

REVISION TEST – II  
MODEL QUESTION – 2  
SOCIAL SCIENCE

CLASS: X

MARKS: 100

TIME: 3 Hrs.

PART - I

**I. Choose the correct answer**

**14 × 1 = 14**

1. Where was the Japanese Navy defeated by the US Navy?  
a) Battle of Guadalcanal  
b) Battle of Mid way  
c) Battle of Leningrad  
d) Battle of El Alamein
2. **Assertion:** President Roosevelt realised that the United States had to change its policy of isolation.  
**Reason:** He started a programme of Lend Lease in 1941.  
a) Both A and R are correct  
b) A is right but R is not the correct reason  
c) Both A and R are wrong  
d) R is right but it has no relevance to A
3. Choose the correct statement:  
i) Ramakrishna Mission was actively involved in social causes such as education, health care, relief in time of calamities.  
ii) Ramakrishna emphasised the spiritual union with god through ecstatic practices.  
iii) Ramakrishna established the Ramakrishna Mission  
iv) Ramakrishna opposed the Partition of Bengal  
a) i) is correct  
b) i) and ii) are correct  
c) iii) is correct  
d) i), iii) or iv) correct
4. \_\_\_\_ tried to get the support of Hyder Ali of Mysore and the French  
a) Valunachiyar  
b) Puli Thevar  
c) Kattabomman  
d) Periya Marudhu
5. The soils formed by the rivers are:  
a) Red soils  
b) Black soils  
c) Desert soils  
d) Alluvial soils
6. Pick the odd one out:  
a) Inundational canals  
b) Perennial canals  
c) Tanks  
d) Canals
7. \_\_\_\_ is the process of producing food for people.  
a) Agriculture  
b) Industries  
c) Communication  
d) trade
8. Fish Production:  
a) Yellow Revolution  
b) Golden Revolution  
c) Blue Revolution  
d) Red Revolution

9. **Assertion (A):** There are limitations on the Legislative authority of the State Legislature.  
**Reason (R):** Certain bills on the State List can be introduced in the State Legislature only with the President's approval.
- (A) is false but R is true
  - (A) is true but (R) is false
  - Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct reason for (A)
  - Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct reason for (A)
10. Non-Alliance means
- being neutral
  - freedom to decide on issues independently
  - demilitarisation
  - none of the above
11. **Assertion (A):** India aligned with Soviet Union by the Indo-Soviet treaty on 1971.  
**Reason (B):** This began with a disastrous Indo –China war of 1962
- A is correct and R explains A
  - A is correct and R does not explain A
  - A is correct and R is Wrong
  - Both A and R are wrong.
12. India signed the Dunket proposal in
- 1984
  - 1976
  - 1950
  - 1994
13. \_\_\_ is the process of providing or obtaining the food necessary for health and growth.
- Health
  - Nutrition
  - Sanitation
  - Security
14. **Assertion (A):** Purchasing power increases, price decreases and vice versa.  
**Reason (R):** The production of goods decline, the price of goods increases and then the purchasing power is affected.
- A is correct, R is false
  - Both A and R are false statements
  - A is correct but R is not a correct explanation
  - A is correct, R is the correct explanation of A

## PART - II

**II. Answer any 10 Questions. Question No.28 is compulsory** **10 × 2 = 20**

- How did Hitler get the support from the people of Germany?
- What were the three particular caused resentment among the Germans?
- Ramalinga bore witness to hunger and poverty in the country - Prove.
- Identify the Palayams based on the division of east and west.
- Write a short note on Ondiveeran.
- State the types of agriculture practices in India.
- What are the different modern Irrigation methods following in India?
- What are the factors to determine the agriculture?
- What are minerals and state its types?

24. What is the importance of the Governor of a state?
25. List any four guiding principles of Panchsheel.
26. Define food security according to FAO.
27. What are the basic three components of food and nutrition security?
28. Write a short note on GAIL.

### PART III

**III. Answer any 10 questions. Question No. 42 is compulsory**

**10 × 5 = 50**

29. Fill in the blanks:
  1. Hitler attacked \_\_\_\_\_ which was a demilitarised zone.
  2. Ramakrishna Mission was established by \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. \_\_\_\_\_ dam is the highest gravity dam in India.
  4. \_\_\_\_\_ acts as the chancellor of universities in the state.
  5. \_\_\_\_\_ play an important role in the supply of quality goods at responsible rates to common people.
30. Explain the Holocaust and Its Fallout.
31. Describe the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.
32. **(a) Distinguish between the following:**
  1. Alluvial soils and Black soils
  2. Renewable and non-renewable resources.**(b) Give reasons:**
  1. Agriculture is the backbone of India.
33. Analyse the effects of the World War II.
34. Discuss the circumstances that led to the Reform movements of 19th century.
35. What are projects and write about any two Multi-Purpose projects of India.
36. Name the important Western coast and Eastern coast offshore oil fields in India.
37. Critically examine the functions and powers of the Council of Ministers
38. Write a detailed note on Non-alignment.
39. Elucidate why the Green Revolution was born.
40. Write the challenges of Globalization.
41. Draw a Time – Line from 1910 to 1940 (any five events of Indian National Movement)
42. On the outline map of world, mark the following places.
  1. Canada
  2. Belgium
  3. New Zealand
  4. Japan
  5. Denmark

**PART – IV**

**IV. Answer both questions:**

**2 × 8 = 16**

43. (a) (i) Evaluate the contributions of Ramakrishna Paramahansa and Swami Vivekananda to regenerate Indian society.  
(ii) Highlight the tragic fall of Sivagangai and its outcome.

**(OR)**

- (b) Write an essay on the role played by the 19th century reformers towards the cause of Women.

44. (a) On the outline map of India, mark the following places

1. Demarcate the major tracts of Marshy soils.
2. Delineate the main regions of Mountain soils.
3. Demarcate the regions of desert soil.
4. Mumbai High
5. Kota
6. Gulf of Cambay
7. Chennai
8. Mark any one coal mining center.

**(Or)**

- (b) On the outline map of India, mark the following places

1. Calcutta
2. Mark any one Bauxite deposits region
3. Mark any one Gypsum producers region
4. Ratnagiri
5. Gulf of Kachch
6. Densely populated state of India
7. State of highest literacy in India
8. Kalpakkam

**/\*\*\*\*\*/**