

Class : IX
Max. Marks : 40

No. of Questions: 80
Time : 2.30 Hrs.

Instructions to Students

1. Answers are to be *SHADED* on a *SEPARATE OMR Answer Sheet* given, with a *HB Pencil*.
2. Answer *all* questions.
3. This question paper consists of **80** questions.
4. Each question carries $\frac{1}{2}$ mark.
5. Since *all* questions are compulsory, do not try to read through the whole question paper before beginning to answer it.
6. Begin with the first question and keep trying one question after another till you finish all the Parts.
7. If you do not know the answer to any question, do not spend much time on it and pass on to the next one. If time permits, you can come back to the questions which you have left out in the first instance and try them again.
8. Since the time allotted to this question paper is very limited, you should make the best use of it by not spending too much time on any question.
9. A blank page is provided for rough work at the end of the question paper.

**REMEMBER, YOU HAVE TO SHADE ANSWERS ON
A SEPARATE OMR SHEET PROVIDED.**

- Answer to each question is to be indicated by *SHADING* the circle having the number of the correct alternative in the *OMR Sheet* from among the ones given for the corresponding question in the booklet.
- Now turn to the next page and start answering the questions.
- After the examination, you should hand over the *OMR Sheet* to the *Invigilator* of the room.
- The candidate need not return this *Question Paper* booklet and can take it after the completion of the examination. No candidate should leave the examination hall before the end of the examination.

Section – A : Reading Comprehension

(Q. No. : 1 – 5) The sentences in a story are jumbled here. Read them and think of their arrangement in a meaningful order.

- (A) The king was on his death bed and asked his sons to fill the room with something to test their knowledge.
- (B) The king died and his third son Eric became king.
- (C) The third son Eric kept a light in the middle of the room and spread the light in the entire room.
- (D) The first and the second son failed in their efforts.
- (E) Once there lived a king who had three sons – Sam, John and Eric.

1. Choose the correct order of sentence (A).

- (1) Fifth
- (2) First
- (3) Second
- (4) Third

2. Choose the correct order of sentence (B).

- (1) Fourth
- (2) First
- (3) Second
- (4) Fifth

3. Choose the correct order of sentence (C).

- (1) Fourth
- (2) First
- (3) Second
- (4) Third

4. Choose the correct order of sentence (D).

- (1) Fourth
- (2) First
- (3) Second
- (4) Third

5. Choose the correct order of sentence (E).

- (1) Fourth
- (2) First
- (3) Second
- (4) Third

(Q. No. : 6 – 10) Study the following table carefully :

The Details of literate people in some families

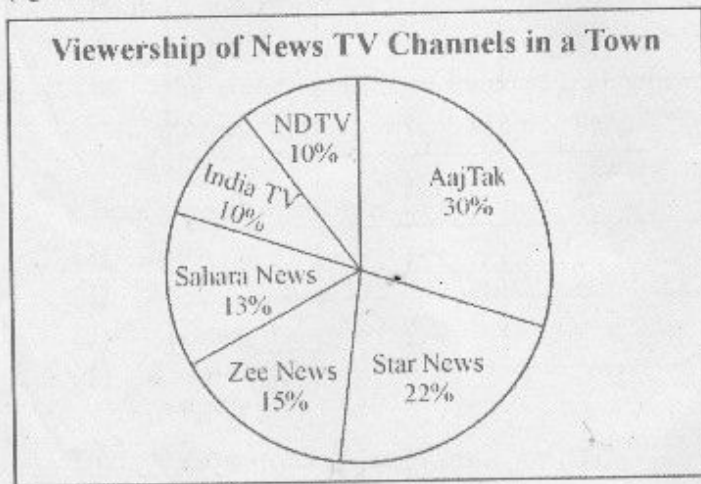
Sl.No.	Name of the family	Total members	No. of Literate persons
1	Ramaiah	4	2
2	Mani	5	3
3	Vishnu	4	3
4	Vasudeva	3	3
5	Anil	2	2

Choose the correct answers to the following questions.

6. The information in this table is
- (1) about the educated people in 5 families
 - (2) about the population
 - (3) about the literacy levels in a village
 - (4) about the income of 5 families
7. In Mani's family, the number of educated persons is :
- (1) 4
 - (2) 5
 - (3) 3
 - (4) 2
8. The number of families mentioned in the table is:
- (1) 5
 - (2) 4
 - (3) 3
 - (4) 6
9. In Anil's family:
- (1) only three persons are educated.
 - (2) all persons are educated.
 - (3) no person is educated.
 - (4) only one person is educated.

10. Choose the TRUE statement among the following.
- (1) The number of educated people in all the families is 25.
 - (2) All families have educated persons.
 - (3) All persons in all families are educated persons.
 - (4) There are uneducated persons in every family.

