_	GEOGRAPHY ANSWER KEY		<u>FY - 337</u>
Q.No	Value points	Split score	Score
1	C.Erathosthenes	1	1
2	A.Geomorphology	1	
3	B. Pacific plate	1	
4	D. Anaimudi	1	
5	B. Manipur	1	
6	A. Crust	1	
7	Inner planets - Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars	1	2
	Outer planets - Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, Neptune	1	
8	Volcanic Earth Quake – due to volcanic eruption	1	
	Explosion Earth Quake – due to chemical or atomic explosion	1	2
9	-Massive irregularly shaped solid slab of rock	1	2
	-Any one example	1	
10	Dust paticles act as hygroscopic nuclei around which water vapour condenses to produce clouds	2	2
11	- influence climate of marine and coastal areas	1	2
	- help to replenish oxygen and favour the growth of	1	2
	planktons		
	Or any other relevant points (any 2)	1	2
12	Absolute Humidity – actual amount of water vapour	1	
	Relative Humidity - The percentage of moisture present in the atmosphere as compares to its full capacity at given		
	temperature	1	
13	-Proposed by Hess	1	2
	-Constant eruption causes rupture of ocean crust, new lava	-	
	wedges into it pushing the oceanic crust on either side		
	resulting in spreading of ocean floor.	1/2×4=2	2
14	Temperature, pressure, wind, humidity, clouds and		
	precipitation (any four)	2	2
15	Total content of dissolved salts in sea water	1+1	2
16	Pressure gradient force, frictional force, coriolis force (any 2)		
10			
17	- Introduced by Alexander Von Humboldt	1	
	- Studied world over as a whole	1	3
	- Branches are physical, human and biogeography	1	
18	Temperature, pressure, density, meteors, gravity,	1+1+1	3
	magnetism, seismic waves (any 3)		
19	- A plant and animal community that covers a large	2	
		-	
	geographical area		3

FIRST YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY MODEL EXAMINATION - 2021 GEOGRAPHY ANSWER KEY EY - 337

20	- Continuous flow of huge amount of water in a definite direction	1	3
	- Heating by solar energy, wind, gravity, coriolis force (any 2)	1+1	5
21	 Rocks form due to cooling of lava within the crust to write about batholith, lacolith, lapolith, phacolith, dyke, 	1 1+1	3
22	sill, sheet (any 2) 1. Semi-diurnal tide	1/2+1/2+1/2	
22	2. Diurnal tide 3. Mixed tide	1/2+1/2+1/2	3
	- To write about each	1/2+1/2+1/2	
23	8° 4' N to 37° 6' N Responsible for large variations in landforms climate, soil	2	3
24	types and natural vegitation. - Helps the navigators and fishermen	1	
24	 Ships can enter easily in shallow harbours during high tides Removes polluted water from river estuaries Or any other relevant points (any 3) 	1	3
25	Any 3 characteristics of Himalayan rivers	1+1+1	3
26	Floods, Landslides, Tsunami etc. (Any 3)	1+1+1	3
27	- When the sun, the moon and the Earth are in a straight line, the tidal heights will be higher	1	
	 Occur twice a month One on full moon period and another during new moon period 	1 2	4
28	P Waves - Similar to sound waves - Travel through any medium	1+1	
	S Waves - Slower than P-Waves - Travel only through solid medium Or any other relevant points	1+1	4
29	Divergent boundaries - Regions where new crust is generated as the plates pull away from each other. These sites are known as spreading sites	1+1	4
	Convergent Boundaries - Boundaries where the crust is destroyed as one plate dived under another. These sites are known as subduction zones	1+1	
30	To write any 4 features of the crust	1+1+1+1	4
31	To explain rock cycle or to illustrate	1+1+1+1	4

32	- To define weathering	1	
	- To write about any 3 chemical weathering processes	1+1+1	4
33	- To list any 6 soil types	1/2×6=3	4
00	- To explain any 1	1	
34	- To write any 2 features of west coast	1+1	4
54		1+1	4
	- To write any 2 features of east coast		
35	- To write any 4 features of Andaman and Nicobar islands	1+1+1+1	4
36	- To write any 4 human activities that increase the intensity	1+1+1+1	
	of floods		4
37	- Proposed by Alfred Wegner	1	
	- To write the continental drift theory	3	6
	- To list out any 4 evidences in support to the theory	2	Ŭ
	- To list out any 4 evidences in support to the theory	2	
38	- To identify the layers of atmosphere	2	
00	- To explain about these layers (1 point each)	4	6
		-	Ŭ
39	To write any 6 characteristics of Northern Plains		
55	(Length, Breadth, Depth, the names of rivers that deposited	1×6	6
	alluvium, sub-divisions or any other relevant points	1~0	0
	and vium, sub-divisions of any other relevant points		
40	a) Chennai		
	b) The Indian Desert		
	c) Konkan Coast		
	d) Lakshadweep Islands		
	e) Palk Strait		
	f) Nilgiri Hills		
	, ,		
	To identify the geo-information	1/2×6=3	
		_,	6
	To locate the geo-information	1/2×6=3	
		_,	
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