

1. The branch of Biology which deals with principles of inheritance
(a) Generic (b) Genesis
(c) Genome (d) Genetics
2. Deficiency of protein causes
(a) Pellagra (b) Goitre
(c) Kwashiorker (d) Anaemia
3. The changes in the genetic material is defined as
(a) Myelination (b) Mutation
(c) Mutism
(d) None of above
4. Which of the following is the best source of vitamin A?
(a) Carrot (b) Apple
(c) Honey (d) Peanuts
5.is the youngest of the formalised disciplines of natural science
(a) Chemistry (b) Medicine
(c) Biology (d) Zoology
6. Who coined the term vitamin?
(a) Calvin (b) Funk
(c) A.G.Tansly (d) None of above
7. M.S. Swaminathan belongs to.....district of Kerala
(a) Alappuzha (b) Kottayam
(c) Ernakulam (d) None of above
8. The branch of medicine that study of blood is
(a) Oncology (b) Physiology
(c) Zoology (d) Haematology

9. The father of medicine is
(a) Plato (b) Hippocrates
(c) Louis Pasteur (d) Rober Koch
10. Presence of haemoglobin in blood is measured by
(a) Shali's haemometer
(b) Lactometer
(c) Barometer
(d) None of above
11. Who discovered the blood circulation system of human body
(a) Alexander Fleming
(b) Edward Jenner
(c) Hansen
(d) William Harvey
12. Disease which are easily transmitted from one person to another
(a) Contageous
(b) Communicable
(c) Infectious
(d) None of above
13. Blood groups are discovered by
(a) Landsteiner (b) Robert Koch
(c) Willam Harvey (d) Pasteur
14. Health is affected by
(a) Infections
(b) Lifestyle
(c) Genetic disorders
(d) All the above
15. Universal recipient blood group is
(a) Group O (b) Group A
(c) Group AB (d) None of above
16. Among non infectious diseasesis the major cause of death
(a) Diabetics (b) Cancer
(c) Hypertension (d) Obesity
17. The important factors to maintain good health are
(a) Balanced diet
(b) Personal hygiene
(c) Exercise
(d) All the above
18. Anaemia due to deficiency of iron is
(a) Pernicious anaemia

- (b) Thalassaemia
(c) Nutritional anaemia
(d) None of above
19. The causative organism of typhoid fever is
(a) *Vibrio cholera*
(b) *Salmonella typhi*
(c) *E. coli*
(d) *M. leprae*
20. Universal donor blood group is
(a) Group O
(b) Group B
(c) Group A
(d) Group AB
21. The confirmation test of typhoid fever is called
(a) Mantoux test
(b) Schick test
(c) Widal test
(d) VDRL test
22. Blood bank of human body is
(a) Liver
(b) Spleen
(c) Kidney
(d) Heart
23. A classical typhoid case in medicine is related with
(a) Typhoid Mary
(b) Florence Nightingale
(c) Madam Curie
(d) None of above
24. Pathogens that cause diseases in man are

- (a) Bacteria (b) Viruses
(c) Fungus (d) All the above
25. A person of blood group AB can give blood to
(a) Group AB (b) Only AB
(c) Group A, B, 0 (d) All the above
26. The disease pneumonia in humans infects which part of lungs
(a) Alveoli (b) Pleura
(c) Lower lobe (d) Upper lobe
27. The common sign and symptoms of typhoid fever are
(a) High fever (b) Stomach pain
(c) Loss of appetite (d) All the above
28. In blood largest corpuscles are
(a) RBC (b) Lymphocytes
(c) Monocytes (d) Neutrophils
29. Common bacterial diseases in man are the following except
(a) Measles
(b) Dysentery
(c) Plague
(d) Diphtheria
30. In leukemia
(a) RBC increases
(b) WBC decreases
(c) RBC decreases
(d) WBC increases
31. The common cold infect the nose and respiratory passage but not
(a) Trachea
(b) Bronchus
(c) Lungs
(d) None of above
32. The amount of blood supplied to brain per minute is
(a) 450 ml
(b) 750ml
(c) 550 ml
(d) None of above
33. The common sign and symptoms of common cold is
(a) Sore throat
(b) Cough
(c) Headache
(d) All the above

