



ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ ಜಿಲ್ಲಾ ಪಂಚಾಯತ್

ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆ

ಉಪನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರ ಕಛೇರಿ (ಆಡಳಿತ), ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ

ಸ್ಫೂರ್ತಿ

ಬಹುಆಯ್ಕೆ ಮಾದರಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು

ಎಸ್.ಎಸ್.ಎಲ್.ಸಿ 2020-21

ಪ್ರಥಮ ಭಾಷೆ – ಇಂಗ್ಲೀಷ್



8. *As soon as the man received the picture from the girl , he started*

- a) *to bring water from torrent* c) *running*
b) *painting* d) *all of the above*

9. *After staring at the painted picture her eyes were*

- a) *filled with tears* c) *puzzled*
b) *shining* d) *closed*

10. *The next day ,the man made..... For the girl*

- a) *hairband* c) *statue*
b) *bangles* d) *ribbons*

11. *At night for the first time in her life the girl had seen something that had.....*

- a) *useful but purposeless* c) *meaningful and purposeful*
b) *no meaning and no purpose* d) *useless but meaningful*

12. *when many persons became idle in workers paradise, the elders became....*

- a) *happy* c) *anxious*
b) *angry* d) *jealous*

13. *the meaning of the word 'quaint' is*

- a) *unattractive* c) *delight*
b) *francifal* d) *awareness*

14. *The story is written by*

- a) *o.henry* c) *M.K.gandhi*
b) *rabindranath tagore* d) *walter scott*

15. *Who made the confession before elders in the meeting*

- a) *wrong man*
b) *the girl*
c) *aerial messenger*
d) *young people of worker's paradise*

KEY ANSWERS:- 1) (d) 2) (c) 3) (a) 4) (a) 5) (d) 6) (c)

7) (c) 8) (b) 9) (c) 10) (d) 11) (b) 12) (c)

13) (b) 14) (b) 15) (c)

LESSON – 2

ELIXIR OF LIFE

1. According to the author which is the elixir of life

- a) amrita b) soft drinks c) water d) chemicals

2. _____ river separates the Libyan Desert from the valley in Egypt

- a) Nile b) Mediterranean c) Indus d) Tanitic

3. River Nile flows down to _____ sea

- a) Nile b) Indian c) Indus d) Mediterranean

4. The Rain-fed tanks that are so common in south India look like a ___ when they are full

- a) wonderful difference b) beautiful
c) hydro-electric d) cheering sight

5. Much of the Indian agriculture heavily depends on _____

- a) Irrigation b) farm yield c) soil erosion d) seasonal rainfall

6. _____ is the foundation of all agriculture

- a) soil b) roots c) water d) air

7. _____ is the imaginary elixir of life

- a) amrita b) water c) soft drinks d) chemicals

8. Writer compares water in the landscape to _____

- a) The eyes in the human face c) The nose in the human face
b) The ears in the human face d) The mouth in the human face

9. _____ are the two sources of water mentioned in the lesson The Elixir of Life

- a) rivers and seas c) sea and ocean
b) rain and snow water d) well and river

10. _____ takes place when water carrying silt mixes with salt water of the sea

- a) soil erosion b) floods c) deforestation d) afforestation

11. The conservation of water supplies in the problem of _____

- a) afforestation b) deforestation c) soil erosion d) tracing

12. _____ is the advantage to check soil erosion and conserve the rainfall of the country from flowing away to waste

- a) civilized forest b) desert forest c) monsoon forest d) evergreen forest

13. Same in the lesson *The Elixir of Life* refers to _____

- a) agriculture b) cutting c) preventing d) seasonal rainfall

14. It is the silt which gives _____ to the water in rain fed tanks

- a) the characteristics of water c) the ugliness of the water
b) the beauty of water d) the type of water

15. Terracing of land helps in _____

- a) preventing soil erosion c) causing floods
b) causing soil erosion d) preventing floods

16. _____ would enable the overall development of the rural economy

- a) availability of electric power b) availability of cloths
c) availability of mobiles d) availability of vehicles

17. The land formed of silt in alluvial areas is always fertile. State true or false

- a) true b) false

18. Ruts are formed by _____

- a) rapidly flowing of rain water c) season
b) slowly flowing of rain water d) climate

19. _____ is the writer of the lesson *The Elixir of Life*

- a) C.V Raman b) Rabindranath Tagore c) O Henry d) M.K Gandhi

20. Planting of appropriate type of vegetation will result in

- a) the continuance of successful agriculture
b) the terracing of the land
c) preventing environmental pollution
d) reducing the momentum of the flow of water

**KEY ANSWERS:- 1) (c) 2) (a) 3) (d) 4) (d) 5) (d) 6) (a) 7) (a)
8) (a) 9) (b) 10) (a) 11) (a) 12) (a) 13) (a)
14) (a) 15) (a) 16) (a) 17) (a) 18) (a) 19) (a) 20) (a)**

LESSON – 3

THE GIFT OF THE MAGI

1. The author of the lesson 'The Gift of the magi' is

- a) E.H. Carter
- b) William Sydney Porter
- c) R.L. Stevenson
- d) None of these

2. Della saved

- a) One dollar and twenty seven cents
- b) One dollar and seventy eight cents
- c) One dollar and eighty six cents
- d) One dollar and eighty seven cents

3. Della went to Madame Sofronie

- a) To sell her hair
- b) To buy set of combs
- c) To buy fob chain for Jim's gold watch
- d) To present her christmas gift

4. Praised possession of Jim was

- a) His gold watch that had been his father's and his grandfather's
- b) His gold watch that had been his mother's and his grandmother's
- c) He was handsome
- d) He was rich

5. Christmas Eve is celebrated on

- a) 23rd December
- b) 24th December
- c) 25th December
- d) 26th December

6. Cost of platinum fob chain purchased by Della was

- a) Twenty dollars
- b) Twenty one dollar and eighty seven cents
- c) One dollar eighty seven cents
- d) None of these

7. Jim bought hair combs for Della by selling his

- a) Gold watch
- b) Silver watch
- c) Platinum watch
- d) Bronze watch

8. Hair combs which Jim bought for Della was made of

- a) Pure leather
- b) Pure tortoise shell
- c) Pure gold
- d) Platinum

9. Praised possession of Della was

- a) Her long hair which reached below her knee
- b) Gold watch that had been her father's and his grandfather's
- c) Her beauty which envied other women
- d) She was well educated

10. Gifts of Jim and Della are compared to

- a) The gift of the Magi
- b) The King Solomon's treasure
- c) The Queen Sheba's jewels
- d) None of these

11. O.Henry was the pen name of

- a) William Blake
- b) William Sydney Porter
- c) William Shakespeare
- d) William Wordsworth

12. What was the cost of the flat

- a) Eight dollars
- b) Ten dollars
- c) Fifteen dollars
- d) Twenty dollars

13. How did Della save one dollar and eighty seven cents

- a) By bargaining
- b) By stealing
- c) By earning
- d) None of these

14. What was the full name of Jim

- a) William Sydney Porter
- b) O.Henry
- c) James Dillingham Young
- d) Jim

15. What is the meaning of 'Chronicle'

- a) Gifts
- b) Story
- c) Fable
- d) Legend

16. "Isn't it a dandy?" Who said this ?

- a) Jim
- b) Della
- c) Madam Sofronie
- d) None

17. Magi were three kings whose name were

- a) Alexander, Alfonso and Alfred
- b) Julius Caesar , Augustus and King Arthur
- c) Casper , Melchoior and Balthazar
- d) Charlemagne , Marcus Aurelius and Cyrus

18. After her hair cut, how did she looked like?

- a) Like a truant school boy
- b) Like a truant school girl
- c) Old aged girl
- d) All of the above

19. What type of goods does the shop deal with?

- a) Groceries
- b) Clothes
- c) Hair goods
- d) Hand bags

20. How did the poet described Della's hair

- a) cascade of black waters
- b) cascade of red waters
- c) cascade of blue waters
- d) cascade of brown waters

**KEY ANSWERS:- 1) (b) 2) (d) 3) (a) 4) (a) 5) (b) 6) (a) 7) (a)
8) (b) 9) (a) 10) (a) 11) (b) 12) (a) 13) (a) 14) (c)
15) (b) 16) (b) 17) (c) 18) (a) 19) (c) 20) (d)**

LESSON – 4

Louis Pasteur , conqueror of disease

1.what is meaning of bacteria in Greek

- A)plants
- B)Germs
- C)little rods
- D)disease

2.louis pasteur was not a soldier ,but he was__

- A)germs
- B)fighter
- C)professor
- D)scientist

3.Germs occur themselves without a parent germs is _____

- A) Pasteur
- (B) inoculation
- (C) Vaccination
- (D) spontaneous generation

4.The germs were carried by __

- A)water
- B)soil
- C)air
- D)blood

5.The soup bottle kept in bedroom was ____

- A)completely mouldy
- B)less mouldy
- C)no germs
- D)somewhat mouldy

6.pasteur founded the branch of science called

- A)bacteria
- B)bacteriology
- C)pasteurization
- D)inoculation

7.The troops going abroad were inoculated against ____ disease

- A)typhoid, enteric fever
- B)illnesses
- C)anthrax
- D)small pox

8.what was first law of pasteur

- A)law of blood and death
- B)law of peace and work
- C)law of war and battle
- D)law of kill and violent

