

ഉത്തര സൂചിക

1. പൊതുവ്യത്യാസം = $7 - 2 = 5$

2. $AB \times BC = BD^2$
 $3 \times 2 = BD^2$
 $BD^2 = 6$
 $BD = \sqrt{6} \text{ cm}$

3. $45^\circ : 45^\circ : 90^\circ$
 $1 : 1 : \sqrt{2}$,
 $3 : 3 : 3\sqrt{2}$,
 $DE : EF : DF \quad EF = 3$

4. (0, 2)

5. സൂചകസംഖ്യ (3,4) ആധാരബിന്ദു (0,0)

അകലം = $\sqrt{(3^2 + 4^2)} = \sqrt{(9 + 16)} = \sqrt{25} = 5$ യൂണിറ്റ്

6. $x_n = 4n - 1$
a) $x_1 = 4 \times 1 - 1$
 $= 4 - 1$
 $= 3$ ആദ്യപദം = 3

b) $x_2 = 4 \times 2 - 1$
 $= 8 - 1$
 $= 7$

പൊതുവ്യത്യാസം = $7 - 3 = 4$

7. $\angle ADC = 40^\circ$

a) $\angle AOC = 2 \times \angle ADC$
 $= 2 \times 40$
 $= 80^\circ$

b) $\angle ABC = 180 - (\angle AOC / 2)$
 $= 180 - 80/2 = 180 - 40 = 140^\circ$

8. കറുത്ത പന്തുകൾ = 6

വെളുത്ത പന്തുകൾ = 9

ആകെയുള്ള പന്തുകൾ = 15

a) കറുത്ത പന്തുകൾ ആകാനുള്ള സാധ്യത = $6/15 = 2/5$

b) വെളുത്ത പന്തുകൾ ആകാനുള്ള സാധ്യത = $9/15 = 3/5$

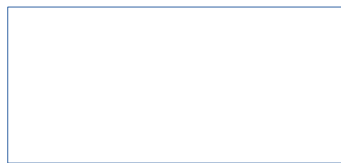
9. $(x + 2)(x - 2)$

10.

B (6, 5)

D (2, 8)

A(2, 5)



C(6, 8)

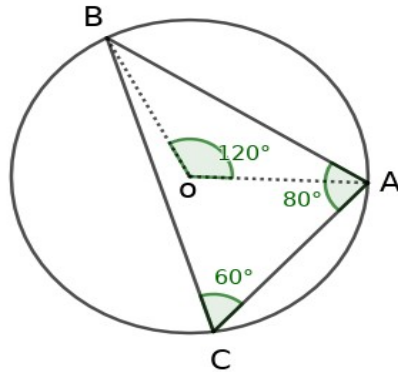
11 a) $32 - 28 = 4$

b) $32 + 28 = 60$

12a) $a = \left(\frac{a}{2}\right)^2 = 16$

$a = 8$,
 b) $b = \left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{10}{2}\right)^2 = 25$

13



14 a) $PB = 4 + 5 = 9$

b) $PA \times PB = PC \times PD$

$4 \times 9 = 3 \times PD$

$PD = 12$, $CD = 12 - 3 = 9$

15 a) $AC = \sqrt{5^2 + 12^2} = \sqrt{169} = 13$

b) $\sin A = \frac{5}{13}$, $\cos A = \frac{12}{13}$

16 a) $AR = 3\text{cm}$,

perimeter = 24 cm

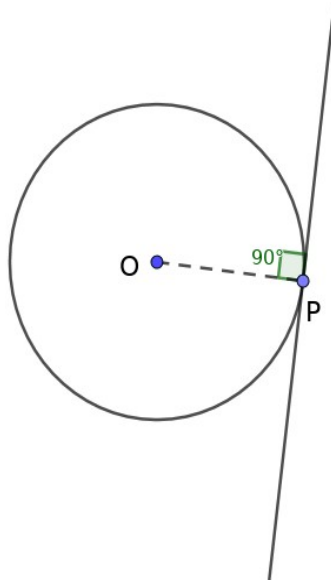
17 a) $l = 10\text{ cm}$

$\frac{x}{360} = \frac{r}{R} \rightarrow \frac{72}{360} = \frac{r}{10} \rightarrow r = 2\text{cm}$

18 a) $B = (4,0)$

b) perimeter = $2(4+3)$

19 a)