34. The average life of a red blood cell is about.....days
(a) 100 (b) 110
(c) 120 (d) 130
35. Plasmodium enters the human body by the bite of infected.....mosquito
(a) Culex (b) Anopheles
(c) Aedes (d) Mansonia
36. The human hormone melatonin is secreted by the gland
(a) Pineal (b) Thyroid
(c) Adrenal (d) Hypothalamus
37. The malarial parasite requires.....hosts to complete its life cycle
(a) 1 (b) 3 (c) 2 (d) 4
38. Which species of malaria is most serious one
(a) P.vivax (b) P.falciparum
(c) P.malaria (d) None of above
39. Table salt is often iodised for certain area to prevent
(a) Goitre
(b) Scurvy
(c) Rickets
(d) Acromegaly
40. The species of plasmodium responsible for malaria is
(a) P.vivax
(b) P.falciparum
(c) P.malaria
(d) None of above
41. Prothrombin which helps in clotting of blood is released by
(a) Blood plasma
(b) Liver
(c) Blood cells
(d) None of above
42. Entamoeba histolytica is a protozoan parasite causes
(a) Amoebiasis
(b) Ascariasis
(c) Filariasis
(d) None of above

43. The difference between blood and lymph is the absence of
- WBC
 - Plasma
 - Platelets
 - RBC
44. Ascaris is otherwise known as
- Hook worm
 - Tape worm
 - Round worm
 - None of above
45. Formation of blood corpuscles is known as
- Hemopoiesis
 - Haemolysis
 - Phagocytosis
 - None of above
46. The sign and symptoms of amoebiasis are
- Constipation
 - Abdominal pain
 - Stools with blood
 - All the above
47. Blood does not transport oxygen in
- Man
 - Frog
 - Cockroach
 - Earthworm
48. Ascaris, an intestinal parasite causes
- Filariasis
 - Ascariasis
 - Flurosis
 - Amoebiasis
49. Which is known as the "graveyard of RBC"?
- Liver
 - Kidney
 - Bone marrow
 - Spleen
50. Elephantiasis is the other name of
- Flurosis
 - Ascariasis
 - Filariasis
 - Amoebiasis

51. Which hormone is mainly secreted by corpus luteum?
- (a) HCG
 - (b) Progesterone
 - (c) Thyroxine
 - (d) Oestrogen
52. Which gland of body is quite large at birth and reduces in size with age
- (a) Thymus
 - (b) Pituitary
 - (c) Thyroid
 - (d) Adrenal
53. Diabetes insipidus is under control of
- (a) ACTH
 - (b) TSH
 - (c) ADH
 - (d) Aldosterone
54. In which lymphoid organ where all blood cells are produced
- (a) Spleen
 - (b) Bone marrow
 - (c) Liver
 - (d) Pancreas
55. Which is the female sex hormone?
- (a) Oestrogen
 - (b) Androgen
 - (c) Insulin
 - (d) Thyroxine
56. Vaccine preventable diseases are the following except
- (a) Polio
 - (b) Tuberculosis
 - (c) Measles
 - (d) AIDS
57. Cushing's disease is caused by hyperactivity of
- (a) Growth hormone
 - (b) Glucocorticoids
 - (c) Insulin
 - (d) Thyroxine
58. The immunity present at the time of birth is called
- (a) Innate immunity
 - (b) Acquired immunity
 - (c) Passive immunity
 - (d) Active immunity

- (a) Innate
(b) Acquired
(c) Active
(d) Passive
59. Blood is made up of 3 main components, which are
(a) Blood cells
(b) Platelets
(c) Plasma
(d) All the above
60. Aedes mosquitos transmit the following diseases except
(a) Dengue fever
(b) Chikungunya
(c) Malaria
(d) Yellow fever
61. The child was unwilling to part.....his toys
(a) With (b) At
(c) On (d) For
62. It is.....book that won the prize
(a) An (b) A
(c) Any (d) The
63. The plane was crashed and the passangers.....
(a) Were perished (b) Are perished
(c) Perished (d) Is perished
64. Collect the.....from all possible sources
(a) Datas (b) Data
(c) Pieces of data (d) Datae
65. A make.....shelter was made for the refugees
(a) Up (b) Off
(c) On (d) Shift
66. When did the accident.....?
(a) Come in (b) Come on
(c) Come up (d) Come off
67. The word 'adjourn' means
(a) Arrange (b) Post pone
(c) Collect (d) Add
68. I.....English since 1995
(a) Have been studying
(b) Was studying
(c) Am studying
(d) None of above
69. Joseph is taller than.....
(a) Me (b) My

