

62-A

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT- I- 2017 - 2018
SOCIAL STUDIES - PAPER - 1

(English Medium)

PART - A & B

(Max. Marks : 40)

Class : X

Time : 2.45 Hrs.

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. 15 Minutes are allotted for reading the question paper (Part A &B) in addition to 2.30 hours for writing the answers.
2. Part - A answers should be written in a separate answer book.
3. There are three Sections in Part - A.
4. Answer all the questions.
5. Every answer should be visible and legible.
6. There is internal choice in Section - III.
7. Part-A & B should be given at the beginning of the exam only.

MARKS : 30

PART- A

SECTION - I

Note: 1. Answer All the questions.

2. Each question carries '1' Mark.

4 X 1 = 4 M

1. Different persons can have different developmental goals. What developmental goals have you?
2. Which activity is the main source of income to your family? Among the three economic sectors, under which can it be categorized?
3. Why the present Global Warming trend is called AGW?
4. In which issues the protection is needed for workers in unorganised sector?

SECTION - II

- Note: 1. Answer All the questions.
2. Each question carries '2' Marks.

5 X 2 = 10 M

5.



Study the map given above and write about the location of India.

6. Fill up the following table and answer the question given below.

Comparison of two Countries

Country	Monthly incomes of citizens in 2001 (in Rs.)					Average
	I	II	III	IV	V	
Country A	9500	10500	9800	10000	10200	
Country B	500	500	500	500	48000	

- Q: Which among these two countries is better to live in? Why?
7. Based on the distance from the equator, how are the regions on Earth be divided?
8. Explain briefly the impact of climatic change on India.
9. Prepare two slogans regarding water conservation.

SECTION – III

Note: 1. Answer All the questions.

2. Each question carries '4' Marks. 4 X4 = 16 M

10. Students in Himachal Pradesh come to school enthusiastically. Explain the schooling revolution in Himachal Pradesh.

(OR)

Explain why the people want to work in organized sector only.

11. While service sector has grown, all service sector activities are not growing equally well. Service sector in India employs many different kinds of people. At one end there are a limited number of services that employ highly skilled and educated workers. At the other end, there are a very large number of workers engaged in services such as small shopkeepers, repair persons, transport persons, etc. These people barely manage to earn a living and yet they perform these services because no alternative opportunities for work are available to them. Hence, only a part of this sector is growing in importance.

Read the Paragraph given above and comment in your own words on the importance of Service Sector in India.

(OR)

“If the present ground water laws are not changed, we will face many problems in future”-Do you agree with this statement? write your opinion.

12. Study the information given below and write your observations.

THE PERCENTAGE OF WORKERS EMPLOYED IN DIFFERENT SECTORS:

Year	Agriculture	Industry	Services
1972-73	74%	11%	10%
2009-10	53%	22%	25%

(OR)

The Indus originates in the northern slopes of the Kailash range in Tibet near Lake Manasarovar. It follows a north-westerly course through Tibet. It enters Indian Territory in Jammu and Kashmir. The main tributaries of the Indus in India are Jhelum, Chenab, Ravi, Beas and Sutlej. It covers Jammu and Kashmir, Punjab and Himachal Pradesh states of India.

Based on the information given above, answer the following questions.

- a) Which factor helped the Indus to become a perennial river?
- b) Where does the Indus enter India?
- c) What countries does the Indus flow through?
- d) Which sea does the Indus merge into?

13. Locate the following in the outline map of India.

- A) The highest peak in the world
- B) The place situated on the three seas
- C) The hills that join Eastern Ghats and Western Ghats
- D) The oldest fold mountains

(OR)

Locate the following in the outline map of India.

- A) River Godavari
- B) Satpura Range
- C) Eastern Coastal Plain
- D) Lakshadweep



Regd.No.

