

Accountancy with Computerised Accounting

CLASS XII

MAX. Score : 60

TIME : 2 hrs.

Part-A Accounting (40 Score)

I. Answer any four questions from 1 to 5. Each carries 1 Score.

- 1) Identify the name of account which is prepared to show how the profits are distributed among partners.
 - (a) Realisation account
 - (b) Capital account
 - (c) Profit & Loss account
 - (d) Profit & Loss Appropriation Account.

1. കൂട്ടഭവനത്തിലെ ഒരു വർഷം വിനാമ്പിക്കപ്പെട്ട ഒരു ദിവസിന്റെ മുൻ്നറയിൽ എന്ത് കാണുന്നു?
 - (a) ഫോറോഡ് ഓഫീസ്
 - (b) ബിൽബോ ഓഫീസ്
 - (c) എല്ലാഡിവിഡേൻഷൻ
 - (d) എല്ലാഡിവിഡേൻഷൻ സെറ്റിംഗ് ഓഫീസ്

- 2) Partners' Capital account and Current account are not maintained separately under _____ Method of maintaining Capital account.

2. കൂട്ടഭവന ഭൗമ മാനുംഗ്യം ഒന്നും മാനുംഗ്യം കുറയ്ക്കാൻ മുൻ്നറയിൽ എന്ത് ചെയ്യും?
 - (a) കുറയ്ക്കുന്നത്
 - (b) കുറയ്ക്കുന്നത്
 - (c) കുറയ്ക്കുന്നത്
 - (d) കുറയ്ക്കുന്നത്

- 3) Excess of old share over new share of old partners, while admitting a new partner is _____.
 - (a) Giving
 - (b) Sacrificing
 - (c) Profit
 - (d) New ratio

Group - 2

Higher Secondary Model Examination 2022-23.

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c) Profit & Loss account d) Profit & Loss Appropriation Account.
1. കൂട്ടഭവനത്തിലെ ഒരു വർഷം വിനാമ്പിക്കപ്പെട്ട ഒരു ദിവസിന്റെ മൊത്തം ബന്ധനയിൽക്കൂടി എന്ത് കിട്ടുന്നു?
- a) ഫ്രെഡോബ് ഓഫീസ് b) ബ്രജീബ് ഓഫീസ്
c) എസ്റ്റേറ്റ് ബോർഡ് സെൻസ് d) എസ്റ്റേറ്റ് ഓഫീസ് സെൻസ്
- 2) Partners' Capital account and Current account are not maintained separately under _____ Method of maintaining Capital account.
2. കൂട്ടഭവന ഭൗമ മൊണ്ടേജു നോട്ട് മൊണ്ടേജു കുറയ്ക്കാനുള്ള വീതി എന്ത്?
- 3) Excess of old share over new share of old partners, while admitting a new partner is _____.
- a) Giving b) Sacrificing.
c) Profit d) New ratio

3. ගුත්තිය පෙනුවේ සංස්ථාවෙහි ප්‍රධාන ප්‍රතිපාදිත සෑවා නිස් ගුත්තිය ව්‍යාධි තෙක්මා මූල්‍ය ව්‍යාච්‍යා ප්‍රතිපාදිත සෑවා නිස් — පෙන්ම්.

- a) ගුත්තිය පෙනුවා
- b) ගුත්තිය පෙනුවා
- c) උග්‍ර පෙනුවා
- d) ගුත්තිය පෙනුවා.

4) Retirement of a Partner leads to — of the Partnership firm.

- a) Dissolution
- b) Amalgamation
- c) Re-Constitution
- d) Merger.

4. බස මෙහෙයු තුළෙන් මෙහෙයු තුළෙන් මෙහෙයු — මානව දැනුව.

- a) නොවුනු
- b) නොවුනු
- c) නොවුනු
- d) නොවුනු

5) Identify the situation where Partnership firm is not compulsorily dissolved.