9.When pasteur came to big medical congress in london

- A)1889
- B)1881
- C)1885
- D)1771

10. what is meant by yeast

A) fungus

B) tiny living organism

C) bacteria

D) virus

11. pasteur received many honours from----- government

A) india

B) paris

C) french

D) london

12. Pasteur solved the difficult problems

A) by sitting motionless

B) by discussing

C) by reading

D) by doing experiments

13. pasteur's 70th birthday was celebrated in

A) london

B) university of paris

C) university of french

D) university of alsace

14. which was pasteur's favourite subject

A) science

B) mathematics

C) English

D) chemistry

15. who found vaccination for small pox

A) Dr Jenner

B) Louis Pasteur

C) E.H Carter

D) Lord Lister

16. ___ is a disease which attacks a person who is bitten by a mad dog

A) anthrax

B) rabies

C) covid 19

D) plague

17. When did Pasteur die

A) 1894

B) 1895

C) 1896

D) 1888

18. how was Pasteur's birthday celebrated

A) republic day

B) children's day

C) national festival

19. where was Pasteur born

A) Paris

B) little French country town

C) strasbourg

D) London

20. which one is very useful discovery of Pasteur

A) cure for rabies

B) pasteurization

C) inoculation

D) small pox

**KEY ANSWERS:- 1) c 2) b 3) d 4) c 5) a 6) b 7) a 8) a 9) 10) b
11) c 12) a 13) b 14) d 15) b 16) b 17) b 18) c 9) b 20) b**

LESSON – 5

What is moral action ?

1. *"Till you learn to form your own opinions and express them , I do not care much what you think of me "* . This lines were said by :

- a). M.K.Gandhi
- b). Wendell Phillips
- c). Mother Teresa
- d). St. Francis Xavier

2. *The author of the lesson ' What is moral action '*

- a). M.K.Gandhi
- b). Rabindranath Tagore
- c). C.V. Raman
- d). E.H. Carter

3). *Historians have called Emperor Alexander ____.*

- a). Coward
- b). Brave
- c). Intelligent
- d). Great

4). *For an act to be moral it has to be free from __ and __ .*

- a). Fear and compulsion
- b). Hate and Anger
- c). Love and affection
- d). Kind and gentle

5). *Act which does not have any self interest behind it can be called as*

- a). Non moral act
- b). Mechanical act
- c). Moral act
- d). Bad act

6). *Who prayed to God that his mind might always remain pure ?*

- a). M.K.Gandhi
- b). Wendell Phillips
- c). Mother Teresa
- d). St. Francis Xavier

7). *Emperor Alexander wanted to preached ____ culture , art , language and manners all around the world .*

- a). French
- b). English
- c). Greek
- d). Dutch

8). *" Love born out of the profit motive is no love "* . This lines were said by

- a). William Shakespeare
- b). M.K. Gandhi
- c). Anne Frank
- d). C.V . Raman

9). *In paragraph one, Gandhiji says that our conventional behaviour is*

- (a)immoral
- (b)moral
- (c) neither moral nor immoral
- (d)necessary

10).What is the single mean act of Webster mentioned in paragraph 6

(a)Daniel webseter

(c) Henry clay

(b) Xavier

(d) Alexander

11).what did Gandhiji mention the name of Henry clay as example for _____

(a)moral action

(c)non moral action

(b)Behavior

(d)society

12).What should a brave man be prepared to do for morality

(a)to break faith with enemies

(c)to selfish ends of morality

(b)to face death for the sake

(d)not fear to do good and hesitation

13).who is the giver of the fruit of action

(a)god

(c)people's

(b)moral

(d)non moral

14).who was the American orator and social reformer to opposed slavery

(a)Alexander

(c)St.Theresa

(b)king Richard 2

(d)Wendell Phillips

15).The figure of speech of Intellectual integrity

(a)personification

(c)Assonance

(b)alliteration

(d)metaphor

**KEY ANSWERS:- 1) b) 2) a) 3) d) 4) a) 5) c) 6) d) 7) c) 8) a)
9) d) 10) a) 11) 12) b) 13) a) 14) d) 15) c)**

LESSON – 6

THE EYES ARE NOT HERE

1) According to the girl, Missouri is very beautiful specially in the month of –

- a) December
- b) November
- c) September
- d) October.

2) According to the narrator –

- a) All girls can resist flattery
- b) few girls can resist flattery
- c) no girl likes flattery
- d) all girls like flattery.

3) The narrator made a mistake when –

- a) he asked the girl about her destination
- b) he asked the girl about her age
- c) he asked the girl about her family members
- d) he asked the girl about the sights outside.

4) The girl said that she loved the –

- a) tree
- b) animals
- c) hills
- d) forests

5) “But why are you so serious?” – Who asked this question? –

- a) the new fellow traveller of the narrator
- b) the girl
- c) the narrator
- d) the girl’s parents.

6) The couple who saw her off were probably her –

- a) relatives
- b) friends
- c) parents
- d) grandfather and grandmother

7) The narrator was all alone in the train compartment up to –

- a) Dehra
- b) the station next to Rohana
- c) Rohana
- d) the station before Rohana.

8) According to narrator the best time for visiting the hills is –

- a) September
- b) October
- c) November
- d) December

9)The narrator was curious about the –

- a) girl's face
- b) girl's eyes
- c) girl's hair
- d) girl's aunt

10)According to the narrator, the girl had a/an –

- a) interesting face
- b) beautiful face
- c) pretty face
- d) innocent face

11) The narrator first discovered that the girl –

- a) had a sweet voice
- b) could laugh sweetly
- c) had worn slippers
- d) had an interesting face.

12)Who is the author of the story “The Eyes are not here”? –

- a) APJ Abdul Kalam
- b) Langston Hughes
- c) Leo Tolstoy
- d) Ruskin Bond.

13)“The Eyes are not here” is a/an –

- a) essay
- b) humorous piece of writing
- c) travelogue
- d) short story.

14)The narrator was all alone in the train compartment up to –

- a) Dehra
- b) the station next to Rohana
- c) Rohana
- d) the station before Rohana.

15)The narrator guessed that the couple who saw the girl off at Rohana was probably her parents because of

- a. they were middle-aged
- b. they seemed very anxious
- c. they accompanied the girl to the railway station.
- d. they gave detailed instructions about the care she had to take.

16).The girl told the narrator that her aunt was meeting her at Saharanpur. She said this probably because,

- a. She wanted to introduce her aunt to the narrator.
- b. She wanted to convey a message that he couldn't take advantage of her thinking that she was alone.
- c. It was a casual remark.

17)The girl in the story was wearing —

(a) slippers. (b) shoes. (c) a skirt. (d) a sweater.

18)The narrator's voice startled the girl because —

(a) she did not see him at first.

(b) he spoke very loudly.

(c) the narrator was sitting in a dark corner.

(d) she did not know that there was another person in the compartment.

KEY ANSWERS:- 1) d) 2) b) 3) d) 4) c) 5) b) 6) c) 7) c) 8) b)
9) c) 10) a) 11) c) 12) d) 13) d) 14) c) 15) d)
16) b) 17) a) 18) c)

LESSON – 7

THE GIRL WHO WAS ANNE FRANK

- 1) ***In how many languages the Diary of Anne Frank has been published***
(a) 12 languages (b) 11 languages (c) 13 languages (d) 19 languages
- 2) ***Anne was sometimes called as _____ by her father***
(a) tender one (b) bold girl (c) annelies Marie (d) great talker
- 3) ***When did Nazis invaded Netherlands***
(a) may 1940 (b) may 1945 (c) may 1939 (d) may 1629
- 4) ***Decree what is the meaning of this word***
(a) an order having the force of law
(b) certain to happen
(c) forcing to leave the country
(d) in bad condition
- 5) ***When was Anne Frank died***
(a) March 1945 (b) June 1856 (c) May 1988 (d) April 1942
- 6) ***The care of his daughters Diary had became otto franks _____ in his ottoman Fank's life.***
(a) duty (b) perfection (c) business (d) passion and mission
- 7) ***What is the meaning of derelict***
(a) delicate (b) traces (c) certain to happen (d) in a bad condition
- 8) ***Where did ottofrank decided to hide***
(a) in his house (b) in his own business office
(c) in his friends house (d) in his partners house
- 9) ***When did Hitler began to issue anti Jewish decree.*** (a) autumn of 1950
(b) autumn of 1940 (c) autumn of 1933 (d) autumn of 1956
- 10) ***Anne father was once said that anne was _____***
(a) great talker (b) bold leader (c) emotional girl (d) bright girl

11) On which date did Anne record the incident in Mr. Keesing's class in her diary?