(Q. No. : 11 – 15) Study the following pie chart carefully :



11. The pie chart given above describes:
- (1) the programme schedule of NDTV
 - (2) the viewership of news TV channels in Andhra Pradesh
 - (3) the programmes on AajTak
 - (4) the viewership of news TV channels in a town
12. The most preferred TV channel for watching news is :
- (1) Star News
 - (2) AajTak
 - (3) NDTV
 - (4) India TV
13. The similarity you find between India TV and NDTV in viewership is:
- (1) Both have 15% above viewership.
 - (2) There is no similarity in anything between the two.
 - (3) Both have the same percentage of viewership.
 - (4) Both have the highest percentage of viewership.

14. The difference of the percentage of viewership between AajTak and Star News is :
- (1) 50%
 - (2) 8%
 - (3) 10%
 - (4) 22%
15. Choose the TRUE statement among the following with reference to the pie chart given above.
- (1) No channel shared more than 8% of viewership.
 - (2) All TV channels are not news channels.
 - (3) All TV channels have shared equal percentage of viewership.
 - (4) All TV channels have shared more than 9% of viewership.

(Q. No. : 16-20) Read the following passage carefully :

There are many uses of libraries. A library spreads knowledge. The poor people, particularly poor students who cannot afford to purchase books, can make the best use of a library. They can borrow books and gather knowledge.

Secondly, the library inspires the students to develop a habit of reading books. The reading room provides an atmosphere where every man wants to study the books.

Thirdly, a library not only spreads knowledge but also preserves it. We can know about the past civilization and culture from the books which are kept in a library. Preservation of knowledge is essential for the progress of the country. If the books are not preserved every generation will have to work from the very beginning.

Fourthly, a library increases our knowledge and widens our outlook. It reveals new facts new experience of men and nations, new wonders of this vast and varied world. We get an opportunity of sitting in the company of the master minds of the old and the mighty brains of the present day world and of knowing their view-points on various subjects. Knowledge is both a power as well as a joy. A library, therefore, gives us a real satisfaction and pleasures.

Choose the correct answers to the following :

16. Libraries spread:
- (1) knowledge
 - (2) ignorance
 - (3) pleasure
 - (4) satisfaction
17. These people can make the best use of the libraries:
- (1) Mighty brains
 - (2) Old brains
 - (3) Poor students who cannot buy books by spending money.
 - (4) Poor people who do not have good clothes.

18. We can develop our reading habit :
- (1) by watching TV serials
 - (2) by visiting a library frequently
 - (3) by watching movies
 - (4) by meeting people in various places
19. Knowledge gives us not only power but also:
- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| (1) money | (2) joy |
| (3) fruits | (4) books |
20. Pick out the true statement based on the passage.
- (1) Only poor students should go to libraries.
 - (2) We can buy satisfaction and pleasure from the libraries.
 - (3) We can read the mighty brains through books.
 - (4) Libraries do not help poor students.

(Q. No. : 21 – 25) Read the following passage carefully :

Among the chief sources of education available to Tagore was a quiet garden adjoining his family house. Here he used to spend much of his time, absorbing the peace and beauty of nature. It was through this early contact with nature that he acquired the serenity of mood that distinguished him all his life. It was in his garden that he came to understand the principle of harmony that was at work throughout the universe. At the same time, he formed the habit of observing and reflecting on things.

Choose the correct answers to the following questions :

21. Tagore spent much of his time in the garden:
- (1) Sleeping under a tree
 - (2) Watering plants
 - (3) Enjoying the peace and the beauty of nature
 - (4) Plucking flowers
22. Tagore was a distinguished man because of:
- (1) his love for nature
 - (2) his serenity of mood acquired from nature
 - (3) his writing about nature
 - (4) his knowledge about nature
23. The garden near Tagore's house served him as:
- | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| (1) A source of wealth | (2) A means of health |
| (3) A source of education | (4) A source of entertainment |

24. By spending his time in the garden, Tagore developed the habit of :

- (1) painting
- (2) smelling flowers
- (3) observing things carefully
- (4) taking life easy

25. Pick out the true statement based on the passage.

- (1) Tagore observed many animals in the garden.
- (2) Tagore's house was in a garden.
- (3) Tagore used to spend much time in nature.
- (4) Tagore acquired serene mood from animals.

(Q. No. 26 – 30) The sentences in a story are jumbled here. Read them and think of their arrangement in a meaningful order.

- (A) The mouse advised him to go into his burrow and stay inside.
- (B) He thought the deer was close and asked him to save but he could not get help from the deer.
- (C) Bunny was a rabbit and it was always in the company of animals.
- (D) He asked the bear, the monkey, the zebra for help but could not get.
- (E) One day he heard a pack of hunting dogs and afraid of them.