- (d) Mine
70. Prevention is better than.....
- (a) Care (b) Cure
(c) Shore (d) Prayer
71. Choose the odd one.....Uranus,
Neptune, Moon, Earth
- (a) Moon
(b) Uranus
(c) Neptune
(d) Earth
72. Pencils, Books, Pens, Mangoes
- (a) Pencils
(b) Books,
(c) Pens
(d) Mangoes
73. Pondichery, Chandigarh, Goa,
Lakshadweep
- (a) Chandigarh
(b) Goa
(c) Pondichery
(d) Lakshadweep
74. Heart, Nose, Liver, Abdomen
- (a) Nose
(b) Heart
(c) Liver
(d) Abdomen
75. Wheat, Sugarcane, Rice, Bajra
- (a) Wheat (b) Rice
(c) Bajra (d) Sugar cane
76. Lactometer, Voltmeter,
Speedometer, Diameter
- (a) Lactometer (b) Voltmeter
(c) Diameter (d) Speedometer
77. 5,7,11,13,9
- (a) 9 (b) 13 (c) 11 (d) 7
78. Hot: Cold:: Cruelty:.....?
- (a) Patience (b) Loving
(c) Slowness (d) Kindness
79. Hand: Glove:: Head:.....?
- (a) Hair (b) Neck
(c) Hat (d) Forehead
80. Sea: Ship:: Camel:?
- (a) Oasis
(b) Desert
(c) Horse
(d) Road

81. The study of muscles is called
(a) Osteology
(b) Arthrology
(c) Neurology
(d) Myology
82. Antibiotic penicillin is obtained from
from
(a) Bacteria
(b) Algae
(c) Fungus
(d) Actinomyces
83. Which religion belongs to the Lotus Temple in New Delhi?
(a) Jain
(b) Bahai
(c) Parsi
(d) Sikh
84. The summer capital of British India was
(a) Shimla
(b) Manali
(c) Kulu (d) Srinagar
85. Who among the following was sentenced to death by taking hemlock
(a) Plato (b) Aristotle
(c) Socrates (d) Xenophon
86. The last viceroy of British India
(a) Rajagopalachari

(b) Mountbatten

(c) Linlithgo

(d) Wavell

87. World AIDS Day observed on

(a) December 1 (b) April 7

(c) May 8 (d) June 5

88. The Nobel Prize winners of India are

(a) Tagore (b) C.V. Raman

(c) Amarthya Sen (d) All the above

89. Army Day observed on

(a) Dec 10 (b) Jan 15

(c) May 8 (d) Nov 14

90. Which was world's first satellite?

(a) Sputnik (b) Appolo

(c) Agni (d) Kalpana I

91. Which state of India known as BFHI state?

(a) West Bengal

(b) Bihar

(c) Haryana

(d) Kerala

92. Asian Games is held once inyears

(a) 2 (b) 3

(c) 4 (d) 5

93. The sugar which found in urine of diabetes patients

(a) Glucose

(b) Fructose

(c) Galactose

(d) Sucrose

94. The first metal used by man is

(a) Iron

(b) Cobalt

(c) Zinc

(d) Copper

95. Who is the father of cloning?

- (a) Fleming
- (b) Pasteur
- (c) Ian Wilmut
- (d) Ronald Ross

96. The story of my Experiments with Truth is written by

- (a) Tagore
- (b) Gandhiji
- (c) Nehru
- (d) Narasimha Rao

97. Jalianwalabag massacre held in the year

- (a) 1916
- (b) 1917
- (c) 1918
- (d) 1919

98. Martyr's Day observed on

- (a) Jan 15
- (b) Jan 9
- (c) Jan 30
- (d) Jan 12

99. Formation of Indian National Congress was in the year

- (a) 1880
- (b) 1885
- (c) 1905
- (d) 1947

100. The Prime Minister of India is

- (a) Dr. Manmohan Singh
- (b) Pranab Mukherji
- (c) A.K. Antony
- (d) S.M. Krishna