- (a) 12th June 1942 (b) 21st June 1942
(c) 20th June 1942 (d) 22nd June 1942

12) Which city were Anne and Margot sent to live with their grandmother?

- (a) Berlin (b) Aachen (c) Munich (d) Bonn

13) Who was the only survivor from Anne's family

- (a) Anne (b) Anne's Father (c) Anne's Mother (d) Anne's Sister

14) What was Anne Frank's full name?

- (a) Anneliese Marie Frank (b) Anna Mariam Frank
(c) Anne Mark Frank (d) Anneliese Martina Frank

15) How many siblings did Anne have? (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4

16) Why did she not want to give a brief in the diary at first ?

- (a) she didn't want to be formal
(b) she wanted the diary to be her real friend
(c) she did not like the idea
(d) both 1 and 2

17) What name was her book published with?

- (a) from the diary of Anne Frank
(b) the diary of a young girl
(c) Anne Frank
(d) Anne Frank's diary

18) Who would Anne allow to read her diary?

- (a) her sister (b) her parents
(c) a real friend (if she got one) (d) no one

19) How does the Anne explain his father?

- (a) most adorable father (b) most angry father
(c) most delicate father (d) none of the above

20) Who is Anne's long awaited friend?

- (a) her pen (b) her car (c) her diary (d) her dog

KEY ANSWERS:- 1) d) 2) a) 3) a) 4) a) 5) a) 6) d) 7) d) 8) b)
9) c) 10) a) 11) c) 12) b) 13) b) 14) d) 15) a) 16) d) 17) b)
18) c) 19) a) 20) c)

LESSON – 8

The pie and the tart

1. *The Cyclops who busted him self to be the son of*
 - a. Chavles
 - b. Neptune
 - c. Ulysses
 - d. Ruskin bond

2. *Were was Cyclops inhabited*
 - a. Itali
 - b. Greek
 - c. Troy
 - d. sicily

3. *Were did Cyclops and remaining men tied in*
 - a. Rams
 - b. Steam
 - c. Cotton
 - d. Stick

4. *Who destroyed the eyes of Cyclops*
 - a. God
 - b. other Ulysses
 - c. Ulysses and his men
 - d. himself

5. *What was lying strewn in the kitchen of gaint cave*
 - a. Fish of sheep and goat
 - b. Vegetable
 - c. Fruit
 - d. Win pot

6. *what gift did Cyclops offer Ulysses returns for the wim*
 - a. He would eat Ulysses at the beginning
 - b. he would leave him out
 - c. he would eat Ulysses at the end
 - d. he did friend ship with Ulysses

7. *From were the Ulysses and his men returning from*
 - a. Itali
 - b. French
 - c. Troy
 - d. sicily

8. *How many eyes are there for Cyclops*
 - a. 2 eyes
 - b. 3 eyes
 - c. 1 eyes
 - d. No eyes

- 9 *how was house were designed in the Island of Sicily*
 - a. with painting
 - b. with valuable things
 - c. with trees are pillars
 - d. None of the above

10. *who was the author of this lesson*
 - a. Toru Duty
 - b. Ruskin bond
 - c. Basavana
 - d. chavles lamb

KEY ANSWERS:- 1) b 2) d 3) a 4) c 5) a 6) a 7) c 8) b 9) c 10) d

SUPPLEMENTARY READING

LESSON – 1

Karna

- 1. What rule did kripacharya mentioned before the combat?**
 - A. Single combat can only take place b/w the person of equal status
 - B. One should have super skills

- 2. Karna was well-known for what?**
 - A. For his skills
 - B. For his charitable nature
 - C. For his powers
 - D. None of the above

- 3. What is the meaning of emanate?**
 - A. To come or flow from
 - B. Burning anger
 - C. Recovered
 - D. Distress

- 4. Karna stood up in gorgeous war driven by who?**
 - A. Indra
 - B. Parasurama
 - C. Salya
 - D. None of the above

- 5. Who cursed karna?**
 - A. Indra
 - B. Bhima
 - C. Parasurama
 - D. None of the above

- 6. Who stood Stupefied?**
 - A. Indra
 - B. Kunti
 - C. Karna
 - D. None of the above

- 7. Who was Arjuna's eldest brother and first born of kunti?**
 - A. Karna
 - B. Bhima
 - C. Duryodhana
 - D. None of the above

- 8. Who dragged Draupadi to the Hall and insulted her?**
 - A. Duryodhana
 - B. Duhshasana
 - C. Sakuni
 - D. All of the above

- 9. Who told Bhishma that Karna was the eldest son of Pandavas?**
 - A. Parasurama
 - B. Narada
 - C. Kripacharya
 - D. Dronacharya

- 10. Who was the thickest friend of Karna?**
 - A. Bhishma
 - B. Indra
 - C. Duryodhana
 - D. None of the above

11. What rule did Kripacharya mention before the combat?
A. Single combat can only take place b/w the person of equal status
B. One should have super skills

12. Karna was well-known for what?
A. For his skills
B. For his charitable nature
C. For his powers
D. None of the above

13. What is the meaning of emanate?
A. To come or flow from
B. Burning anger
C. Recovered
D. Distress

14. Karna stood up in gorgeous war driven by who?
A. Indra
B. Parasurama
C. Salya
D. None of the above

15. Who cursed Karna?
A. Indra
B. Bhima
C. Parasurama
D. None of the above

16. Who stood stupefied?
A. Indra
B. Kunti
C. Karna
D. None of the above

17. Who was Arjuna's eldest brother and first born of Kunti?
A. Karna
B. Bhima
C. Duryodhana
D. None of the above

18. Who dragged Draupadi to the Hall and insulted her?
A. Duryodhana
B. Duhshasana
C. Sakuni
D. All of the above

19. Who told Bhishma that Karna was the eldest son of Pandavas?
A. Parasurama
B. Narada
C. Kripacharya
D. Dronacharya

20. Who was the thickest friend of Karna?
A. Bhishma
B. Indra
C. Duryodhana
D. None of the above

KEY ANSWERS:- 1) (a) 2) (b) 3) (a) 4) (c) 5) (c) 6) (b) 7) (a)
8) (d) 9) (b) 10) (c) 11) (a) 12) (b) 13) (a) 14) (c)
15) (c) 16) (b) 17) (a) 18) (d) 19) (b) 20) (c)

LESSON – 2

Ulysses and the cyclop

1) According to whom squinting eye slightly while begging is sure sign of starvation

- a) Jean
- b) Gaultier
- c) Marion
- d) pierre

2) who is the obedient follower

- a) Jean
- b) pierre
- c) Marion
- d) mayor

3) Marion has a good sence of humar how

- a) she asks her husband to send a person who is good looking to kiss her hand
- b) she asks well designed jewellery
- c) she want a good looking dress for party
- d) As she was very intelligent

4) why was pierre pinched

- a) taking pie
- b) for begging
- c) for arguing
- d) for stealing

5) who asked pierre the reason for begging

- a) mayor
- b) the police
- c) Gaultier
- d) judge Gaston

6) how Jean and pierre are different

- a) Jean is a better planner and pierre is a obedient follower
- b) Jean is a cheater and pierre is a obedient follower
- c) both a & b
- d) none of the above

7) who came to take tart in the beginning

- a) Jean
- b) pierre
- c) Gaultier
- d) none of the above

8) How Jean and pierre are similar

- a) they are vagabonds
- b) they had caught by police for many times
- c) they look for easy way of living
- d) all of the above

9) both Jean and pierre were _____

- a) good looking
- b) rich
- c) clever and resourceful
- d) all of the above

10) what is the only one faulty that Pierre finds with the eel pie ?

- a) it was not nice
- b) it is only one
- c) it had been spoilt
- d) both a & b

KEY ANSWERS:- (1) d 2) b 3) a 4) b 5) d 6) a 7) a 8) d 9) c 10) b

POEM- 1

To a pair of Sarus Cranes.

