

Mathematics Online Class X On 21-06-2021

ARITHMETIC SEQUENCE



- **Natural Numbers (Counting Numbers)**

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, ...

- **Even Numbers**

2, 4, 6, 8, 10, ...

- **Odd Numbers**

1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, ...

- **Multiples of 5**

5, 10, 15, 20, 25, ...

- **Counting numbers ending with 1**

1, 11, 21, 31, 41, 51, ...

- **Counting numbers ending with 0**

10, 20, 30, 40, ...

- **Numbers which leave remainder 1 when divided by 3**

1, 4, 7, 10, 13, ...

- **Perfect Squares**

1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, ...

- **Consider the following squares**



1 cm



2 cm



3 cm



4 cm

Writing the side, perimeter and area of the above squares we have

Side : 1cm, 2cm, 3cm, 4cm, ...

**Perimeter : $4 \times 1, 4 \times 2, 4 \times 3, 4 \times 4, \dots$
 $4\text{cm}, 8\text{cm}, 12\text{cm}, 16\text{cm}, \dots$**

Perimeter = $4 \times \text{side}$

**Area : $1 \times 1, 2 \times 2, 3 \times 3, 4 \times 4, \dots$
 $1\text{cm}^2, 4\text{cm}^2, 9\text{cm}^2, 16\text{cm}^2, \dots$**

Area = side \times side

From above we can say

A group of numbers written like this as 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th and so on using a particular condition is called a **Number Sequence**