

## ANTHROPOLOGY

<b>Unit 1 Anthropological Research Methods and Techniques</b>
<p><b>Scientific Research in Anthropology</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Science and Scientific Method</li> <li>• Characteristic of Scientific Method</li> <li>• Steps of Scientific Method</li> <li>• Subjectivity and Objectivity</li> </ul> <p><b>Method, Methodology, Approach and Perspectives</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Approaches of Anthropological Research</li> <li>• Anthropological Data</li> </ul> <p><b>Methods in Anthropology</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Observation as a method</li> <li>• Case Study method</li> <li>• Geneological Method</li> <li>• Survey Method</li> </ul> <p><b>Tools and Techniques of Anthropological Research</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Questionnaire</li> <li>• Interview</li> <li>• Schedule</li> </ul>
<b>Unit 2 Anthropological Theories of Culture</b>
<p><b>Cultural Evolutionism</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Classical Evolutionism-British , American And German</li> <li>• Neo Evolutionism- British and American</li> </ul> <p><b>Diffusionism</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• British, German and American</li> </ul> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><b>Functionalism</b></p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><b>StructuralFunctionalim</b></p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><b>Structuralism</b></p> <p><b>Culture and Personality School of Thought</b></p>
<b>Unit 3 Civilisational and Village Studies in Anthropology</b>
<p><b>Civilisational School in Anthropology</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Folk Society</li> <li>• Peasant Society</li> <li>• Folk -Urban Continuum</li> </ul> <p><b>Tradition</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Great Tradition and Little Tradition</li> <li>• Universalisation and Parochialisation</li> </ul> <p><b>Dynamics of Village life</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Culture of Poverty</li> <li>• Rural Cosmopolitan</li> <li>• Dominant Caste</li> <li>• Sanskritisation</li> <li>• Westernisation</li> <li>• Sacred Complex</li> <li>• Jajmani System</li> </ul>

<b>Unit 4 Medical Anthropology</b>
<p><b>Meaning and scope of Medical Anthropology</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Concept of Health illness and disease</li> <li>• Relation Among Culture Health and Disease</li> </ul> <p><b>Medical Pluralism in India</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Traditional and Modern Medical Systems</li> <li>• Ethnomedicine</li> </ul>
<b>Unit 5 Ecological Anthropology</b>
<p><b>Meaning and scope of Ecological Anthropology</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Population ecology, Cultural ecology and Ethno ecology</li> <li>• Environmental Determinism and Environmental Possibilism.</li> </ul> <p><b>Adaptation</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Types of Adaptation</li> <li>• Stages of Eco -cultural Adaptation</li> <li>• Environmental movements</li> </ul>
<b>Unit 8 Tribes and Marginalised people</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Concept of Tribe</li> <li>• Scheduled tribe</li> <li>• Features of Tribal life</li> <li>• PVTGs</li> <li>• Tribes of kerala</li> <li>• Concept of Scheduled Caste</li> </ul>