1. The branch of Biology which deals with principles of inheritance
(a) Generic (b) Genesis
(c) Genome (d) Genetics
2. Deficiency of protein causes
(a) Pellagra (b) Goitre
(c) Kwashiorker (d) Anaemia
3. The changes in the genetic material is defined as
(a) Myelination (b) Mutation
(c) Mutism
(d) None of above
4. Which of the following is the best source of vitamin A?
(a) Carrot (b) Apple
(c) Honey (d) Peanuts
5.is the youngest of the formalised disciplines of natural science
(a) Chemistry (b) Medicine
(c) Biology (d) Zoology
6. Who coined the term vitamin?
(a) Calvin (b) Funk
(c) A.G.Tansly (d) None of above
7. M.S. Swaminathan belongs to.....district of Kerala
(a) Alappuzha (b) Kottayam
(c) Ernakulam (d) None of above
8. The branch of medicine that study of blood is
(a) Oncology (b) Physiology
(c) Zoology (d) Haematology

9. The father of medicine is
(a) Plato (b) Hippocrates
(c) Louis Pasteur (d) Rober Koch
10. Presence of haemoglobin in blood is measured by
(a) Shali's haemometer
(b) Lactometer
(c) Barometer
(d) None of above
11. Who discovered the blood circulation system of human body
(a) Alexander Fleming
(b) Edward Jenner
(c) Hansen
(d) William Harvey
12. Disease which are easily transmitted from one person to another
(a) Contageous
(b) Communicable
(c) Infectious
(d) None of above
13. Blood groups are discovered by
(a) Landsteiner (b) Robert Koch
(c) Willam Harvey (d) Pasteur
14. Health is affected by
(a) Infections
(b) Lifestyle
(c) Genetic disorders
(d) All the above
15. Universal recipient blood group is
(a) Group O (b) Group A
(c) Group AB (d) None of above
16. Among non infectious diseasesis the major cause of death
(a) Diabetics (b) Cancer
(c) Hypertension (d) Obesity
17. The important factors to maintain good health are
(a) Balanced diet
(b) Personal hygiene
(c) Exercise
(d) All the above
18. Anaemia due to deficiency of iron is
(a) Pernicious anaemia

- (b) Thalassaemia
(c) Nutritional anaemia
(d) None of above
19. The causative organism of typhoid fever is
(a) *Vibrio cholera*
(b) *Salmonella typhi*
(c) *E. coli*
(d) *M. leprae*
20. Universal donor blood group is
(a) Group O
(b) Group B
(c) Group A
(d) Group AB
21. The confirmation test of typhoid fever is called
(a) Mantoux test
(b) Schick test
(c) Widal test
(d) VDRL test
22. Blood bank of human body is
(a) Liver
(b) Spleen
(c) Kidney
(d) Heart
23. A classical typhoid case in medicine is related with
(a) Typhoid Mary
(b) Florence Nightingale
(c) Madam Curie
(d) None of above
24. Pathogens that cause diseases in man are

- (a) Bacteria (b) Viruses
(c) Fungus (d) All the above
25. A person of blood group AB can give blood to
(a) Group AB (b) Only AB
(c) Group A, B, 0 (d) All the above
26. The disease pneumonia in humans infects which part of lungs
(a) Alveoli (b) Pleura
(c) Lower lobe (d) Upper lobe
27. The common sign and symptoms of typhoid fever are
(a) High fever (b) Stomach pain
(c) Loss of appetite (d) All the above
28. In blood largest corpuscles are
(a) RBC (b) Lymphocytes
(c) Monocytes (d) Neutrophils
29. Common bacterial diseases in man are the following except
(a) Measles
(b) Dysentery
(c) Plague
(d) Diphtheria
30. In leukemia
(a) RBC increases
(b) WBC decreases
(c) RBC decreases
(d) WBC increases
31. The common cold infect the nose and respiratory passage but not
(a) Trachea
(b) Bronchus
(c) Lungs
(d) None of above
32. The amount of blood supplied to brain per minute is
(a) 450 ml
(b) 750ml
(c) 550 ml
(d) None of above
33. The common sign and symptoms of common cold is
(a) Sore throat
(b) Cough
(c) Headache
(d) All the above

