

S S L C EXAMINATION , MARCH - 2021

S1635

MATHEMATICS – ANSWER KEY

Qn no.	Key	Score	
For questions from 1 to 5 one score each .			
1	7 , 9 , 11 , ...	1	1
2	Square	1	1
3	(2 , 0)	1	1
4	12	1	1
5	2	1	1
For questions from 6 to 10 carries 2 scores each .			
6	First term = 3 + 2 = 5 Common difference = 3	1 1	2
7	$\angle ACB = 90^\circ$ $\angle ADB = 45^\circ$	1 1	2
8	a) $\frac{5}{9}$ b) $\frac{5}{9}$	1 1	2
9	a) (0 , 0) b) (0 , 3)	1 1	2
10	$(x + 1)(x - 1)$	2	2

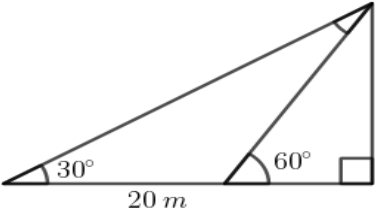
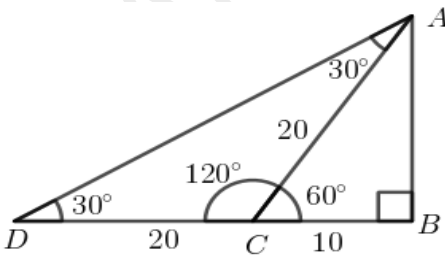
For questions from 11 to 20 carries 3 scores each .

11	a) $a + 10$	1	3
	b) 1	1	
	c) $a + n$	1	
12	Construction	3	3
13	a) 2 , 4 , 6 , ...	1	3
	b) $x(x+2)+1 = 289$	1	
	$(x+1)^2 = 289$	1	
14	a) 6 cm	1	3
	b) $3 \times PD = 6 \times 4$	1	
	$PD = \frac{6 \times 4}{3} = 8 \text{ cm}$	1	
15	a) 2	1	3
	b) $\sqrt{13^2-5^2} = \sqrt{169-25} = \sqrt{144} = 12 \text{ cm}$	2	
16	Coordinates of B = (6 , 0)	1	3
	Coordinates of C = (1 , 5)	1	
	Coordinates of D = (-4 , 0)	1	
17	a) 25	1	3
	b) $\cos C = \frac{24}{25}$	1	
	$\tan C = \frac{7}{24}$	1	
18	a) Slant height of the cone = 12 cm .	1	3
	b) $\frac{120}{360} = \frac{r}{12}$	1	
	$r = \frac{12 \times 120}{360} = 4 \text{ cm}$	1	

19	a) $\angle OAP = 90^0$	1	3									
	b) Construction	1										
		1										
20	a) $\frac{\text{Area of } APB}{\text{Area of the rectangle}} = \frac{1}{2}$	1	3									
	b) $\text{Area of triangle } ADP = \frac{1}{4} \times \text{Area of the rectangle}$	1										
	c) $\frac{\text{Area of the triangle } ADP}{\text{Area of the rectangle}} = \frac{1}{4}$	1										
For questions from 21 to 30 carries 4 scores each .												
21	a) 100	1	4									
	b) $\frac{20}{2} \times (5 + 100) = \frac{20 \times 105}{2} = 1050$	2										
	c) $1050 - 20 \times 1 = 1030$	1										
22	$\angle ECG = 110^0$ $\angle EBG = 120^0$ $\angle EAG = 60^0$	4	4									
23	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td style="text-align: center;">8</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10</td> <td style="text-align: center;">15</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">7</td> <td style="text-align: center;">12</td> <td style="text-align: center;">17</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	3	8	13	5	10	15	7	12	17	4	4
3	8	13										
5	10	15										
7	12	17										
24	a) 2	1	4									
	b) $\sqrt{3}$	1										
	c) 30^0	1										
	d) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1										

25	Construction	4	4
26	<p>a) $Mean = \frac{11+32+33+35+39+41+45+47+48+49}{10} = \frac{380}{10} = 38$</p> <p>b) 11 , 32 , 35 , 39 , 41 , 45 , 47 , 48 , 49</p> <p>$Median = \frac{39+41}{2} = \frac{80}{2} = 40$</p>	2 1	4
27	Construction	4	4
28	<p>a) $20 - 7 = 13cm$</p> <p>a) If length = $10+x$ then breadth = $10 - x$</p> <p>$(10 + x)(10 - x) = 96 \implies 100 - x^2 = 96$</p> <p>$x = \sqrt{100-96} = \sqrt{4} = 2$</p> <p>length = $10 + 2 = 12cm$, breadth = $10 - 2 = 8cm$</p>	1 1 1 1	4
29	<p>a) Total number of two digit numbers = 90</p> <p>Probability of both digits being the same = $\frac{9}{90}$</p> <p>b) Favourable results = 21 , 42 , 63 , 84</p> <p>Probability of the first digit being twice the second = $\frac{4}{90}$</p>	1 1 1 1	4
30	<p>a) $p(2) = 2^2 - 5 \times 2 + 9 = 3$</p> <p>$p(3) = 3^2 - 5 \times 3 + 9 = 3$</p> <p>$p(x) - p(2) = x^2 - 5x + 9 - 3 = x^2 - 5x + 6$</p> <p>$p(x) - p(2) = (x - 2)(x - 3)$</p>	1 1 1 1	4

For questions from 31 to 45 carries 5 scores each .

