

Classify the following species into Lewis acids and Lewis bases and show how these act as such:

(a) HO^- (b) F^- (c) H^+ (d) BCl_3

Ans) (a) OH^- ion can donate an electron pair. Hence, it acts as Lewis base.

(b) F^- ion can donate an electron pair. Hence, it acts as Lewis base.

(c) H^+ ion can accept an electron pair. Hence, it acts as Lewis acid.

(d) BCl_3 ion can accept an electron pair. Hence, it acts as Lewis acid.

Calculate pH of a 1.0×10^{-8} M solution of HCl.

Ans) $[H^+]_{\text{total}} = [H^+]_{\text{acid}} + [H^+]_{\text{water}}$

Since, HCl is a strong acid and is completely ionized

$$[H^+]_{\text{HCl}} = 1.0 \times 10^{-8}$$

The concentration of H^+ from ionization is equal to the $[OH^-]$ from water,

$$[H^+]_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = [OH^-]_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \\ = x \text{ (say)}$$

$$[H^+]_{\text{total}} = 1.0 \times 10^{-8} + x$$

But

$$[H^+][OH^-] = 1.0 \times 10^{-14} \\ (1.0 \times 10^{-8} + x)(x) = 1.0 \times 10^{-14} \\ x^2 + 10^{-8}x - 10^{-14} = 0$$

Solving for x , we get

$$x = 9.5 \times 10^{-8}$$

Therefore,

$$[H^+] = 1.0 \times 10^{-8} + 9.5 \times 10^{-8} \\ = 10.5 \times 10^{-8} \\ = 1.05 \times 10^{-7}$$

$$pH = -\log[H^+] = -\log(1.05 \times 10^{-7}) = 6.98$$

Hence, this is the answer.