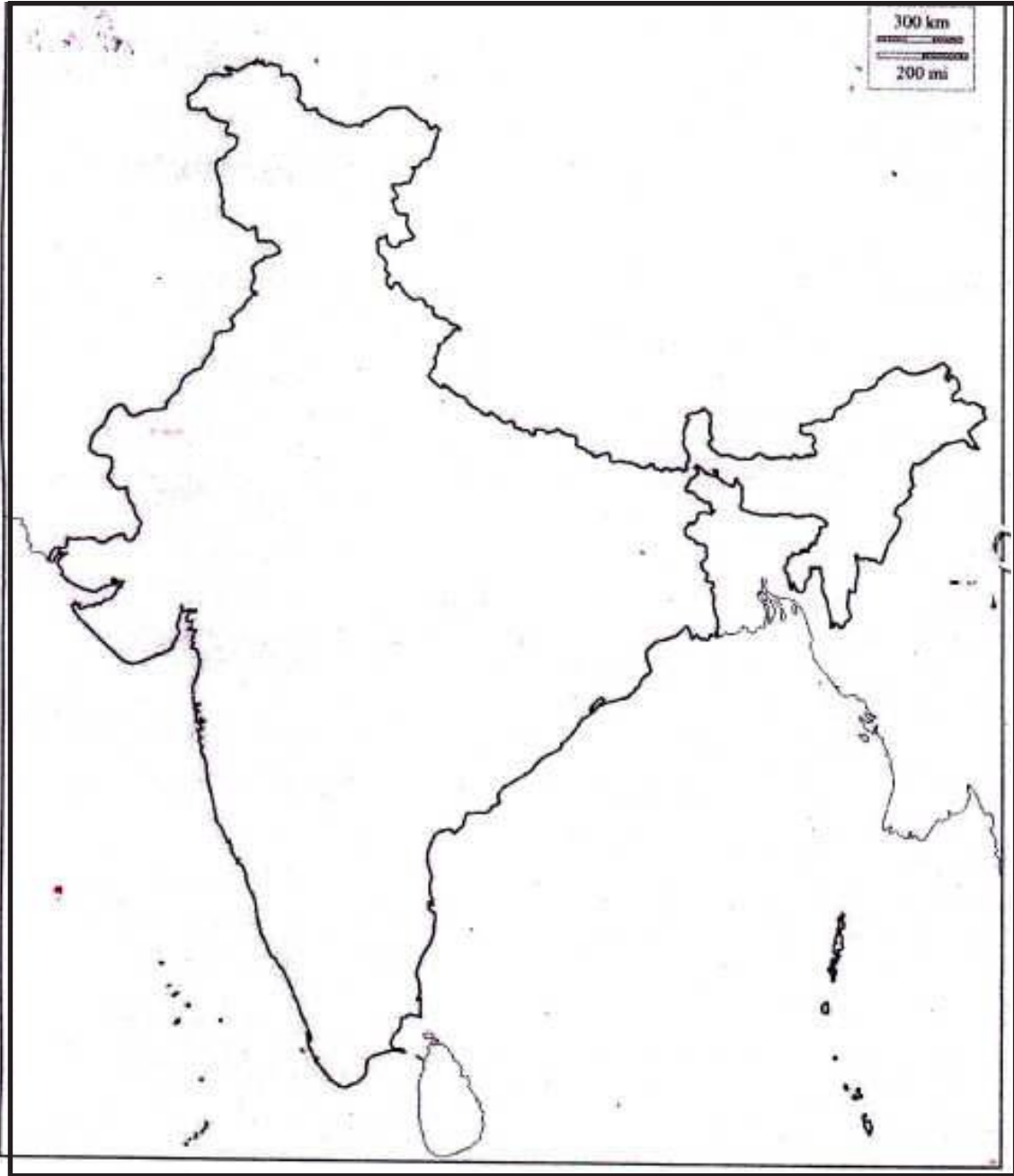
Questions from 39 to 42 6 marks

39. What are the results and Impacts of Russian revolution ?

40. How did the Indian Society respond to Gandhij's appeal for Non-Cooperation movement ?

41. Compare Himalaya and Peninsular rivers ?

42. What is meant by Global pressure belts ? What are the different pressure belts?



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- a) Name the tax collected by the government from the peasants in France.
(Taille, Tithes, Chauth)
- b) Name the feature of Bureaucracy which will prevent quick decisions ?
 - a) Political neutrality
 - b) Hierarchical organisation
 - c) permanence
- c) First continental congress was held at
(Paris, Philadelphia, Waterloo)
- d) In which session of INC resolved to form its states committee on the basis of languages ?
(Lucknow, Nagpur, Calcutta)
- e) Identify the leader who participated in Dharashana Salt Satyagraha in Gujarat.
(Sarojini Naidu, Captain Lakshmi, Madan Mohan Malaviya)
- f) Identify the largest multi purpose hydro electric projects in India from the following.
(Hirakud, Bhakra Nangal, Paliwal)
- g) According to this Act, passed by British Parliament in 1919 any person could be arrested and imprisoned without trial. Name the Act ?
(Vernacular press Act, Rowlatt Act, Mountbatten Plan)
- h) Which is the project that ensure integrated development of children up to 6 years ?
(SSA, RMSA, ICDS)
- i) The time estimated at each place based on the apex position of the sun is formed as
(Standard time, Local time, Greenwich time)
- j) Which Himalayan River is known as Sangpo ?
(Indus, Ganga, Brahmaputra)
- k) Tourist places like Shimla, Dargiling are located in which mountain range ?
(Himachal, Himadri, Shiwalik)


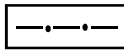

1. This is the season during which the trees generally shed its leaves; Name the season. (Summer, Winter, Autumn)

Questions from 2 to 25 - 3 Marks

2. What are the impacts of American revolution to the later world ?
3. What is the importance of public administration ?
4. Greenwich time is 12 PM, what is the time in the following longitudes ? (60°W, 120°E, 90°E)
5. What was the immediate cause of French Revolution ?
6. Name the National Educational Institutions started during the Non- Co-operation movement ?
7. What is e-governance ? Write any two benefits of it ?
8. Write the name of members in state re-organisation committee ?
9. Explain the term summer solistice and winter solistice ?
10. What are the factors that caused quit India movement ?
11. What are the main principles of Panchasheel signed by India and China ?
