

Chapter Based Evaluation

Time: 45 Mnts

Score: 20

KP

Std. 10

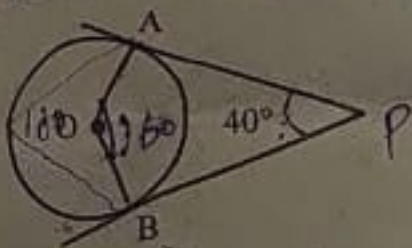
Mathematics
(Tangents)

Instructions:

- The first 7 minutes are cool-off time.
- Time is spent for reading the question paper you are not supposed to write any thing during cool-off time.
- Read the instructions carefully and attempt this questions.

Answer any two questions. Each carries 1 score

- The distance between two parallel tangents on a circle is 8 cm . What is the radius of the circle?
(a) 4 (b) 2 (c) 5 (d) 8
- PA, PB are the tangents from P to the circle. If $\angle APB = 40^\circ$ then what is the measure of angle AOB?



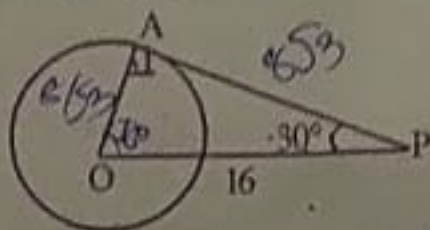
- In the figure $AB = AC = 12\text{cm}$. If $AP = 4\text{cm}$ then what is the length of BC?



- (a) 14cm (b) 18cm (c) 10cm (d) 16cm

(P.T.O.)

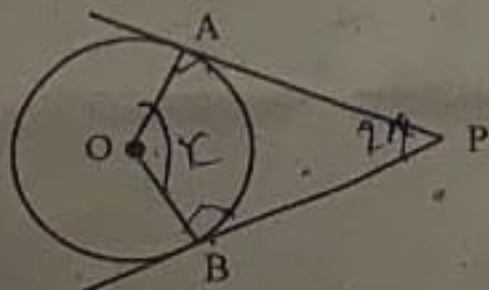
4) Answer any two questions. Each carries 2 score
 In the figure PA is the tangent, OA is the radius and OP is the line joining center to the outer point and $\angle OPA = 30^\circ$, $OP = 16$ cm.



a) What is the length of tangent? *e/s*

b) What is the radius of the circle? *5/3*

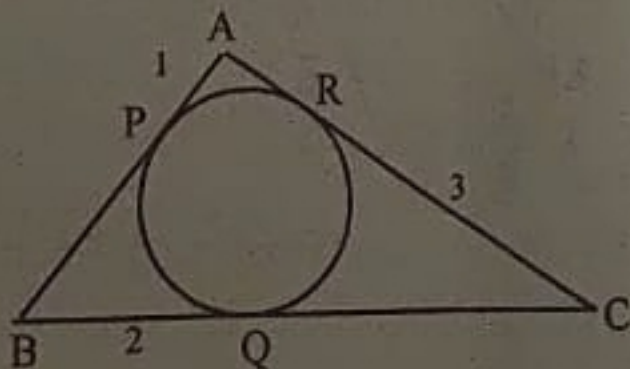
5) PA and PB are the tangents to the circle with center O. $\angle AOB$ is twice $\angle APB$.



a) What is the measure of $\angle APB$?

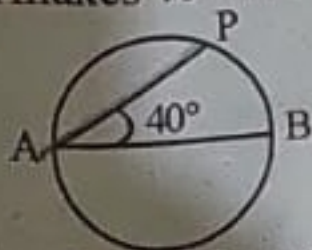
b) What is the measure of $\angle AOB$?

6) In the figure a circle touches the sides of a triangle. If $AP = 1$, $BQ = 2$ and $CR = 3$ then



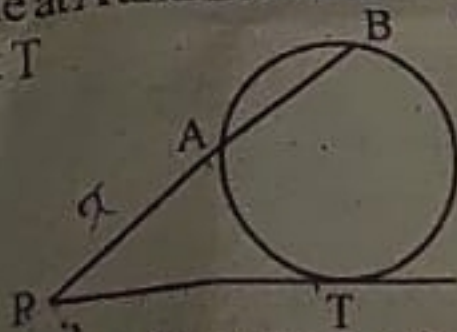
- a) What is the perimeter of the triangle?
 b) What is the area of the triangle?

7) **Answer any two questions. Each carries 3 score**
 In the figure AB is the diameter of a circle, AP is a chord which makes 40° with the diameter AB.



- a) Draw a circle of suitable radius and the chord AP in your answer sheet.
 b) Draw a tangent at P without using the center of the circle.