62-B

Marks:

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT- I- 2017 - 2018**SOCIAL STUDIES - PAPER - 1****(English Medium)****PART - B****(Max. Marks : 10)****Class : X**

Academic Standard	AS 1					AS 2	AS 3	AS 4			AS 5	AS 6			Total	Grade	
Marks Allotted	16					4	6	4			6	4			40		
Question Numbers	1	2	7	10	14-29	11	6	12	3	8	30-31	5	13	4	9	32-33	
Marks Obtained																	
Total																	

Name of the Student : Roll No :

INSTRUCTIONS :

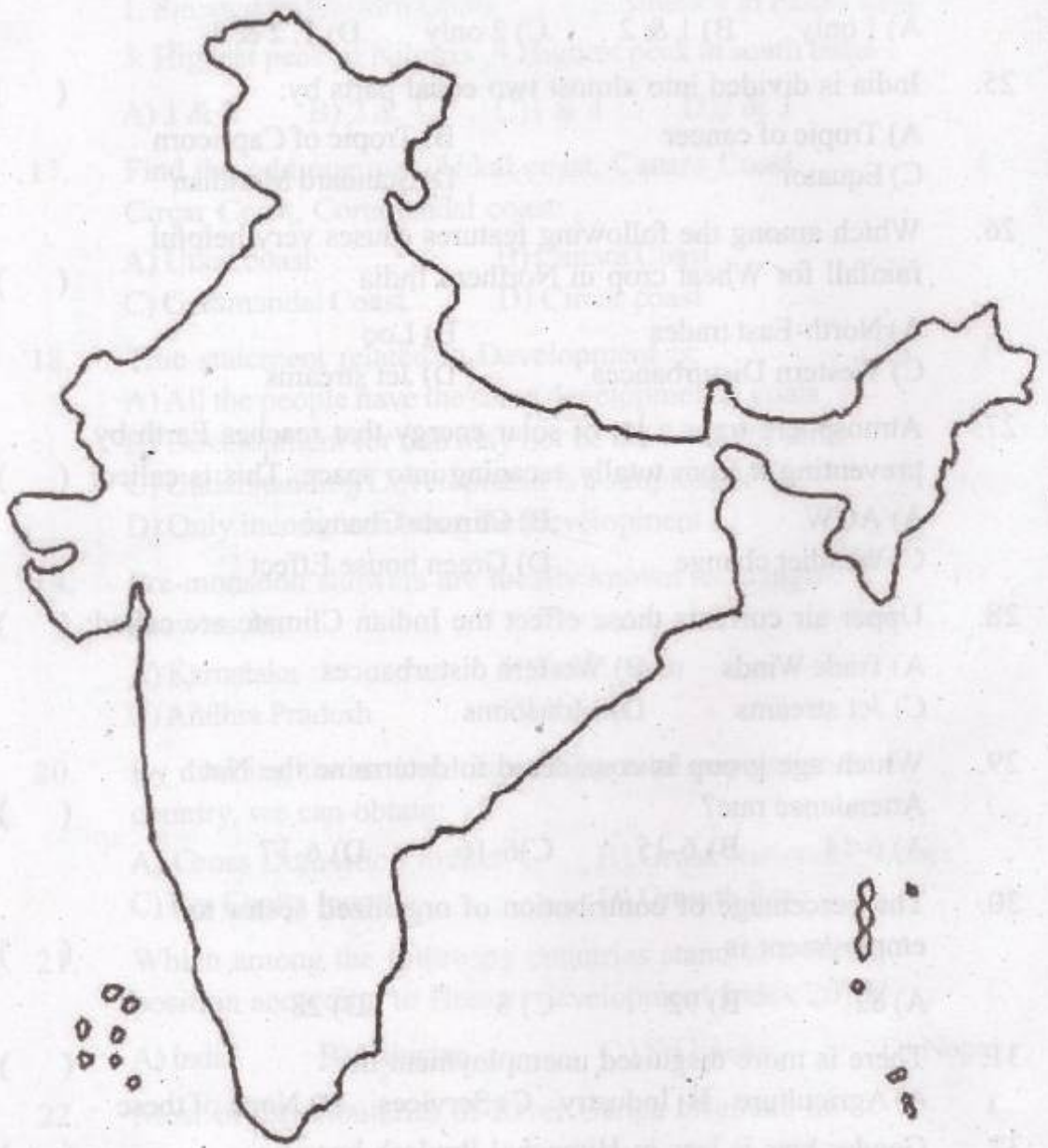
1. Answer all the questions in Part - B.
2. Each question has 4 options A, B, C or D. Write the capital letter indicating the answer in the given brackets.
3. Marks will not be awarded in case of over writing.