20 a) $\Pi r^2 = \Pi 2^2 = 4\Pi$

b) $\frac{4\Pi}{16} = \frac{\Pi}{4}$

21 a) $\frac{20 \times 21}{2} = 210$

b) $3(210) = 630$

c) $630 + (4 \times 20) = 630 + 80 = 710$

22 a) 25

b) 100

c) no , it is not a square number

23 a) 20^0

b) 50^0

c) 100^0

d) 80^0

24 a) $PD = 11 - 3 = 8$ cm

b) $(x + 1)(x - 1) = x^2 - 1$

c) $3 \times 8 = 24$

d) $x^2 - 1 = 24 \rightarrow x^2 = 25 \rightarrow x = 5$

$$PA = 6\text{cm} , PB = 4\text{cm}$$

25) a) 12

$$\text{b) } (1,1) , (1,3) , (3,1) , (3,3) = \frac{4}{12}$$

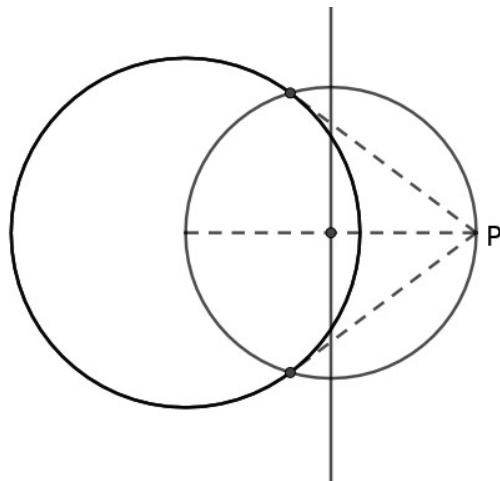
$$\text{c) } \frac{3}{12}$$

$$26 \text{ a) } p(3) = 3^2 - 7 \times 3 + 15 = 3$$

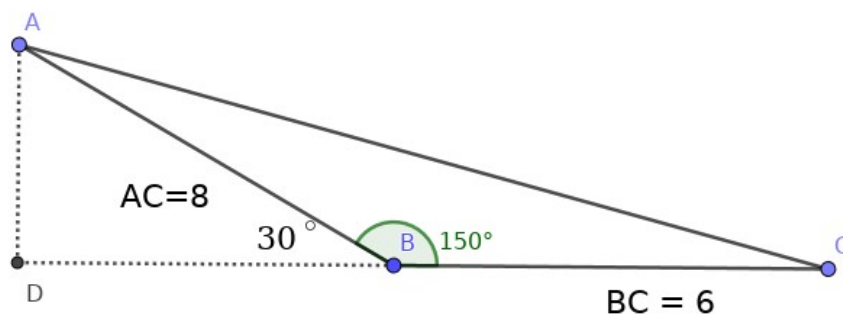
$$\text{b) } p(x) - p(3) = x^2 - 7 \times 3 + 15 - 3 = x^2 - 7 \times x + 12$$

$$\text{c) } = x^2 - 7 \times x + 12 = (x - 4)(x - 3)$$

27



28)



AD = 4cm, Area = $\frac{1}{2}(4 \times 6) = 12 \text{sq.cm}$

29 a) $\frac{189}{7} = 27$

b) 24,25,26,27,28,28,31 $\implies \frac{26 + 27}{2} = 26.5$

30 a) P = (3.5, 2)

Q = (6.5, 5)

R = (6, 6)

S = (3, 3)

