

ANSWER KEY

SECOND YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY EXAMINATION MARCH 2022

PART-III/III

SUBJECT: PHYSICS

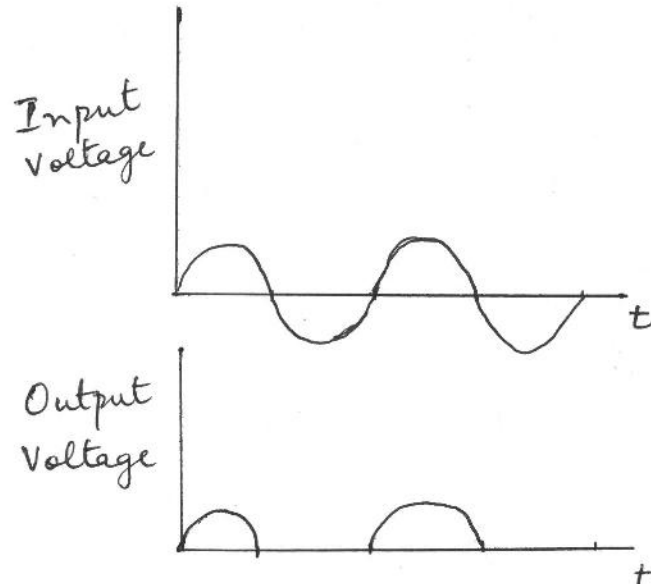
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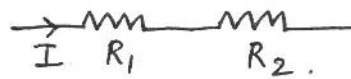
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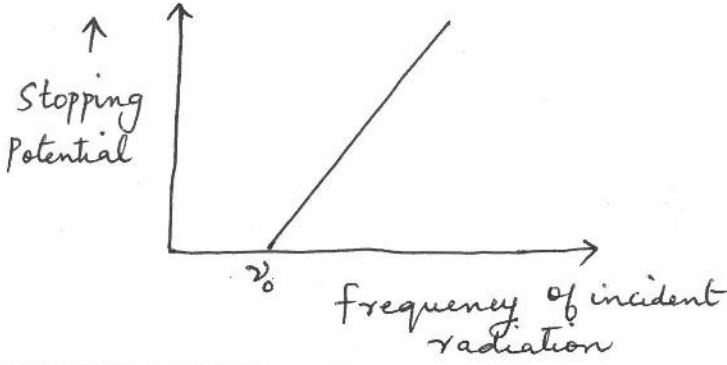
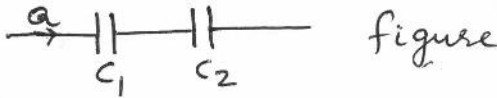
60 SCORES

2 HOURS

Qn. No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total Score
		PART I		
A 1		(a) NC^{-1}	1	1
2		Magnetic Lorentz force / Lorentz force	1	1
3		Eddy Current / Foucault Currents	1	1
4		(a) 0	1	1
5		(b) $c = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mu_0 \epsilon_0}}$	1	1
6		Transverse	1	1
7		(a) neutral	1	1
8		(c) +13.6 eV	1	1
9		(b) $A=4$ $Z=2$	1	1
B 10		True	1	1
11		Mobility / $\mu = \frac{V_d}{E} / V = \frac{eE}{m} \tau$	1	1

Qn. No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total Score
12.		(c) Curie Temperature	1	1
13.		Total Internal Reflection	1	1
PART II				
A 14.		 <p>Input voltage</p> <p>Output voltage</p>	1 1	2
15		<p>As we rotate the polaroid P, the intensity of polarised light will vary as $I = I_0 \cos^2 \theta$ where I_0 - intensity of polarised light after passing through P, and θ - angle between polariser and analyser</p> <p>Equation only - 1</p>	2	2
16		Angle that the total magnetic field of earth makes with the surface of earth / horizontal / diagram	2	2
17.		$R = \frac{V^2}{P} = \frac{(220)^2}{100} = 484 \Omega$	1 + $\frac{1}{2}$ + $\frac{1}{2}$	2

