

**Model Question Paper**  
**Quarterly Examination – 2019**  
**10<sup>th</sup> Std - Social Science**

Time: 2.30 hrs

Marks: 100

Part – I

I. Answer all the questions:

Choose the most suitable answer from the given four alternatives and write the option code with the corresponding answer.

1. Which country after the world war I took to a policy of isolation?  
a) Britain    b) France    c) Germany    d) USA
2. Name the president who made amendment to Muntro Dextrin to justify American intervention.  
a) Theodore Roosevelt    b) Trueman    c) Eisenhower    d) Woodrow Wilson
3. When did the Japanese formally sign in their surrender?  
a) 2 September 1945    c) 15 August 1945  
b) 2 October 1945    d) 12 October 1945
4. (i) Raja Rammohan Roy preached monotheism.  
(ii) Hen encouraged idolatry.  
(iii) He published tracts condemning social evils.  
(iv) Raja Rammohan Roy was supported by Governor General William Bentinck  
a) (i) is correct.    c) (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct.  
b) (i) and (ii) are correct.    d) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) are correct.
5. Who became the chairman of the PLO's Executive Committee in 1969?  
a) Hafezal – Assad    b) Yasser Arafat    c) Nasser    d) Saddam Hussein
6. Pulicut lake is located between the states of  
a) West Bengal and Odisha.  
b) Karnataka and Kerala.  
c) Odisha and Andra Pradesh.  
d) Tamil Nadu and Andra Pradesh.
7. Seshachalam hills a biosphere reserve is situated in  
a) Tamil Nadu    c) Madhya Pradesh  
b) Andra Pradesh    d) Karnataka
8. Pick out the odd one:  
a) Bhakra Nangal Project    c) Indira Gandhi Canal Project  
b) Chambal Valley Project    d) Hirakut Project
9. One of the shore-based steel plants of India is located at  
a) Kolkata    b) Tuticorin    c) Goa    d) Visakhapatnam
10. The length of Golden Quadrilateral superhighways in India is  
a) 5846 km    b) 5847 km    c) 5849 km    d) 5800 km
11. How can the fundamental rights be suspended?  
a) If the Supreme court so desires.  
b) If the Prime Minister orders to the effect.

- c) If the President orders it during the National emergency.  
d) All The above.
12. Assertion (A): There are limitations on the legislative authority of the State Legislature.  
Reason (R): Certain bills on the state list can be introduced in the state legislature only with the President's approval.
- a) (A) is false but (R) is true  
b) (A) is true but (R) is false  
c) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct reason for (A)  
d) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct reason for (A)
13. Indian Economy is
- a) Developing economy                      c) Dual economy  
b) Emerging economy                      d) All The Above
14. (I) The East India Company specially to participate in the East India Spice Trade and later added cotton, silk, Indigo  
(II) Merchants of the Dutch East India Company first established at Calicut  
(III) Nanadesis were a guild of traders at the time of Hoysala Empire
- a) I is correct  
b) II and III are correct  
c) I and III are correct  
d) I and II and III are correct

#### Part – II

*Answer any 10 questions. Question no. 28 is compulsory.*                      (10 x 2 = 20 )

15. What do you know of Trench Warfare?  
16. How did Great Depression impact on the Indian Agriculture?  
17. Describe the Pearl Harbour Incident.  
18. What are the difference between Reformist Movements and Revival Movements?  
19. Write a short note on Deccan Plateau.  
20. What is the Multipurpose project?  
21. State the merits of roadways.  
22. Name the different types of coal with their carbon content.  
23. List out the three heads of the relations between the centre and states.  
24. What are Money bills?  
25. What are the factors supporting the development of the Indian Economy?  
26. What is the main objective of WTO?  
27. What is Globalisation?  
28. What do you know about Mawsynram is the wettest place in the world?

#### Part – III

*Answer any 10 questions. Question no. 42 is compulsory.*                      (10 x 5 = 50 )

29. i) Saluting the bravery of the \_\_\_\_\_ Churchill said that "Never was so much owed by so many to so few"  
ii) The most important constituents of petroleum are hydrogen and \_\_\_\_\_ .