- a) When Partner gives a notice to withdraw
- b) When all Partners except one become insolvent
- c) When a business become illegal
- d) When all Partners except one become insane.

5. මෙහෙයු මෙහෙයු මෙහෙයු මෙහෙයු මෙහෙයු මෙහෙයු මෙහෙයු.

- a) බස මෙහෙයු නොවුනු මෙහෙයු
- b) බස මෙහෙයු බැඳීම මෙහෙයු
- c) බස මෙහෙයු මෙහෙයු
- d) බස මෙහෙයු බැඳීම මෙහෙයු

II. Answer all questions from 6 to 7. Each carries 2 scores.

6) Mention two rights that a partner acquires at the time of admission.

6. പാർട്ടൻറുകൾ എൽക്സ് റാമ് കമ്പനിയിൽ ദിവസം ബന്ധത്തിൽ

7) Calculate Interest on drawings. During the accounting year Ramesh withdraw Rs. 15000 at beginning of each quarter for which interest is charged at 6% p.a.

7. കൊല്ലോൺ നേരിയ സമയം. ഒരു ക്വാർട്ടർ രൈറ്റു്
15000 രൈറ്റു് ട്രാക്കിംഗ് (ബോർഡ് ഫോറം സെമിനാർ പ്രോഗ്രാം). 6% നേരിയ മുകളിൽ ദിവസം
നേരിയ സമയം.

III Answer any two questions from 8 to 10. Each carries 3 Scores.

8) Distinguish between Retirement & Death of a Partner.

8. പാർട്ടൻറുകൾ വിശ്വാസം ദാനങ്ങൾ മാറ്റുന്ന രീതി.

9) Ammu and Radha are Partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio 2:3. They admit Kavitha for $\frac{1}{5}$ th share which she equally acquired from Ammu and Radha. Calculate New ratio and Sacrificing ratio.

9. ഓഫീസ് റാഡി ബാബു 3:2 പരിഹരിച്ചു എഞ്ചിനീയർ ആണു് അദ്ദേഹം കുശാര്ജി ബാബു എന്നും കുശാര്ജി ബാബു എന്നും അറിയപ്പെടുന്നു. കുശാര്ജി 2/5 റിഫ്രി

ବ୍ୟାଙ୍ଗ ଦେବାଙ୍ଗ ମେଧିନୀ ମୋହାରୀ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ କରାଯାଇଥିବା
ଏହି ପାରାମରିଂଗ୍ ଦ୍ୱାରା ଲାଗେ ।

10) Write journal entries for General Reserve, and
Accumulated Profit and accumulated Losses at
the time of Retirement of a Partner.

10. ବ୍ୟାଙ୍ଗ ଦେବାଙ୍ଗ ମେଧିନୀ . - ଅନ୍ତରଗତ
ମୁଦ୍ରଣ ବସନ୍ତରେ ମୁଦ୍ରଣ ମୁଦ୍ରଣ ବସନ୍ତରେ ବସନ୍ତରେ
ବସନ୍ତରେ ଅନ୍ତରଗତ ଲାଗେ ।

IV. Answer all questions from 11 to 12. Each carries
4 Score.

11. P, Q, R are Partners in a firm. Q retires from the
firm. On the date of retirement of Q, Rs. 68000
became due to him. P & R Promise to pay the
amount in installments. Prepare Q's loan account
when they agree to pay 3 yearly installments of
Rs. 20,000 including interest at 10%. On the
outstanding balance during the first 3 years
and the balance including interest in the
fourth year.

12. Differentiate between Fixed Method and Fluctuating
method in the preparation of Partner's Capital account.

V. Answer all questions from 13 to 14. Each
carries 5 Score.

13. R & S are partners in a firm sharing P, L in
the ratio 3:2. Their Balance sheet is as under;

Liabilities	£	Assets	£
Capital :			
R. 22000		Bank Stock	50,000
S. 25000	47000	Debtors	10,000
	60,000	Sundry Assets	20,000
Creditors	26000		53000
Reserve			
			1,33,000

Additional information:

1. Stock realised £. 9000/-
2. Sundry asset sold for £ 15000/-
3. Realisation Expenses met £ 2000/-
4. Creditors paid in full.