1. The _____ shot the male Sarus Crane.
(a)Arrow (b)Hunter (c)Mate (d)shooter
2. The male Sarus Crane was shot during_____.
(a)Sunset (b)Sundew (c)Sunnet (d)Sunrise
3. The male Sarus Crane stretched it's next to pull,_____.
(a)the reluctant sun (b)resonantto (c)resumbalnce sun (d)resetsun
4. The hunter picked the dead bird by it's _____ and_____.
(a)teeth and gloves(b)head and tail(c) jaws and joe(d)Hands and Jaw
5. The dead body of the bird was compared to a_____.
(a)New linen(b)washing bag (c)pen (d)dirty linen
6. The hunter stuffed the dead bird into the_____.
(a)coarse washing bag (b)needy bag (c)nest (d)wet bag
7. The Morsecode was written by_____in_____.
(a)Rasel,1858(b)SamuelF.BMorse,1830(c)David,1848(d)John,1858
8. The female Sarus Crane_____the sky.
(a)Escalated (b)Migrated (c)Coarsed (d)Circled
9. The female bird collected a few feathers which were not flown away by the_____.
(a)wipped (b)wind (c)wrap (d)wing
10. The female bird sat on the _____to hatch.
(a)Tree (b)blood (c)feathers (d)blood stained feathers
11. The_____was in the imagination of a female bird.
(a)Roaten chick(b)Toddling chick(c)Whizz chick (d)Crater
12. The wave of the was in the _____representative.
(a)Heavenly (b)Heavily(c)Hunter(d)Heatly

13. The female sarus crane was carried away to meet her _____.
(a) male (b) male sarus crane (c) mate (d) both b and c

14. Her _____ was transmitted to air.
(a) guilt (b) grief (c) goast (d) grill

15. The proud neck was _____ by the _____.
(a) humbled, hunter (b) rigid, shooter (c) hacked, hunter (d) hunter, humbled

Answers:

1.(b)	4.(d)	7.(b)	10.(d)	13.(d)
2.(d)	5.(d)	8.(d)	11.(b)	14.(b)
3.(a)	6.(a)	9.(b)	12.(a)	15.(a)

POEM- 2

Abraham Lincoln's letter to his son's teacher.

1. Who is the poet of the poem Abraham Lincoln's letter to his son's teacher.

- (a)Rabindranath tagore (b)C.V.Raman
(c)Abraham Lincoln (d)M.K.Gandi

2. Lincoln asks teacher to give his son the strength not to follow _____

- (a)Friend (b)Enemy (c)cynics (d)crowd

3. It is better to fail than to _____

- (a)be happy (b)get anger (c)cheat (d)get sad

4. Teach him there is no _____ in tears.

- (a)fear (b)cheat (c)shame (d)wrong

5. Abraham Lincoln was the president of _____.

- (a)USA (b)Russia (c)Japan (d)India

6. To be aware of _____.

- (a)Gentle (b)brave (c)sweetness (d)friendly

7. Only the test of _____ makes fine steel.

- (a)water (b) iron (c)air (d)fire

8. Treat him _____ but do not _____ him.

- (a)cuddle, gently (b)gently,cuddle (c)carefully,scold (d)friend,enemy

9. Lincoln wants his son to have faith in his _____.

- (a)thoughts(b)own ideas(c)memories(d)dreams

10. Teach him to sell his brawn and brain to _____.

- (a)Highest bidders(b)lazy people(c)cynics(d)gentle ones

11. For every scoundrel there is a hero, for every selfish politician there is a

- (a)selfish leader (b)rules (c)dedicated leader (d)effortive leader

12. To have _____ faith in himself.

- (a>true (b)strength (c)sublime (d)patience

13. What kind of listeners does the father wants his son to be

- (a) What he hears in to truth and falsehood
(b) To learn what he hears
(c) To follow what he hears
(d)To hear the falsehood

- 14. When everyone is getting on the _____.**
 (a)stairs(b)mountain(c)bandwagon(d)bidders
- 15. All men are not just _____, all men are not true.**
 (a)one sided view of life(b)a Parshreality of life (c)Lincoln personal view
 (d)to look dark side of life
- 16. Teach him to _____atcynics** (a)aware(b)far (c)scoff(d)careful
- 17. For every scoundrel there is a _____.**
 (a)helper (b)hero (c)friend (d)dedicated leader
- 18. It is better to earn a meager amount honestly than a huge wealth in ____.**
 (a)dishonesty(b)obediently(c)robbing(d)selfishly
- 19. Teach him to be _____with gentle people.**
 (a)gentle (b)tough (c>true (d)rude
- 20. Never be afraid of _____**
 (a)devils (b)strongmen (c)bullies (d)failure

Answers:

- | | | | |
|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. (c) | 6. (c) | 11. (c) | 16. (c) |
| 2. (d) | 7. (d) | 12. (c) | 17. (b) |
| 3. (c) | 8. (b) | 13. (a) | 18. (a) |
| 4. (c) | 9. (b) | 14. (c) | 19. (a) |
| 5. (a) | 10. (a) | 15. (b) | 20. (c) |

POEM- 3

The Temple and the body. Vachana

1. **Basavanna was a _____.**
(a) Scientist (b) Social reformer (c) Farmer (d) None of the above
2. **_____ was the "lord of Koodalasangama deva".**
(a) Vishnu (b) Brahma (c) Shiva (d) none of these
3. **_____ wrote the poem ' Vachana ' in Kannada and this was translated by _____ .**
(a) A.K. Ramanujam, Basavanna (b) Basavanna, Akkamahadevi
(c) Akkamahadevi, A.K. Ramanujam (d) Basavanna, A.K.Ramanujam
4. **The head is compared to _____ .**
(a) Pillars (b) Cuopola (c) Shrine (d) Poor man
5. **The meaning of word ' Cuopola' is _____.**
(a) small rounded dome (b) The solid (c) Human being (d) Unmoving temple
6. **Basavanna began the religion movement called _____ .**
(a) Buddhism (b) Tourism (c) Veerasaivism (d) None of the above
7. **Basavanna's chosen deity for Lord Shiva at _____ .**
(a) Meeting rivers (b) Unmoving temples (c) Koodalasangama (d) none of the above
8. **" The rich will make temple's for Shiva " this line implies that _____**
(a) They belived that how they can serve God.
(b) They can afford to build temples
(c) They belived that is the only place presence of God
(d) They want to please the lord
9. **The meaning of " Things standing" is _____ .**
(a) Human beings (b) Small rounded dome (c) The solid (d) none of the above
10. **" The moving " in the poem refers to _____ .**
(a) Meeting rivers (b) Unmoving temples (c) Human beings (d) Temples
11. **The other great poets are _____ .**
(a) Allamaprabhu (b) Akkamahadevi (c) Devara Dasimayya (d) All of the above
12. **The body is compared to _____.**
(a) The shrine (b) The Cuopalo (c) Pillars (d) None of these

- 13. Pillar's are compared to _____**
(a) My legs (b) The body (c) The head (d) None of the above
- 14. The expression " Things Standing ", suggests**
(a) Any man-made temple (b) Anybody who is standing
(c) Anything which is static (d) The human body
- 15. The word "Listen" in the last stanza is _____**
(a) An order (b) An appeal (c) A request (d) An advice
- 16. "What shall, I a poor man do?" what this question suggests the speaker feelings**
(a) Helplessness (b) Doubt (c) Humility (d) Anger
- 17.If one were to choose a single poem to represent the whole extraordinary body of religious lyrics called _____ .**
(a) The Vachana (b) The prose (c) The poem (d) The song
- 18.The _____ will make temple's for shiva**
(a) Shiva (b) Poor (c) Animals (d) Birds
- 19.A Cuopola is made up of_____.**
(a) Gold (b) Silver (c) Iron (d) Bronze
- 20. "My legs are pillars", the figure of speech is used here**
(a) Metaphor (b) Similie (c) Personification (d) None of these
- 21. There is no _____ for souls.**
(a) Humanity (b) Death (c) Feelings (d) All of these
- 22. The body are_____.**
(a) Perishable (b) Non-perishable (c) Souls (d) None of these
- 23. The souls are_____.**
(a) Non-perishable (b) Body (c) Perishable (d) immortal
- 24. _____ is the one which is permanent.**
(a) money (b) property (c) souls (d) happiness

25. _____ *thing's fall over a period of time.*
(a) Stationary (b) Human (c) Shop (d) None of the above

26. *Basavanna's was also a _____.*
(a) The great saint (b) The great farmer
(c) The great human (d) The great soul

27. *The Lord Shiva is also known as _____*
(a) The Koodalasangamadeva (b) Srinivasa
(c) Vishnu (d) None of the above

Answers:

1.(b)	6.(c)	12.(d)	17.(a)	22.(b)	27.(a)
2.(c)	8.(c)	13.(a)	18.(a)	23.(a)	
3.(d)	9.(a)	14.(a)	19.(a)	24.(d)	
4. (b)	10.(a)	15.(d)	20.(a)	25.(a)	
5. (a)	11.(d)	16.(b)	21.(a)	26.(d)	

POEM- 4
A Poison Tree

- 1. The poet of the poem "A poison Tree"**
(a) William Blake (b) William Shakespeare
(c) William wordsworth (d) William Daves
- 2. What happen when speaker express his anger**
(a) His anger grew (b) His anger ended
(c) misunderstanding grew (d) both a & b
- 3. What happened when speaker supress his anger**
(a) His anger grew (b) misunderstanding cleared
(c) his anger grew (d) None
- 4. Which fruit did the pioson tree bore**
(a) Apple (b) Banana (c) Pine apple (d) Orange
- 5. How was the poisonous tree look like**
(a) Red bright (b) Green (c) Yellow (d) Blue
- 6. Who stole into the garden**
(a) Foe (b) Friend (c) Uncle (d) all of the above
- 7. Why did the poet's foe stole into the garden**
(a) to grabe the bright apple (b) to meet his friend
(c) to see poet's garden (d) to be friend with poet
- 8. What does the word 'Wrath' means**
(a) Anger (b) Calm (c) Happiness (d) Sad
- 9. When did the poet watered it in fears**
(a) Evening and Night (b) Night and Morning
(c) Afternoon and Night (d) Morning and Afternoon
- 10. In which did the poet watered poison tree**
(a) fears (b) smiles (c) Wiles (d) Water

