

S-51-A

MIDTERM EXAMINATIONS (2018 - 19)
SOCIAL STUDIES

(English Medium)

PART - A & B

Class : X

(Max. Marks : 40)

Time : 2.45 Hrs.

Instructions :

1. 15 Minutes are allotted to read the question paper 2.30 hours allocated to write answers.
2. Part-A must be answered in a separate answer sheet. Write the answers to the question on it.
3. Students can take Part - A (question paper) with them.
4. Map and part B (Bit paper) should be attached to the answer sheet and be handed over to the invigilator.

Marks : 30

PART-A

Time : 2.15 Hrs

Section - I

Note : 1. Write answer to all the Four questions in one or two sentences.

2. Each question carries 1 Mark. **4 × 1 = 4**

1. If the time at 0° longitude is 9 a.m. then what will be the time in India ?
2. Prepare any two slogans on the prevention of wars and on promoting peace.
3. Why woman began raising their voice for equality after world war I ?
4. What is Gross Domestic Product ?

Section - II

Note : 1. Answer all the Five questions.

2. Each question carries 2 Marks. **5 × 2 = 10**

5. What are your development goals as a student of class 10th ?

Read the following paragraph and answer the question given below.

Eric Hobsbawm, a historian, called the 20th century 'The Age of Extremes'. Politically, the world saw shoots of democratic aspirations grow amidst the rise of Fascist domination which fostered ideologies of unquestioned power

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- and hatred for other people. Literary levels and average life expectancy grew immensely for all. New forms of art like movies emerged.
6. What changes happened in 20th Century ?
7. Read the following table and answer the questions given below.

Some Comparative data of Select States

State	IMR per 1000 (2006)	Literacy Rate (%) (2011)	Net Attendance Rate (2006)
Punjab	42	77	76
Himachal Pradesh	36	84	90
Bihar	62	64	56

- i) Which state has highest literacy rate ?
- ii) Which state has highest IMR ?
8. Read the Paragraph and answer the question given under.

The organised sector offers jobs that are the most sought-after. But the employment opportunities in the organised sector have been expanding very slowly. As a result, a large number of workers are forced to enter the unorganised sector jobs, which pay a very low salary. They are often exploited and not paid a fair wage. Their earnings are low and not regular. When workers lose their jobs in the organised sector they are forced to take up jobs in the unorganised sector with low earnings. Besides the need for more work, there is also a need for protection and support of the workers in the unorganised sector.

- Why people like to work in organised sector than unorganised sector ?
9. What steps were taken for the conservation of water in Hiware Bazar ?

Section - III

Note : 1. Answer any Four questions given below.

2. Each question has internal choice. You can choose any ONE.

3. Each question carries Four Marks

$$4 \times 4 = 16$$

10. A) What aspects of the welfare state do you find functioning in India ?

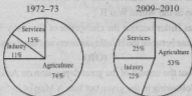
(OR)

B) How climate change causing global warming. Suggest measures to minimise the influence of the global warming.

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11. A) Study the following table (Pie) and answer the questions below.

Sectoral shares of employment



- Which sector is providing highest employment during all these years ?
- Employment in which section is doubled ?
- Why employment in Agricultural sector is decreasing ?
- What are the occupation related to services sector ?

(OR)

13. Observe the table given below and answer the questions given below.

Proclamation of the Weimar Republic	• Nov, 9 1918	▶
Hitler becomes Chancellor of Germany	• January 30, 1933	▶
Germany invades Poland, beginning of the Second World War	• Sep 1, 1939	▶
Germany invades the USSR	• June, 22 1941	▶
Mass murder of the Jews begins	• June, 23 1941	▶
The United States joins Second World War	• Dec, 8 1941	▶
Soviet troops liberate Auschwitz	• Jan, 27 1945	▶
Allied victory in Europe	• May, 8 1945	▶

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- i) Weimar republic belongs to which country ?
 ii) When was the U.S. joined in the World War II ?
 iii) Who won in the World War II ?
 iv) When was Hitler became the chancellor of Germany ?
12. A) Differentiate between the Himalayan rivers and the rivers of deccan plateau?