8) P is a point outside the circle. A line from P intersects the circle at A and B. Another line from P touches the circle at T.



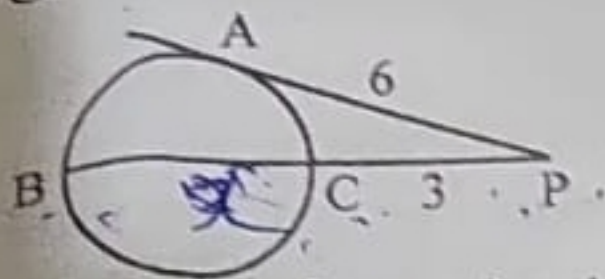
- a) Draw a rough diagram as given above. Join AP and BP in your diagram.

b) Mention the similar triangles

c) Prove that $PA \times PB = PT^2$

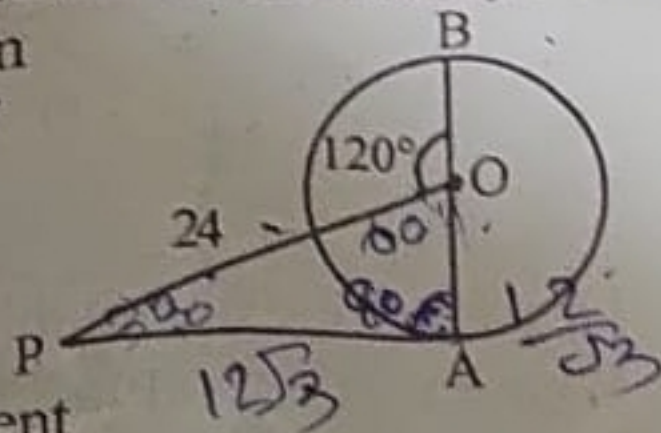
9) In the figure BC is the diameter of the circle. P is a point on BC produced and PA is the tangent to the circle.

If $PA = 6$ and $PC = 3$ then



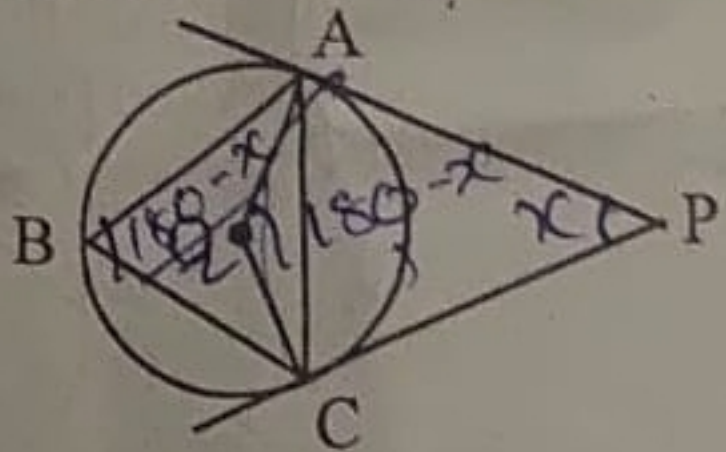
- a) Find BC
- b) What is the radius of the circle?

10) Answer any two questions. Each carries 4 score
 In the figure O is the center of the circle, PA is the tangent and $OP = 24\text{cm}$



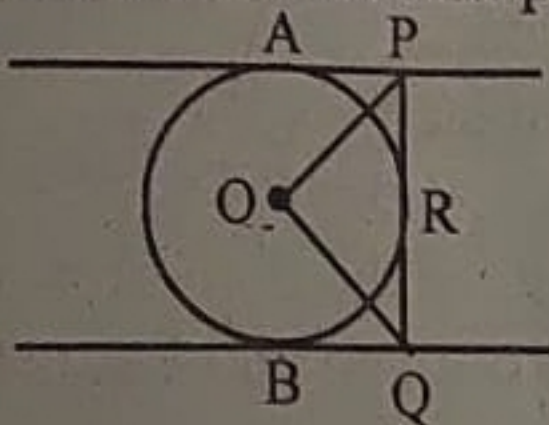
- a) What are the angles of triangle OAP?
- b) What is the radius of the circle?
- c) Find the length of tangent

11) ABC is an equilateral triangle. O is the center of its circumcircle. PA and PC are the tangents to the circumcircle.



- a) What is the measure of $\angle AOC$?
- b) What is the measure of $\angle APC$?

12) In the figure PA and QB are parallel tangents. Another line touch the circle and cut the parallel tangents.



- a) Draw a rough diagram and join OA, OR and OB.
- b) Name the equal triangles in the figure.
- c) Find the measure of $\angle POQ$