34. The average life of a red blood cell is about.....days
(a) 100 (b) 110
(c) 120 (d) 130
35. Plasmodium enters the human body by the bite of infected.....mosquito
(a) Culex (b) Anopheles
(c) Aedes (d) Mansonia
36. The human hormone melatonin is secreted by the gland
(a) Pineal (b) Thyroid
(c) Adrenal (d) Hypothalamus
37. The malarial parasite requires.....hosts to complete its life cycle
(a) 1 (b) 3 (c) 2 (d) 4
38. Which species of malaria is most serious one
(a) P.vivax (b) P.falciparum
(c) P.malaria (d) None of above
39. Table salt is often iodised for certain area to prevent
(a) Goitre
(b) Scurvy
(c) Rickets
(d) Acromegaly
40. The species of plasmodium responsible for malaria is
(a) P.vivax
(b) P.falciparum
(c) P.malaria
(d) None of above
41. Prothrombin which helps in clotting of blood is released by
(a) Blood plasma
(b) Liver
(c) Blood cells
(d) None of above
42. Entamoeba histolytica is a protozoan parasite causes
(a) Amoebiasis
(b) Ascariasis
(c) Filariasis
(d) None of above

43. The difference between blood and lymph is the absence of
- (a) WBC
 - (b) Plasma
 - (c) Platelets
 - (d) RBC
44. Ascaris is otherwise known as
- (a) Hook worm
 - (b) Tape worm
 - (c) Round worm
 - (d) None of above
45. Formation of blood corpuscles is known as
- (a) Hemopoiesis
 - (b) Haemolysis
 - (c) Phagocytosis
 - (d) None of above
46. The sign and symptoms of amoebiasis are
- (a) Constipation
 - (b) Abdominal pain
 - (c) Stools with blood
 - (d) All the above
47. Blood does not transport oxygen in
- (a) Man
 - (b) Frog
 - (c) Cockroach
 - (d) Earthworm
48. Ascaris, an intestinal parasite causes
- (a) Filariasis
 - (b) Ascariasis
 - (c) Flurosis
 - (d) Amoebiasis
49. Which is known as the "graveyard of RBC"?
- (a) Liver
 - (b) Kidney
 - (c) Bone marrow
 - (d) Spleen
50. Elephantiasis is the other name of
- (A) Flurosis
 - (b) Ascariasis
 - (c) Filariasis
 - (d) Amoebiasis

51. Which hormone is mainly secreted by corpus luteum?
- (a) HCG
 - (b) Progesterone
 - (c) Thyroxine
 - (d) Oestrogen
52. Which gland of body is quite large at birth and reduces in size with age
- (a) Thymus
 - (b) Pituitary
 - (c) Thyroid
 - (d) Adrenal
53. Diabetes insipidus is under control of
- (a) ACTH
 - (b) TSH
 - (c) ADH
 - (d) Aldosterone
54. In which lymphoid organ where all blood cells are produced
- (a) Spleen
 - (b) Bone marrow
 - (c) Liver
 - (d) Pancreas
55. Which is the female sex hormone?
- (a) Oestrogen
 - (b) Androgen
 - (c) Insulin
 - (d) Thyroxine
56. Vaccine preventable diseases are the following except
- (a) Polio
 - (b) Tuberculosis
 - (c) Measles
 - (d) AIDS
57. Cushing's disease is caused by hyperactivity of
- (a) Growth hormone
 - (b) Glucocorticoids
 - (c) Insulin
 - (d) Thyroxine
58. The immunity present at the time of birth is called
- (a) Innate immunity
 - (b) Acquired immunity
 - (c) Active immunity
 - (d) Passive immunity

- (a) Innate
(b) Acquired
(c) Active
(d) Passive
59. Blood is made up of 3 main components, which are
(a) Blood cells
(b) Platelets
(c) Plasma
(d) All the above
60. Aedes mosquitos transmit the following diseases except
(a) Dengue fever
(b) Chikungunya
(c) Malaria
(d) Yellow fever
61. The child was unwilling to part.....his toys
(a) With (b) At
(c) On (d) For
62. It is.....book that won the prize
(a) An (b) A
(c) Any (d) The
63. The plane was crashed and the passangers.....
(a) Were perished (b) Are perished
(c) Perished (d) Is perished
64. Collect the.....from all possible sources
(a) Datas (b) Data
(c) Pieces of data (d) Datae
65. A make.....shelter was made for the refugees
(a) Up (b) Off
(c) On (d) Shift
66. When did the accident.....?
(a) Come in (b) Come on
(c) Come up (d) Come off
67. The word 'adjourn' means
(a) Arrange (b) Post pone
(c) Collect (d) Add
68. I.....English since 1995
(a) Have been studying
(b) Was studying
(c) Am studying
(d) None of above
69. Joseph is taller than.....
(a) Me (b) My