(OR)

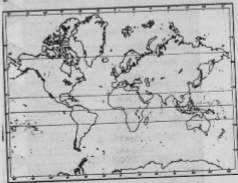
- B) Write about the impact of the great depression on America and Europe ?
13. Locate the following in the given out line A Map of India.

- A) i) Circar coast
 ii) Thar Desert
 iii) Jaipur
 iv) River Godavari



(OR)

- B) Locate the following in the given World Map.
 i) England ii) America (USA) iii) Russia iv) Germany



Regd. No. **S-51-B**Marks : **MIDTERM EXAMINATIONS (2018 - 19)**
SOCIAL STUDIES

(English Medium)

Part - B

Class : X]

(Marks : 10)

Time : 30 min.

Name of the Student : Roll No.:

Instructions:

Write the answers to the questions in the Part-B on the question paper itself and attach it to the answerbook of Part-A.

SECTION -IV

- Note :**
1. Write the Capital Letters (A,B, C, D) showing the correct answer for the following questions in the bracket provided against each question.
 2. Each question carries $\frac{1}{2}$ mark.
 3. Answer all questions.
 4. Answer are to be written in the question paper only.
 5. Marks will not be awarded in any case of over writing, rewritten or erased answers. $20 \times \frac{1}{2} = 10M$

14. What is "Aila"
- A) A super cyclone B) A city in Bengal
C) Name of a ship D) A wild animal
15. Which is the first month as per the Indian Lunar calendar.
- A) Magha B) Aswayuja C) Sravana D) Chaitra
16. Which of the following statement is false.
- A) The development goal for landless labour (rural) is more days of work and better wages
- B) All the persons have the same notion of development of progress.

P.T.O

- C) Different persons can have different development goals.
D) What may be development for one may not be development for the other.
17. The river Brahmaputra first enters into state of India. []
A) Assom B) West Bangal
C) Arunachal Pradesh D) Sikkim
18. "Onset of monsoon" in India will occur in month. []
A) January B) June C) December D) September
19. What is the largest peninsular river []
A) Godavari B) Krishna
C) Kavery (cauveri) D) Tungabhadra
20. Hiroshima and Nagasaki are the towns of country. []
A) Germany B) America C) Russia D) Japan
21. The Second World War ended with []
A) The defeat of Russia B) The defeat of Japan
C) The defeat of Germany D) The defeat of England
22. Who was very active in the formation of league of Nation []
A) Hitler B) Woodrow Wilson
C) Lenin D) Roosvelt
23. The great Depression (1929) initially began with []
A) Collapse of stock market in USA
B) Failure of League of nation
C) Collapse of economy in Germany
D) Collapse of Stockmarket in U.K.

24. Who is the leader of Nazi Party? []
A) Joseph Stalin B) Lenin
C) Adolf Hitler D) Hjalmar Schacht
25. The highest number of people killed during the world war II were []
A) The polish civilians B) Gypsies
C) Germans D) Jews
26. Who is the leader of Bolshevicks []
A) Vladimir Lenin B) Joseph Stalin
C) Hitler D) Tsar Nicholas II
27. According the famous economist J.M. Keynes, what is to be done to overcome the effects of Great Depression. []
A) The private companies should generate employment.
B) New industries are to be established
C) Should follow the ideas of Marxist economy.
D) The state should generate employment.
28. Red Banner with 'Swastika' is the symbol of party. []
A) Bolsheviks B) Fascist
C) Nazis D) Jana Sena
29. Which of the following is true ? []
A) First World War – 1920 B) Second World War – 1935
C) Russian Revolution – 1917 D) Varsailles treaty – 1918

Study the given map of India and answer the questions given below.



30. What is the standard meridian of India []
- A) $82\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ East Longitude B) $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ North Latitude
 C) $37^{\circ}6'$ North latitude D) $8^{\circ}4'$ North latitude
31. Which country does not share land boarder with India. []
- A) Pakisthan B) Bangladesh
 C) Nepal D) Srilanka
32. The Indian State between Nepal and Bhutan []
- A) Sikkim B) Arunachal Pradesh
 C) Assom D) Himachal Pradesh
33. The northern most state of India []
- A) Arunachal Pradesh B) Gujarat
 C) Tamil Nadu D) Jammu & Kashmir