26. Choose the correct order of sentence (A).

- (1) Fifth
- (2) First
- (3) Second
- (4) Third

27. Choose the correct order of sentence (B).

- (1) Fourth
- (2) First
- (3) Second
- (4) Third

28. Choose the correct order of sentence (C).

- (1) Fourth
- (2) First
- (3) Second
- (4) Third

29. Choose the correct order of sentence (D).

- (1) Fourth
- (2) First
- (3) Second
- (4) Third

30. Choose the correct order of sentence (E).

- (1) Fourth
- (2) First
- (3) Second
- (4) Third

Section – B : Creative Expression

31. Read the following information :

Kalam was the proud recipient of Padma Bhushan, Padma Vibhushan and the Bharat Ratna from the Indian Government.

The above sentence describes

- (1) The awards and honours received by Kalam
- (2) The childhood of Kalam
- (3) The career of Kalam as a scientist
- (4) The details of Kalam's family

32. Read the following :

A.P.J. Abdul Kalam was born on 15th October. He was the son of a boat owner who ferried Hindu pilgrims from the Rameshwaram Temple in Tamil Nadu. He had four brothers and one sister.

This passage describes:

- (1) The awards and honours received by Kalam
- (2) The school days of Kalam
- (3) The career of Kalam as a scientist
- (4) The details of Kalam's family

33. A story can begin with:

- (1) Birds fly in the sky.
- (2) Long, long ago
- (3) The sun rises in the east.
- (4) It is usually dark at night.

34. A news report begins with:

- (1) a heading
- (2) a signature
- (3) a date
- (4) an image

35. Choose the writing that does not have personal feelings.

- (1) A poster
- (2) News report
- (3) Biography
- (4) A diary entry

36. You live in a colony. Your bicycle has been stolen by somebody. You want to lodge a complaint.

The person you have to complain about this is:

- (1) The headmaster
- (2) The sub-inspector of police
- (3) The district collector
- (4) The post master

37. When you want to share our feelings with your friend, we choose to write :

- (1) a poster
- (2) a diary
- (3) a news report
- (4) a letter

38. Read the following sentence.

I request you to please attend my elder sister's marriage on 7th of January along with your family.

The above line appears in :

- (1) A story about a marriage
- (2) A letter of invitation
- (3) A diary entry
- (4) An essay on marriages

39. How would you address the receiver of a personal letter?

- (1) Hello Sir/Madam
- (2) Dear Mr.
- (3) My dear
- (4) Dear Sir/Madam

40. The following is to be said in the opening part of a formal letter.
- (1) Inform the recipient why you are writing the letter.
 - (2) Ask how good the weather is in the recipient's city.
 - (3) Talk about how good the weather is in your city.
 - (4) Ask the recipient if he is hale and hearty.
41. If you didn't know the recipient's name, how would you close the letter?
- (1) Affectionately yours
 - (2) With love
 - (3) Yours sincerely
 - (4) Yours faithfully
42. The main point is written in which part of a personal letter?
- (1) Body
 - (2) Post script
 - (3) Closing
 - (4) Opening
43. In a formal letter what is the name given to the address and date at the top?
- (1) Heading
 - (2) Starting
 - (3) Closing
 - (4) Body
44. 'With love' is used in which part of an informal letter?
- (1) Body
 - (2) Heading
 - (3) Opening
 - (4) Closing
45. The expression used at the end of a letter addressed to a friend is:
- (1) Lovingly your
 - (2) Yours lovingly
 - (3) Your's lovingly
 - (4) Your lovingly

46. The following is not a part of a biographical sketch.

- (1) The details of the person's village people
- (2) The date and place of birth
- (3) The details of parents
- (4) Achievement of the person

47. The following is not a part of a letter to apply for a job.

- (1) The details of your father
- (2) Educational Qualifications
- (3) Age and date of birth
- (4) Contact details

48. Read the following :

I completed my Intermediate with 70% of marks. I can speak English and Telugu fluently.

The above line can be seen:

- (1) in a letter complaining against somebody.
- (2) in a letter of invitation
- (3) in a job letter
- (4) in a letter of applying for leave

49. Read the following :

Once upon a time there was a farmer who had a lot of wealth.

