


SOCIAL SCIENCE

Standard : X

Time : 2½ Hours
Total Score : 80**Instructions :**

- Fifteen minute is cool off time.
- Read the questions and instructions carefully before writing the answers.
- While answering the questions, consider score and time.

Answer 1, 2 questions. Each carries 1 score (2x1 = 2)

1. Name the land revenue system implemented by the British in Bengal, Bihar and Orissa.
2.  - Identify the geographical feature represented by this symbol in topographical maps

**Answer any six questions from Qn. 3 to 9.
Each carries 2 score (6x2 = 12)**

3. Differentiate between Surcharge and Cess
4. Mention any two causes for Kurichya Revolt.
5. List any two contexts where the possibilities of intervisibility in topographical maps can be used.
6. What were the major decisions of Lahore session of Indian National Congress in 1929?
7. What do the following statements regarding remote sensing indicates?
 - (a) The amount of electro magnetic radiation reflected by each object.
 - (b) The device used for data collection in remote sensing.
8. Name the Act that led to the Jallianwala Bagh Massacre . What was the major provision of this Act?
9. Citizenship is the full and equal membership in a nation. Mention the two types of citizenship.

Answer any six questions from Qn. 10 to 16.

Each carries 3 score (6 x 3 = 18)

10. What do you mean by commercialisation of agriculture? Explain the circumstances that led the farmers to commercialisation of agriculture.
11. English education was introduced in India to prepare a generation that favour English lifestyles. This has created a different effect among Indians. Substantiate.
12. The bills obtained from shops are often marked with SGST, CGST and IGST. What does these represent?
13. What are contour lines? List the things that can be assessed from the contour lines in a topographical map.
14. Explain the role played by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in the integration of princely states.
15. What are the principles in the Panchasheel?
16. What were the proposals put forward by social reformers to bring about fundamental changes in the Indian society? Write any three.

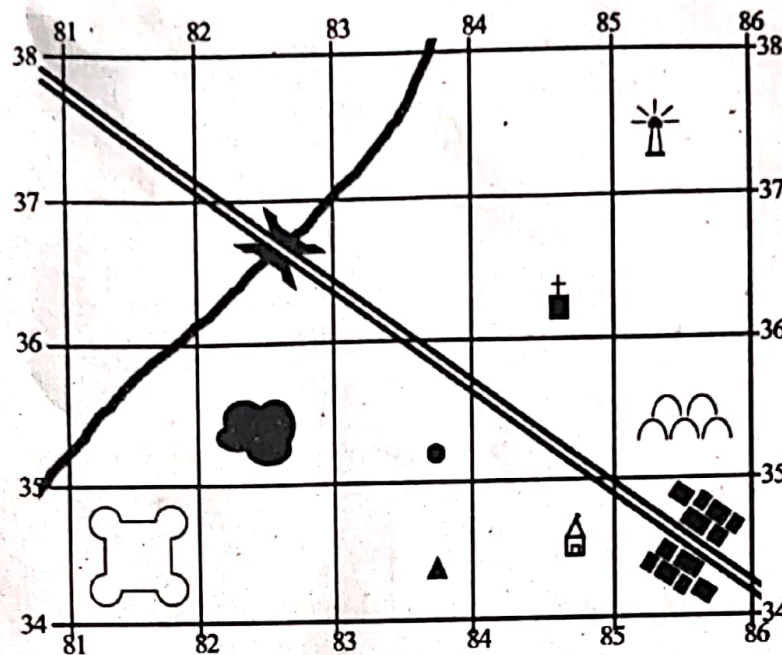
Answer any nine questions from Qn. 17 to 26.

Each carries 4 score (9 x 4 = 36)

17. How did the miseries of British Indian soldiers cause the revolt of 1857? Explain.
18. Identify the theories regarding the origin of state from the given hints.
 - (a) The establishment of power by the strong over the weak
 - (b) The result of a contract by the people
 - (c) Formed by social evolution
 - (d) State is the creation of God
19. Complete the table

Reform Movements	Reformers
Ramakrishna Mission	(a)
(b)	Annie Besant
Aligarh Movement	(c)
(d)	Sree Narayana Guru

20. Explain the achievements of independent India in space research.
21. What are topographical maps? List any three uses of topographical maps.
22. Explain the results of early struggles of Gandhiji in India.
23. Answer the following questions by analysing the given model reference grids.



- (i) Identify any one physical feature shown in the grids.
- (ii) Identify the geographical features with six figure grid reference 853373.
- (iii) Locate the lake using four figure grid reference method.
- (iv) Locate the tube well using six figure grid reference method.
24. Arrange the items in column B appropriate to column A

A	B
1. INSAT	Aerial Remote Sensing
2. IRS	Geo stationary Satellite
3. Stereoscope	Geographic Information System
4. Computer software	Sun synchronous Satellite.

25. Explain the basic factors of a state.
26. Explain any four sources of non - tax revenue of government.

Answer the questions 27 & 28
Each carries 6 score (2x6 = 12)

27. The movements and persons who had difference of opinion towards Gandhian approach played a crucial role in the National Struggle of India. Substantiate.

OR

Explain the National Struggles of Indian National Congress led by Gandhiji.

28. What is Remote Sensing? Classify and explain Remote Sensing by using the given hints :

Hints :

- Source of energy
- Platform

OR

Explain the modern techniques in geography based on the given hints.

Hints :

- Geographical Information System and its uses
- Global Positioning System and its method of function.