- iii) \_\_\_\_\_ was elected as the temporary President of the Constituents Assembly.
- iv) A better economy introduce rapid development of the \_\_\_\_\_.
- v) Equable climate is also called as the \_\_\_\_\_ climate.
30. Match The Following
- |                             |      |                               |
|-----------------------------|------|-------------------------------|
| i) Tong King                | ---- | South Korea                   |
| ii) Treaty of Brest Ltovsk  | ---- | Gorilla Activities            |
| iii) Guadal Canal           | ---- | Widow's Remarriage Reform Act |
| iv) Syngman Rhee            | ---- | Russia with Germany           |
| v) Isawarchandra vidyasagar | ---- | Soloman Island                |
31. Match the following:
- |                             |      |                               |
|-----------------------------|------|-------------------------------|
| i) Biodiversity Hotspot     | ---- | Southern Part Of East Coastal |
| ii) Coromandel Coast        | ---- | Chennai                       |
| iii) Horticulture           | ---- | Himalayas                     |
| iv) Detriot of India        | ---- | 1960 Hyderabad                |
| v) Border road Organisation | ---- | Golden Revolution             |
32. a) Distinguish between
- Roadways and Railways
  - Tropical Evergreen Forest and Deciduous Forest
- b) Give reasons:
- The Great Indian desert is called Marusthali.
33. Highlight the provisions of the Treaty of Versailles relating to Germany.
34. Write an essay on the role played by the 19<sup>th</sup> century reformers towards the cause of women.
35. Write an account on the major iron and steel industries of India.
36. Explain the division of northern mountain and the importance of India.
37. Explain the salient features of the constitution of India.
38. What are the powers and functions of the Chief Minister?
39. Write the difference between the growth and development.
40. Briefly explain the evolution of MNC and its advantages and Disadvantages.
- NOTE: Blind candidates have to write only notes for the questions related to timeline chart and map.
41. Draw a timeline for the following  
Write any five important events between 1920 – 1940
42. Mark the following places on the World map.
- |              |              |            |
|--------------|--------------|------------|
| (i) Hawai    | (iii) Moscow | (v) Turkey |
| (ii) Morocco | (iv) Serbia  |            |

Part – IV

*Answer Both Questions*

( 2 x 8 = 16 )

43. (i) German Emperor
- What was the nature of Emperor Kaiser Wilhelm II of Germany?
  - What was the violent form of Germany called?
  - Why did Kaiser Wilhelm intervene in the Morocco affair?
  - What happened to Germany's colonies in Africa?

(ii) Non-Aligned Movement (NAM)

- a) When and where was the first conference on Non-Aligned Movement held?
- b) Who were the prominent personalities present in the first conference?
- c) What were the objectives of NAM?
- d) List out any two basic principles of Non-Alignment Movement enunciated in the Belgrade Conference.

(OR)

(i) General Assembly and Security Council

- a) List the permanent member countries of the Security Council.
- b) What is the Holocaust?
- c) Who was the Chairperson of the UN Commission on Human rights?
- d) What is meant by veto?

(ii) Ramalinga Adigal.

- a) What is Jeevakarunya?
- b) What are the Songs of Grace?
- c) Point out the major contribution of Samarasa Vedha Sanmarga Sathya Sangam?
- d) Where did he establish his free feeding house?

44. *Mark the following places on the given outline map of India.*

- i) Mountain range of Karakoram
- ii) River of Mahanade
- iii) Direction of Southwest monsoon wind
- iv) Locate the Hirakud dam
- v) Chotanagpur Plateaus
- vi) Locate the fishing hubs
- vii) Jamshedpur
- viii) Densely populated state in India.

(OR)

- i) Everest
- ii) Gulf of Khampet
- iii) Areas of heavy Rainfalls any one place
- iv) Desert soil
- v) Locate Damodar Dam
- vi) Noida
- vii) Sugar Bowl Of India
- viii) (Railways) Northern zones of India.

**ALL THE BEST**