

DIET KANNUR
MUKULAM SSLC MODEL EXAMINATION 2022
PHYSICS

Time: 1½ Hours

Total Score: 40

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- The first 15 minutes is the cool off time.
- You may use the time to read and plan your answers.
- Write answers that you can write with confidence first.
- The question number and the sub-question number should be clearly written.

PART-I

A. Answer any four questions from 1 to 6. Each carries 1 score. (4 x 1 = 4)

1. Which is the correct equation to find power of an electric device ?
($P = \frac{V^2}{R}$, $P = \frac{R}{V^2}$, $P = V^2R$, $P = R^2V$)
2. Identify relation between the first pair and complete the second pair.
LPG : Butane ; CNG :
3. Among the following which is a non renewable energy source?
(Biogas, Biomass, Coal, Solar energy)
4. Identify the statement related to a step-down transformer.
 - a) Thick wire is used in the primary.
 - b) Current in the primary is greater.
 - c) Voltage in the secondary is greater.
 - d) Current in the secondary is greater.
5. A current carrying conductor kept in a magnetic field experience a force. This principle is known as
6. Magnification of a spherical mirror is found to be + 0.5. Identify the type of mirror ?

B. Answer all questions from 7 to 9. Each carries 1 score. (3 x 1 = 3)

7. Which device is used to measure household electrical energy ?
(voltmeter, watt hour meter, galvanometer, ammeter)
8. How many images are formed when two plane mirrors are arranged at an angle of 90°
(1 , 2 , 3 , 4)
9. Name any two devices that work using solar energy.

PART-II

A. Answer the following question. Carries 2 scores. (1 x 2 = 2)

10. One of the reasons behind excess current flow in an electrical circuit is over loading.
 - a. Write another reason for excess current in circuits.
 - b. If the current in an electric circuit is increased to two times how much times will the heat increase ?

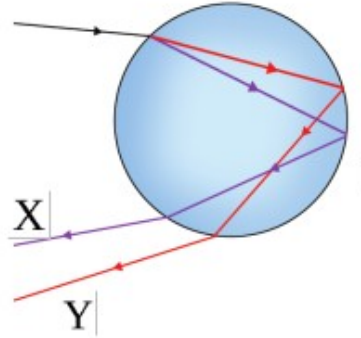
B. Answer any one question from 11 to 12. Each carries 2 scores. (1 x 2 = 2)

11. Compare the magnetic properties of a current carrying solenoid and a bar magnet.
12. What do you mean by calorific value of a fuel? In which unit it is expressed?

PART-III

A. Answer any three questions from 13 to 16. Each carries 3 scores. (3 x 3 = 9)

13. Dispersion of sunlight caused by the water droplets during the formation of a rainbow is depicted.



- a) Name the colours represented as X and Y in the figure ?
- b) Where will be the Sun when the rainbow is seen in the East ?
- c) Why dispersion occur when sunlight passes through the droplets of water ?

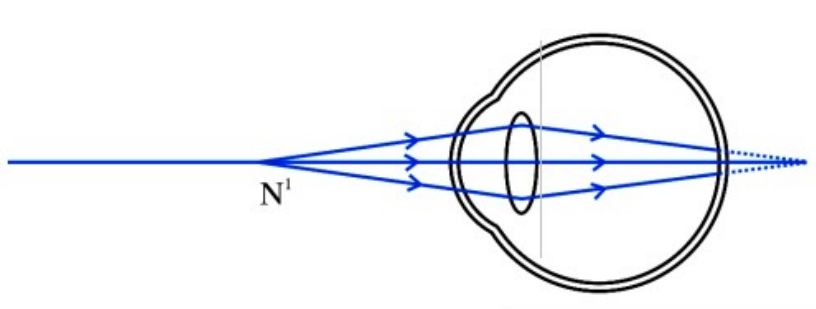
14. Explain the following terms related to a lens?

- a) optic centre
- b) centre of curvature
- c) principal axis

15. The critical angle of glass is 42° .

- a) What is critical angle ?
- b) Name the phenomenon which occurs when the angle of incidence is greater than the critical angle.
- c) Write two practical applications of this phenomenon in our day to day life.

16. The figure shows the image formation in the eyes of a person with defective eye.



- a) Name the defect of this eye ?
- b) Give two reasons for this defect ?
- c) How this defect can be rectified?

B. Answer the following question. Carries 3 scores.

(1 x 3 = 3)

