

**FIRST REVISION TEST I**  
**MODEL TEST 2**  
**SCIENCE**

**TOTAL MARKS: 75**

**DURATION: 2.5 hr**

**Class: 10**

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I Choose the most suitable answer and write the code with the corresponding answer: 12x1=12

1. Inertia of body depends on \_\_\_\_\_
  - a) weight of the body
  - b) mass of the object
  - c) acceleration due to gravity of the planet
  - d) both a and b
2. Newton's III law is applicable
  - a) For a body is at rest
  - b) Both a & b
  - c) for a body in motion
  - d) only for bodies with equal masses
3. One kilogram force equals is
  - a) 9.8 dyne
  - b)  $9.8 \times 10^4$  dyne
  - c)  $9.8 \times 10^4$  N
  - d) 980 dyne
4. The refractive index of four substances A,B,C and D are 1.31,1.43,1.33,2.4 respectively. The speed of light is maximum in
  - a) A
  - b) C
  - c) B
  - d) D
5. The eye defect 'presbyopia' can be corrected by
  - a) Convex lens
  - b) Convex mirror
  - c) concave lens
  - d) bi focal lens
6. Where should an object be placed so that a real and inverted image of same size is obtained by convex lens
  - a) f
  - b) infinity
  - c) 2f
  - d) between f and 2f
7. Which of the following is a triatomic molecule?
  - a) Glucose
  - b) Carbon dioxide
  - c) Helium
  - d) Hydrogen
8. Mass of 1 mole of nitrogen atom is
  - a) 28 amu
  - b) 28 g
  - c) 14 amu
  - d) 14 g
9. Which of the following has the smallest mass?
  - a)  $6.023 \times 10^{23}$  atoms of He
  - b) 2 g of He
  - c) 1 atom of He
  - d) 1 mole atoms of He
10. Casparian strips are present in the \_\_\_\_\_ of the root.
  - a) Cortex
  - b) Pericycle
  - c) pith
  - d) endodermis
11. Kreb's cycle take place in
  - a) Chloroplast
  - b) Stomata
  - c) mitochondria matrix
  - d) inner mitochondrial membrane
12. The endarch condition is the characteristic feature of
  - a) Root
  - b) Leaves
  - c) stem
  - d) flower

**II Answer any 7 questions ( Q.No.22 is compulsory)**

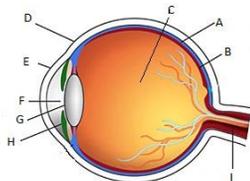
**7X2=14**

13. What are chloroplast and write the functions of chloroplast?
14. Draw the overview of Hill and Calvin cycle?
15. Define respiratory quotient?
16. Write the applications of concave lens?
17. Define atomicity?
18. Match the following:
  1. 8 g of O<sub>2</sub> - 4 moles
  2. 4 g of H<sub>2</sub> - 0.25 moles
  3. 52 g of He - 2 moles
  4. 35.5 g of Cl<sub>2</sub> - 0.5 moles
19. Define dispersion of light?
20. Write the functions of epidermal tissue system?
21. Differentiate mass and weight?
22. If a 5 N and 15 N forces are acting opposite to one another. Find the resultant force and the direction of the resultant force?

**III Answer any 7 questions (Q.No.32 is compulsory)**

**7X4=28**

23. Define inertia. Give its classification?
24. Two bodies have a mass ratio 3:4. The force applied on the bigger mass produces an acceleration of 12ms<sup>-2</sup>. What could be the acceleration of the other body, if the same force acts on it?
25. Explain the rules for obtaining images formed by a convex lens with the help of a ray diagram?
26. What are plastids and give its types?
27. Write the different types of isotopes of oxygen and its percentage abundance?
28. List the properties of light?
29. Define relative atomic mass?
30. What is photosynthesis and where in a cell does it occur?
31. Differentiate aerobic and anaerobic respiration ?
32. Identify and label the parts?



**IV Answer all the questions. Draw diagram wherever necessary**

**7X3=21**

33. a) State newton's second law of motion?
- c) Deduce the equation of a force using Newton's second law of motion

OR

Differentiate the eye defects: Myopia and Hypermetropia.

34. Give the salient features of modern atomic theory?

OR

- a) Differentiate atoms and molecules?
- b) Differentiate homoatomic and heteroatomic mole . Give one example each?

35. Draw and explain types of Vascular Bundles?

OR

Describe and name three stages of cellular respiration the aerobic organisms use to obtain energy from glucose ?