Prepare Realisation Account.

14. Abhishek is a partner in a firm, his Capital at the end of the financial year 2021-22 was ₹ 3,00,000/- During the year he had withdrawals Rs. 20,000/. His Share of Profit before charging Interest on Capital for the year was ₹ 8000. Calculate Interest on Capital @ 10% P.a.

- VI. Answer any One question from 15 to 16. Each carries 8 Scores.

15. Given below is the Balance Sheet of A and B who share Profits and Losses in the ratio 2:1.

Liabilities	£	Asset	£.
Creditors	50,000	Cash at Bank	5000
Capital :		Debtors	20,000
A. 40,000		Stock	20,000
B. <u>30,000</u>	70,000	Machinery	50,000
		Furniture	25000
	<u>1,20,000</u>		<u>1,20,000</u>

'c' is admitted to the firm on the following terms;

- 1) He has to bring in ₹ 25,000/- as Capital and Rs. 10,000 as goodwill for $\frac{1}{6}$ th share.
- 2) A Creditor of Rs. 1000 will not claim his amount.
- 3) Furniture is revalued at Rs. 20,000/-
- 4) Stock reduced by ₹ 2000/-
- 5) Depreciate machinery by 10%.

Prepare the Revaluation account, Partner's Capital a/c and Balance Sheet after the admission of C.

16. Amal and Vimal are partners sharing profits in the ratio 3:2. Following is the Balance sheet as on 31 March 2022.

Labels	₹	Assets	₹
Creditors	53000	Bank	30,000
Reserve	15500	Stock	12,000
Capital :		Debtors	28500
Amal 25000		Less Provision for bad debts	500
Vimal 15000	50,000		28000
		Fixed Assets	48500
	118500		118500

The firm was dissolved on 31/3/20
31 March 2022. Prepare a Realisation account
and close the books of the firm. furnish
with the following additional information;

1. Stock realised at £ 1000 less.
 2. Debtors realised at a discount of 10%.
 3. Fixed assets realised at £ 50,000.
 4. Realisation Expenses of Rs. 1000 paid by
Vimal.
-

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Answer any 3 Questions from 17 and 20
each carries 1 score

- SC-101, SC-102, SC-103 ... are codes assigned to Sundry Creditors. Identify the codes used here.
 - The Cell reference of 3rd Column and 8th row is ...
 - Name the function which help in calculating depreciation under fixed Instalment method.
 - Write any two system generated ledger in GNU Khata.
- Answer the Question 21, which carries 2 Scores

- What are the components of Libre Office Base
- Write any Six elements of chart.
- An accountant of a firm entered the following details in a worksheet of Libre Office calc

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	Name	B.P	DA	HRA	Gross	PF
2.	Arun	18000			250	
3.	Mathitha	25000			250	

DA 10% of B.P

PF - If B.P is below 20000, 10% B.P

Otherwise 15%

Write the formula to calculate DA, Gross Pay

and P.F

Answer the Question 24 which carries 4 scores

24. What are the important features of CAS
கனிகளைப் பார்த்து முறையைக் காட்டு

Answer any 1 Question from 25 to 26, each carries 5 scores

25. Explain the use of following accounting vouchers in
GNU Khata by stating its functional key
கணக்குத் தொகை வரவேலை நடவடிக்கை என்ற கிளிசூடு

(a) Receipt Voucher (b) Purchase Voucher

(c) Journal Voucher (d) Credit Note Voucher

(e) Credit Voucher

26. Identify the functions in the following cases
கணக்குத் தொகை வரவேலை நடவடிக்கை என்ற கிளிசூடு

(a) To return current system date and time

(b) To know the no. of cells which contains numbers only.

(c) To join different strings in a single cell

(d) To Search a Value from a Table

(e) To find out the highest value in a given range.

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