b) midpoint joining quadrilateral is always a parallelogram

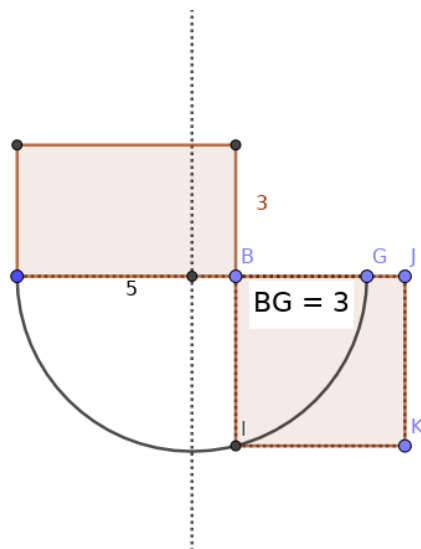
31 a) $4n+1$

b) 57 divided by 4 gives remainder as 1. so it is a term

c) 81

d) $\frac{20}{2}(5 + 81) = 860$

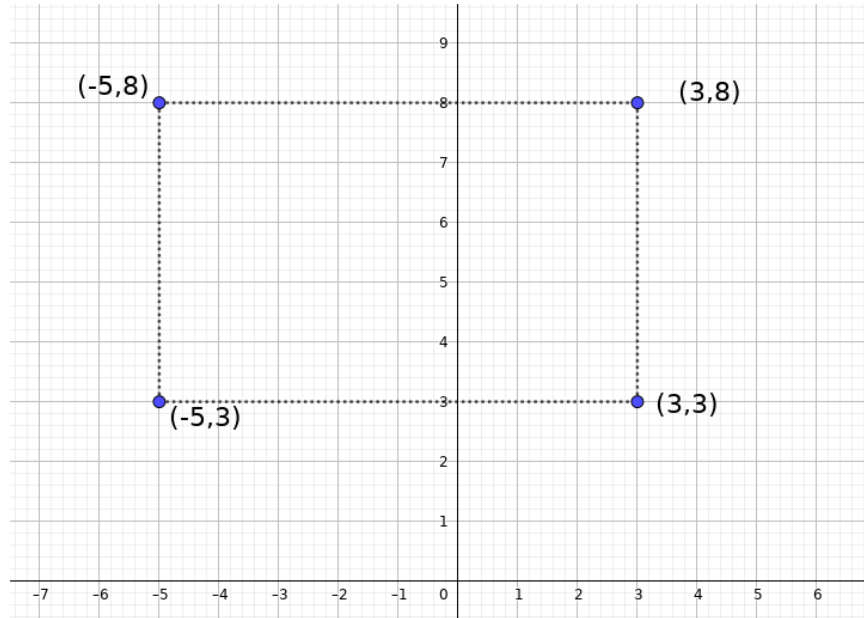
32



33 a) $PQ = 8\sqrt{3}$, b) $PR = 16\text{cm}$

c) 120° d) $RS = 16\text{cm}$, $QS = 16+8 = 24\text{cm}$

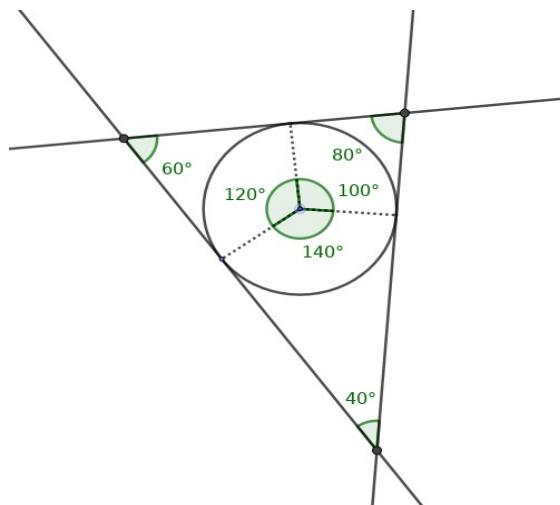
34 a)



b) rectangle

c) perimeter = $2(8+5) = 26$ unit.

35



36) a) 70°

b) 80°

c) 70°

d) $\angle B = 40^\circ, \angle A = 80^\circ$

37) a) $\frac{630}{23} = 30$

b) 60

c) 60

38 a) 8cm

b) $\sqrt{8^2 + 15^2} = \sqrt{289} = 17\text{cm}$

c) $\Pi \times 8 \times 17 = 136\Pi \text{ sq. Cm}$

39 a) 400

b) 500

c) $\frac{400 + 500}{2} = 450$

40 a)



b) 80 m

c) $40+80 = 120 \text{ m}$

41 a) $x + 4$

b) $x(x + 4) = 357$

c) $x^2 + 4x = 357$

$$x^2 + 4x + 4 = 357 + 4$$

$$x^2 + 4x + 4 = 361$$

$$(x + 4)^2 = 361$$

$$x = 17, x + 4 = 21$$

42 a) $\frac{7 - 4}{8 - 5} = 1$

b) $\frac{4 - 3}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$, not a point on this line

c) (11,10) (14, 13)

43 a) $3r, 5h$

b) $\frac{1}{3}\Pi(2r)^2 \times 4h : \frac{1}{3}\Pi(3r)^2 \times 5h \longrightarrow 16 : 45$

c) $16 : 45 \longrightarrow 160 : 450$

450 litre

44 a) 180°

b) 40°

c) 50°

d) 110°

45 a) 23,26,29,33

b) 10

c) nth term = $3n+2$

$$46 \text{ th term} = 3 \times 46 + 2 = 138 + 2 = 140$$

$$55 \text{ th term} = 3 \times 55 + 2 = 165 + 2 = 167$$

$$\text{sum} = \frac{10}{2}(140 + 167) = 1535$$