SECTION - IV**Note : 1. Answer all questions.****2. Each question carries ½ Mark.****20 × ½ = 10**

14. River Narmada originates near: ()
- A) Amarkantak B) Manasa sarovar
C) Mahabaleswar D) Nasik Triambak
15. The Thar Desert is located on the leeward side of: ()
- A) Himalayas B) Aravalis
C) Eastern Ghats D) Western Ghats

16. Which one among the following is true in connection with Anaimudi? ()
 1. Situated in Western Ghats 2. Situated in Palani hills
 3. Highest peak of Nilgiris 4. Highest peak in south India
 A) 1 & 3 B) 2 & 4 C) 1 & 4 D) 2 & 3
17. Find the odd one out: Utkal coast, Canara Coast, Circar Coast, Coramandal coast: ()
 A) Utkal coast B) Canara Coast
 C) Coramandal Coast D) Circar coast
18. True statement related to Development is: ()
 A) All the people have the same developmental goals
 B) Development for one may not be the same for other
 C) Understanding Development is a simple task
 D) Only income can bring the Development
19. Pre-monsoon showers are locally known as mango showers in: ()
 A) Karnataka B) Tamil Nadu
 C) Andhra Pradesh D) Kerala
20. By dividing the national income by total population of a country, we can obtain: ()
 A) Gross Domestic Product B) Gross National Product
 C) Per Capita Income D) Growth Rate
21. Which among the following countries stand in a better position according to Human development Index 2013? ()
 A) India B) Pakistan C) Sri Lanka D) Nepal
22. Most of the tributaries of River Ganga originate in: ()
 A) The Himalayas B) Peninsular Plateau
 C) The Indo-Gangetic Plain D) Western Ghats
23. The state of atmospheric conditions that follow a similar general pattern over many years over a large area: ()
 A) Climate B) Climatic control
 C) Weather D) Season

24. Which of the following activities fall in Primary sector? ()
1) Agriculture 2) Forestry 3) Mining
A) 1 only B) 1 & 2 C) 2 only D) 1, 2 & 3
25. India is divided into almost two equal parts by: ()
A) Tropic of cancer B) Tropic of Capricorn
C) Equator D) Standard Meridian
26. Which among the following features causes very helpful rainfall for Wheat crop in Northern India ()
A) North-East trades B) Loo
C) Western Disturbances D) Jet streams
27. Atmosphere traps a lot of solar energy that reaches Earth by preventing it from totally escaping into space. This is called: ()
A) AGW B) Climate Change
C) Weather change D) Green house Effect
28. Upper air currents those effect the Indian Climate are called: ()
A) Trade Winds B) Western disturbances
C) Jet streams D) Monsoons
29. Which age group is considered to determine the Net Attendance rate? ()
A) 6-14 B) 6-15 C) 6-16 D) 6-17
30. The percentage of contribution of organized sector to employment is ()
A) 82 B) 92 C) 8 D) 28
31. There is more disguised unemployment in ... ()
A) Agriculture B) Industry C) Services D) None of these
32. Gender bias is less in Himachal Pradesh because ()
A) Many Himachali women are rich by birth
B) Many Himachali men are good and soft natured
C) Many Himachali women are educated and employed
D) Many Himachali women are stronger than men.
33. Which factor among the following helps summer rains in India?()
A) The Indo-Gangetic Plain B) The Himalayas
C) The Islands D) The Desert



- 24. Which of the following countries has the highest literacy rate?
A) Argentina
B) Italy
C) France
D) Japan
- 25. India is divided into states and union territories.
A) Tropic of Cancer
B) Tropic of Capricorn
C) Equator
D) Tropic of Sagittarius
- 26. Which among the following features is not a physical feature of India?
A) Deccan Plateau
B) Western Ghats
C) Eastern Ghats
D) Arabian Sea
- 27. Which of the following is not a major crop of India?
A) Rice
B) Wheat
C) Cotton
D) Jute
- 28. Which of the following is not a major industry of India?
A) Iron and Steel
B) Textiles
C) Automobiles
D) Information Technology
- 29. Which of the following is not a major source of energy in India?
A) Coal
B) Petroleum
C) Natural Gas
D) Wind
- 30. Which of the following is not a major source of water in India?
A) Rivers
B) Lakes
C) Groundwater
D) Snowmelt
- 31. Which of the following is not a major source of income in India?
A) Agriculture
B) Industry
C) Services
D) Tourism
- 32. Which of the following is not a major source of employment in India?
A) Agriculture
B) Industry
C) Services
D) Tourism
- 33. Which factor among the following helps support agriculture in India?
A) The Indo-Gangetic Plain
B) The Himalayas
C) The Islands
D) The Desert