

MODEL SECOND REVISION TEST – 2022 (2)

TIME : 3.00 HOURS

MAX.MARKS : 100

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Instructions :

(1) Check the question paper for the fairness of printing. If there is any lack of fairness, inform the hall supervisor immediately.

(2) Use Blue or Black pen to write and pencil to draw and underline.

Note : This question paper contains four parts.

PART - I

Note : Answer all the questions. Choose the most suitable answer and write the code with the corresponding answer. (14 x 1 = 14 Marks)

- Who was the founder of Namdhari Movement?
a) Baba Dayal Das c) Baba Ramsingh
b) Gurunanak d) Jyotiba Phule
- Who was the Commander-in-Chief responsible for the new military regulations in Vellore fort?
a) Col. Fancourt c) Major Armstrong
b) Sir John Cradock d) Colonel Agnew
- The Second World War came to an end in the year _____.
a) 1918 b) 1935 c) 1939 d) 1945
- When was the Charter of the UN signed?
a) June 26, 1942 c) June 26, 1945
b) January 1, 1942 d) January 1, 1945
- The longest dam in the world is _____.
a) Mettur dam c) Kosi dam
b) Hirakud dam d) Bhakra-Nangal dam
- Colonial advent in India
a) Portuguese, Dutch, English, Danish, French
b) Dutch, English, Danish, French
c) Portuguese, Danish, Dutch, French, English
d) Danish, Portuguese, French, English, Dutch
- _____ is the leading producer of iron ore in the country.
a) Tamil Nadu c) Uttar Pradesh
b) Jharkhand d) Madhya Pradesh
- The level of urbanization is measured in term of percentage of _____ population.
a) Rural c) Urban
b) International d) National
- Assertion (A) : The Governor is the constitutional head of the State Executive.
Reason (R) : The Article 154 vests the Executive power of the State in the Governor.
a) (A) is false but (R) is true
b) (A) is true but (R) is false
c) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct reason for (A)
d) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct reason for (A)

10. Find the odd one
a) Social welfare c) Health care
b) Diplomacy d) Domestic affairs
11. _____ is the process of providing or obtaining the food necessary for health and growth.
a) Health c) Nutrition
b) Sanitation d) Security
12. In which year was Sati abolished?
a) 1827 c) 1829
b) 1826 d) 1927
13. Assertion (A) : Alluvial soil is formed by the deposition of eroded and decayed materials brought by the rivers.
Reason (R) : Paddy and wheat are grown well in the soil.
(a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) explains (A)
(b) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) does not explain (A)
(c) (A) is correct (R) is false
(d) (A) is false (R) is true
14. Whose campaign and work led to the enactment of Widow Remarriage Reform Act of 1856?
a) Iswarchandra Vidyasagar c) Raja Rammohan Roy
b) Annie Besant d) Jyotiba Phule

PART - II

Note : Answer any ten questions. Question No.28 is compulsory.

(10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

15. What do you know of Beveridge Report?
16. Identify the Palayams based on the division of east and west.
17. Write a note on reforms of Ramalinga Adigal.
18. Why was Colonel Heron dismissed from service?
19. What is Multipurpose project?
20. State the uses of magnesium.
21. State the types of agriculture practices in India.
22. List out the member countries of SAARC.
23. What do you understand by the "Appellate Jurisdiction" of the High Court?
24. Explain India's nuclear policy.
25. Write any two positive impact of Globalization.
26. Define food security according to FAO.
27. Distinguish between Metallic and Non-Metallic minerals.
28. Write a note on Parsi reform movement in India.

PART - III

Note : Answer any ten questions. Question No.42 is compulsory.

(10 x 5 = 50 Marks)

29. Evaluate the contributions of Ramakrishna Paramahansa and Swami Vivekananda to regenerate Indian society.
30. Account for the outbreak of Vellore Revolt in 1806.
31. Analyze the effects of the World War II.
32. Explain the types of farming.
33. What is multipurpose projects and write about any two multipurpose projects of India.
34. Write a detailed note on Non-alignment.
35. Describe the legislative powers of the Governor.
36. Elaborate the Public Distribution System.
37. Elucidate why the Green Revolution was born.
38. Bring out the distribution and density of population in India.
39. Critically examine the functions and powers of the Council of Ministers.
40. Highlight the tragic fall of Sivagangai and its outcome.
41. Draw a Timeline for any five important events of World History 1930 – 1960.
42. In the given World map mark the following places :
 - 1) Hiroshima
 - 2) New Zealand
 - 3) Hawaii Island
 - 4) Japan
 - 5) Italy

PART – IV

Note : Answer the following questions.

(2 x 8 = 16 Marks)

43. a) Attempt an essay on the rise and fall of Adolf Hitler.
(OR)
b) Mention the causes and result of the revolt of 1806.
44. a) Mark the places on the given outline Map of India.
 - 1) Bhakra Nangal Project
 - 2) Any one nuclear power station
 - 3) Largest deposit of Manganese
 - 4) Mark the regions of Forest and Mountain soil
 - 5) Damodar Dam
 - 6) Most populous state in India
 - 7) Delineate the main regions of black soil
 - 8) Any one centre of petroleum production centre**(OR)**
b) Mark the places on the given outline Map of India.
 - 1) Malakand Project
 - 2) Least urbanized state
 - 3) Demarcate the regions of Arid and Desert soil
 - 4) Idukki Dam
 - 5) Densely populated state
 - 6) Malakand Project
 - 7) Any one Mica producing area
 - 8) Demarcate the major tracts of alluvial soils

FRAMED BY – VISHNU