

## Pair of Linear Equations in two variables

1] The value of  $k$  for which the pair of linear equations  $4x + 6y - 1 = 0$  and  $2x + ky - 7 = 0$  represents parallel lines is

- A]  $k = 3$       B]  $k = 2$       C]  $k = 4$       D]  $k = -2$

2] The pair of linear equations  $kx + 2y = 5$  and  $3x + y = 1$  has unique solution if:

- A]  $k = 6$       B]  $k \neq 6$       C]  $k = 0$       D]  $k$  has any value

3] One equation of a pair of dependent linear equations is  $-5x + 7y = 2$ , the second equation can be

- A]  $10x + 14y + 4 = 0$     B]  $-10x + 14y + 4 = 0$     C]  $-10x + 14y - 4 = 0$     D]  $10x - 14y = -4$

4] If  $x = 1, y = b$  is the solution of the equations  $x - y = 2$  and  $x + y = 4$ , then the values of  $a$  and  $b$  are, respectively.

- A] 3 and 5      B] 5 and 3      C] 3 and 1      D] -1 and -3

5] The pair of linear equations  $-5x + 2y = 8$  and  $2x - 5y - 3 = 0$  have

- A] no solution      B] one solution      C] two solution      D] many solution

6] The pair of equations  $y = 0$  and  $y = -7$  have:

- A] One solution    B] two solutions    C] Infinitely many solutions    D] no solution

7] The following pairs of linear equations  $2x + 5y = 3$  and  $6x + 15y = 12$  represent:

- A] Intersecting lines      B] Parallel lines  
C] Coincident lines      D] none from a, b, c

8] If the lines given by  $3x + 2ky = 2$  and  $2x + 5y + 1 = 0$  are parallel, then the value of  $k$  is:

- A]  $\frac{-5}{4}$       B]  $\frac{2}{5}$       C]  $\frac{15}{4}$       D]  $\frac{3}{2}$

9] The graphical representation of the pair of equations  $x + 2y - 4 = 0$  and  $2x + 4y - 12 = 0$  represents:

- A] Intersecting lines      B] Parallel lines  
C] Coincident lines      D] on the above

10] The lines representing the linear equations  $2x - y = 3$  and  $4x - y = 5$

- A] Intersect at a point      B] are parallel  
C] Are coincident      D] intersect at exactly two points

11] The pair of linear equations  $8x - 5y = 7$  and  $5x - 8y = -7$  have:

- A] One solution      B] Two solutions      C] No solution      D] Many solution

- 12] If a pair of linear equations is consistent, then the lines will be:  
A] Parallel  
B] always coincident  
C] Intersecting or coincident  
D] always intersecting
- 13] The pair of linear equations  $2x - 3y = 5$  and  $-6y + 4x - 10 = 0$  have  
A] Two solutions  
B] One solution  
C] No solution  
D] Many solutions
- 14] The pair of linear equations  $7x - 3y = 4$  and  $14x + 4y = 5$  have  
A] one solution  
B] two solutions  
C] many solutions  
D] no solution
- 15] The pair of linear equations  $x - 2y = 0$  and  $3x + 4y = 20$  have:  
A] one solution  
B] two solutions  
C] many solutions  
D] no solution
- 16] The number of solutions of the pair of linear equations  $x + 2y - 8 = 0$  and  $2x + 4y = 16$  have  
A] 0  
B] 1  
C] Infinitely many  
D] None
- 17] The value of  $k$  for which the pair of equations  $kx - y = 2$  and  $6x - 2y = 3$  has a unique solution:  
A]  $k = 3$   
B]  $k \neq 3$   
C]  $k \neq 0$   
D]  $k = 0$