Answers

1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (a) 5. (a)
6. (a) 7.(a) 8. (a) 9. (b) 10. (a)

POEM- 5
The Stolen Boat

1. Who does the word *her* refers in the first line of the poem the stolen boat?

- (a)The poets mother (b)The boat (c)Peaks (d)The poet's wife

2. The poem *stolen boat* was written by

- (a)Kind Henry VIII (b)John Lennon
(c)William Words worth (d) DavidJohn

3. In the poem, What does the word '*elfin*' mean?

- (a) Like an elf, small and charmingly spiritedly merry or mischievous
(b) Light sailing boat (c)Enthusiastically
(d)Sinister or ghastly character, repellent

4. William Words worth was born in

- (a)The English lake district (b)London (c)Cambridge (d)Grasmere

5. What is the rhyme scheme of the *stolen boat*?

- (a)Blank verse(b)Rhyming couplets(c)Free verse(d) Avacado

6. How is the man presented at the start of the poem?

- (a)Powerful and arrogant(b)Weak(c)Naive(d)Vulnerable

7. The *stolen boat* is a

- (a)Frictional (b)Biographical (c)autobiographical (d)None of these

8. What does the *stolen boat* show about the poet?

- (a)His spiritiual growth (b)His loss of innocence
(c)His hatred of nature (d)Love for his wife

9.How many peaks are mentioned in the poem the *stolen boat*?

- a) 4 (b)6 (c) 2 (d)3

10. The narrator's pleasure is troubled because,

- (a) His conscience pricks him on his stealthy act
(b) The pleasure is short lived
(c) He is scared of his stealthy act being found out
(d) All of these.

11. In the boy imagination, the movement is

- (a)Threatening and menacing (b)of his guilty conscience
(c)of cold (d)none of them

12. The boy is trembling because

- (a)He is frightened by the peak (b)Of his guilty conscience
(c)of the cold (d)none of them

13. What does "they" refers to on the10th line of the poem

- (a)The movement of the river(b)The graceful movement of the boat
(c)Comparing to wood (d)Comparing to the poets friend

**14. When the speaker describes the incident as a "trouble to my dreams"-
what does he mean?**

- (a) He soon grew up and forgot about the events of that night
(b) He quickly realized it was all the part of the grown up
(c) Events stayed with him and caused night mares
(d) Although scared, he continued to see the beauty in the nature.

Answers:

- | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1.(B) | 5.(A) | 9.(C) | 13.(B) |
| 2.(C) | 6.(A) | 10.(A) | 14.(C) |
| 3.(A) | 7.(C) | 11.(A) | |
| 4.(A) | 8.(A) | 12.(B) | |

POEM- 6
BUTTO

1. **Butto says “All that have; all I shall conquer by my skill, gladly shall I to these resign”. This shows Butto:**
 - a) Reverence to drona
 - b) Generosity
 - b) Gratitude
 - c) Foolishness
2. **“Rash promise ever ends in strife”by saying this drona is;**
 - a) Warning Butto of unpleasant consequences
 - b) Offering Butto a chance to change his stance
 - c) Hinting that his demand for recompense could be damaging for destructive to Butto.
 - d) Regretting the rash promise he had made to Arjuna.
3. **On which Mahabharata character is poem Butto based:**
 - a) Ekalavya
 - b) Karna
 - C) Arjuna
 - D) Krishna
4. **What is the meaning of pelf?:**
 - a) Self
 - B) Pelt
 - C) Riches
 - D) Clothes
5. **Who is Butto inspiration?**
 - a) Arjuna
 - B) Krishna
 - C) Dronacharya
 - D) Bishma
6. **What recompense did Dronacharya ask for Butto?**
 - a) Jewels
 - b) Gold
 - C) His Right hand Thumb
 - D) His Left hand Thumb
7. **How did Butto fulfill his promise to his master**
 - a) By Choping his right hand Thumb
 - b) By cutting his left hand thumb
 - C) By cutting his right leg toe
 - D) None of these.
8. **Butto remains loyal to**
 - a) Arjuna
 - B) Krishna
 - C) Dronacharya
 - D) Bishma
9. **Dronacharya promised. ...to make in the best archer in the world.**
 - a) Krishna
 - B) Arjuna
 - C) Butto
 - d) Karna

10. Butto gone to dronacharya to learn:

- a) The science of archery
- b) The Vedas
- c) The Malla yudha
- d) None of the above

11. Dronacharya refused to teach Butto the art of archery because:

- a) He was a Brahmin
- b) He belongs to lower caste
- c) He was a Kshatriya
- d) He was a Vysya

12. The Poem Butto was written by:

- a) Walter Scott
- b) Willam Blake
- c) C V Raman
- d) Toru Dutt

13. How did Butto inspired Dronacharya:

- a) As Friend
- b) As Master
- c) As God
- d) None of these

14. What Knowledge Butto want to learn from Dronacharya

- a) Archery
- b) Sword
- c) Gada
- d) None of these

15. What did drona promise arjuna:

- a) That he would become a great archer on the earth
- b) To be the best Archer
- c) Only will be the archer
- c) None of these.

Answers:

- | | | |
|------|------|-------|
| 1. A | 6. D | 11. B |
| 2. C | 7.A | 12. D |
| 3. A | 8. C | 13. B |
| 4. C | 9. B | 14. A |
| 5. C | 10. | 15. A |

POEM- 7

C.L.M

1. **The author of the poem C L M is _____**
 - a) Manmohan Singh
 - b) William Blake
 - c) John Masefield
 - d) Toru Dutt
2. **Meaning of the word 'Wretched'**
 - A) Miserable
 - b) Roam about
 - C) Defeat
 - d) Opened
3. **Men triumph over women still.**
Write the meaning of the underlined
 - A) Remembered
 - b) Defeat
 - c) Lazy
 - d) Lesiure
4. **Function of a Leech is to**
 - A) Grow and reproduce
 - b) Obtain food
 - c) Keep internal condition stable
 - d) Suck blood from the host body
5. **Man's Lust in the poem is referred to _____**
 - A) Man's beastly sexuality
 - b) Man's sexuality
 - C) Man's lust for power over women
 - D) Both (a) and (c)
6. **The most dominant feeling of the poet in this poem is:**
 - A) A feeling of devotion
 - b) A feeling of anger
 - C) A sense of Ingratitude
 - d) A feeling of Sympathy
7. **Duration of John Edward Masefield**
 - A) 1 June 1878 – 12 May 1967
 - B) 5 May 1869 – 26 May 1955
 - C) 10 August 1946 – 30 October 1996
 - D) 14 January 1953 - 19th March 1976
8. **Her Beauty in the poem refers to _____**
 - a) His Sister's beauty
 - b) His mother's physical beauty
 - c) His Sister's Physical beauty
 - d) The Beauty of the birth
9. **The derived form of C L M is**
 - a) Charles. L. Masefield
 - b) Cameron. L. Masefield
 - c) Charlie L Masefield
 - d) Caroline L Masefield
10. **Which of these is a novel written by John Edward Masefield**
 - a) Midnight talks
 - b) Lord of flies
 - c) The old man and the sea
 - d) Invisibleman

Answers

1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (d) 5. (d)
6. (c) 7. (a) 8. (b) 9. (d) 10. (a)

Multiple Choice Questions (GRAMMAR)

1. PREPOSITIONS

1. The Girl saw the painter standing _____ the torrent. The suitable preposition to be used here is

(a) To (b) by (c) from (d) Which

2. Our examination begin _____ the 30th of march. The suitable preposition to be used here is

(a) from (b) on (c) during (d) in

3. I read all the instructions _____ the notice board. The suitable preposition to be used here is

(a) on (b) in (c) with (d) of

4. It has been raining _____ three hours. The correct preposition to be filled in the blank is

(a) For (b) since (c) at (d) by

5. I request you to intimate _____ me what he should do. The suitable preposition to be used here is

(a) to (b) with (c) for (d) from

6. He is a man _____ a fine sense of humor. The suitable preposition is

(a) With (b) of (c) by (d) from

7. She often quotes _____ Shakespeare. The suitable preposition is

(a) by (b) of (c) from (d) in

8. Please inform me _____ the details of scheme. The suitable preposition is

(a) About (b) of (c) with (d) during

9. Thieves broke _____ my house. The suitable preposition is

(a) in (b) to (c) into (d) onto

10. He has been here _____ Monday. The suitable preposition is

(a) of (b) from (c) during (d) since

Answers:

1.(b) 4.(a) 7.(c) 10. (d)

2.(b) 5.(a) 8.(a)

3.(a) 6.(a) 9.(c)

