

Circles

Ans) Given , $\angle BDC = 50^{\circ}$ All angles made by an arc on the So, $\angle BAC = 50^{\circ}$ alternate arc are equal Given, $\angle ACD = 30^{\circ}$ So, $\angle ABD = 30^{\circ}$ Given , \angle CBD = 45° 100° 30 80 55 So, $\angle CAD = 45^{\circ}$ 45 80° 50° 100 Consider \triangle ABC, $\angle ACB = 180^{\circ} - (50^{\circ} + 75^{\circ}) = 180^{\circ} - 125^{\circ} = 55^{\circ}$ So \angle ADB = 55° Consider \triangle AOD , \angle AOD = 180° - (55° + 45°) = 180° - 100° = 80° \angle DOC = 180° - 80° = 100° (Linear pair) \angle AOD = \angle BOC = 80° (opposite angles) \angle DOC = \angle AOB = 100° (opposite angles) Angles of the quadrilateral are Angles between diagonals are $\angle AOD = \angle BOC = 80^{\circ}$ $\angle A = 45^{\circ} + 50^{\circ} = 95^{\circ}$ \angle DOC = \angle AOB = 100° $\angle B = 30^{\circ} + 45^{\circ} = 75^{\circ}$ $\angle C = 55^{\circ} + 30^{\circ} = 85^{\circ}$ $\angle D = 50^{\circ} + 55^{\circ} = 105^{\circ}$ **Assignment** Q1) In the figure PQRS is an isosceles trapezium S and QR is extended to X . $If < SRX = 100^{\circ}$, 100° find all angles of PQRS? X R Q2) Prove that any non-isosceles trapezium is not cyclic? Cecilia Joseph, St. John De Britto's A. I. H. S, Fortkochi

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