31	<p>a) 11 12 13 14 15</p> <p>b) 10</p> <p>c) $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 10 = \frac{10 \times 11}{2} = 55$</p> <p>d) $55 + 1 = 56$</p>	1 1 2 1	5
32	<p>a) 8 sq. cm</p> <p>b) Construction</p>	1 4	5
33	<p>a)</p>  <p>b)</p> <p>$\angle ACD = 120^\circ$</p> <p>$\angle D = \angle CAD = 30^\circ$</p> <p>$CD = AC = 20\text{ m}$</p>  <p>Width of the river = BC = 10 m</p>	1 1 1 1	5
34	<p>a) Coordinates of B = (6, 4)</p> <p>Coordinates of D = (2, 12)</p> <p>b) $\left(\frac{2+6}{2}, \frac{4+12}{2}\right) = (4, 8)$</p> <p>c) $2a$</p>	1 1 2 1	5
35	<p>$\angle AZY = \angle ZXY = 60^\circ$</p> <p>$\angle A = 180 - (60 + 60) = 60^\circ$</p> <p>$\angle CXY = \angle XZY = 50^\circ$</p> <p>$\angle C = 180 - (50 + 50) = 80^\circ$</p> <p>$\angle B = 180 - (60 + 80) = 40^\circ$</p>	1 1 1 1 1	5

36	<p>a) $h = \sqrt{13^2 - 5^2} = \sqrt{169 - 25} = \sqrt{144} = 12 \text{ cm}$</p> <p>b) Volume of the cone = $\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 5^2 \times 12 = 100\pi \text{ cm}^3$</p> <p>c) Volume of the small cone = $\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 1^2 \times 1 = \frac{\pi}{3} \text{ cm}^3$</p> <p>Number of cones = $100\pi \div \frac{\pi}{3} = 300$</p>	2 1 1 1	5
37	<p>a) Radius = $\sqrt{(4-1)^2 + (5-1)^2} = 5$</p> <p>b) $(x-1)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 5^2$</p> <p>c) $(6-1)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 5^2$</p> <p>$y=1$</p>	1 2 1 1	5
38	<p>a) 1 : 2</p> <p>b) $r_1 = 1r$, $r_2 = 2r$</p> <p>Ratio of the surface areas = $4\pi r^2 : 4\pi(2r)^2$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">= 1 : 4</p> <p>c) $4 \times 10\pi = 40\pi \text{ sq.cm}$</p>	1 1 1 1 1	5
39	<p>a) 1</p> <p>b) 108 , 117 , 126 , . . .</p> <p>Algebraic form = $9n + 108 - 9 = 9n + 99$</p> <p>$9n + 99 = 999$</p> <p>$n = 100$</p>	1 1 1 1 1	1
40	<p>a) 30^0</p> <p>b) 2 cm</p> <p>b) $BC = 4\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}$</p> <p>Area of the triangle = $\frac{1}{2} \times 4\sqrt{3} \times 2 = 4\sqrt{3} \text{ sq.cm}$</p>	1 2 1 1	5

41	<p>a) $\angle PQR = 180 - 50 = 130^\circ$</p> <p>b) Construction</p>	1 4	5												
42	<p>a) $\angle ACB = 40^\circ$</p> <p>$\angle ADB = 40^\circ$</p> <p>$\angle ADP = 140^\circ$</p> <p>b) $\angle BCP = 140^\circ$</p> <p>$\angle CQD + \angle P = 360 - 280 = 80^\circ$</p>	1 1 1 1 1	5												
43	<p>a) 10 cm</p> <p>b) If the base edge of the box is taken as x ,</p> <p>$x^2 \times 10 = 1000$</p> <p>$x^2 = \frac{1000}{10} = 100$</p> <p>$x = \sqrt{100} = 10$</p> <p>Length of the side of the square thick paper = $10 + 20 = 30$ cm</p>	1 1 1 1 1	5												
44	<table border="1" data-bbox="228 1205 1249 1552"> <thead> <tr> <th>Score</th> <th>Number of children</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Below 10</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Below 20</td> <td>13</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Below 30</td> <td>23</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Below 40</td> <td>36</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Below 50</td> <td>45</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Median = Score of the 23rd child = x_{23}</p> <p>Median comes between 20 and 30 .</p> <p>a) $x_{14} = \frac{20+21}{2} = 20.5$</p> <p>c) Median = $x_{23} = 20.5 + 9 \times 1 = 29.5$</p>	Score	Number of children	Below 10	5	Below 20	13	Below 30	23	Below 40	36	Below 50	45	1 1 1 1	5
Score	Number of children														
Below 10	5														
Below 20	13														
Below 30	23														
Below 40	36														
Below 50	45														

45	a) Incircle	1	5
	b) Circumcircle	1	
	c) $r \times s$	1	
	d) 20	1	
	e) 2	1	

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