Qn. No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total Score
B 18		They heat up and heat their surroundings / It produces heat / It Causes Green House Effect	2	2
19.	(i) (ii)	Long wire wound in the form of a helix / cylinder / figure $B = \mu_0 n I$	1 1	2
20.		Process of sharing the charges with earth / Explanation showing sharing of charges with earth.	2.	2
		Part III		
A 21		Any three properties of equipotential surface. 1 score for each property.	3	3
22	(i) (ii)	Ohm or Ω  $I R_{eq} = I R_1 + I R_2$ $R_{eq} = R_1 + R_2$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ 1	3
23.	(i) (ii)	Magnetic declination or declination higher, smaller	1 2	3.
24	i ii	Power = +2 Dioptre $P = \frac{1}{f}$ only $\rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{f} = (n-1) \left(\frac{1}{R_1} - \frac{1}{R_2} \right)$ $\frac{1}{12} = (n-1) \left(\frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{-15} \right) \quad / \quad n = 1.5$	1 1 1	3

Qn. No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total Score
B 25	(i) (ii)	Energy level diagram of H ₂ atom with transitions corresponding to Balmer series / Energy level diagram only ① Lyman series	2 1	3
26	(i) (ii)	Definition of threshold frequency 	2 1	3
27		Fuel, Moderator, Control rods Coolant, Reflector, Safety shield	3	3
A 28	(i) (ii)	Part IV Farad or F or Coulomb volt ⁻¹ or CV ⁻¹  figure $\frac{Q}{C} = \frac{Q}{C_1} + \frac{Q}{C_2}$ $\frac{1}{C} = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2}$	1 1 1	4
29	(i) (ii)	Biot-Savart's law $B = \frac{\mu_0 n I}{2R}$ $= \frac{4\pi \times 10^{-7} \times 10^2 \times 1}{2 \times 10 \times 10^2}$ $= 2\pi \times 10^{-4} T \text{ or } 6.28 \times 10^{-4} T$	1 1 1	4

Qn. No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total Score															
30	(i) (ii)	Electromagnetic Induction Schematic diagram of a.c. generator Working of a.c. generator	1 1½ 1½	4															
31	(i) (ii) (iii)	NAND gate <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto;"> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>B</td> <td>Y</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table> We can realise other basic gates like OR, AND and NOT gates using NAND gates	A	B	Y	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1 2 1	4
A	B	Y																	
0	0	1																	
0	1	1																	
1	0	1																	
1	1	0																	
B 32		Diagram Derivation or Huygen's principle — (1)	1 3	4															
33	(i) (ii)	Mutual Induction Explanation of any three energy losses in a transformer	1 3	4															
<u>PART V</u>																			
A 34	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \frac{R_3}{R_4} \quad / \quad \frac{P}{Q} = \frac{R}{S}$ derivation of the eqn $R = S \left(\frac{P}{100-Q} \right)$ $R = 12 \times \frac{40}{60}$ $= 8 \Omega$ No current	1 2 1 1 1	6															

Qn. No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total Score
35	(i) (ii) (iii)	Statement of Gauss's law/Equation Explanation of Gaussian surface Correct diagram derivation $E = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{r^2} \text{ or } E = \frac{\sigma R^2}{\epsilon_0 r^2}$ <p style="text-align: right;">↳ (1)</p>	2 1 1 2	6
36	(i) (ii)	Laws of refraction Ray diagram derivation	2 1 3	6

1. Sebastian Mathew Sm
2. Pramod Kumar, G Pramod
3. BINOD. K.R Binod
4. Premalatha. K. P
5. Dhanya. K.R Dhanya
6. Alrobert. M. George Alrobert
7. HanKishan. P HanKishan
8. MANOJ. N Manoj
9. Dupa Rani V. Mani Dupa
10. RANGISH. R.S Rangish
11. Rajeev K. Nair Rajeev