2. ARTICLES

1. We had ___ good talk with him about ___ weather. The appropriate articles to be filled in the blanks are

(a) an, the (b) a, an (c) a, the (d) the, a

2. I found _____ empty tin by _____ roadside just now. The appropriate articles to be filled in the blanks are

(a) an, the (b) a, an (c) a, the (d) the, a

3. I opened _____ door and found _____ old man standing on the doorsteps. The appropriate articles to be filled in the blanks are

(a) a, the (b) an, a (c) an, the (d) the, an

4. He choose _____ school that has _____ best teachers. The appropriate articles to be filled in the blanks are

(a) an, a (b) an, the (c) a, the (d) the, an

5. I saw ___ interesting documentary on tv ___ other day. The appropriate articles to be filled in the blanks are

(a) an, the (b) an, an (c) a, the (d) the, the

6. I like coffee but I don't like ___ coffee they make at ___ office. The appropriate articles to be filled in the blanks are

(a) The, an (b) the, the (c) a, the (d) a, an

7. I have _____ aunt in Mumbai and _____ few other relatives. The appropriate articles to be filled in the blanks are

(a) an, the (b) a, an (c) an, a (d) the, a

8. Well Suresh, Here's _____ First Question and it's ___ easy one. The appropriate articles to be filled in the blanks are

(a) a, the (b) an, the (c) a, an (d) the, an

9. Would you like _____ apple or _____ banana. The appropriate articles to be filled in the blanks are

(a) An, a (b) a, a (c) the, a (d) an, the

10. There was ___ Knock on _____ door. The appropriate articles to be filled in the blanks are

(a) a, a (b) an, a (c) a, the (d) the, a

Answers:

1. (C) 3. (d) 5. (a) 7. (c) 9. (a)

2. (a) 4. (c) 6. (b) 8.(d) 10.(c)

3. ANTONYMS

1. Every student should have confidence in his abilities. The antonym for the underlined word is

(a) Over confident (b) Diffidence (c) Confidential (d) Less confidence

2. Last year we had sufficient food grains in the barns but this year it is _____. The antonym for the underlined word is

(a) Excessive (b) Surplus (c) Deficient (d) bountiful

3. The antonym for the word NEVER is

(a) Always (b) Favour (c) Ready (d) Form

4. The rural students have fared better than their counterpart. The antonym for the underlined word is

(a) urban (b) Remote (c) Border (d) Backward

5. Some students always work hard. The antonym for the underlined word is

(a) Sometimes (b) Rarely (c) Never (d) Usually.

6. In his writings, it is difficult to segregate fact from _____. The antonym for the underlined word is

(a) Fiction (b) Story (c) Truth (d) Lies

7. Don't be reckless; Be _____. The antonym for the underlined word is

(a) Careful (b) Aware (c) Cautious (d) Safe

8. We live on the _____ Sphere; heavenly bodies are in celestial sphere. The antonym for the underlined word is

(a) Telesial (b) Interstitial (c) Torrential (d) Terrestrial

9. The rain feed tanks are _ not deep. The antonym for the underlined word is

(a) Large (b) Shallow (c) Huge (d) Tall

10. We need to overcome our temptation, not _____ it. The antonym for the underlined word is

(a) conquer (b) control (c) Overpower (d) Succumb to

Answers:

1. (b) 3. (a) 5. (c) 7. (c) 9. (b)

2. (c) 4. (a) 6. (a) 8. (d) 10. (d)

4. PHRASE/PHRASAL VERB

- 1. I have some urgent work _____. Fill in the blank with the suitable phrase.**
(a) To look for (b) To look up (c) To attend to (d) On Account of
- 2. The dog was _____ by the car. Fill in the blank with the suitable phrase.**
(a) Run into (b) Run over (c) Run away (d) Run out.
- 3. Choose the right word for the phrase 'made up my mind'**
(a) Done (b) Produced (c) Decided (d) Worked
- 4. He wanted to give up bad habits. The underlined phrase means**
(a) Cultivate (b) Leave (c) Habitate (d) Practice
- 5. The bomb could explode any minute. The underlined phrase means**
(a) go away (b) go off (c) go about (d) go through
- 6. You must reduce your expenses. The underlined phrase means**
(a) Cut down (b) Cut off (c) Cut into (d) Cut out
- 7. The old building had to be demolished. The underlined phrase means**
(a) Pulled up (b) Pulled away (c) Pulled off (d) Pulled down
- 8. How can you _____ with his tantrums? The suitable phrasal verb to fill in..**
(a) Put in (b) Put up (c) Put on (d) Put across
- 9. Injuries and illness forced the team to settle for third place. Meaning for the underlined phrasal verb?**
(a) Agree to (b) Pick up (c) Reject (d) Press for.
- 10. It is difficult to root out poverty. The underlined phrase means**
(a) Clear off (b) Stay away from (c) Run away from (d) Eradicate

Answers:

- 1. (c) 3. (c) 5. (b) 7. (d) 9. (a)**
2. (b) 4. (b) 6. (a) 8. (b) 10. (d)

5. VERB

1. Honour and reputation _____ dearer than life. The suitable verb to be filled in the blank is

(a)Are (b)Have (c)Had (d)His

2. My science teacher has been _____ experiments after the class. The suitable verb to be filled in the blank is

(a)Conducting (b)conducted (c)conduct (d)Conducts

3. When the guest _____ Speaking, a few people asked him to stop The suitable verb to be filled in the blank is

(a)Is been (b)had been (c)was (d)Will be

4. The number of visitors _____ really large in last week's school day celebrations. The suitable verb to be filled in the blank is

(a)Was (b)Were (c)Are (d)Is

5. Either of us _____ capable of solving the problem. The suitable verb to be filled in the blank is

(a)were (b)are (c)is (d)had been

6. The car has nobody in it, but the engine is _____. The suitable verb to be filled in the blank is

(a)Was running (b)is running (c)Were running (d)has been running

7. He is one of those who _____ everyone. The suitable verb to be filled in the blank is

(a)trust (b)Trusted (c)Trusts (d)Trusting

Answers:

1. (a) 3. (c) 5. (c) 7. (c)

2. (a) 4. (a) 6. (a)

6. GIVE ONE WORD FOR

- 1. Choose the correct one word medical term for the following . Science of structure of human body**
A)Urology B)Anatomy C)Panacea D)Amnesia
- 2. Give One word for ‘The absence of governmental authority**
A) Anarchy B) Autocracy C) Democracy D) Discreptionship
- 3. One word for ‘Area created with matter deposited by the river’**
A) Alluvial B) Fertile C) Black D) Compose
- 4. ‘An open box from which cattle and horses are feed’. The one word for this**
A) Manger B) dandy C) Trance D) Patent
- 5. ‘A decision which cannot be changed’. The one word for this**
A) Status quo B) Irrevocable C) Permanent D) Habitual
- 6. Give one word for a story that gives moral**
A) Fable B) Fiction C) Fairy Tale D) Drama
- 7. An order having force in law**
A) Act B) Petition C) Statute D) Decree
- 8. The stage of life between childhood and adulthood, one word for this**
A) Teen B) Adolescence C) Infancy D) Boyhood
- 9. Choose the correct one word for the following ‘Goods for Sale’**
A) Merchandise B) Carriage C) Fright D) Materials
- 10. Give one word for : The person who enjoys making jokes.**
A) Comedian B) Humorist C) Witty D) Wag

Answers:

- 1. (b) 3.(b) 5. (b) 7. (d) 9. (a)**
2. (a) 4. (a) 6. (a) 8.(b) 10.(d)

7. CONJUNCTION

1. *He Worked hard, _____ he failed. The Appropriate conjunction that can be used here is*
A) But B) And C) So D) Since
2. *The Old lady was poor, _____ she was generous. The Appropriate conjunction that can be used here is*
A) And B) But C) Though D) Yet
3. *_____ He tried his best, he couldn't win. The Appropriate conjunction that can be used here is*
A) If B) As C) But D) Though
4. *Walk fast, _____ you will miss the bus. The Appropriate conjunction that can be used here is*
A) And B) Lest C) Unless D) Yet
5. *I will score good marks, _____ I study well. The Appropriate conjunction that can be used here is*
A) Unless B) Although C) Though D) If
6. *All the Teachers are sure _____ Ramesh will get distinction. The Appropriate conjunction that can be used here is*
A) Yet B) That C) So D) If
7. *Suresh was known for charity _____ was respected by everyone. The Appropriate conjunction that can be used here is*
A) So B) But C) And D) Yet
8. *I was annoyed, _____ I kept quiet. The Appropriate conjunction that can be used here is*
A) Yet B) Still C) And D) So
9. *You must pay the damages _____ Face the consequences. The Appropriate conjunction that can be used here is*
A) So B) But C) Although D) Or
10. *Board the train _____ You will miss it. The Appropriate conjunction that can be used here is*
A) Otherwise B) But C) Though D) Yet

Answers:

