

COMMON QUARTERLEY EXAMINATION - 2019

NP

Standard IX

Reg.No.

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Time: 2.30 hours.

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Marks: 100

14 x 1 = 14

I. Choose the correct answer:

1. The period called _____ marks the beginning of agriculture and animal domestication.
a) paleolithic b) mesolithic c) neolithic d) megalithic
2. The Sumerian system of writing
a) pictographic b) hieroglyphic c) sonogram d) cuneiform
3. The famous venetian traveller who described 'Kayal is a great and noble city'.
a) Vasco da gama b) Alberuni c) Marcopolo d) Megasthenes
4. Tri-ratnas are the three principles taught by
a) Buddha b) Mahavira c) Lao-tze d) Confucius
5. Find out the correct statement:
Assertion (A) : Many of the mesolithic sites are founds nearby rivers and tanks.
Reason (R) : Irrigation management developed during mesolithic period.
a) A and R are correct and R explains A b) A and R are correct but R doesn't explain A
c) A is correct but R is incorrect d) A and R both are incorrect
6. Magma is found in the _____
a) crust b) mantle c) core d) none of the above
7. _____ is seen in the lower course of the river.
a) rapids b) alluvial fan c) delta d) gorges
8. The average global surface temperature is _____
a) 12°C b) 13°C c) 14°C d) 15°C
9. _____ is called the eye of the storm.
a) pressure b) wind c) cyclone d) snow
10. Find out the correct staement:
Statement : Limestone regions have less underground water
Reason : Water does not percolate through limestone.
a) The statement is right reason is wrong b) The statement is wrong and reason is right
c) The statement and reason are wrong d) The statement and reason are right
11. The largest democratic country in the world is
a) Canada b) India c) USA d) China
12. The Election Commission of India is a / an
a) independent body b) statutory body c) private body d) public corporation
13. _____ is considered a true measure of national income.
a) GNP b) GDP c) NNP d) NDP
14. Find the odd one:
a) banking b) railways c) insurance d) small scale industry

Part - II

II. Answer any 10 questions: (Ques.No.28 is compulsory)

10 x 2 = 20

15. List out the features of Megalithic Burial types.
16. The Egyptians excelled in art and architecture - Illustrate.
17. How important are coins as a source of evidence for the study of Sangam Age?
18. Write about Hinayana and Mahayana.
19. What does the Edict of Kalinga convey?
20. Mention the layers of the interior of the Earth.
21. What do you mean by a hanging valley?
22. Write short notes on: a) Rain b) Snow
23. Mention the factors that affect the climate.
24. Give Abraham Lincoln's definition for democracy.
25. What is a pressure group?
26. Expand the following: 1. NNP 2. PCI
27. What are the three sectors of an economy?
28. HOTS :- The river channels in the lower course are wider than the upper course. Why?

Part - III

III. Answer any 10 questions: (Ques.No.42 is compulsory)

10 x 5 = 50

29. Fill in the blanks:
 - i) _____ was the master archieve keeper of Chou-State according to traditions.
 - ii) The place where Buddha attained enlightenment has been built into the Mahabodhi temple that still exists in _____.

- iii) _____ is the most important gas for the survival of living things.
 iv) An example for direct democracy is _____.
 v) Public sector means _____.
30. Match the following:
- | | | |
|---------------------|---|---------------------|
| i) Hand axe tools | - | Tallest Jaina State |
| ii) Great law maker | - | A Sangam Age port |
| iii) Chanakya | - | Hammurabi |
| iv) Arikamedu | - | Acheulian |
| v) Bahubali | - | Arthasastra |
31. Match the following:
- | | | |
|------------------|---|-----------------------|
| i) Mantle | - | Karst topography |
| ii) Tributaries | - | Japan |
| iii) Stalactites | - | Australia |
| iv) Mt. Fuji | - | SIMA |
| v) Willy Willy | - | Lower course of river |
32. a) Distinguish between:
 i) Inselbergs and Yardangs
 ii) Weather and Climate
 b) Give reason:
 Fog is dangerous for traffic
33. Write about the hidden treasures of Indus civilisation.
 34. Discuss the five cardinal principles of Confucius.
 35. Describe the structure of the Earth.
 36. Explain the different types of permanent winds.
 37. What are the challenges to Indian democracy?
 38. Discuss merits and demerits of direct election.
 39. Mention any five environmental acts and their action.
 40. Explain the employment structure of India.
 41. Draw a timeline for the following:
 Any five important events from AD (CE) 100 - AD (CE) 500
 42. Mark the following places on the world map:
 i) Indus ii) Egypt iii) India iv) China v) Harrappa

Part - IV**IV. Answer both questions:- Caption**

2 x 8 = 16

43. a) Hominid and Hominins:
 i) Who are Hominids?
 ii) Who was the earliest human ancestor to make tools in Africa?
 iii) How are the modern humans known?
 iv) Name any one species of this tribe.
- b) Features of Egyptian civilisation:
 i) Why was Egypt called the 'Gift of Nile'?
 ii) Who were Pharaohs and Viziers?
 iii) What is pyramid and why was it built?
 iv) What is the process of mummification?
- (or)
- c) Hero Stones:
 i) What was the common practice in a pastoral society?
 ii) Who plunder the cattle wealth of enemies?
 iii) How were the dead warriors remembered?
 iv) Which Tamil text describes the procedures for erecting hero stones?
- d) Gautama Buddha:
 i) What was the original name of Buddha?
 ii) Name the birth place of Buddha.
 iii) Where did he get enlightenment?
 iv) Mention the place of his first sermon.
44. **On the given outline map of the world, mark the following:**
- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1. Himalayas | 2. Any two deltas |
| 3. Any one hot desert and cold desert | 4. Alps range |
| 5. Karst region | 6. Rift valley of East Africa |
| 7. Pacific ring of fire | 8. Any one active volcanoes of the world |