This sentence can be seen:

- (1) in a job application
- (2) in a story
- (3) in a news report
- (4) in a diary entry

50. Choose a writing activity that contains a title:

- (1) a conversation
- (2) a diary entry
- (3) a news report
- (4) a letter

Section – C: Vocabulary

(Q. No. : 51 – 54) Choose the appropriate words that collocates in the contexts :

51. Chief Seattle made a _____ speech in 1854.
(1) warm (2) moving
(3) hard (4) medical
52. Bert Stone was a _____ core realist.
(1) moving (2) medical
(3) warm (4) hard
53. Even the white men cannot be exempted from the _____ destiny.
(1) medical (2) warm
(3) moving (4) common
54. He gave us a _____ welcome.
(1) warm (2) common
(3) testing (4) moving

(Q. No. : 55 – 58) Read the paragraph and choose the words with similar meaning (synonyms) to the words underlined.

Swaminathan was among them and felt humiliated (55) at that eminence. Then they were lectured. When it was over, they were asked to offer (56) explanations one by one. One said that he had an attack (57) of a headache and therefore could not come to school. He was asked to bring (58) a medical certificate.

55. (1) requested (2) scared
(3) ordered (4) insulted
56. (1) help (2) take
(3) give (4) see
57. (1) fight (2) war
(3) stroke (4) battle
58. (1) save (2) get
(3) make (4) do

(Q. No. : 59 – 62) Read the following passage and choose the words opposite in meaning (antonyms) to the words underlined :

Every part (59) of the earth is sacred (60) to my people. Every shining pine needle, every sandy shore, every mist in the dark (61) woods, every clear and humming insect are holy (62) in the memory and experience of my people.

59. (1) few (2) many
(3) whole (4) some

60. (1) unty
(2) profane
(3) faithful
(4) fearful

61. (1) light (2) black
(3) bright (4) white

62. (1) unholy (2) true
(3) clear (4) great

(Q. No. : 63 – 66) Choose the right form of the word that completes the meaning of the sentences in each blank in the following paragraph :

I felt then the great _____ (63) of the _____ (64) of this world and this _____ (65). God was there. Suppose I said something and He did not like it. I tried in my _____ (66) (imagination / imaginative) to write in bright letters outside my little heart the words "Oh God!"

63. (1) presenting (2) presence
(3) present (4) presently

64. (1) creatively (2) create
(3) creator (4) creation

65. (1) universes (2) university
(3) universe (4) universal

66. (1) imagination (2) imaginative
(3) imagining (4) imagine

(Q. No. : 67 – 68) Choose the vowel clusters to complete the spellings of the words given :
The air is preci ____ s (67) to the red man, for all things share the same br ____ th (68).

67. (1) eu
(2) au
(3) ou
(4) iu

68. (1) ai
(2) ee
(3) ia
(4) ca

(Q. No. : 69 – 70) Choose the correct suffixes to complete the spellings of the word :
The pole vault is truly the glamour.....(eous/ous) (69) event of any track and field competi..... (sion / tion) (70).

69. (1) us (2) eous
(3) ous (4) ious

70. (1) ion (2) sion
(3) shion (4) tion

(Q. No. : 71 – 72) Choose the words with wrong spelling.

71. (1) nervous (2) diferent
(3) intensity (4) tense

72. (1) reflecktion (2) stream
(3) blood (4) ancestor

73. Choose the list of words that indicates 'sound'.

- (1) clang, lurk, bang, buzz (2) buzz, bang, clang, ring
(3) bang, nil, ring, clang (4) hood, buzz, bang, ring

74. Choose the list of words that indicates 'movement'.

- (1) canoe, pass, perish, walk (2) perish, carry, walk, flow
(3) carry, flow, pass, walk, (4) blot, walk, carry, flow

75. Choose the list of words that indicates 'living things'.

- (1) friendship, sprinter, brigand, goal
- (2) snake, blanket, armchair, sprinter
- (3) thief, coach, snake, sprinter
- (4) eagle, beast, blanket, strand

76. Choose the list of words that indicates 'non-living things'.

- (1) sprinter, eagle, brigand, goal
- (2) sprinter, coach, lamp, mirror
- (3) tube, blanket, lamp, mirror
- (4) gable, mascara, mirror, sprinter

77. Choose the meaning of the underlined phrasal verb in the context.

Mohan set up a new business.

- (1) started
- (2) bought
- (3) offered
- (4) showed

78. Choose the correct meaning of the phrasal verb underlined.

Rakesh took off his shirt.

- (1) removed
- (2) washed
- (3) folded
- (4) cleaned

79. Choose the phrasal verb that reflects the meaning of the underlined part in the following sentence :

Would you take care of my baby for a while? I will just come back in a couple of minutes.

- (1) look up
- (2) look at
- (3) look into
- (4) look after

80. Choose the phrasal verb that reflects the meaning of the underlined part in the following sentence :

He was mostly raised by his mother as his father worked abroad a lot.

- (1) bring into
- (2) bring down
- (3) bring up
- (4) bring out