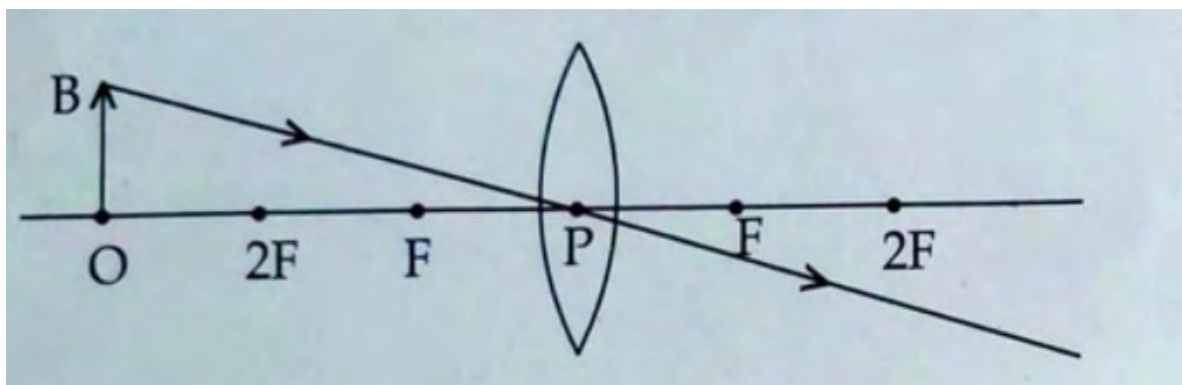
17. Tungsten is used as the filament in incandescent lamps.

- a) Write two reasons for using tungsten as the filament?
- b) Why the bulb of an incandescent lamp is filled with an inert gas?
- c) The use of incandescent lamps is to be restricted. Why?

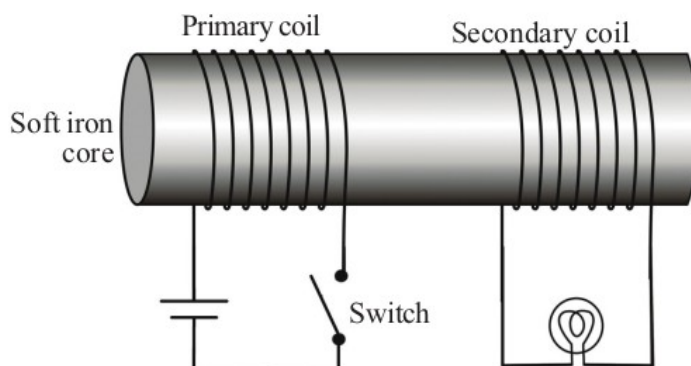
PART IV

A. Answer any two questions from 18 to 20. Each carries 4 scores. (2 x 4 = 8)

18. Observe the ray diagram given below.



- Complete the ray diagram and find the position of the image.
 - Write two features of the image.
19. The focal length of a concave mirror is 12 cm. An object of height 2 cm is placed at a distance of 20 cm away from this mirror. Calculate the following.
- The distance to image from the mirror.
 - Magnification
 - Height of the image
20. In the figure given below the bulb connected in the secondary glows only when the switch in the primary is turned on and off.



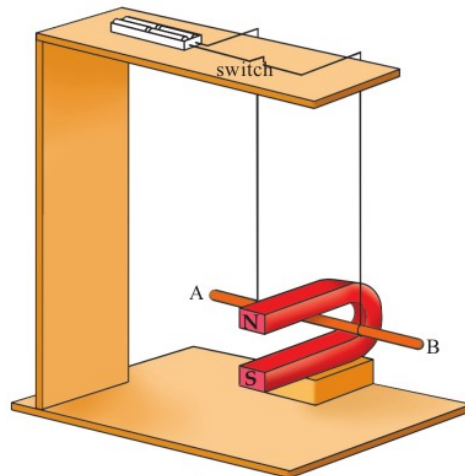
- What change is to be made in the primary circuit if the bulb in the secondary is to glow continuously?
- Why does the bulb in the secondary glow continuously when such a change is made in the primary?
- Write the name of a device that works using this principle?

B. Answer any one question from 21 to 22. Each carries 4 scores. (1 x 4 = 4)

21. A healthy eye can form the image of objects from far point up to near point on the retina.

- What is meant by near point?
- By which name is the ability of the eye to form an image on the retina by adjusting the focal length of the lens in the eye known?
- Explain how the focal length of the lens in the eye changes when we look at nearer and far objects?

22. Observe the figure given below.



- If an electric current passes from A to B through the conductor AB, then in which direction the conductor will move? (Inwards the magnet, Outwards the magnet)
- Name the rule helps to find the direction of motion of the conductor?
- Write two methods to reverse the direction of motion of the conductor?

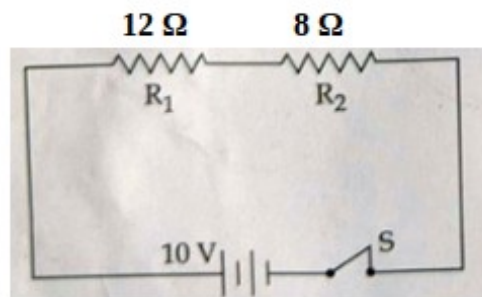
PART V

A. Answer any one question from 23 to 24. Each carries 5 scores. (1 x 5 = 5)

23. The working principle of a generator and a moving coil microphones are the same.

- Write the working principle of these devices ?
- What change must be done in the structure of an AC generator to convert it into a DC generator?
- Draw the graph of the output emf from a DC generator?
- Explain how sound energy is converted into electrical signals in a moving coil microphone.

24. Observe the circuit diagram and answer the following questions.



- Write down the way of connecting resistors in the circuit.
- Find out the effective resistance of the circuit?
- Calculate the current through the circuit.
- Calculate the heat produced in the 8 Ω resistor if current flows for 5 minutes.