12. Identify the soils which found in Peninsular plateau, mention its features also.
13. What is meant by standard time ? Write India's Standard meridian?
14. Himalayas are found in between Trans himalayyas and Himadri. List the mountain ranges in Himalayas.
15. Write the answers in following questions related to peninsular rivers ?
 - a) Whic is the longest peninsular river ?
 - b) Write any two west flowing rivers.
 - c) Originated from Brahmagiri Hills ?
16. What are the advantages in developing human resources ?
17. Write the objectives NRHM and NUHM ?
18. In which year UNO was formed ? Write any two objectives of UNO.
19. Name any three struggles that conducted by tribes against the British exploitation in India ?
20. Point out the role of news papers strengthening nationalism in India ?
21. Identify the important political protests that conducted in Travancore as a part of national movement (Any three.)
22. What are the major functions of Reserve Bank of India ?
23. Write any three consumer rights ensure in consumer protection Act 1986.
24. What is meant by budget ? What are the three types of budget ?
25. Write any three featires of National education policy 1986 ?

Questions from 26 to 38 - 4 Marks

26. Regarding human rights and freedom what all can you find in this declaration of American Independence.
27. What are the major challenges faced by India after Independence ?
28. Explain the role of Subhash Chandra Bose in the freedom struggle of India ?
29. Differentiate UPSC and PSC.
30. Examine the circumstances which led by Gandhiji to suspend the Non-Co-operation movement ?
31. International Date line is not a straight line. Why ?
32. Write the difference between eastern coastal plain and western coastal plain ?
33. Write the objectives of following projects in India for the development of education. ICDS, SSA, RMSA, NSDC
34. Identify and locate the following geographical features in outline map of India.
 - a) Deccan Plateau
 - b) Zaskar
 - c) Naga hills
 - d) Kaveri
35. Write a short notes about Vaikom Sathyagraha and Guruvayur Sathyagraha.
36. Define Citizenship ? List two types of citizenship.
37. Compare with North East Monsoon and South west monsoon.
- 38.

Signs & Symbols	Geographical features
	
	
	

Questions from 39 to 42 (6 marks)

39. What are the administrative reforms introduced by Napoleon Bonaparte in France ?
40. What are the proposals put forward by Gandhiji as part of Civil disobedience movement ?
41. Himalayan ranges are described as a natural barrier. Justify this statement ?
42. What are the factors that control speed and the directions of wind ? Explain it.