1. (a) 3.(d) 5. (d) 7. (c) 9. (d)
2. (d) 4. (b) 6. (b) 8.(a) 10.(a)

8. QUESTION TAG

1. *They loved each other very much, _____? The Suitable Question tag for the sentence is*

(a) *Did They* (b) *Don't they* (c) *Will they* (d) *Didn't they*

2. *You have a camera, _____?" The Suitable Question tag for the sentence is*

(a) *Did They* (b) *Don't you* (c) *Will they* (d) *Didn't they*

3. *He Studies well. The Suitable Question tag for the sentence is*

(a) *Doesn't he* (b) *Does he* (c) *Don't he* (d) *is it not*

4. *Latha drives the car carefully. The Suitable Question tag for the sentence is*

(a) *Doesn't he* (b) *Doesn't she* (c) *Don't he* (d) *is it not*

5. *They are playing football well. The Suitable Question tag for the sentence is*

(a) *Aren't they* (b) *Are they* (c) *do they* (d) *Don't they*

6. *Let's be happy on this christmas eve. The Suitable Question tag for the sentence is*

(a) *Shall we?* (b) *We shall* (c) *Shan't we* (d) *Shall we not*

7. *He has no interest in studies. The Suitable Question tag for the sentence is*

(a) *Does he* (b) *has he* (c) *is it* (d) *hasn't it*

8. *I am correct. The Suitable Question tag for the sentence is*

(a) *Are I* (b) *Aren't I* (c) *Am I* (d) *Am I not*

9. *You don't know how to solve the problem. The Suitable Question tag for the sentence is*

(a) *Do you* (b) *Don't you* (c) *is it* (d) *Isn't it*

10. *A little progress has been made. The Suitable Question tag for the sentence is*

(a) *Has it* (b) *is it* (c) *hasn't it* (d) *Wasn't it*

Answers:

1. (d) 3.(a) 5. (a) 7. (a) 9. (a)

2. (b) 4. (b) 6. (c) 8.(b) 10.(c)

9.PASSIVE VOICE

1.The world admires Gandhiji as a great leader. The passive form of the sentence is

- A)The world is admiring Gandhiji as a leader
- B)Gandhiji is admired as a great leader by the world
- C)Gandhiji was admired as a great leader by the world
- D)Gandhiji has been admired as a great leader by the world

2.Can you do it. The passive form of the sentence is

- A)You can do it
- B)how can you do it
- C)can you be done by it
- D)Can it be done by you

3.This is the one of the greatest piece of art. The positive degree of this sentence is.

- A)This is one of the great pieces of art.
- B)No other Piece of art is as great as this.
- C)Very few pieces of art are as great as this.
- D)NO other piece of art is greater than this.

4.The milkman brings the milk to my door. The passive of this sentence is

- A)The milk is being brought to my door by the milk man.
- B)The milk has been brought to my door by the milk man.
- C)The milk is brought to my door by the milk man.
- D)The milk was brought to my door by the milkman

5.Padma has written two books. The passive of this sentence is

- A)Two books have been written by padma
- B)Two books are written by padma
- C)Two books had been written by padma
- D)Two books will be written by padma.

6.Pasteur received many honours. The passive form of this

- A)Manyhonours are received by pasteur
- B)Many of ahonourare received by the pasteur
- C)Many honours were received by pasteur
- D) Many of ahonourwere received by the pasteur

7. Trains has always facinated me. The Passive form of this sentence is

- A) I have always been facinated by trains B) I am always facinated by trains
C) I am always being facinated by trains D) I was always facinated by trains.

8. The governor gave him a reward. The passive voice of this sentence is

- A) He got a reward from the governor B) He was rewarded by the governor
C) He will be rewarded by the governor D) He was given a reward by the governor.

9. Shakespeare has written many plays. The passive voice of this sentence is

- A) Many Plays have been written by Shakespeare
B) Many Plays are been written by Shakespeare
C) Many Plays had been written by Shakespeare
D) Many Plays were been written by Shakespeare

10. The Thieves broke the door using a hammer. The passive voice of this sentence is.

- A) Using a hammer the thieves broke the door
B) The thieves broke the door using the hammer
C) The door was broken with the hammer by the thieves
D) The door was broken by the thieves using a hammer.

Answers:

- 1. (b) 3.(c) 5. (a) 7. 9. (a)**
2. (d) 4. (c) 6. (c) 8.(d) 10.(d)

10.PREFIXES

1.The teacher was satisfied with the performance of the students. The suitable prefix that can be used here to form the opposite of the underlined word is

A)In B)Un C)Dis D)Non

2. One of the following takes the prefix ‘UN’

A)Fortune B)Fortunate C)Satisfaction D)Discipline

3. The Prefix which can be added to the ‘Biography’ is

A)Non B)Anti C)Auto D)Mis

4.The word that takes the prefix of ‘Un’ is

A)Complete B)Pure C)Usual D)Honour

5.The Prefix to be added to the word religious to form opposite is

A)dis B)un C)ir D)mis

6.One of the following word does not take prefix.

A)Known B)Steady C)Memory D)Pious.

7.One of the following has the wrong prefix.

A)Unreal B)Disinterested C)Non-Cooperation D)Inequal

8.The opposite word of Expensive when added Prefix is

A)Inexpensive B)Unexpensive C)Non-Expensive D)Dis Expensive

9.To get the opposite of ‘Perfect’ the prefix used is

A)im B)un C)In D)Dis

10. The opposite word of ‘ definable‘ can be formed by adding the prefix

A)in B)un C)non D)dis

Answers: 1. (c) 3.(c) 5. (c) 7. (d) 9. (a)

2. (b) 4. (c) 6. (c) 8.(a) 10.(b)

11.RHYMING WORD

1.Choose the pair that does not rhyme from the following.

A) Bright-Right B) Smiles-Wiles C) Stole-Pole D) See-Say

2.The Word that does not rhyme with took is

A) Book B) Hook C) Brook D) Cook

3. The Pair of words that does not rhyme is

A) Soul-Goal B) Bind-Mind C) But-Put D) Play-Way

4.The word which does not rhyme sweet is

A) Meat B) Heat C) Beat D) Great

5. The Word 'After' Does not match with

A) Daughter B) Matter C) Rafter D) Laughter

6. The Pair in which the words do not rhyme

A) Patter-Clatter B) Clink-Think C) Sizzle-Jingle D) Numble-Fumble

7. The word which does not rhyme with ground is

A) Found B) Sound C) Hound D) Pond

8. One of the following words does not rhyme to each other

A) Five B) Give C) Dive D) Hive

9. The Pair of rhyming word is

A) Me-Tree B) Fear-Bear C) So-Now D) Mould-Could

10. The Word that does not rhyme Bear is.

A) Glare B) Bare C) Seer D) Where

Answers:

1. (d) 3.(c) 5. (b) 7. (d) 9. (a)

2. (c) 4. (d) 6. (c) 8.(b) 10.(c)

12. MEANING

1. *The meaning of the word 'Ponder' is*
A) *Think* B) *Laugh* C) *Recite* D) *Speak*
2. *The meaning of the word 'Galliard' is*
A) *Horseback* B) *Coward* C) *Dance* D) *Fearless*
3. *The meaning of the word 'sunned' is*
A) *Tricked* B) *Nourished* C) *Covered* D) *Angered*
4. *The meaning of the word 'Legends' is*
A) *Fables* B) *Moral Stories* C) *Epics* D) *Stories*
5. *The meaning of the word 'Envy' is*
A) *Opinion* B) *Supreme* C) *Jealousy* D) *Honesty*
6. *The meaning of the word 'Bough' is*
A) *Branch* B) *Bend* C) *Bow* D) *Prostrate*
7. *The meaning of the word 'Stature' is*
A) *Rise up* B) *Status* C) *Height* D) *Position*
8. *The meaning of the word 'Yelping' is*
A) *Barking* B) *Howling* C) *Reciting* D) *Shouting*
9. *The meaning of the word 'Revere' is*
A) *Think* B) *Respect* C) *Offer* D) *Cut*
10. *The Meaning of the word 'Wretched' is*
A) *Awkward* B) *Sympathize* C) *Annoying* D) *Miserable*

Answers:

1. (A) 3.(b) 5. (c) 7. (c) 9. (b)
2. (c) 4. (d) 6. (a) 8.(a) 10.(d)

