

SECOND TERMINAL EXAMINATIONS 2017-18

ANSWER KEY • CHEMISTRY • CLASS IX

Q. N	ANSWER	SCORE	Total	Choice												
1	<i>Atomic Number</i>	1	1	Any Four												
2	<i>Oxygen</i>	1	1													
3	4	1	1													
4	<i>Quick lime (CaO)</i>	1	1													
5	<i>Alkaline</i>	1	1													
6	<i>b) Alkali metal has the lowest ionization energy in the period</i>	1	2	Any Four												
	<i>c) Usually the oxidation number of metals will be positive</i>	1														
7	<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width:33%;">A Scientist</th> <th style="width:33%;">B Attempts of classification</th> <th style="width:33%;">C Major Disadvantage</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><i>Dobereiner</i></td> <td><i>Triads</i></td> <td><i>Not able to classify all elements</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td><i>Mendeleev</i></td> <td><i>Periodic table</i></td> <td><i>Not able to keep the actual increasing order of atomic mass</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Metals and Non-metals</td> <td>Not able to classify Metalloids</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	A Scientist	B Attempts of classification		C Major Disadvantage	<i>Dobereiner</i>	<i>Triads</i>	<i>Not able to classify all elements</i>	<i>Mendeleev</i>	<i>Periodic table</i>	<i>Not able to keep the actual increasing order of atomic mass</i>		Metals and Non-metals	Not able to classify Metalloids	2	2
	A Scientist	B Attempts of classification	C Major Disadvantage													
	<i>Dobereiner</i>	<i>Triads</i>	<i>Not able to classify all elements</i>													
	<i>Mendeleev</i>	<i>Periodic table</i>	<i>Not able to keep the actual increasing order of atomic mass</i>													
	Metals and Non-metals	Not able to classify Metalloids														
8	X= H^+ Y= H_3O^+	1 1	2													
9	(a)The P^H of soil is an important factor for crops . <i>It is important to identify whether the soil of a suitable region is suitable for a particular crop.</i> For some crops , soil with acidic nature is suitable and for some other crops , soil with alkaline nature is suitable.	1	2													
	(b) Sprinkling of <i>Slaked lime</i>	1														
10	a) <i>Ammonium chloride - NH_4Cl and Calcium hydroxide - $Ca(OH)_2$</i>	1	2													
	b)The moist red litmus paper <i>turns blue</i>	1														
11	a) <i>Orbit (Shell)</i>	1	3													
	b) 3 / <i>Third Shell / M</i>	1														
	c) 18	1														
12	a) <i>Ionic</i>	1	3													
	b) <i>B and C</i>	1														
	c) <i>A_2B</i>	1														
13	a) <i>Sulphate (SO_4^{2-})</i>	1	3													
	b) <i>Sulphuric Acid (H_2SO_4)</i>	1														
	c) <i>Fungicide</i>	1														

14	a) A (The First one)	1	3	
	b) When <i>hydrogen is burned completely in oxygen , water is the only product formed.</i>	1		
	c) hydrogen is not easily available/ <i>Burns explosively in air</i> /Storage and distribution is very difficult	1		
15	a) B	1	3	
	b) F	1		
	c) B	1		
16	a) In laboratory , oxygen is prepared by <i>heating crystals of Potassium permanganate (KMnO₄)</i> in a dry boiling tube	1	4	
	b) <i>Heavy water</i> (Deuterium oxide)	1		
	c) <i>Ozone absorbs Ultra Violet rays</i> emitted by the sun	1		
	d) <i>ChloroFluoroCarbons (CFCs)</i>	1		
17	a) 2,8,5	1	4	
	b) 10	1		
	c) P	1		
	d) 2,8,1	1		
18	a) KMnO₄ , Conc. HCl	1	4	Any Four
	b) <i>To absorb water</i> vapour formed along with Chlorine	1		
	c) <i>Bleaching powder</i> is prepared by <i>passing Chlorine gas over dry slaked lime</i>	1		
	d) <i>For bleaching/ For the preparation of insecticides/ To remove stains of fabrics/ For purification of water (Any two)</i>	1		
19	a) A = H₂PO₄⁻ B = PO₄³⁻	2	4	
	b) Tribasic	1		
	c) 3	1		
20	a) Correct Procedure	2	4	
	b) NaOH + HCl → NaCl + H₂O	1		
	c) Sodium Sulphate (Na₂SO₄) / Sodium hydrogen sulphate or Sodium bisulphate (NaHSO₄)	1		
Prepared by Unmesh B Govt VHSS Kallara 9946099800				