- (d) Mine
70. Prevention is better than.....
- (a) Care (b) Cure
(c) Shore (d) Prayer
71. Choose the odd one.....Uranus,
Neptune, Moon, Earth
- (a) Moon
(b) Uranus
(c) Neptune
(d) Earth
72. Pencils, Books, Pens, Mangoes
- (a) Pencils
(b) Books,
(c) Pens
(d) Mangoes
73. Pondichery, Chandigarh, Goa,
Lakshadweep
- (a) Chandigarh
(b) Goa
(c) Pondichery
(d) Lakshadweep
74. Heart, Nose, Liver, Abdomen
- (a) Nose
(b) Heart
(c) Liver
(d) Abdomen
75. Wheat, Sugarcane, Rice, Bajra
- (a) Wheat (b) Rice
(c) Bajra (d) Sugar cane
76. Lactometer, Voltameter,
Speedometer, Diameter
- (a) Lactometer (b) Voltameter
(c) Diameter (d) Speedometer
77. 5,7,11,13,9
- (a) 9 (b) 13 (c) 11 (d) 7
78. Hot: Cold:: Cruelty:.....?
- (a) Patience (b) Loving
(c) Slowness (d) Kindness
79. Hand: Glove:: Head:.....?
- (a) Hair (b) Neck
(c) Hat (d) Forehead
80. Sea: Ship:: Camel:?
- (a) Oasis
(b) Desert
(c) Horse
(d) Road

81. The study of muscles is called
(a) Osteology
(b) Arthrology
(c) Neurology
(d) Myology
82. Antibiotic penicillin is obtained from
from
(a) Bacteria
(b) Algae
(c) Fungus
(d) Actinomyces
83. Which religion belongs to the Lotus Temple in New Delhi?
(a) Jain
(b) Bahai
(c) Parsi
(d) Sikh
84. The summer capital of British India was
(a) Shimla
(b) Manali
(c) Kulu
(d) Srinagar
85. Who among the following was sentenced to death by taking hemlock
(a) Plato
(b) Aristotle
(c) Socrates
(d) Xenophon
86. The last viceroy of British India
(a) Rajagopalachari

(b) Mountbatten

(c) Linlithgo

(d) Wavell

87. World AIDS Day observed on

(a) December 1 (b) April 7

(c) May 8 (d) June 5

88. The Nobel Prize winners of India are

(a) Tagore (b) C.V. Raman

(c) Amarthya Sen (d) All the above

89. Army Day observed on

(a) Dec 10 (b) Jan 15

(c) May 8 (d) Nov 14

90. Which was world's first satellite?

(a) Sputnik (b) Appolo

(c) Agni (d) Kalpana I

91. Which state of India known as BFHI state?

(a) West Bengal

(b) Bihar

(c) Haryana

(d) Kerala

92. Asian Games is held once inyears

(a) 2 (b) 3

(c) 4 (d) 5

93. The sugar which found in urine of diabetes patients

(a) Glucose

(b) Fructose

(c) Galactose

(d) Sucrose

94. The first metal used by man is

(a) Iron

(b) Cobalt

(c) Zinc

(d) Copper

95. Who is the father of cloning?

- (a) Fleming
- (b) Pasteur
- (c) Ian Wilmut
- (d) Ronald Ross

96. The story of my Experiments with Truth is written by

- (a) Tagore
- (b) Gandhiji
- (c) Nehru
- (d) Narasimha Rao

97. Jalianwalabag massacre held in the year

- (a) 1916
- (b) 1917
- (c) 1918
- (d) 1919

98. Martyr's Day observed on

- (a) Jan 15
- (b) Jan 9
- (c) Jan 30
- (d) Jan 12

99. Formation of Indian National Congress was in the year

- (a) 1880
- (b) 1885
- (c) 1905
- (d) 1947

100. The Prime Minister of India is

- (a) Dr. Manmohan Singh
- (b) Pranab Mukherji
- (c) A.K. Antony
- (d) S.M. Krishna