13. FIGURE OF SPEECH

- 1. "My legs are Pillars". The figure of speech used here is**
A) Personification B) Alliteration C) Metaphor D) Synecdoche
- 2. 'In me thou seest the twilight of such day' The figure of speech here is**
A) Oxymoron B) Metaphor C) Simile D) Alliteration
- 3. 'Fame shall sound thy praise from sea to sea' The figure of speech used here is**
A) Simile B) Metaphor C) Personification D) Alliteration
- 4. The Camel is the ship of the desert. The Figure of speech used here is**
A) Simile B) Irony C) Personification D) Metaphor
- 5. 'Reluctant sun out from the horizon'. The figure of speech used here is.**
A) Personification B) Metaphor C) Simile D) Irony
- 6. 'Like the Morse code of Bird's sorrow'. The figure of speech used here is**
A) Metaphor B) Simile C) Personification D) Alliteration
- 7. 'Love Swells like a solway but ebbs likes it's tide' The figure of speech is.**
A) Oxymoron B) Alliteration C) Simile D) Personification
- 8. 'She was an elfin pinnace' The figure of speech is**
A) Synecdoche B) metaphor C) Personification D) Irony
- 9. ' Unless my Soul's face let her see' The figure of speech used here is.**
A) Personification B) metaphor C) Synecdoche D) Irony
- 10. 'Went Heaving through the water like a swan' The figure of speech used here is.**
A) Metaphor B) Personification C) Oxymoron D) Simile

Answers:

- 1. (c) 3.(c) 5. (a) 7. (c) 9. (a)**
2. (b) 4. (d) 6. (b) 8.(b) 10.(d)

14. REPORTED FORM / INDIRECT SPEECH

1. "Where is Noida?" Said Ravi. The Reported form of this senece is

- A) Ravi said where is Noida B) Ravi Suggested where was noida
C) Ravi asked where was noida D) Ravi asked where noida was.**

2. "Where are you going tomorrow?" he said. The indirect speech of this sentence is

- A) He asked where he is going tomorrow B) He asked where he was going the next day
C) He asked where he has gone next day D) He asked where he went next day.**

3. Chandru said to me, "Did you drink Coffee" The Reported form of this sentence is

- A) Chandru asked me that I had drunk coffee B) Chandru asked me weather I had drunk coffee
C) Chandru asked/enquired if I had drunk coffee D) Chandru enquired me weather he had drunk coffee**

4. " Do you go to Mysore tomorrow?" he said. The reported form of this sentence

- A) He said that he is going to Mysore the next day.
B) He said that he was going to Mysore the Next day
C) He said weather he was going to Mysore the Next day
D) He asked weather he was going to Mysore the next day.**

5. Rajendra said us, "Are you going anywhere today?" The reported speech of this is

A) Rajendra enquired of us weather we were going away that day.

B) Rajendra enquired of us weather we are going away that day.

C) Rajendra enquired of us weather we would going away that day.

D) Rajendra enquired of us weather we would be going away that day.

6. He Said "The earth moves around the sun". The reported form of the speech is

A) He said that the earth moved around the sun.

B) He said that the earth moves around the sun.

C) He said that the earth is moving around the sun.

D) He said that the earth was moving around the sun.

7. He said to him "Why do you stop here?" The reported form of the speech is

A) He asked him why he had stopped there.

B) He asked him why he had been stopped there.

C) He asked him why he stopped there.

D) He asked him why he was stopping there.

8. He said to his servant "Do as I tell you. The reported form is

A) He ordered his servant to do as he told him

B) He ordered his servant to do as he was told him

C) He ordered his servant to do what he was told him

D) He ordered his servant to do what he told him

9. He said “May god pardon this sinner”. The reported speech of this sentence is

- A) He prayed to god to pardon the sinner**
- B) He prayed to god that the sinner be pardoned**
- C) He prayed to god that the sinner should be pardoned**
- D) He prayed to god would pardon the sinner**

10. He said “I am Right”. The reported form of the sentence is

- A) He said that he is right**
- B) He said that he was right**
- C) He said that he Would be right**
- D) He said that he might be right**

Answers:

- 1. (d) 3.(c) 5. (a) 7. (c) 9. (b)**
- 2. (b) 4. (d) 6. (b) 8.(a) 10.(b)**

15. DEGREE OF COMPARISON

1. *December is the coolest month in the year. The Comparative degree of these sentence*

A) *No other month in the year is as cool as December*

B) *December is cooler than any other month in the year*

C) *December is the coolest month*

D) *December is the one of the coolest month in the year*

2. *Sharada is one of the most popular doctors in our village. Positive degree of this sentence is*

A) *No other doctor in our village is as popular as sharadha*

B) *Very few doctors in our village are as popular as sharadha*

C) *Sharadha is a very popular doctor in our village*

D) *Shardha is more popular than most other doctor in village*

3. *Bangalore is the costlier city in India. The comparative degree of this sentence*

A) *Bangalore is costlier than any other city in India*

B) *Bangalore is costliest than any other city in india*

C) *Bangalore is one of the costliest city in india*

D) *No other city is as costly as bangalore*

4. *The U.S.A. is richer than any other country in the world. The superlative degree of this sentence is*

A) *The U.S.A. is richer than most other countries of world*

B) *The U.S.A. is the richest country in the world.*

C) *No other country in the world is as rich as U.S.A.*

D) *The U.S.A. is one of the richest country in the world*

5. Iron is the most useful metal. The positive degree of this sentence is

A) Iron is more useful than most other metals.

B) Iron is more useful than any other metals.

C) Iron is more useful than all other metals.

D) No other metal is useful as iron

6. The Boy is the best swimmer in the school. The comparative degree of this sentence is.

A) This boy is better than any other swimmer in the school

B) No other boy in the school is as good a swimmer as this boy

C) This boy is better swimmer than any other boy in the school

D) This boy is better than most other swimmers in the school

7. He is worse than all other drivers I have ever come across. The superlative degree of this sentence

A) He is the worst driver I have ever come across

B) No other driver I have come across is as bad as he.

C) He is worse than most drivers I have ever come across

D) He is one of the worse than most drivers I have ever come across

8. Mahatma Gandhiji is one of the greatest leaders of the world. The positive degree of the sentences is

A) Mahatma Gandhiji is greater than many other leaders in the world

B) Mahatma Gandhiji is greater than most other leaders in the world

C) Mahatma Gandhiji is greatest leader in the world

D) Very few leaders of the world are as great as Mahatma Gandhiji

9.R.K.Narayan is one of the best Indian writers in English. The comparative degree of this sentence is

A)R.K.Narayan is better than all other indian writers in English

B)Very few indian writers in English are better than R.K.Narayan

C)R.K.Narayan is better than most other indian writers in English

D)No other indian writer in english is as good as R.K.Naryan

Answers:

1. (a) 3.(a) 5. (d) 7. (a) 9. (c)

2. (b) 4. (b) 6. (a) 8.(d)

16. PARTS OF SPEECH

1. *The leader made a long speech about the needs of blind. The word Speech is*

A) An Adverb B) A Verb C) A Noun D) A Pronoun

2. *They raced along the London road. The underlined word is*

A) Noun B) Adverb C) Adjective D) Preposition

3. *Several of them passed in the examination. The underlined word is*

A) Adjective B) Noun C) Verb D) Pronoun

4. *Few People come here on Sundays. The underlined word is*

A) Noun B) Verb C) Adverb D) Adjective

5. *The Rich should be kind to the poor people. The word rich is*

A) An Adjective B) A noun C) A Pronoun D) An adverb

6. *I finished my break fast and went for an walk. The underlined word is*

A) Preposition B) Verb C) Adverb D) Conjunction

7. *Ah! That is perfect. The Part of speech of the underlined word*

A) Verb B) Noun C) Interjection D) Adverb

8. *Exercise your body and become strong. The part of speech underlined is*

A) Noun B) Verb C) Adjective D) Adverb

9. *He can speak Tamil as well as Malayalam. The part of speech underlined is.*

A) A Verb B) A conjunction C) A Preposition D) An adjective

10. *I was the Third of five sons. The part of speech underlined is.*

A) Pronoun B) Verb C) Adjective D) Adverb

Answers:

1. (c) 3.(d) 5. (b) 7. (c) 9. (b)

2. (c) 4. (d) 6. (d) 8.(b) 10.(b)

17. MODAL VERB

1. _____ *I have a cup of coffee please?*

A) *Should* B) *Would* C) *May* D) *Must*

2. We _____ *walk on the pavement otherwise we will meet with an accident.*

A) *May* B) *Can* C) *Must* D) *Will*

3. *Rajesh is very strong. He _____ lift a 100 kg. Bag. The appropriate model verb to be filled is*

A) *Will* B) *Would* C) *Can* D) *May*

4. *I _____ like to stay at home today. The appropriate model verb is*

A) *Would* B) *Could* C) *Might* D) *Should*

5. _____ *We go to the movie this weekend The appropriate model verb is*

A) *Will* B) *Can* C) *Shall* D) *May*

6. *He _____ Go. The appropriate model verb is*

A) *Could* B) *Will* C) *Might* D) *Can*

7. *He _____ be there now. The appropriate model verb is*

A) *Will* B) *Shall* C) *Must* D) *Could*

8. *He _____ do as I say. The appropriate model verb is*

A) *Will* B) *Could* C) *Must* D) *Can*

9. *I _____ Do that for you. The appropriate model verb is*

A) *Would* B) *Could* C) *May* D) *Can*

Answers:

1. (c) 3.(c) 5. (c) 7. (d) 9. (a)

2. (c) 4. (a) 6. (b) 8.(c)